Economics, Organisation and Management

2014/2015

Code: 102310 ECTS Credits: 6

Degree	Туре	Year	Semester
2501572 Administració i Direcció d'Empreses	ОТ	4	0
2501573 Economia	ОТ	4	0

Contact

Use of languages

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Principal working language: espanyol (spa)

Some groups entirely in English: Yes
Some groups entirely in Catalan: Yes
Some groups entirely in Spanish: Yes

Teachers

Ana Maria Millan Tapia

Prerequisites

There are no specific prerequisites, but completion of "Economia de l'Empresa II" is recommended.

Objectives and Contextualisation

The course "Economics, Organization and Management" is the application of the concepts of transaction costs and property rights issues to organizational design. Unlike other courses that focus on the internal design, this course will attempt to carry out an economic analysis of the organization with an emphasis on the institutional aspects and the design of the relationships among firms. The allocation of residual rights between companies or between different stakeholders in an organization (managers, shareholders, employees, suppliers, ...) passes to establish itself as the key conceptual element in this course. Theoretical and empirical finding solutions to the problems of organizational design and the achievement of greater efficiency tools will be developed.

Various business models are often mentioned and compared: the American company, the Japanese one, the German codetermination model, etc.. and how different economic contexts have led to the emergence of institutions provide different answers to the problems an organization faces. It will also analyze the participation in decision-making and the allocation of the surplus of the company for groups other than shareholders, the sole owners of businesses in the traditional approach. The course is divided into several sections. The first two raise the issue of ownership in the organization and its limits. We carry out the above mentioned allocation approach of decision rights, and we insist on distinguishing the contributions against more traditional alternative methods, already familiar to the student. Theme 3 explores the different ways of allocating residual rights among companies, illustrating different organizational forms and associations of providers, franchises or the Japanese keiretsu. In contrast, sections 4, 5 and 6 focus on the allocation of rights within the company; particularly between labor and capital providers, and their conflicts. The cooperative venture capitalist enterprise and the presence of mixed forms, such as co-management and new forms of employee participation in decision-making of the company are addressed here with the example of the Mondragon cooperatives. In

the last part of the course, new elements that technological changes are imposing on the company and a reflection of a more general character on the organization and management from economic analysis are considered. This includes topics such as corporate culture or social pressure exerted by colleagues.

Skills

Administració i Direcció d'Empreses

- Capacity for adapting to changing environments.
- Capacity for independent learning in the future, gaining more profound knowledge of previous areas or learning new topics.
- Capacity for oral and written communication in Catalan, Spanish and English, which enables synthesis and oral and written presentation of the work carried out.
- Delegate decision making to the workers and provide them with the necessary incentives so that those decision arte taken in the interest of the company as a whole.
- Demonstrate initiative and work individually when the situation requires it
- Identify company competition, how they interact among themselves and the optimum strategies that can be drawn up in each case to stimulate competitivity.
- Identify the positive contributions that companies make to society, developing socially responsible
 management, encouraging the development of objective instruments that allow for the measurement
 and valuation of such contributions.
- Lead multidisciplinary and multicultural teams, implementing new projects and coordinating, negotiating and managing conflicts.
- Organise the work in terms of good time management, organisation and planning.
- Select and generate the information necessary for each problem, analyse it and take decisions based on that information.
- Take decisions in situations of uncertainty, demonstrating an entrepreneurial and innovative attitude.
- Value ethical commitment in professional practice.

Economia

- Capacity for adapting to changing environments.
- Capacity for independent learning in the future, gaining more profound knowledge of previous areas or learning new topics.
- Delegate decision making to the workers and provide them with the necessary incentives so that those decision arte taken in the interest of the company as a whole.
- Demonstrate initiative and work individually when the situation requires it.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the processes for the implementation of company strategies.
- Identify company competition, how they interact among themselves and the optimum strategies that can be drawn up in each case to stimulate competitivity.
- Identify the positive contributions that companies make to society, developing socially responsible
 management, encouraging the development of objective instruments that allow for the measurement
 and valuation of such contributions.
- Lead multidisciplinary and multicultural teams, implementing new projects and coordinating, negotiating and managing conflicts.
- Organise the work in terms of good time management, organisation and planning.
- Select and generate the information necessary for each problem, analyse it and take decisions based on that information.
- Take decisions in situations of uncertainty, demonstrating an entrepreneurial and innovative attitude.
- Transmit company, department or work objectives clearly.
- Value ethical commitment in professional practice.

Learning outcomes

- 1. A capacity of oral and written communication in Catalan, Spanish and English, which allows them to summarise and present the work conducted both orally and in writing.
- 2. Analyse the main motivation systems in companies.
- 3. Apply knowledge about market structures to identify companies possible competitors and the ways in which they can compete with each other.

- 4. Apply the processes of formulating strategies to specific cases.
- 5. Assess ethical commitment in professional activity.
- 6. Assess the effect of different strategies on the competitiveness of a company.
- 7. Assess the interaction between strategic formulation and the internal organisation of companies.
- 8. Capacity to adapt to changing environments.
- 9. Capacity to continue future learning independently, acquiring further knowledge and exploring new areas of knowledge.
- 10. Classify the different ways in which a company can compete.
- 11. Demonstrate initiative and work independently when required.
- 12. Design effective motivation policies.
- 13. Explain the origin and assess companies contribution to social welfare.
- 14. Lead multidisciplinary and multicultural teams, implement new projects, coordinate, negotiate and manage conflicts.
- 15. List the main competitors of a company.
- 16. Make decisions in situations of uncertainty and show an enterprising and innovative spirit.
- 17. Organise work, in terms of good time management and organisation and planning.
- 18. Perform a critical assessment of the economic efficiency and distribution of wealth problems generated by companies.
- Relate the business strategy to the objectives of the company and its breakdown into departments or units.
- 20. Select and generate the information needed for each problem, analyse it and make decisions based on this information.

Content

TOPIC I: The limits of the organization

- 1) The meaning of ownership: what's the relevance of knowing who holds property rights?
- 2) Incomplete contracts and property rights
- 3) When and how to deal/concentrate property rights?
- 4) The different existing theories on organizational boundaries

THEME II: The Problem of Vertical Integration

- 1) Vertical integration from the analysis of property rights
- The classic example of G. M. and Fisher Body (à la Klein)
- A formal model of vertical integration (à la Hart).

THEME III: Intermediate forms of distribution of property rights among companies

- 1) Strategic Alliances
- 2) Industrial groups: the Japanese Keiretsu and the Korean Chaebol.
- 3) Relational Contracts and the quasi-vertical integration. Supplier associations.
- 4) Cooperation agreements between undertakings: joint ventures and franchises.

TOPIC IV: Allocating the residual rights to workers: Cooperative Enterprise

Economics, Organisation and Management 2014 - 2015

- 1) Problems of cooperative solution (à la Hansmann)
- 2) The Mondragón Cooperatives.
- Participation of workers and corporate governance.
- MCC and evolution of cooperative group.
- Challenges and examples within MCC

TOPIC V: When residual rights are allocated to capital

- 1) Separation ownership-control.
- 2) Executive Compensation (à la Milgrom and Roberts)
- 3) Internal control and external control.
- The Board of Directors
- Codes of Good Governance
- 4) Financial structure and management.
- Should shareholders have residual rights?
- The role of financial intermediaries
- i) Bank Supervision and active shareholders
- ii) The quota allocation of residual rights

TOPIC VI: Mixed forms of capitalist enterprise, foundations and state enterprises

- 1) "shareholder value" vs. "stakeholder value"
- 2) Economy of NGOs according to Glaeser and Shleifer
- 3) The German co-determination and the Japanese MainBank.
- 4) Savings Banks.
- 5) Privatization and state involvement in private enterprise

TOPIC VII: New technologies and the Firm

- 1) Human Capital, specific investment and ownership.
- 2) Corporate venture capital.
- 3) Trust, commitment and social pressure.

Methodology

Throughout the course the different sections of the program are developed. There are some materials and activities that students should work prior to class and will serve to motivate and improve their understanding. Also for each topic a series of exercises and activities to reinforce the content are proposed. In addition a few hours a week (tutorials) for individualized care for the students and answering student questions will be offered.

Activities

Hours	ECTS	Learning outcomes	
15	0.6	3, 6, 1, 13, 11, 14, 17, 16, 20, 18, 5, 7	
30	1.2	2, 3, 6, 1, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 19, 20, 18, 7	
7.5	0.3	11, 14, 17, 20	
90	3.6	2, 3, 6, 8, 1, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 13, 14, 17, 16, 20, 18, 5	
	15 30 7.5	15 0.6 30 1.2 7.5 0.3	

Evaluation

There will be two elements in the final grade:

- 1) A final examination (check the exam calendar for the specific date) (individual assessment and 45% of grade). This exam will have both a practical part (problems) and a theoretical part.
- 2) Continuous assessment of the activities suggested during the course (55% of the final grade). This ongoing evaluation will include: a) a midterm exam (individual evaluation) of topics 1-3, and a weight of 25%, b) problems sets (group assessment) and a weight of 10%, c) active participation in class discussions of the cases, a case presentation and news analysis with a weight of 20%. Regular attendance and completion of class exercises and activities scheduled during the course are required activities.

To pass the course the following conditions are needed:

- a) To obtain a 5 or more in the continuous assessment part.
- b) To obtain at least a 4 in the final examination, and a minimum score of 3 in each part of the final examination (the exercises and the theoretical part).
- c) The final grade will be the weighted average of these two components: continuous assessment and final exam. If applying these weights the grade is 5 or higher, the course is passed.

For those cases where the grade is below 4, the student must retake the course the following year. For those students who have obtained a grade equal to or greater than 4 and less than 5 there will be a re-evaluation. The result of this reassessment will be a maximum of 5.

Students who, due to a justified reason, do not belong to any working group, nor attend the classes and the ongoing assessment of the problems of the course, should always take the midterm exam. Since there will be a lack of some listed skills and learning outcomes of the course, the highest rating that can be obtained in the course will be 8.

Evaluation activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning outcomes
		2.5	0.1	2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 1, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 13, 17, 16, 19, 20, 18, 5, 7
		5	0.2	2, 3, 4, 6, 10, 11, 12, 15, 13, 14, 18, 7

Bibliography

The faculty will prepare lecture materials and these materials will be available in the virtual campus. Lecture notes will also contain exercises and additional activities. There is no textbook for the course, but the following books and articles will be used:

REFERENCES:

Dow, Gregory K. (2003) "Governing the Firm. Workers' control in Theory and Practice". Cambridge University Press

Gibbons, R. (2005) "Four formal(izable) theories of the firm?" Journal of Economic Behavior & Organization. Vol. 58 200-245.

Hart, Oliver (1995). "Firms, Contracts and Financial Structure". Oxford University Press.

Roberts, John (2004). "The Modern Firm". Oxford University Press.

Salas, Vicente (2007). "El Siglo de la Empresa". Fundación BBVA, Bilbao.