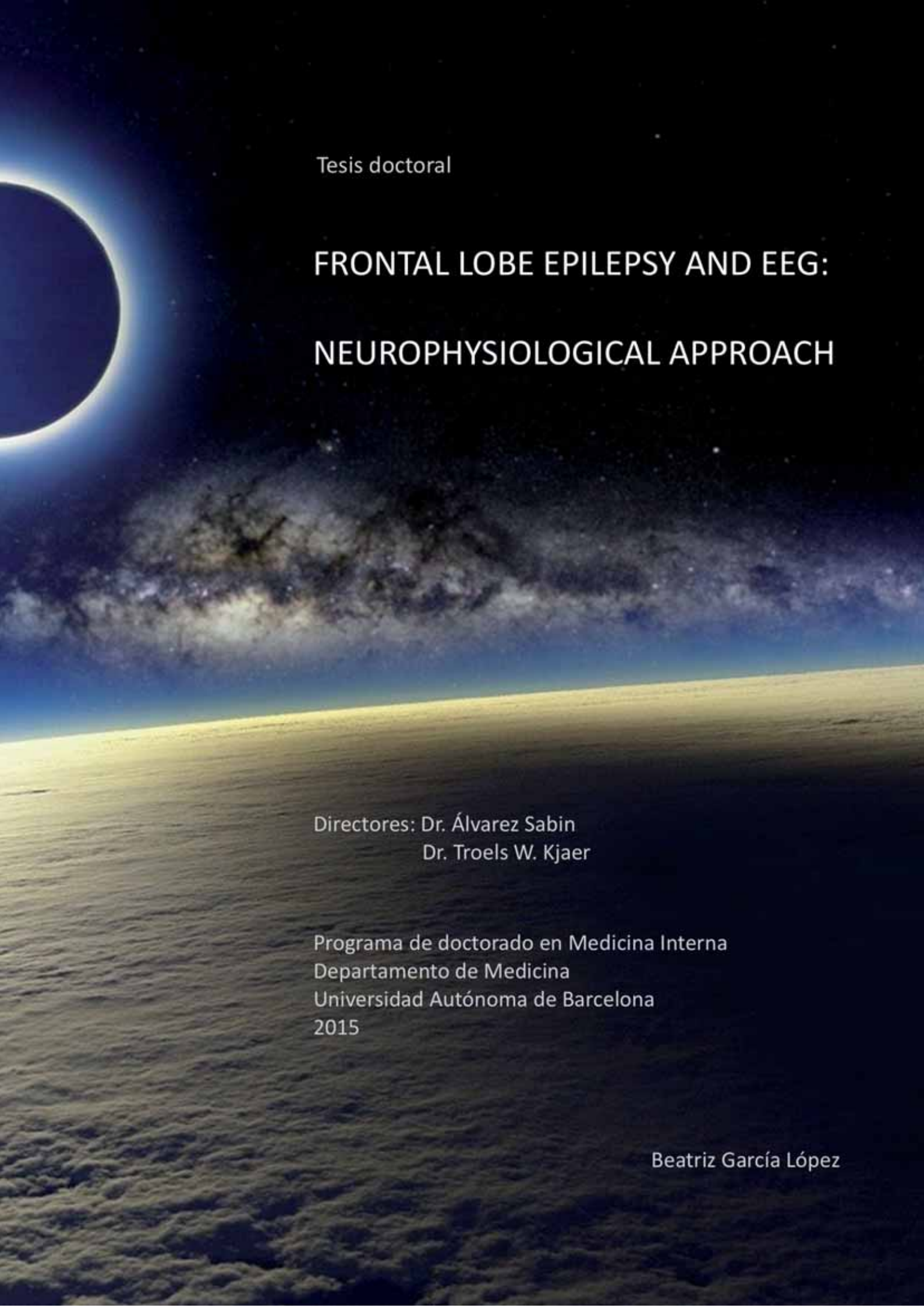




Tesis doctoral

FRONTAL LOBE EPILEPSY AND EEG: NEUROPHYSIOLOGICAL APPROACH

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Programa de doctorado en Medicina Interna
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J.M.M.S.

J.M.M.S.

J.M.M.S.

Patient who started having seizures at 58 years old after a CVA accident. MRI showing right fronto-temporal ischemic lesions and subdural hematoma. Clinically he presents episodes of tonic body contraction, generally during the night.

EEG characteristics:

Isolated very low voltage spikes in in right frontal regions, with maximal expression in right front-central region, F4. Seizure arise well located, from the same regions (F4), with a synchronized rhythm from F4 and progressive increasing diffusion and slowing of the ictal activity.



Fig.1 Referential montage. Hiperpnea facilitates right frontal slowing, with delta waves, with maximal expression in F4 and F8> Fp2 .

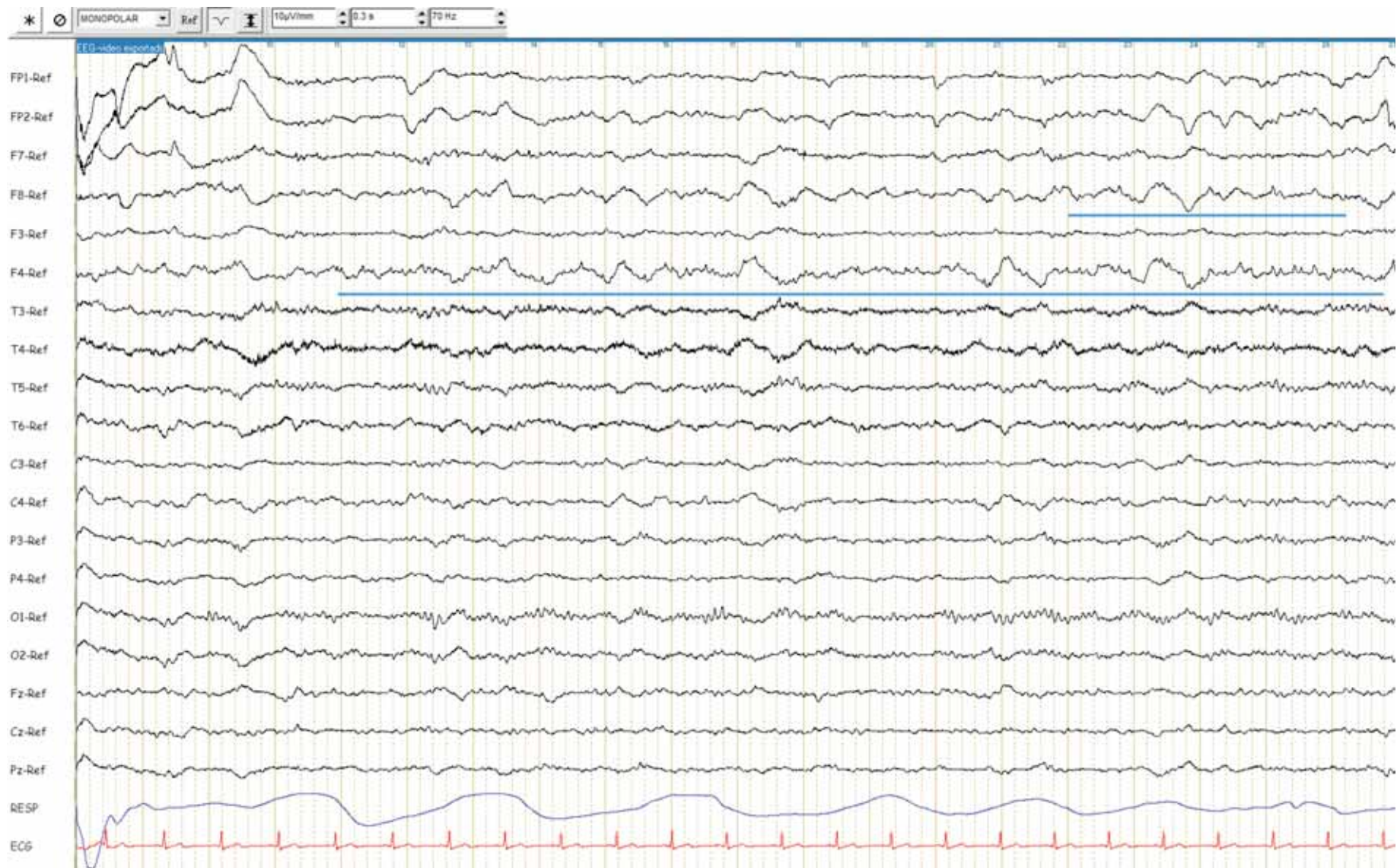


Fig.2 Referential montage. Low amplitude synchronized rhythm arising from right front-central regions, F4. At the end of the epoch we can see breathing irregularity.

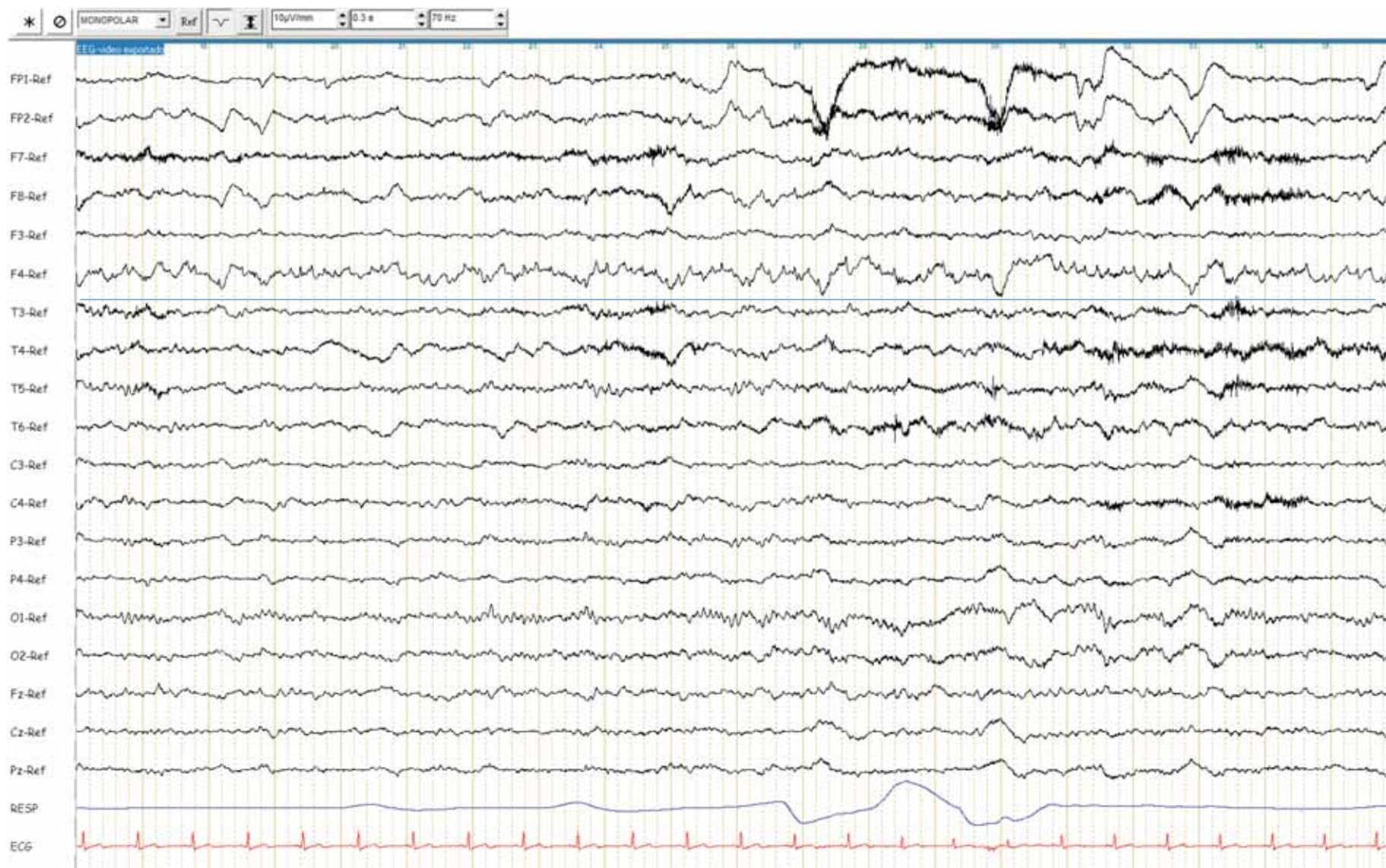


Fig.3 Referential montage. After 40 seconds ictal activity still remains quite located. Alpha basal activity is seen independently in both posterior regions. Breathing irregularity.

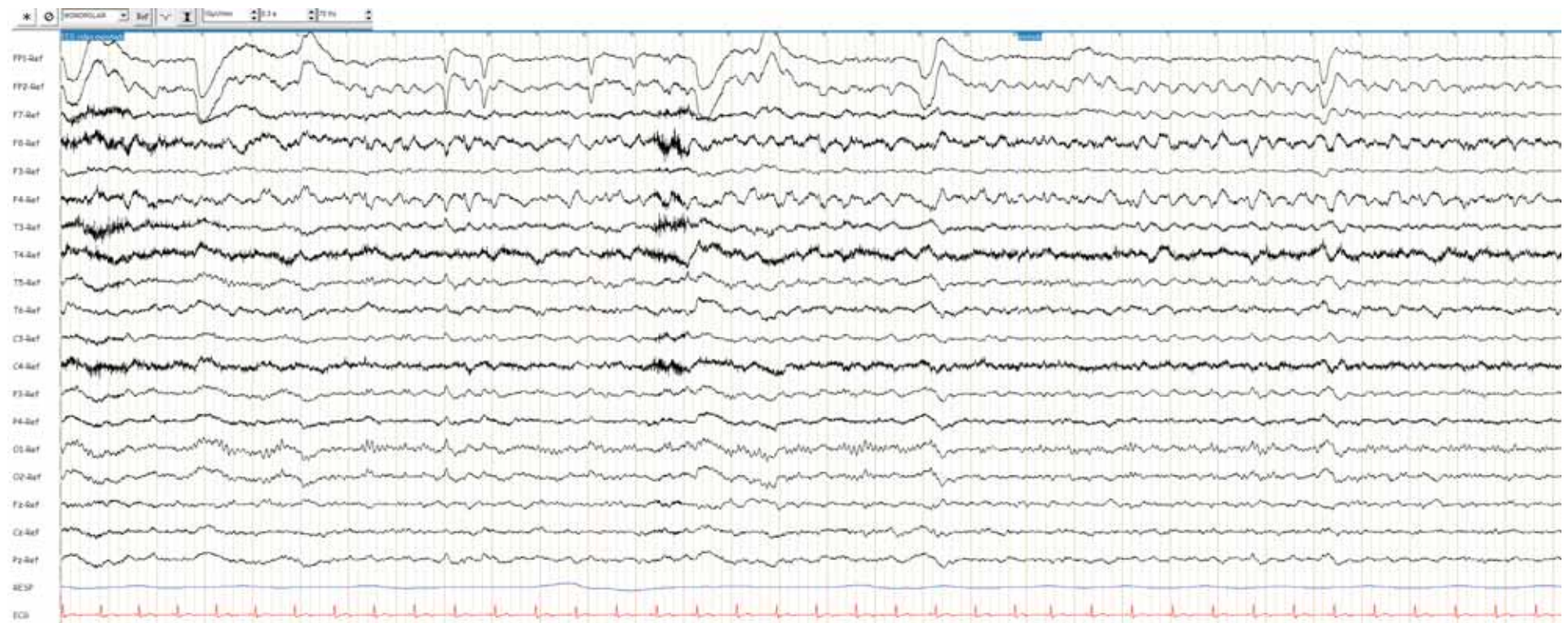


Fig.4 Referential montage. On-going seizure with progressive slowing quite locate to right frontal regions, with maximal expression in F4, F8, Fp2. Apnoea and breathing irregularity.

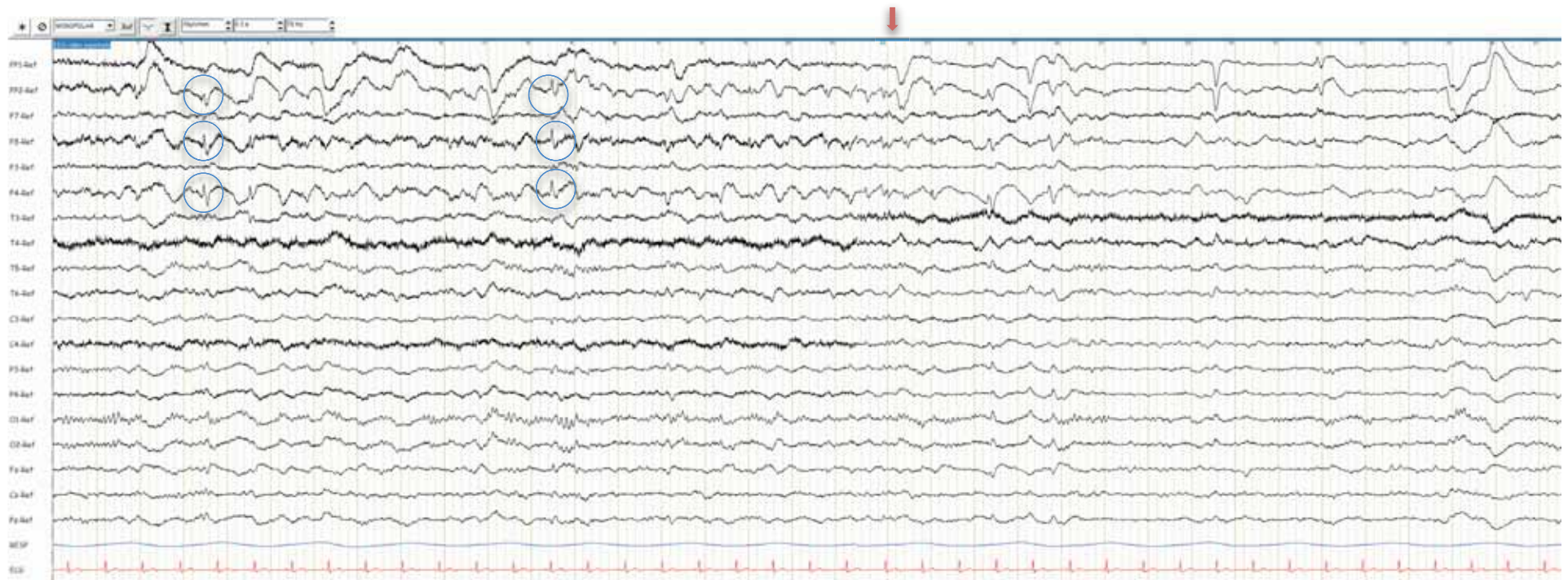


Fig.5 Referential montage, seizure ending. Spikes with maximal expression in right front-central region, F4, and diffusion to F8, Fp2. Seizure ending highlighted with an arrow. Marked post-ictal slowing in frontal regions, with right predominance, while we can see alpha basal activity in both posterior regions.

O.C.G.

O.C.G.

O.C.G.

Patient without a known antecedent who started having seizures at 2 years old, with normal MRI. He has a personality disorder with behaviour disorder. Due to this fact he lives institutionalized. He has frequent seizures, sometimes grouped in clusters of more than six episodes, in spite of poly-therapy (with up to seven AED), with coprolalia and fear, and afterwards impairment of consciousness. He also present hyper-motor episodes during sleep.

EEG characteristics:

EEG recordings show isolated sharp waves of less than 50 μ V, and up to 100 μ V, in both left and right inferior frontal, asynchronous (independent foci activity).

Ictal activity arises with a very low amplitude synchronized rhythm, and marked and global attenuation of voltage with a diffuse distribution and almost immediate re-appearance of IED in left frontal regions.

O.C.G.



Fig. 1 Referential montage. Sleep activity. Frontal isolated sharp waves with maximal expression in left inferior frontal, F7.

O.C.G.

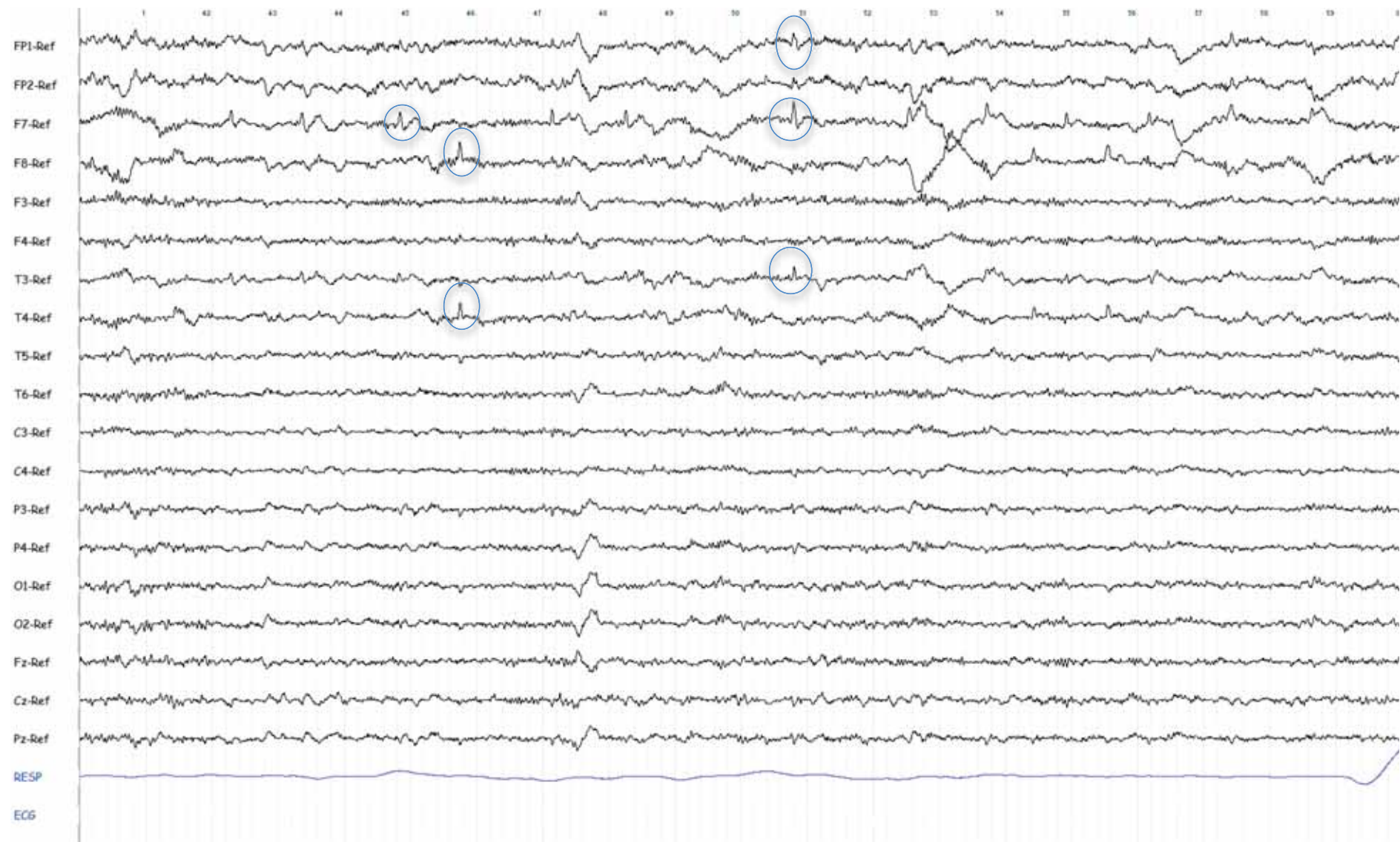


Fig.2 Referential montage. Sleep activity. Both left frontal (more frequent) and right frontal (less frequent) isolated sharp waves, asynchronous, with diffusion to adjacent regions.

O.C.G.

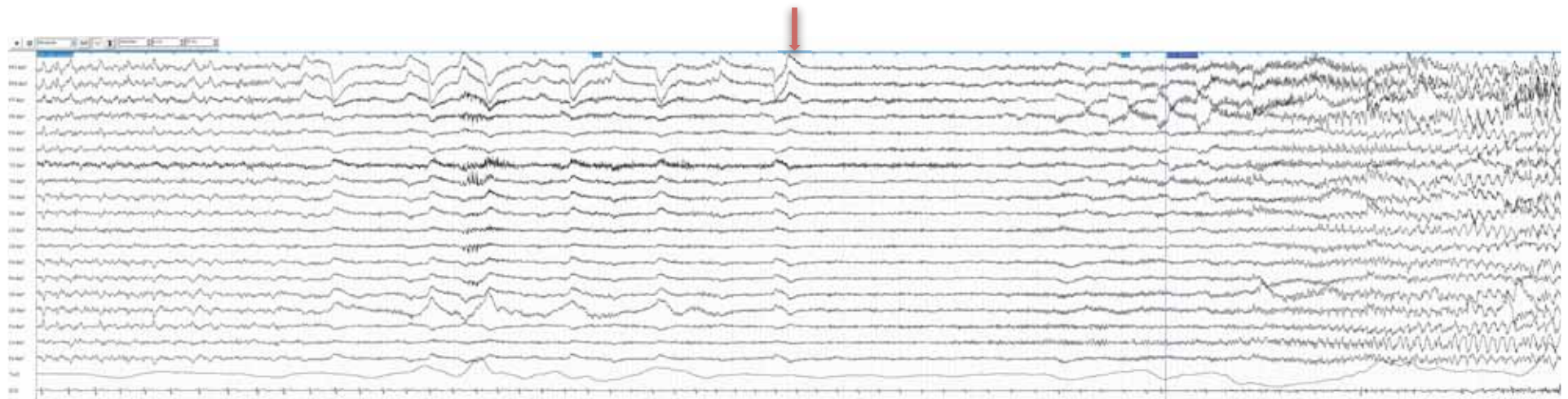


Fig.3 Referential montage. Overall view of seizure onset, with a marked and diffuse attenuation and afterward synchronized rhythm. More detailed view of seizure onset in in fig. 4 and 5.

O.C.G.



Fig. 4 Referential montage. Block of the activity with a global attenuation while a low voltage synchronized rhythm arises diffuse, without a clear location. Breathing irregularity.

O.C.G.

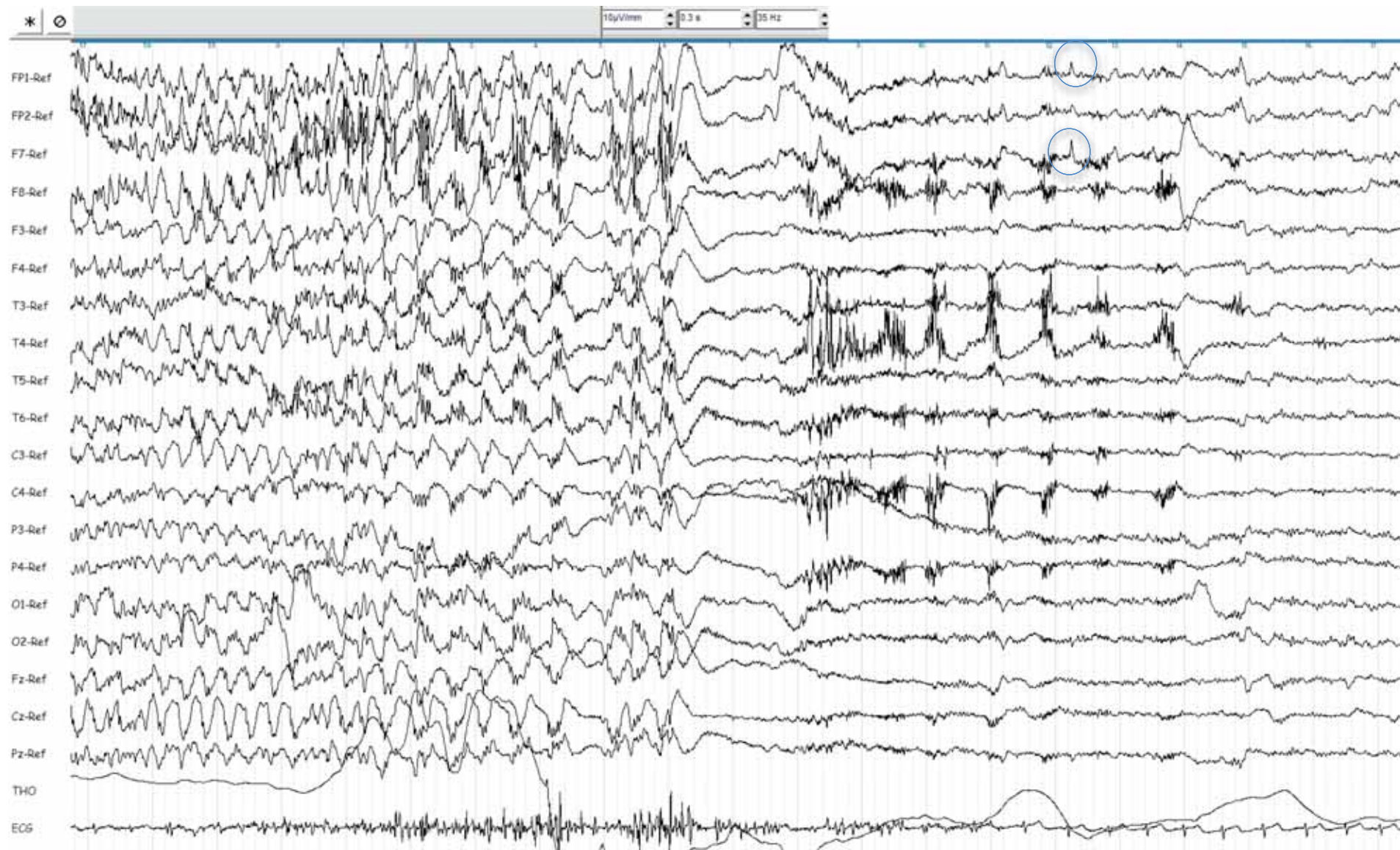


Fig. 5 Referential montage. Seizure ending with global attenuation and almost immediate isolated sharp waves in left inferior frontal region.

E.M.Q.

E.M.Q.

E.M.Q.

Patient who started with seizures at 75 years old after a CVA. Clinically during the seizures he refers sensation of feeling sick, and he shows very expressive vegetative signs, with tachypnea, tachycardia, and sweating. He refers different intensities of episodes, being now milder but very frequent, without impairment of consciousness in most of them, and with impairment of consciousness in some of them, just for some seconds and falling to the ground with immediate consciousness recovery.

EEG characteristics:

As main interictal epileptiform activity EEG showed isolated spikes of less than 50 μ V, located in right inferior-frontal region (F8). Seizures, arising from that region, started with low amplitude synchronized rhythm at around 25 Hz. Post-ictal showed right frontal slowing while alpha rhythm was observed in both posterior regions.

E.M.Q.

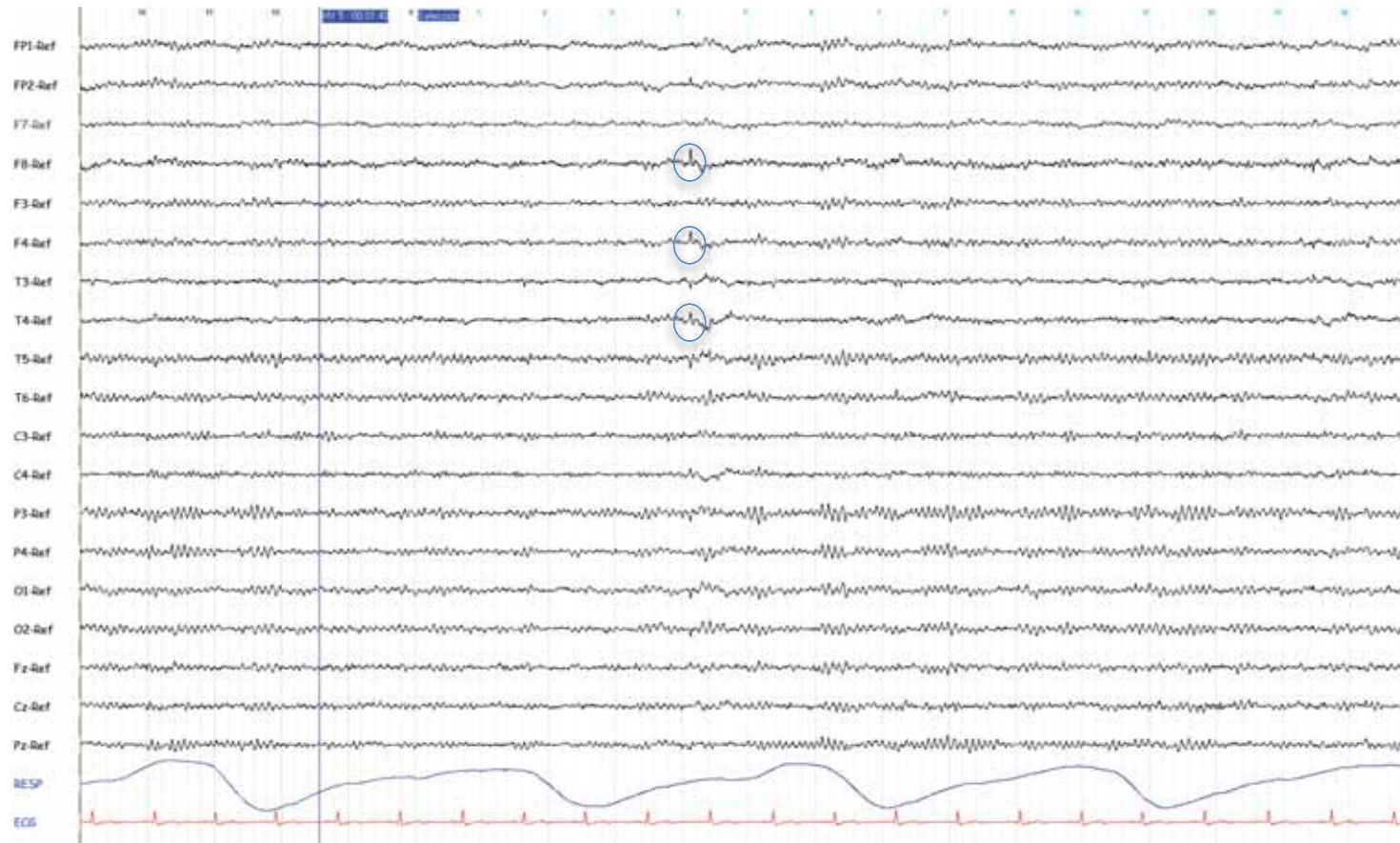


Fig. 1 Referential montage. Isolated spike of less than 50 μ V in right maximal expression in right inferior frontal region and diffusion to adjacent ones (F8>F4, T4), facilitated by hyperpnoea.

E.M.Q.

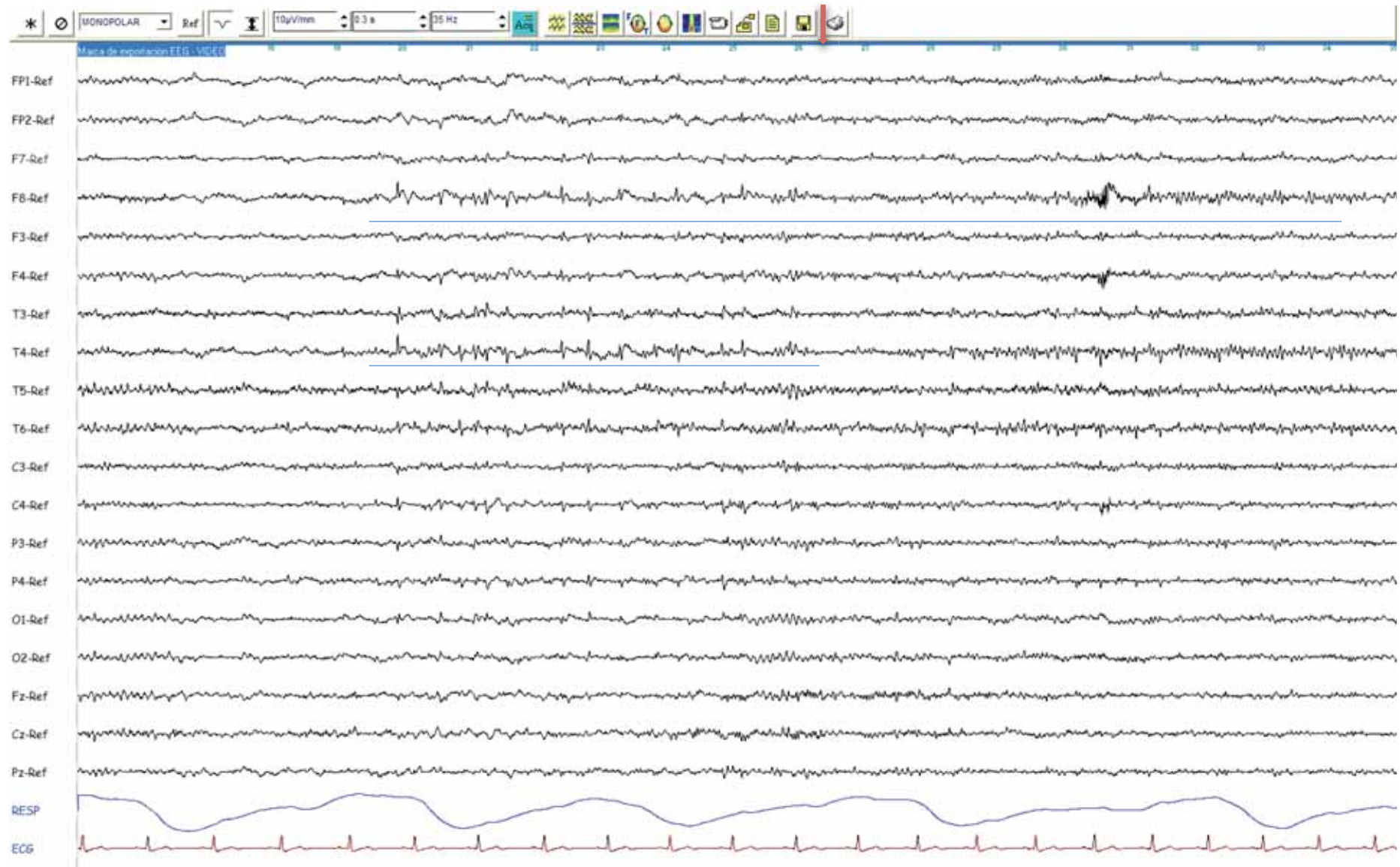


Fig. 2 Referential montage. Increasing spiky activity and ictal onset, with a low amplitude and highly synchronized activity in right inferior frontal region, F8.

E.M.Q.

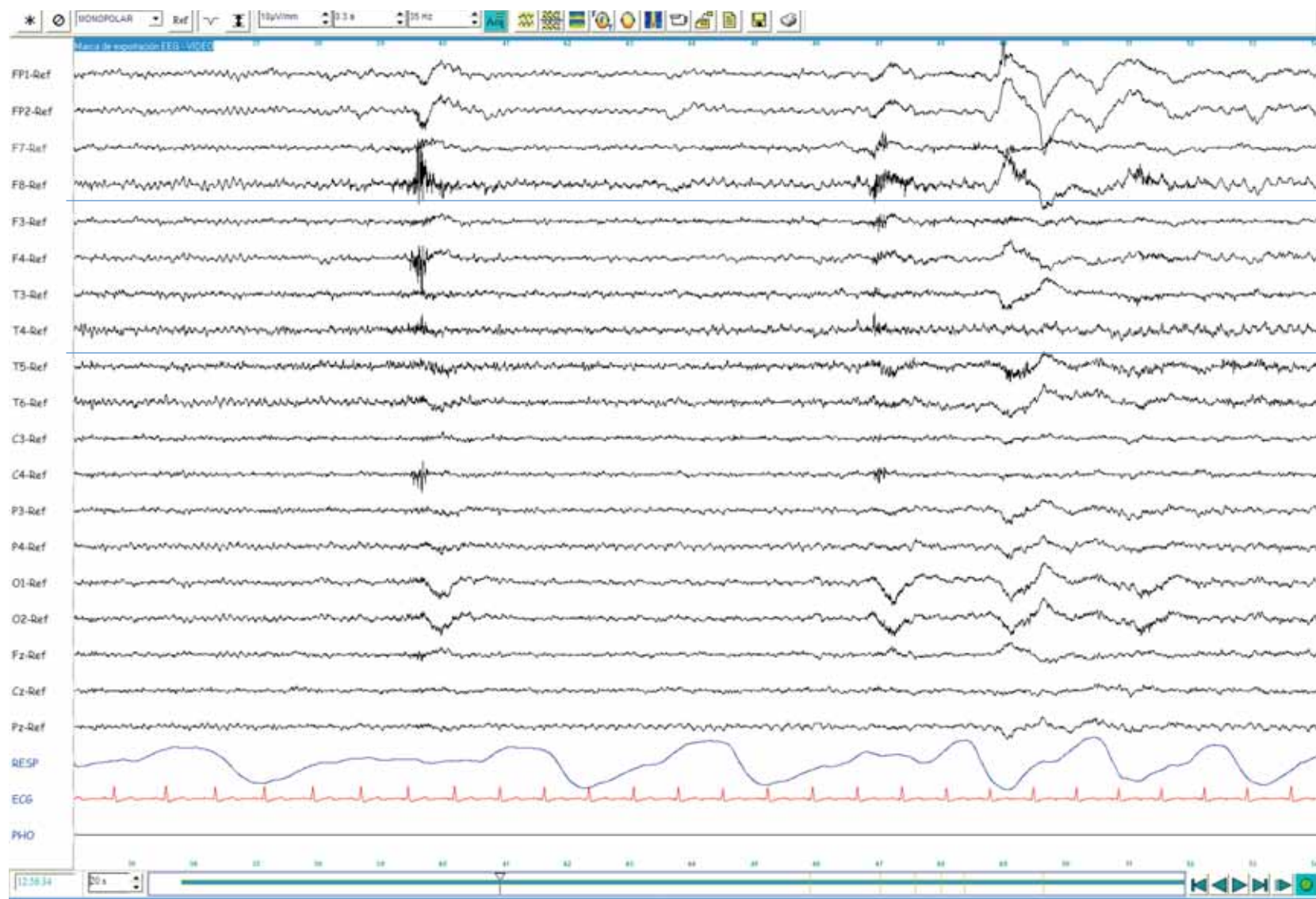


Fig. 3 Referential montage. Increasing diffusion of ictal activity.

E.M.Q.

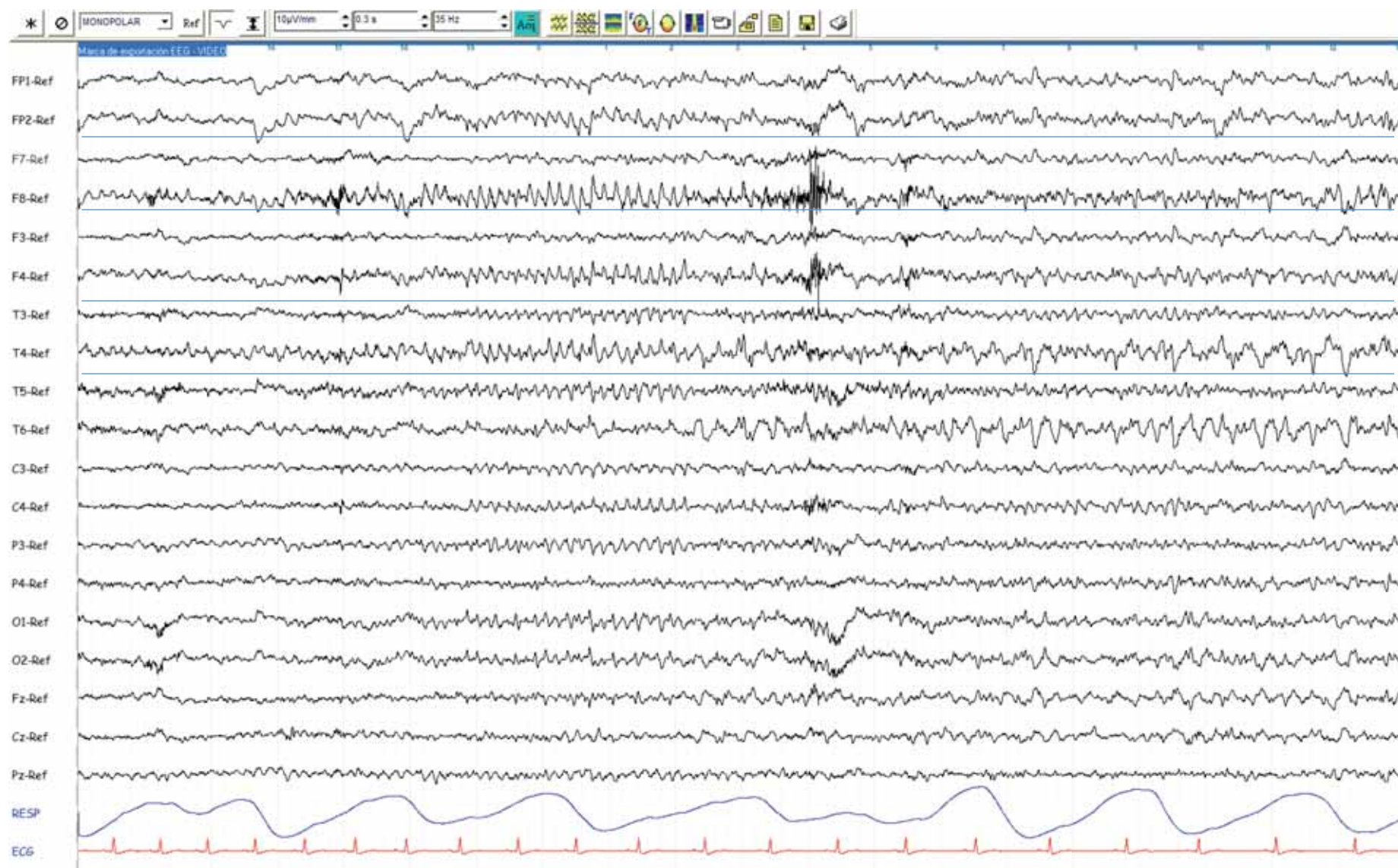


Fig. 4 Referential montage. On-going ictal activity with increasing amplitude and decreasing frequency.

E.M.Q.

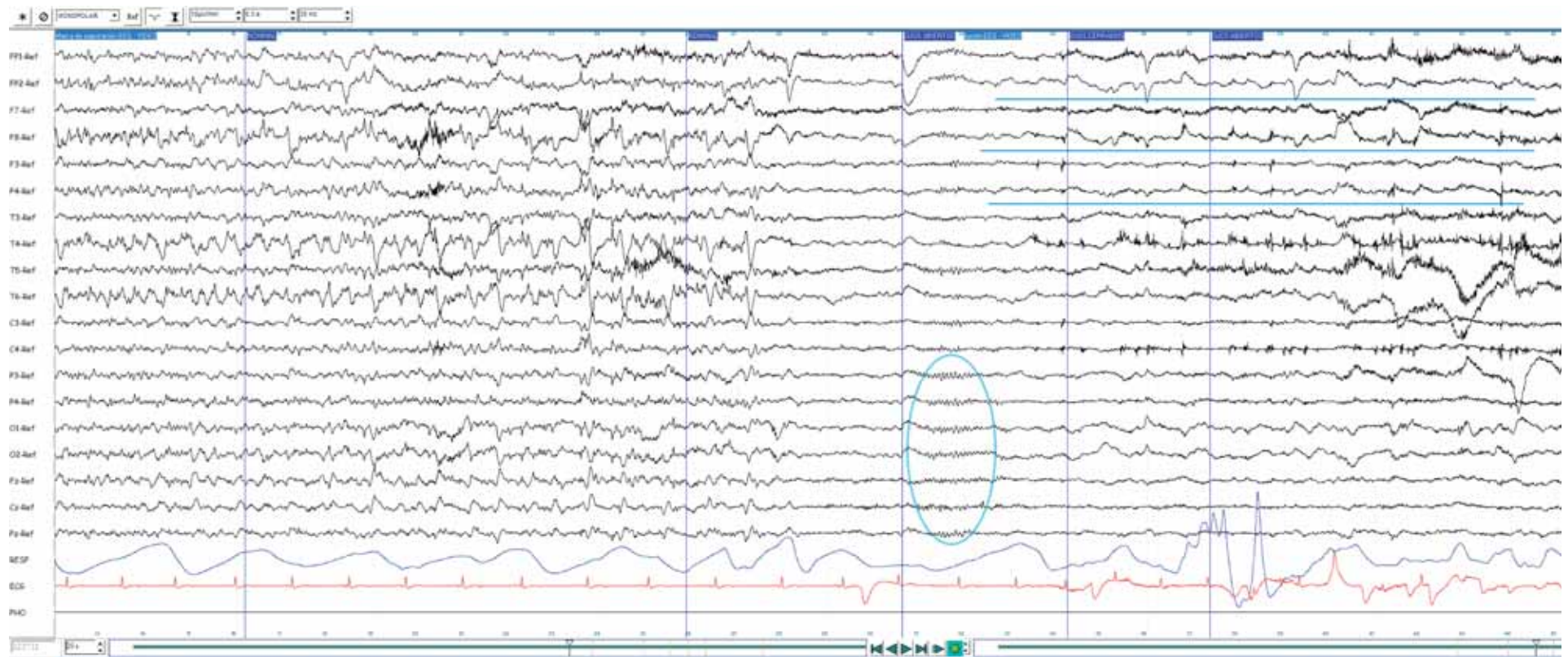


Fig.5 Referential montage. Seizure ending, with prominent slowing over right anterior regions and immediate alpha activity in both posterior regions.

F.D.V.

F.D.V.

F.D.V.

Patient who started having seizures at 33 years old after a CVA. MRI show a left frontal vascular malformation, cavernoma. Clinically she presented partial simple seizures with dysphasia and right hypoesthesia.

EEG characteristics:

EEG recording showed irregular and sharp waves with left inferior frontal predominance, which were periodic several times (PLED).

During hyperventilation, these waves acquired more rhythmicity, and a higher voltage while clinically the patient had dysphasia and right hypoesthesia.

F.D.V.

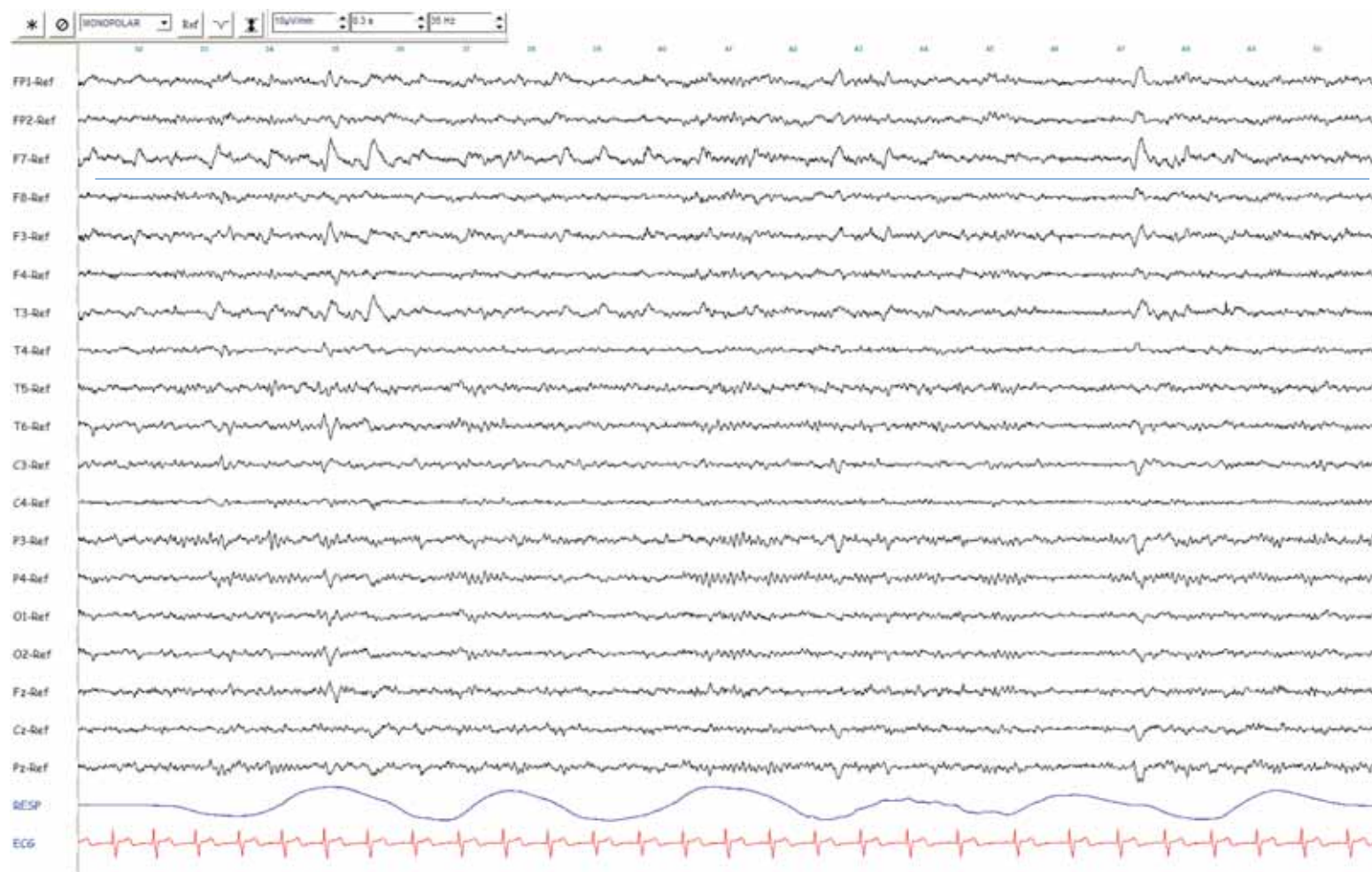


Fig. 1 Referential montage. Irregular slow waves and sharp waves with maximal expression in left inferior frontal, F7.

F.D.V.

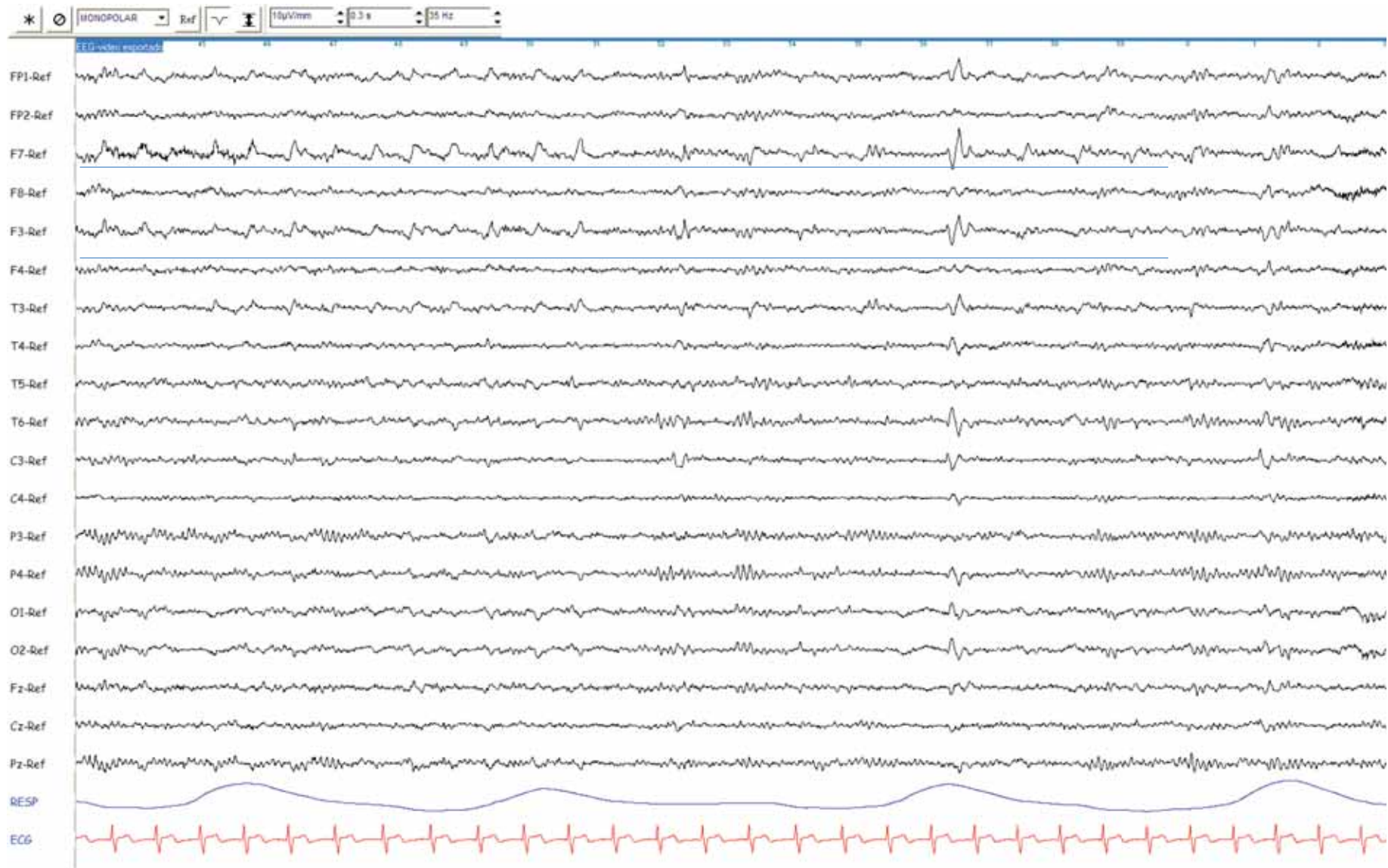


Fig. 2 Referential montage. We can see similar findings as in fig. 1, with left inferior frontal predominance, F7.

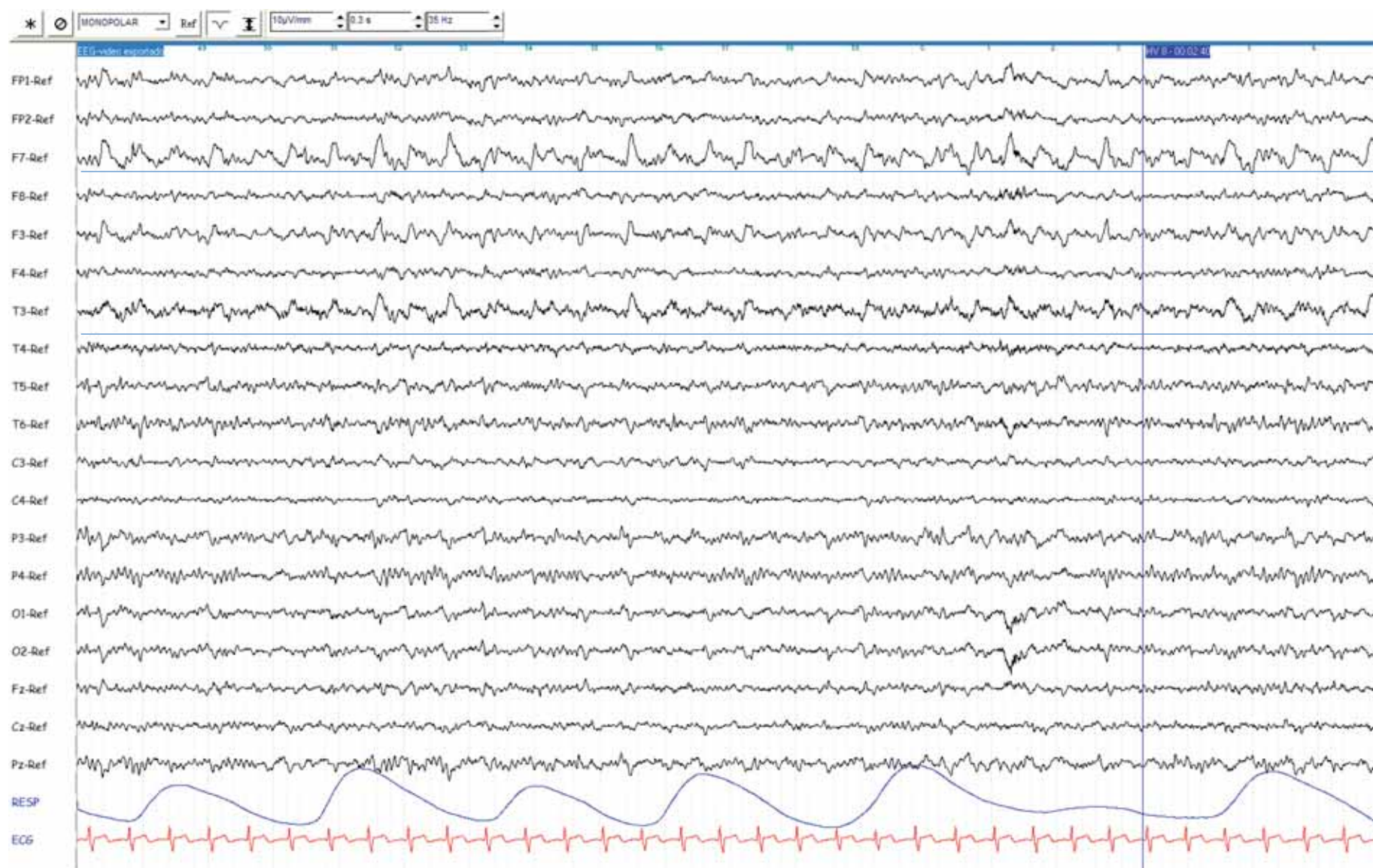


Fig. 3 Hyperventilation increases rhythmicity of the discharges, with language impairment.

S.C.B.

S.C.B.

S.C.B.

Patient without any pathologic antecedent who started having seizures at 16 years old. The performed MRI was normal. She referred to have around 5 seizures per month but clinically she was not aware of the high frequency of the seizures, as we could check during the recording. Clinically she remained without moving, with inconstant and mild consciousness impairment, probably in relation to the very short duration of the seizures recorded, of 2-3 seconds and head deviation with more intense seizures.

EEG characteristics:

When the interictal activity is more expressive, it is very difficult to locate the activity so it is necessary to lower the sensitivity and to look for the epochs when the discharges are less active. When more active we can see diphasic sharp waves followed by irregular wave, grouped up in series of up to 15 seconds duration, in both frontal regions, with maximal expression in right front-central region, F4.

We recorded 45 seizures in the same EEG recording, of 70 min. duration. Seizures had a very short duration, as we can see in the recordings, with a synchronized rhythm as short as less than 2 seconds. They appeared isolated and in clusters of several episodes just after a few seconds.

S.C.B.

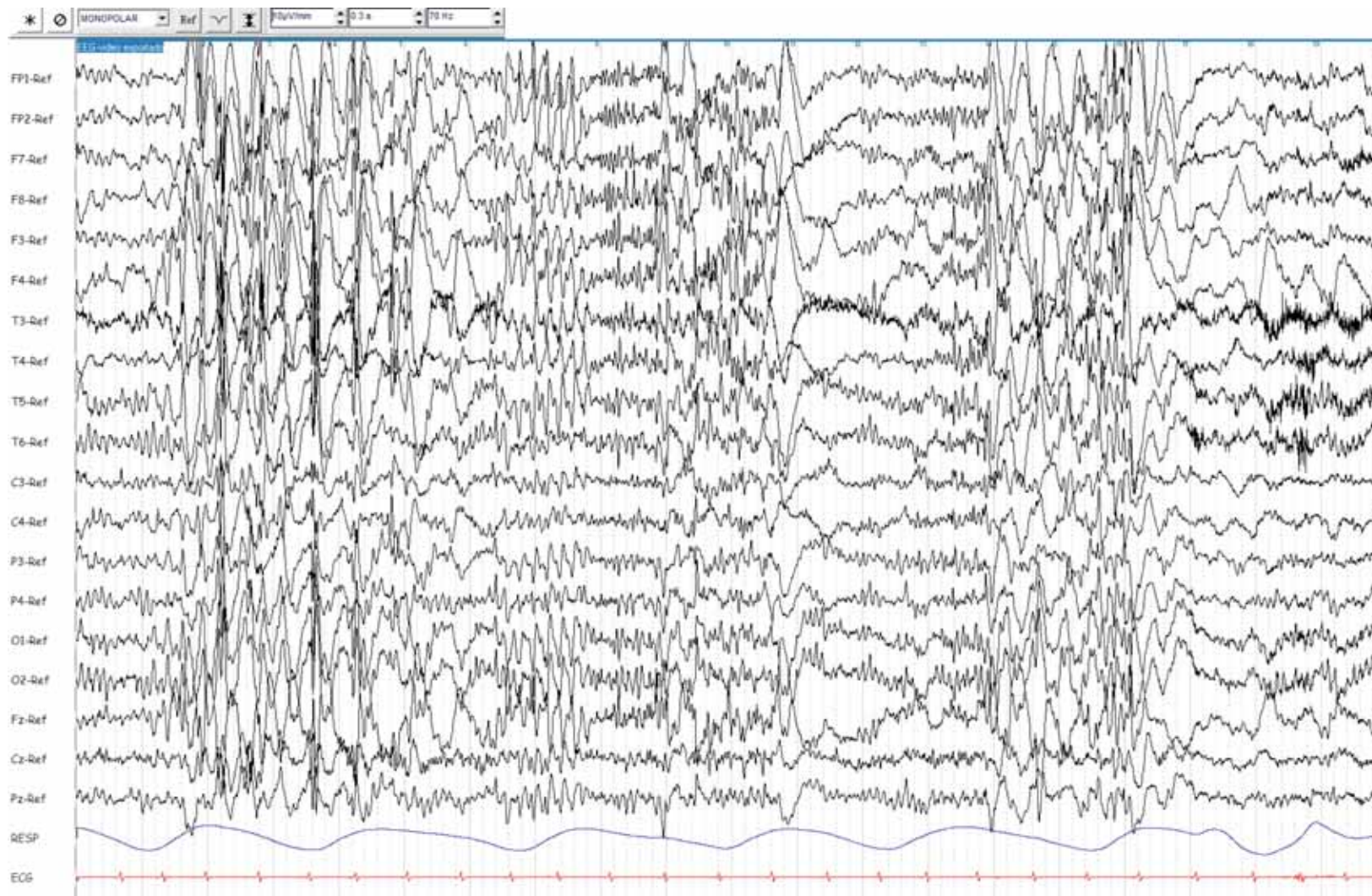


Fig. 1 Referential montage. Interictal activity and short seizure. Great active interictal discharges, with sharp waves of more than 200 μ V followed by irregular slow wave difficult to assign a location, and with a short (1 second) synchronized and diffused activity.

S.C.B.



Fig. 2 Referential montage. Same epoch with less sensitivity. We can see some interictal discharges before ictal onset in both frontal regions, with right predominance and maximal expression in front central region, F4. Short seizure with a synchronized rhythm at around 19 Hz with frontal predominance and postictal frontal slowing and alpha rhythm in both posterior regions.

S.C.B.



Fig. 3 Referential montage. When the discharges are less active is the occasion for trying to locate the IED, there is a right frontal predominance, with maximal expression in F4 and diffusion to F8, and Fp2.

M.M.J.



Fig. 4. Characteristically seizures group in clusters.

M.M.J.

M.M.J.

M.M.J.

Patient who started having seizures at 9 years old diagnosed as absence epilepsy. Traumatic antecedent at 4 years old. 3 Tesla MRI and PET were normal. Clinically he has complex partial seizures, with fixed sight and, when more intense, jaw movements and generalized movements with enuresis. In spite of multiple treatments in poly-therapy there has never been a good control of seizures

EEG characteristics:

Interictal epileptiform activity was recorded, with bilateral expression of the focus activity, and sometimes with maximal expression in left front-central regions, but most of the times with bilateral appearance, constituted by sharp waves and spikes of 50-200 μ V, followed by a slow wave. Ictal recordings show a very low amplitude synchronized rhythm with very diffuse expression. It was not possible to assess a maximal expression of ictal activity at onset.

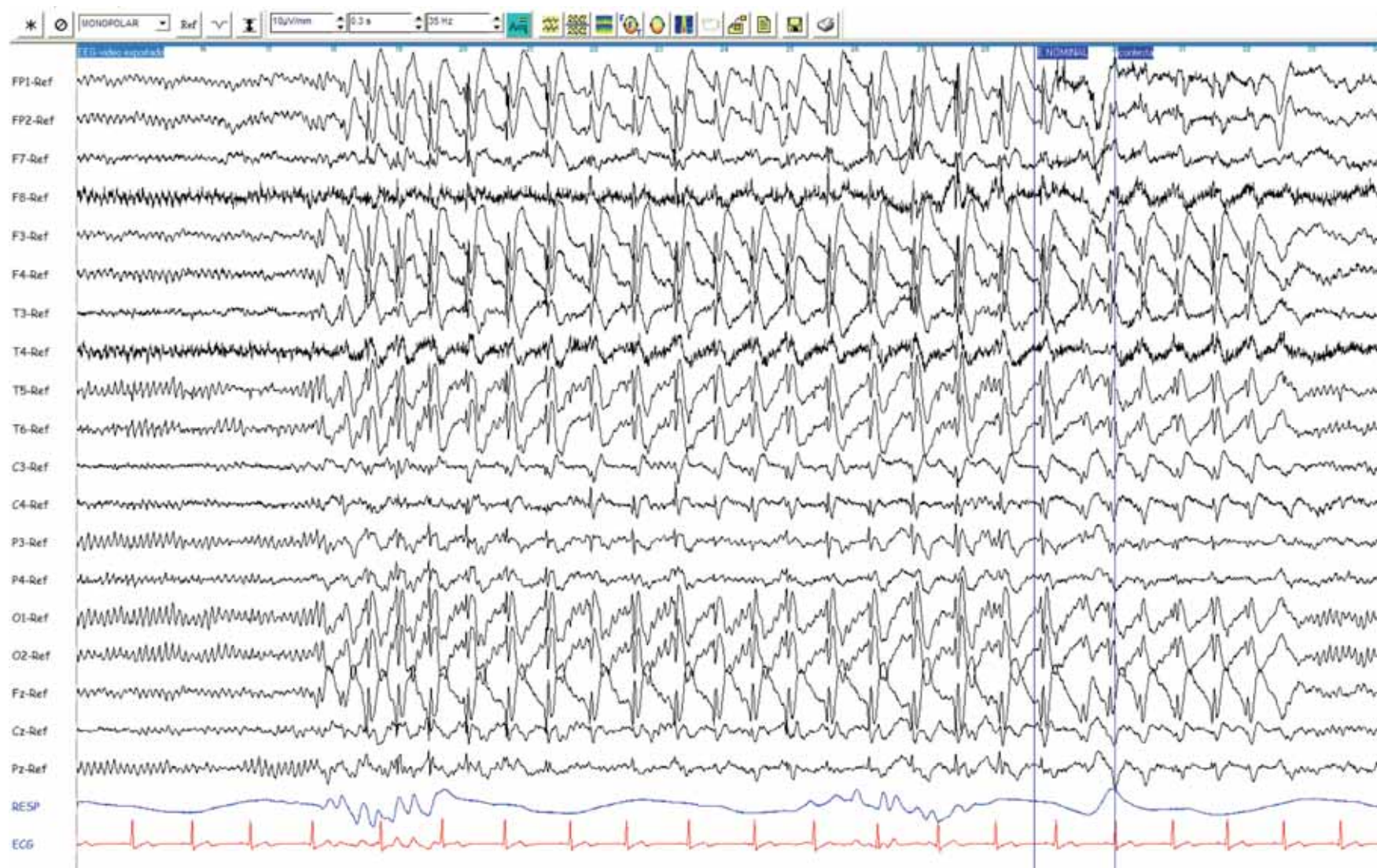


Fig. 1 Referential montage. IED very widespread. This activity can be very difficult to differentiate from generalized one. Consciousness was preserved.

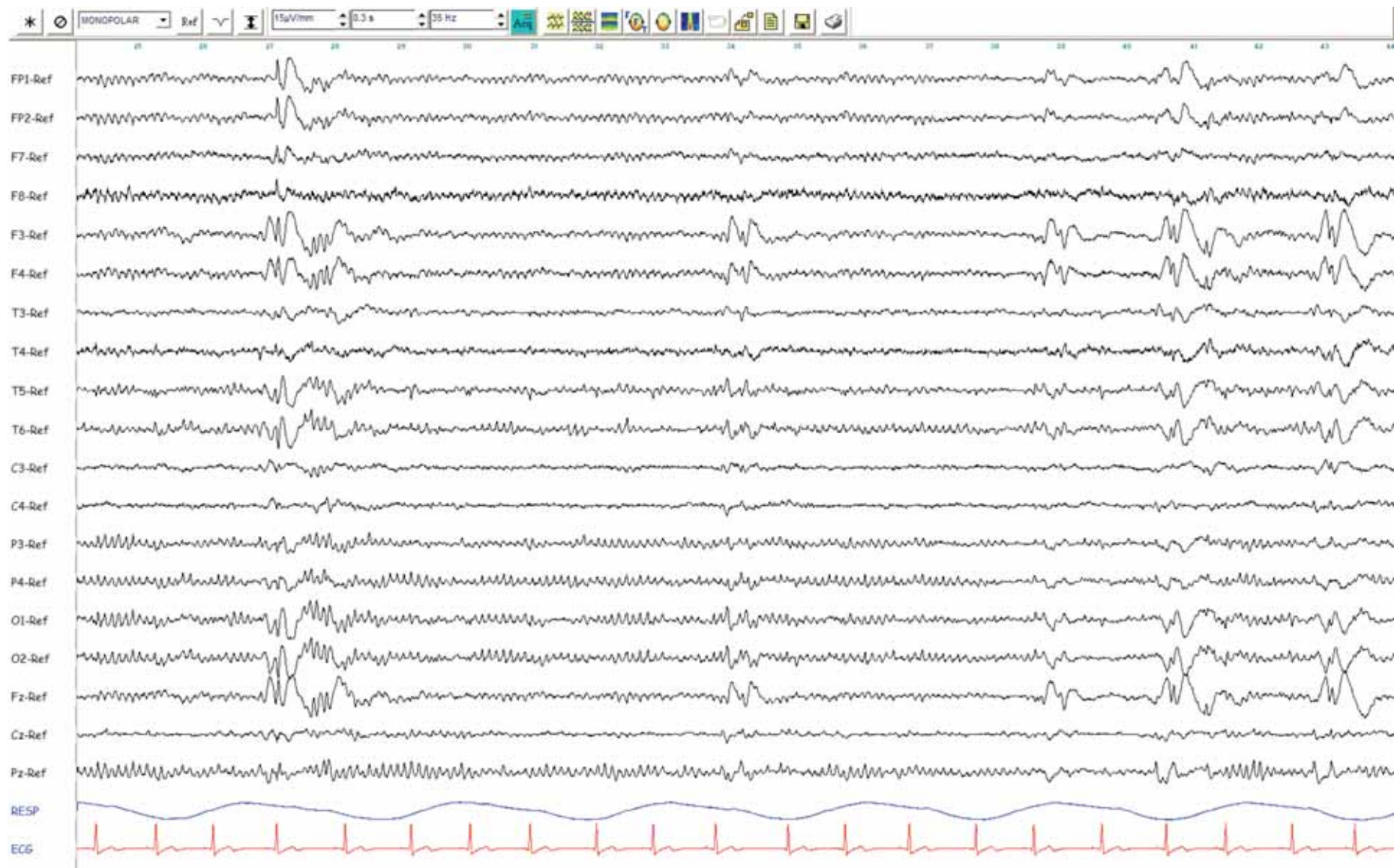


Fig. 2 Referential montage. Front-central interictal epileptiform activity, being impossible to establish an hemisphere dominance for this focus. Due to its location and morphology the differentiation with a generalized paroxysmic activity becomes a challenge.



Fig. 3 Referential montage. Widespread interictal activity. Alpha rhythm over posterior regions

M.M.J.



Fig. 4 Ictal activity, with a low amplitude synchronized rhythm preceded by a spike-wave complex. Attenuation at seizure end, with alpha band basal activity in both posterior regions even during seizure and more evident after the seizure, where we can also appreciate anterior slowing, in both frontal regions. The fact of recording a seizure was very useful to assess the focal nature of the case.

M.M.C.

M.M.C.

M.M.C.

Patient who started having seizures at 9 years old. He has daily seizures in spite of multiple treatments. Clinically he drops his head with some myoclonic movement.

EEG characteristics:

EEG recordings show isolated sharp waves of 50-100 μ V, with maximal expression in frontal electrodes, with predominance in right inferior-frontal region. Sometimes it appears widespread.

Seizures start with a synchronized rhythm, being the maximal synchronization at onset in right inferior-frontal region. Clinically the only manifestation was eyes opening with fixed looking appearance.

M.M.C.



Fig. 1 Referential montage. Isolated sharp wave of 50-100 μ V with right frontal predominance, with maximal expression in right inferior-frontal region, F8, and diffusion to both prefrontal Fp2, Fp1 and mid-line frontal region, Fz.

M.M.C.



Fig. 2 Referential montage. Sharp waves and spikes, with irregular slow waves in both frontal regions.

M.M.C.

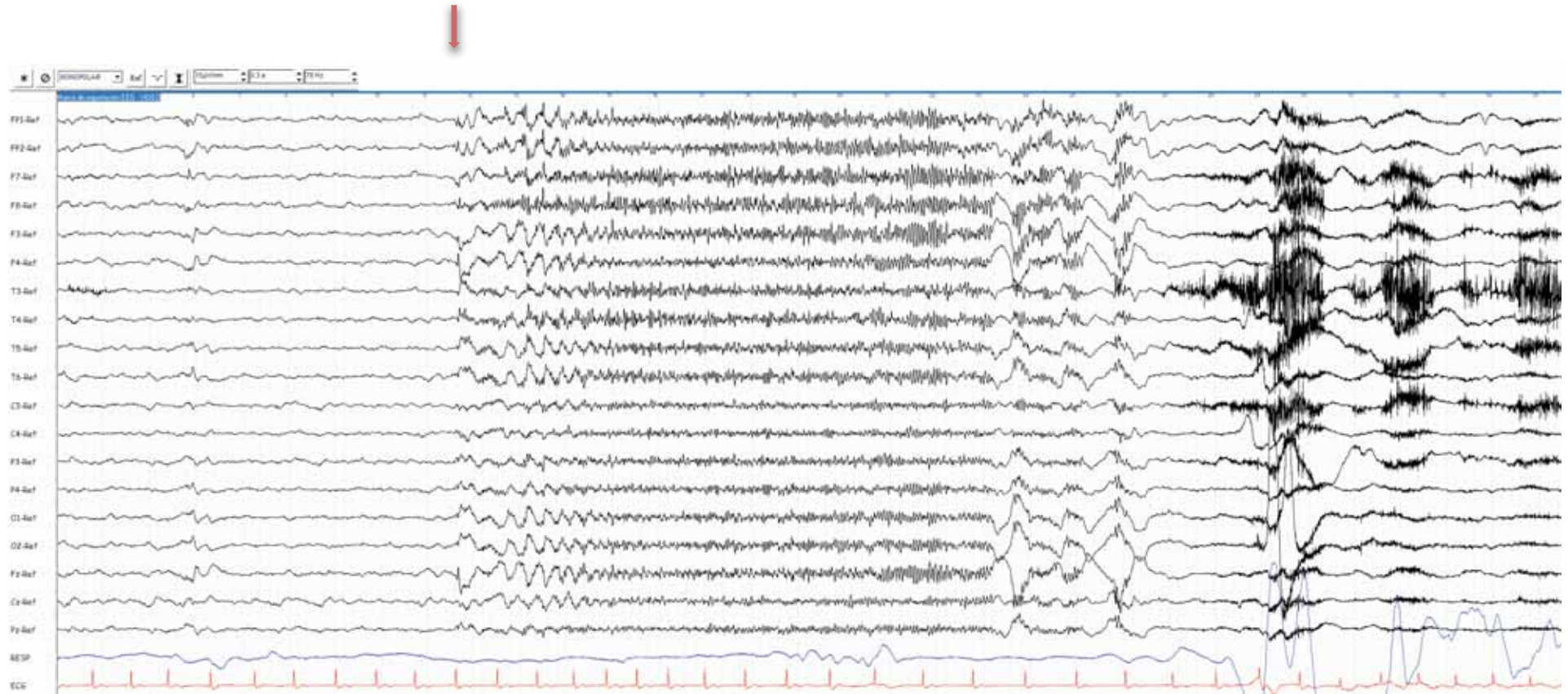


Fig. 3 Referential montage. Ictal activity with synchronized rhythm and postictal global attenuation. The synchronized rhythm blocks the slow waves specially in right inferior frontal regions, F8.

M.M.C.

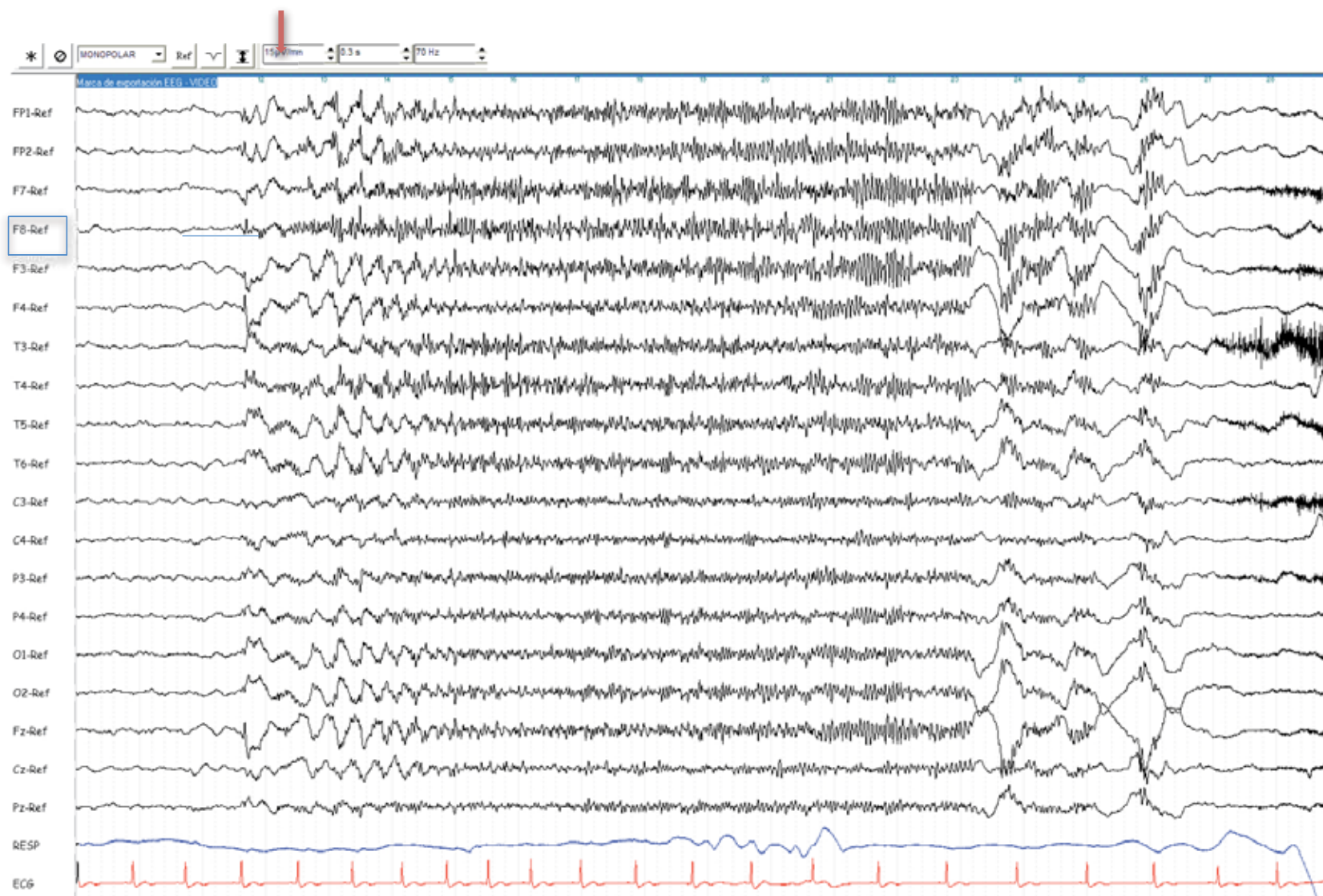


Fig. 4 Ictal activity with synchronized rhythm arising apparently from right inferior-frontal region. Before the ictal rhythm diffund to other region we can see slow waves in both frontal regions. ECK and breathing irregularity.

M.J.S.F.

M.J.S.F.

M.J.S.F.

Patient with fever antecedent of gastrointestinal origin who had apparently a generalized seizure at 39 years old. MRI and TC were normal. The EEG oriented the case as partial seizures. Clinically she presented several episodes, almost clinically silent, some of them in clusters, in which the only manifestation was a slight and inconstant blinking while she referred feeling sick, without language impairment and preserved consciousness.

EEG characteristics:

EEG recordings showing spikes of 50-100 μ V followed by an irregular slow wave, with maximal expression in right front-central regions. There is diffusion to front-central regions and both pre-frontal regions. The seizures arise with maximal expression in mid-frontal regions, Fz, with right lateralization.

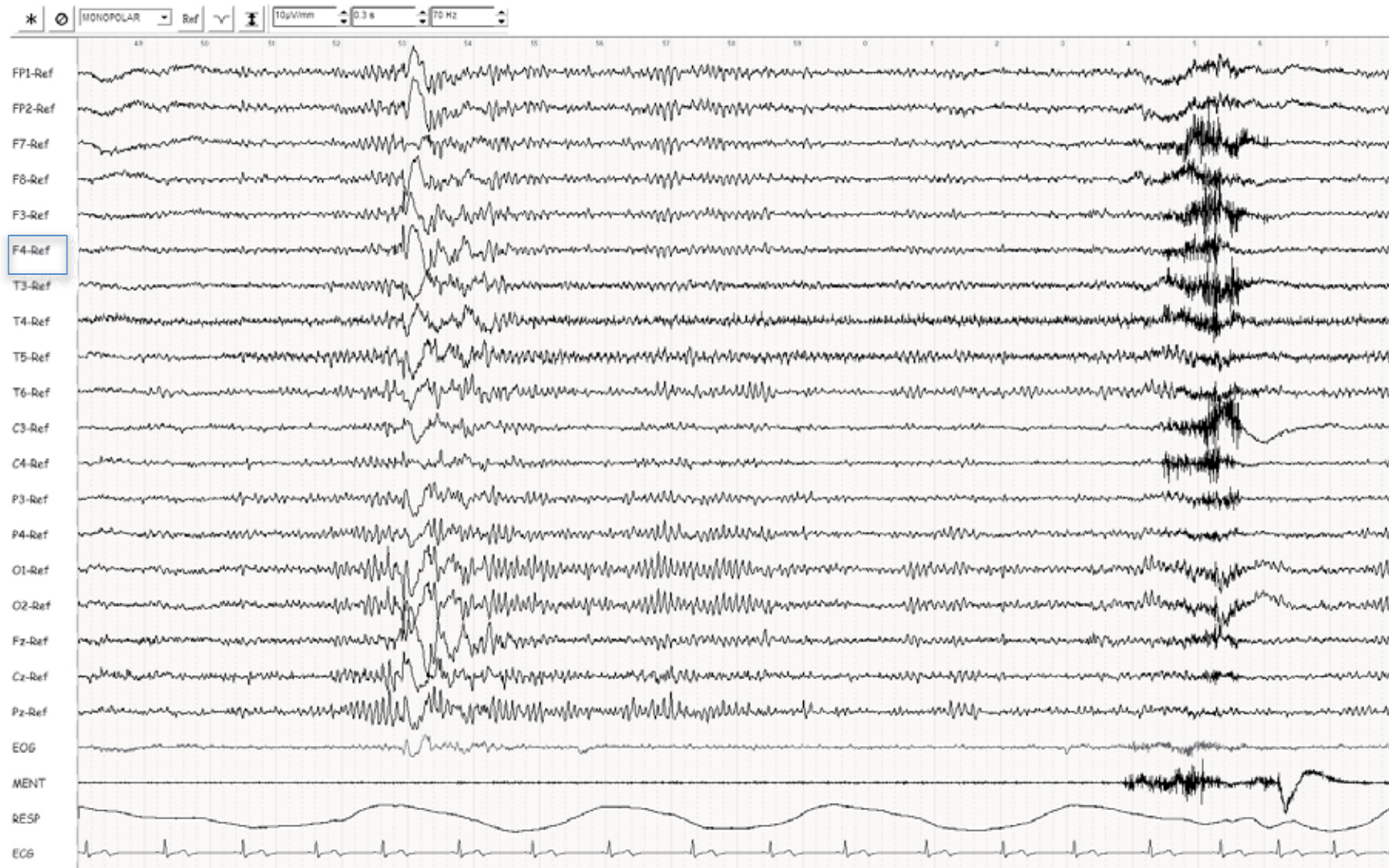


Fig. 1 Referential montage. IED in front-central electrodes, with maximal expression in F4.

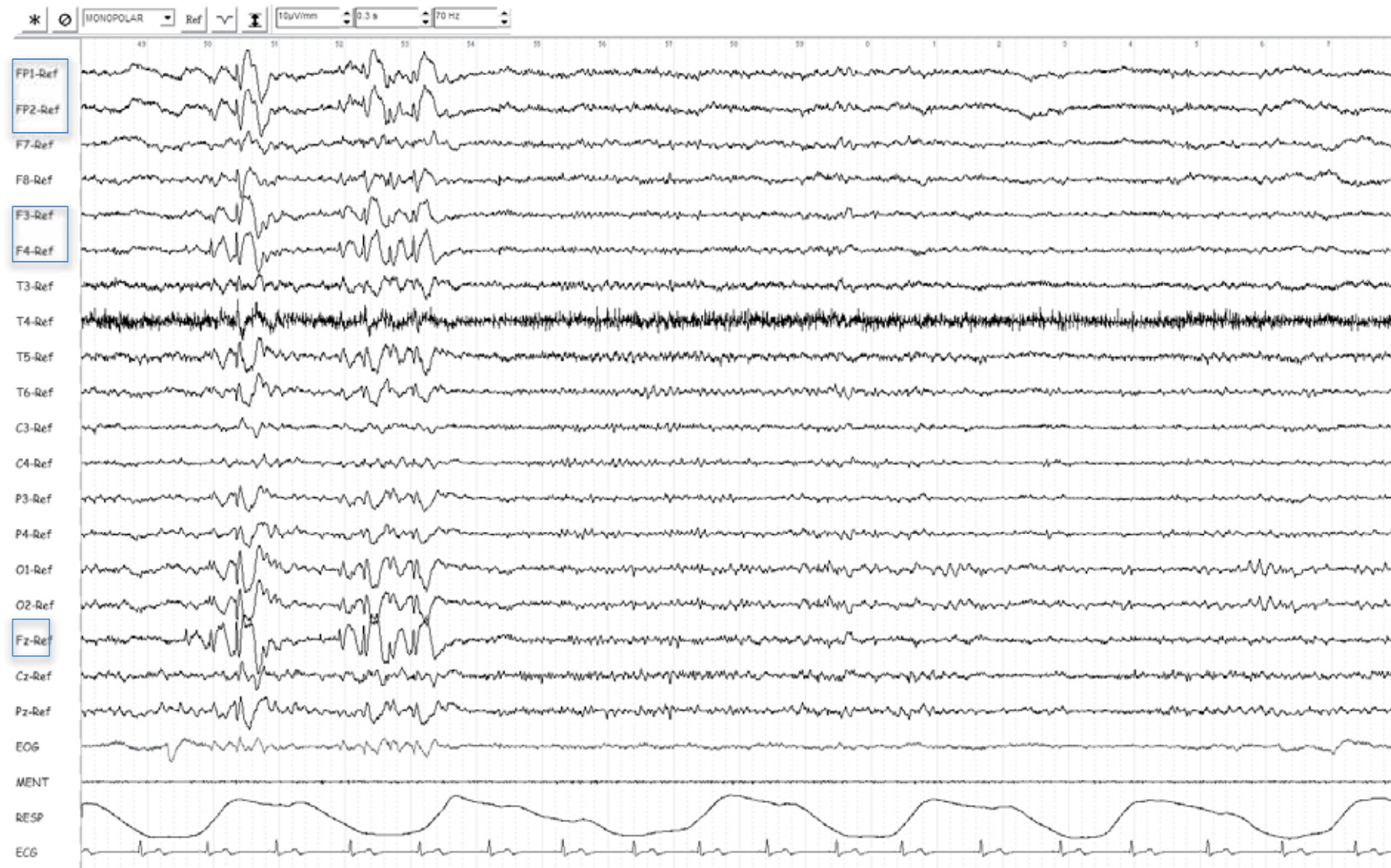


Fig. 2 Referential montage showing more located and also widespread spike-wave activity.

M.J.S.F.

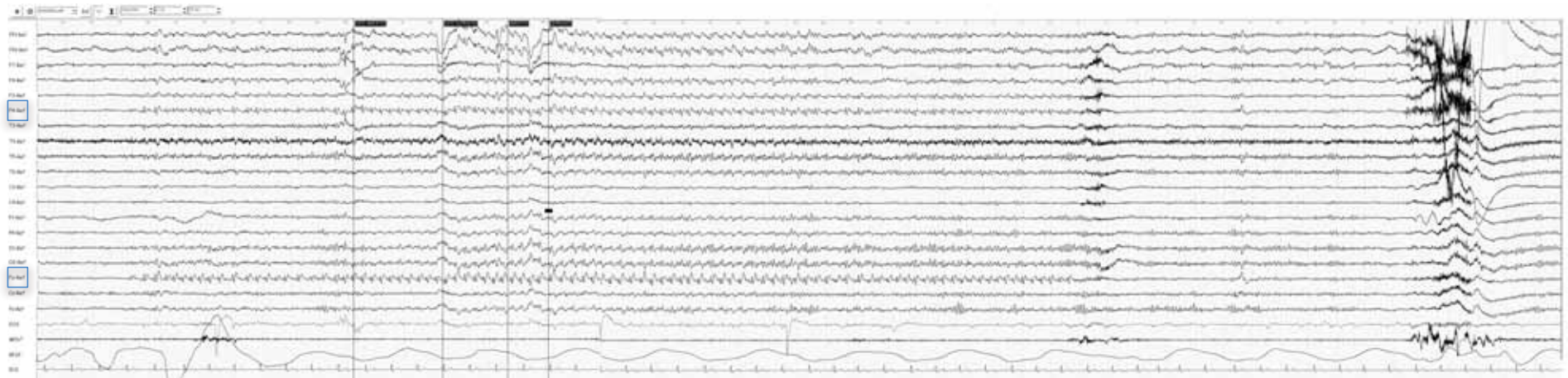


Fig. 3 Referential montage. Ictal activity, with paroxysmic activity of spike-wave complex, appearing repetitively and very rhythmic, with slight right dominance, Fz, F4 Clinically the symptoms were very subtle: the patient opened and closed irregularly her eyes and referred a "sick" sensation, with fluent language and preserved consciousness.

M.J.S.F.



Fig. 4 Referential montage. Detailed view of seizure onset, with right front-central predominance (F4).

O.A.Z.

O.A.Z.

O.A.Z.

Patient who started having seizures at 43 years old. The only antecedent she presented was a TBI at 5 years old. A MRI showed right tumoral lesion and she underwent surgery. Clinically she sighs putting her left foot over the right one, with tachycardia.

EEG characteristics:

EEG recording showed interictal isolated sharp waves of 50-100 μ V, as well as diphasic sharp waves followed by an irregular slow wave. Only one seizure has been recorded, with prominent attenuation, global but with right frontal predominance, if we carefully study the epoch at seizure onset.

O.A.Z.

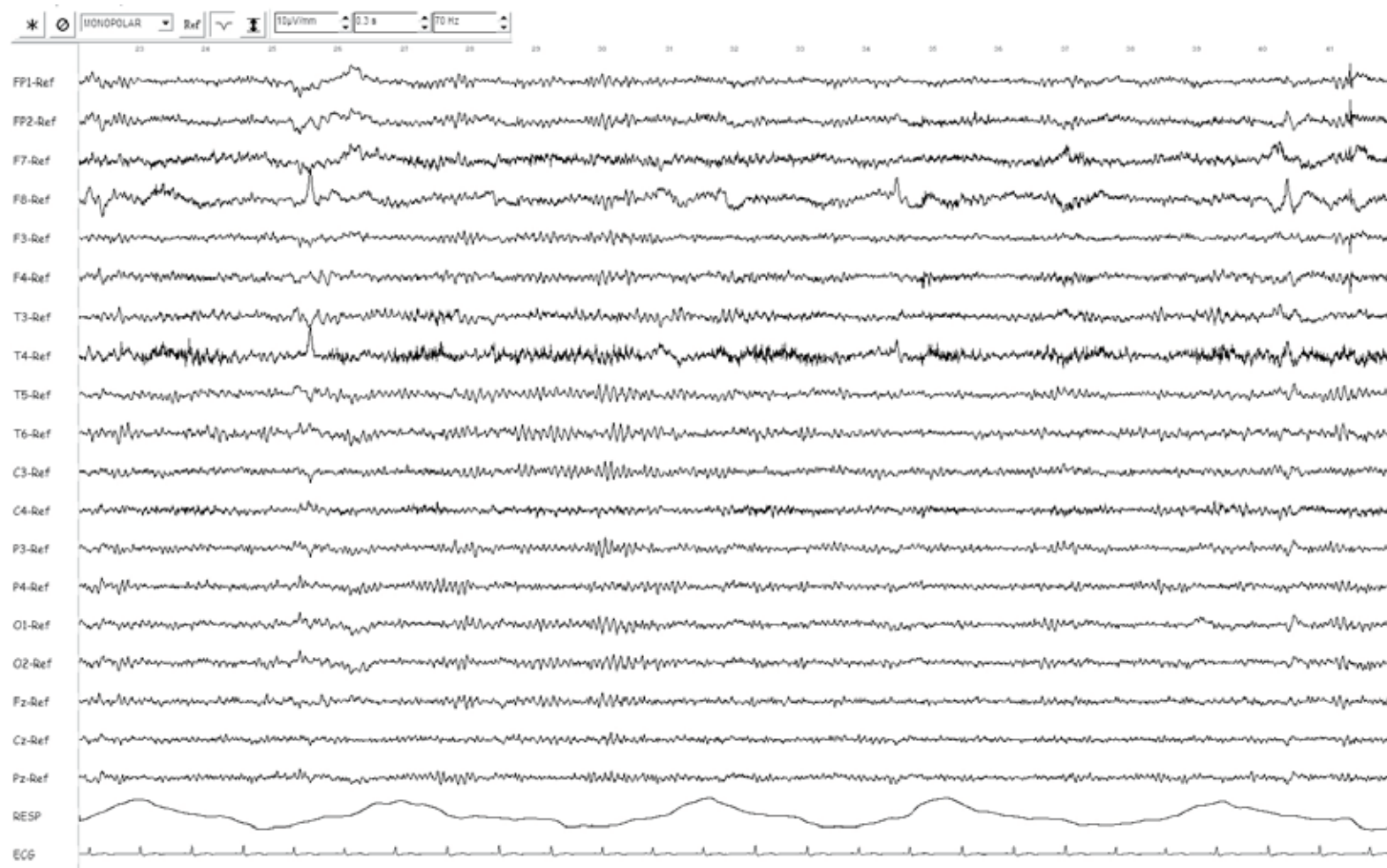


Fig. 1 Referential montage. Isolated sharp wave with maximal expression in right inferior-frontal region and diffusion to right temporal.

O.A.Z.

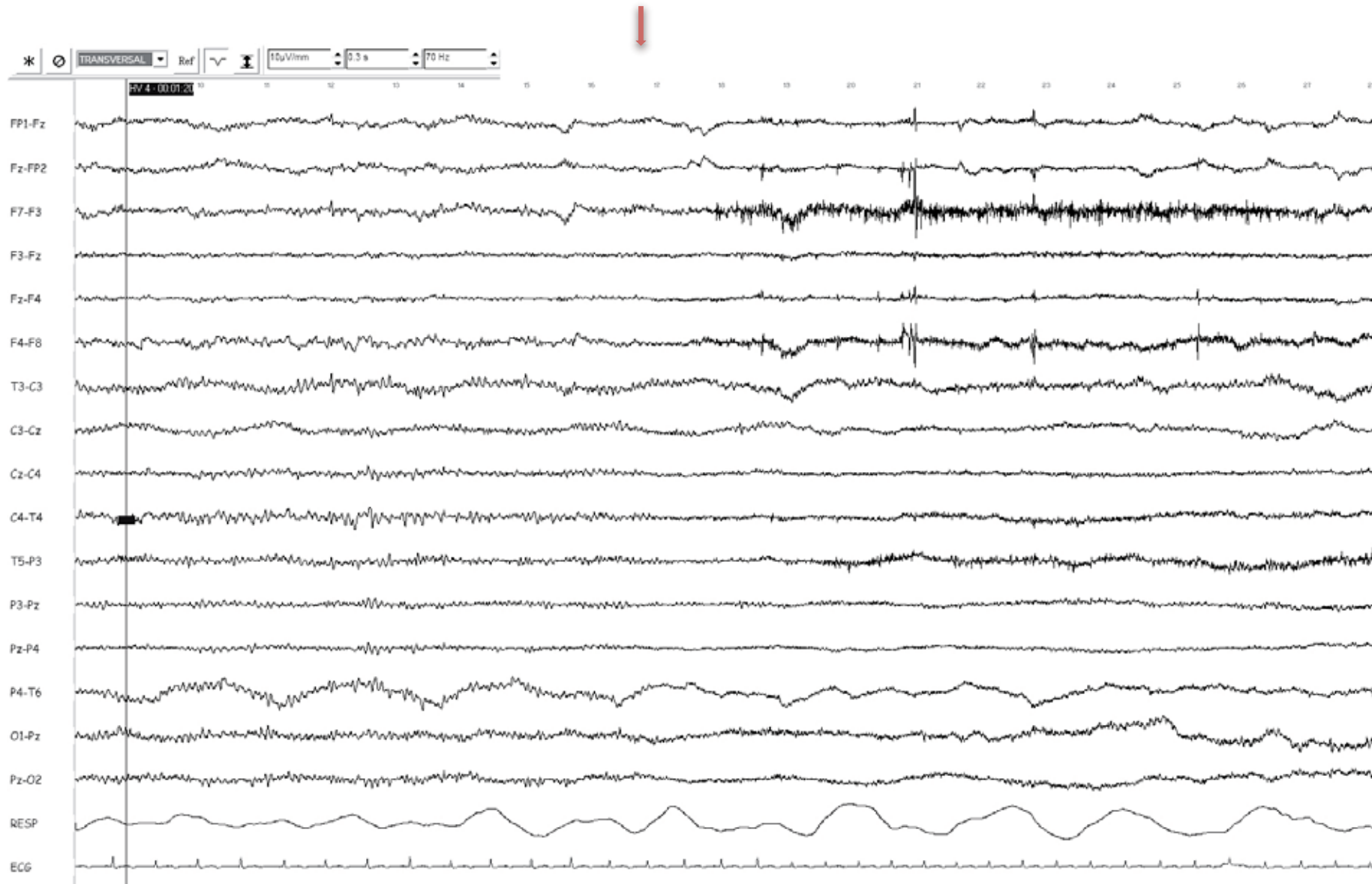


Fig. 2 Transversal montage. Attenuation with frontal predominance and inferior frontal maximal expression facilitated by hyperpnoea at seizure onset. Breathing irregularity and tachycardia.

O.A.Z.

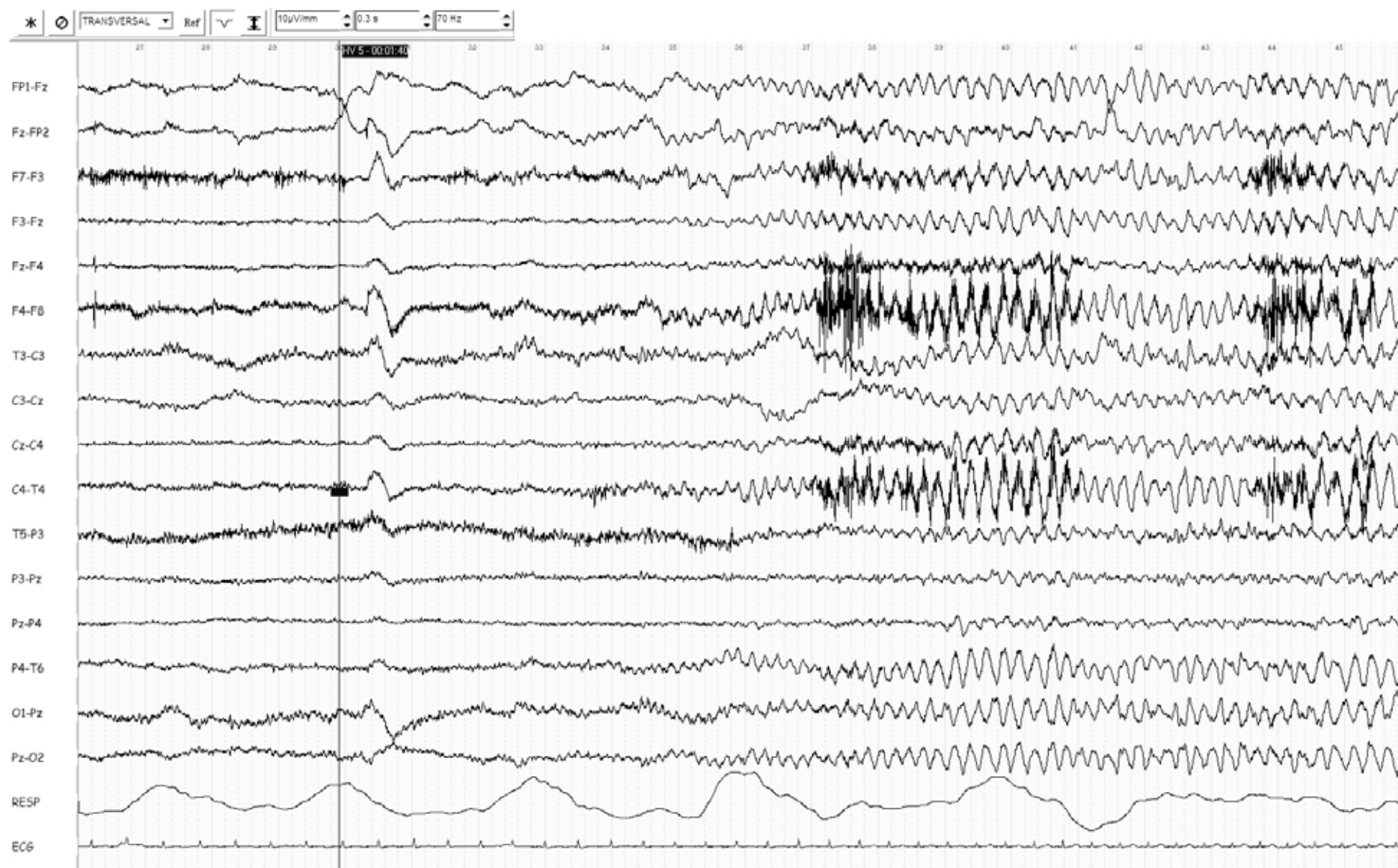


Fig. 3 Transversal montage. 20 seconds later, the ictal activity becomes more evident, with increasing amplitude and decreasing frequencies of waveforms.

O.A.Z.



Fig. 4 Transversal montage. On-going ictal activity

O.A.Z.

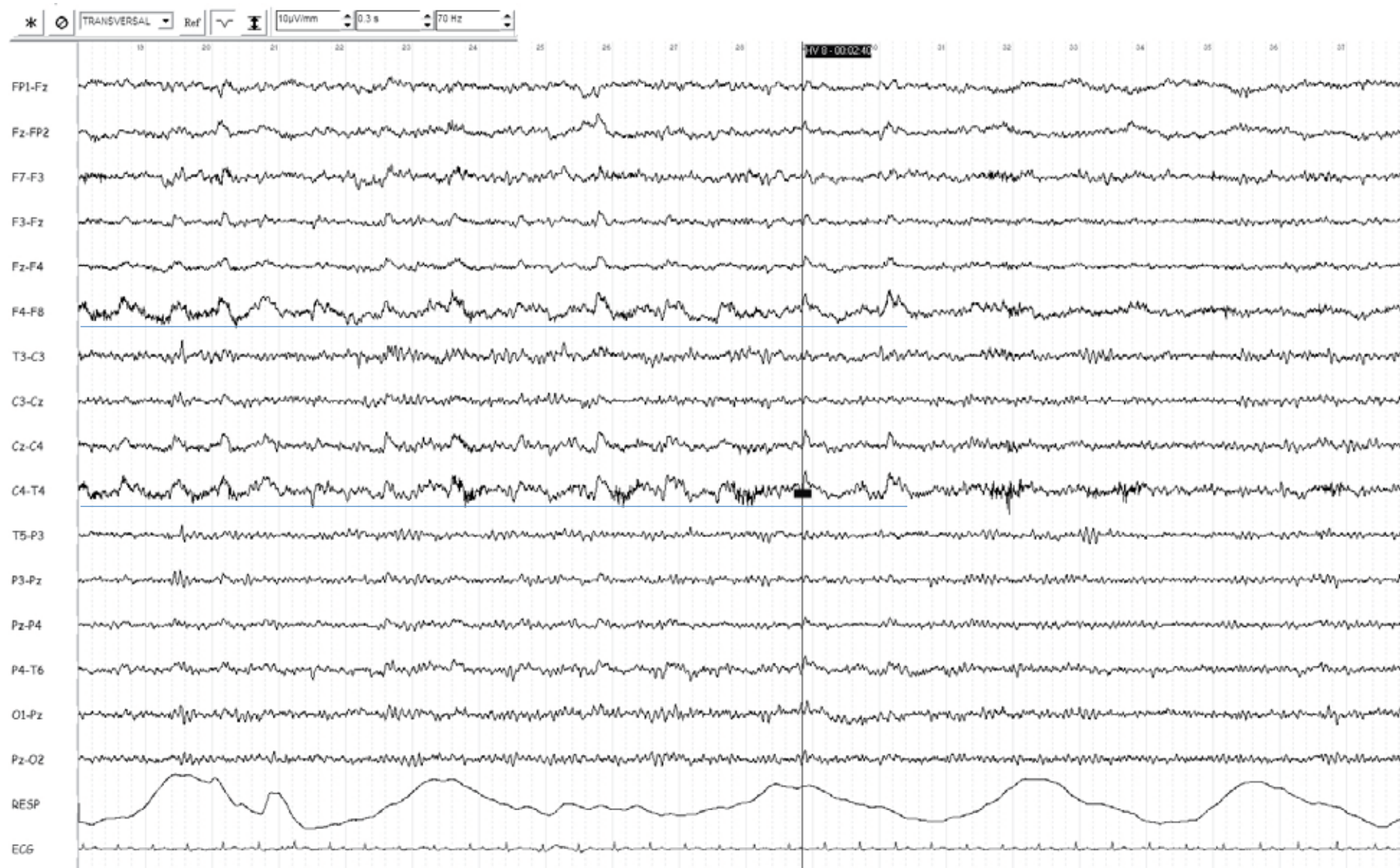


Fig. 5 Transversal montage. On-going seizure, with slowing of ictal frequencies and seizure end with normalization of breathing and ECK signal.

O.A.Z.



Fig. 6 Referential montage. Very subtle post-ictal slowing in right inferior frontal region, with well structured basal alpha rhythm in posterior regions, with adequate reactivity to eyes opening

STATISTIC APPENDIX

11. STATISTIC APPENDIX

Problem 1: Variability of seizure pattern along time

Tabulation - PatVar (CrisisReg=1)

Data variable: PatVar

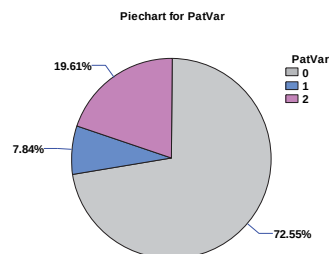
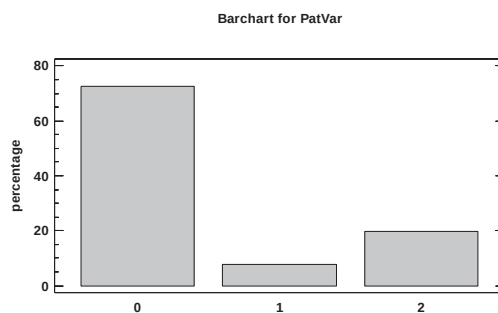
Selection variable: **CrisisReg=1**

Number of observations: 51

Number of unique values: 3

The StatAdvisor

This procedure counts the number of times each of the 3 unique values of PatVar occurs. It then displays tables and graphs of the tabulation.



Frequency Table for PatVar

Class	Value	Frequency	Relative Frequency
1	0	37	0.7255
2	1	4	0.0784
3	2	10	0.1961

Tabulation - PatVar (CrisisReg=1 & PatVar<>2)

Data variable: PatVar

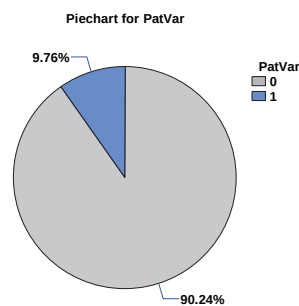
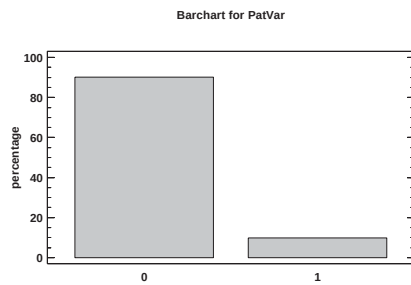
Selection variable: **CrisisReg=1 & PatVar<>2**

Number of observations: 41

Number of unique values: 2

The StatAdvisor

This procedure counts the number of times each of the 2 unique values of PatVar occurs. It then displays tables and graphs of the tabulation.



Frequency Table for PatVar

			Relative
Class	Value	Frequency	Frequency
1	0	37	0.9024
2	1	4	0.0976

Hypothesis Tests

Sample proportion = 0.9024

Sample size = 41

Approximate 95.0% confidence interval for p: [0.768635;0.972752]

Null Hypothesis: proportion = 0.5

Alternative: not equal

P-Value = 1.16174E-7

Reject the null hypothesis for alpha = 0.05.

The StatAdvisor

This analysis shows the results of performing a hypothesis test concerning the proportion (theta) of a binomial distribution. The two hypotheses to be tested are:

Null hypothesis: $\theta = 0.5$

Alternative hypothesis: $\theta < 0.5$

In this sample of 41 observations, the sample proportion equals 0.9024. Since the P-value for the test is less than 0.05, the null hypothesis is rejected at the 95.0% confidence level. The confidence interval shows that the values of theta supported by the data fall between 0.768635 and 0.972752.

Problem 2: Location of focus determines location of seizure onset

Contingency Tables

Number of observations: 43

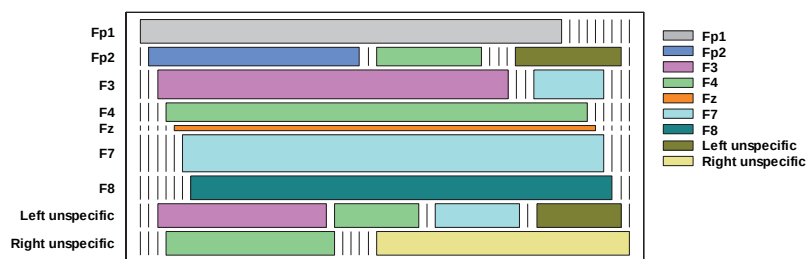
Number of rows: 9

Number of columns: 9

Frequency Table

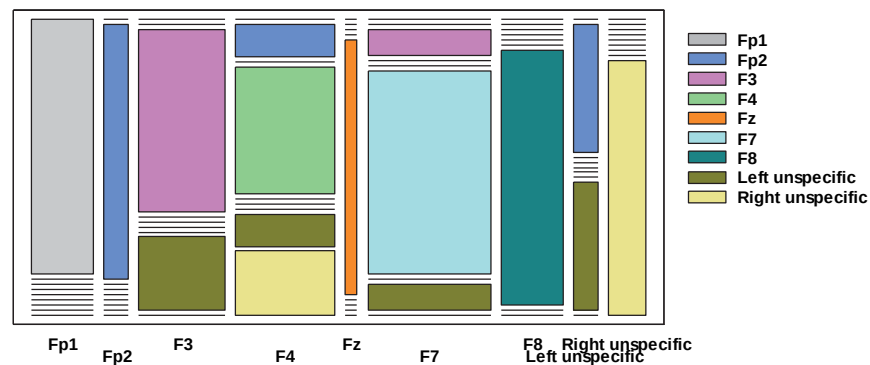
	Fp1	Fp2	F3	F4	Fz	F7	F8	Left unspecific	Right unspecific	Row Total
Fp1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
	11.63%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	11.63%
Fp2	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	4
	0.00%	4.65%	0.00%	2.33%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	2.33%	0.00%	9.30%
F3	0	0	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	6
	0.00%	0.00%	11.63%	0.00%	0.00%	2.33%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	13.95%
F4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	9.30%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	9.30%
Fz	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	2.33%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	2.33%
F7	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	8
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	18.60%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	18.60%
F8	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	5
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	11.63%	0.00%	0.00%	11.63%
Left unspecific	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	5
	0.00%	0.00%	4.65%	2.33%	0.00%	2.33%	0.00%	2.33%	0.00%	11.63%
Right unspecific	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	5
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	4.65%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	6.98%	11.63%
Column Total	5	2	7	8	1	10	5	2	3	43
	11.63%	4.65%	16.28%	18.60%	2.33%	23.26%	11.63%	4.65%	6.98%	100.00%

Mosaic Plot



Frequency Table

	Fp1	Fp2	F3	F4	Fz	F7	F8	Left unsp	Right unsp	Row Total
Fp1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
	100.0%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%
Fp2	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	4
	0.00%	50.00%	0.00%	25.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	25.00%	0.00%	100.00%
F3	0	0	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	6
	0.00%	0.00%	83.33%	0.00%	0.00%	16.67%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%
F4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%
Fz	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%
F7	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	8
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%
F8	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	5
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%
Left unsp	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	5
	0.00%	0.00%	40.00%	20.00%	0.00%	20.00%	0.00%	20.00%	0.00%	100.00%
Right unsp	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	5
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	40.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	60.00%	100.00%

Mosaic Plot**Frequency Table**

	Fp1	Fp2	F3	F4	Fz	F7	F8	Left unsp	Right unsp	Row Total
Fp1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	11.63%
Fp2	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	4
	0.00%	100.00%	0.00%	12.50%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	50.00%	0.00%	9.30%
F3	0	0	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	6
	0.00%	0.00%	71.43%	0.00%	0.00%	10.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	13.95%
F4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	50.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	9.30%

Fz	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	2.33%
F7	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	8
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	80.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	18.60%
F8	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	5
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	11.63%
Left unspecific	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	5
	0.00%	0.00%	28.57%	12.50%	0.00%	10.00%	0.00%	50.00%	0.00%	11.63%
Right unspecific	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	5
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	25.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	11.63%
Column Total	5	2	7	8	1	10	5	2	3	43
	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Summary Statistics

		<i>With Rows</i>	<i>With Columns</i>
<i>Statistic</i>	<i>Symmetric</i>	<i>Dependent</i>	<i>Dependent</i>
Lambda	0.7500	0.7429	0.7576
Uncertainty Coeff.	0.7826	0.7621	0.8043
Somer's D	0.6168	0.6263	0.6077
Eta		0.7718	0.8071

<i>Statistic</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>P-Value</i>	<i>Df</i>
Contingency Coeff.	0.9202		
Cramer's V	0.8312		
Conditional Gamma	0.6469		
Pearson's R	0.6666	0.0000	41
Kendall's Tau b	0.6169	0.0000	
Kendall's Tau c	0.5975		

The StatAdvisor

The statistics shown here measure the degree of association between rows and columns. Of particular interest are the contingency coefficient and lambda, which measure the degree of association on a scale of 0 to 1. Lambda measures how useful the row (or column) factor is in predicting the other factor. For example, the value of lambda with columns dependent equals 0.757576. This means that there is a 75.7576% reduction in error when rows are used to predict columns. For those statistics with P values, P values less than 0.05 indicate a significant association between rows and columns at the 95% confidence level.

Problem 3: Analysis of morphological characteristics at seizure onset by location of seizure onset

Regarding individual electrode positions

Crosstabulation - LocOnset by CharSzOns

Row variable: LocOnset

Column variable: CharSzOns

Number of observations: 50

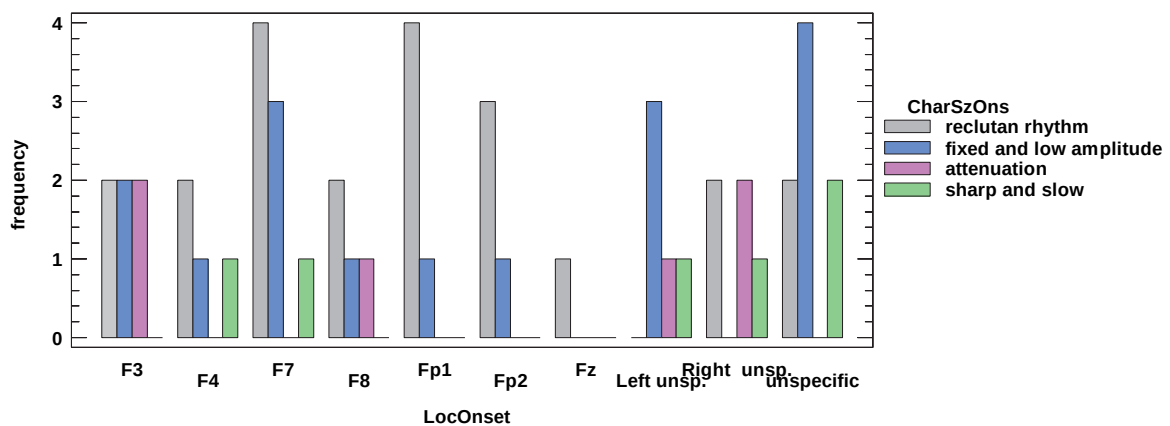
Number of rows: 10

Number of columns: 4

The StatAdvisor

This procedure constructs a two-way table showing the frequency of occurrence of unique pairs of values for LocOnset and CharSzOns. It constructs a 10 by 4 contingency table for the data and displays the results in various ways. Of particular interest are the tests for independence between rows and columns, which you can select from the list of Tabular Options.

Barchart for LocOnset by CharSzOns



Frequency Table for LocOnset by CharSzOns

	0	1	2	3	Row Total
F3	2	2	2	0	6
	33.33%	33.33%	33.33%	0.00%	12.00%
F4	2	1	0	1	4
	50.00%	25.00%	0.00%	25.00%	8.00%
F7	4	3	0	1	8
	50.00%	37.50%	0.00%	12.50%	16.00%
F8	2	1	1	0	4
	50.00%	25.00%	25.00%	0.00%	8.00%
Fp1	4	1	0	0	5
	80.00%	20.00%	0.00%	0.00%	10.00%
Fp2	3	1	0	0	4
	75.00%	25.00%	0.00%	0.00%	8.00%
Fz	1	0	0	0	1
	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	2.00%
Left unsp.	0	3	1	1	5
	0.00%	60.00%	20.00%	20.00%	10.00%
Right unsp.	2	0	2	1	5
	40.00%	0.00%	40.00%	20.00%	10.00%
unspecific	2	4	0	2	8

	25.00%	50.00%	0.00%	25.00%	16.00%
Column Total	22	16	6	6	50
	44.00%	32.00%	12.00%	12.00%	100.00%

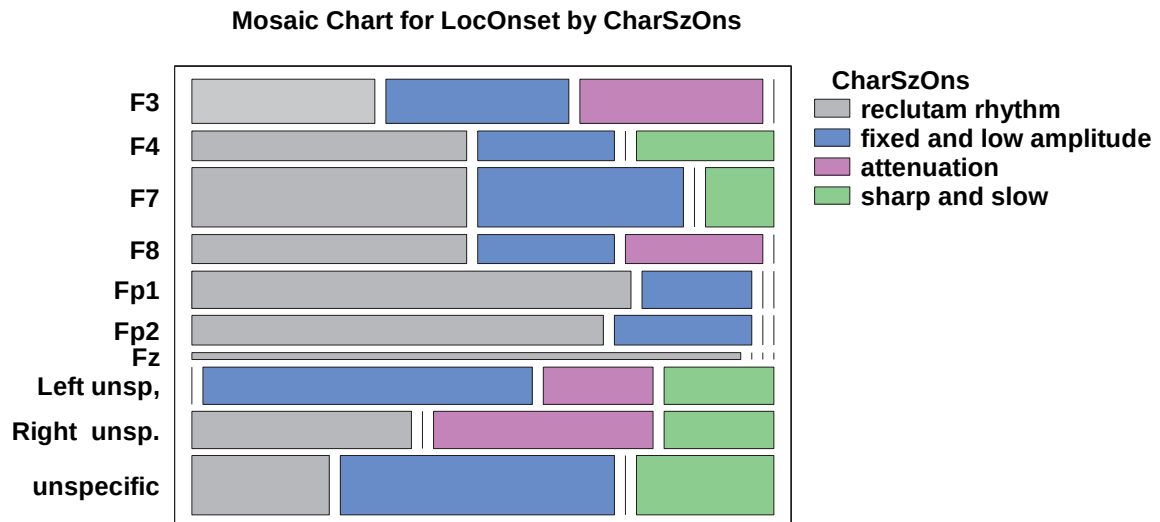
Cell contents:

Observed frequency

Percentage of row

The StatAdvisor

This table shows how often the 10 values of LocOnset occur together with each of the 4 values of CharSzOns. The first number in each cell of the table is the count or frequency. The second number shows that cell's percentage of the row in which it falls. For example, there were 2 times when LocOnset equaled F3 and CharSzOns equaled 0. This represents 33.3333% of the 6 times when LocOnset equaled F3.



Tests of Independence

Test	Statistic	Df	P-Value
Chi-Square	25.260	27	0.5599

Warning: some expected cell counts < 5.

The StatAdvisor

This table shows the results of a hypothesis test run to determine whether or not to reject the idea that the row and column classifications are independent. Since the P-value is greater than or equal to 0.05, we cannot reject the hypothesis that rows and columns are independent at the 95.0% confidence level. Therefore, the observed value of LocOnset for a particular case may bear no relation to its value for CharSzOns.

Summary Statistics

		With Rows	With Columns
Statistic	Symmetric	Dependent	Dependent
Lambda	0.1286	0.0952	0.1786
Uncertainty Coeff.	0.1847	0.1438	0.2581
Somer's D	0.1138	0.1315	0.1004
Eta		0.1891	0.4394

Statistic	Value	P-Value	Df
Contingency Coeff.	0.5793		
Cramer's V	0.4104		
Conditional Gamma	0.1459		
Pearson's R	0.1510	0.2952	48
Kendall's Tau b	0.1149	0.3169	
Kendall's Tau c	0.1184		

The StatAdvisor

The statistics shown here measure the degree of association between rows and columns. Of particular interest are the contingency coefficient and lambda, which measure the degree of association on a scale of 0 to 1. Lambda measures how useful the row (or column) factor is in predicting the other factor. For example, the value of lambda with

columns dependent equals 0.178571. This means that there is a 17.8571% reduction in error when LocOnset is used to predict CharSzOns. For those statistics with P values, P values less than 0.05 indicate a significant association between rows and columns at the 95% confidence level.

Regarding homologue regions

Tabulación Cruzada - LocOnset2 por CharSzOns

Crosstabulation - LocOnset2 by CharSzOns

Row variable: LocOnset2

Column variable: CharSzOns

Number of observations: 50

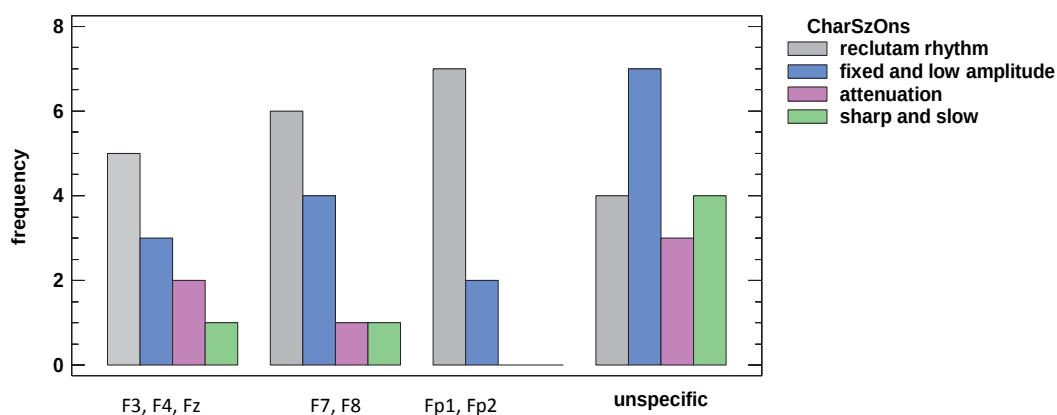
Number of rows: 4

Number of columns: 4

The StatAdvisor

This procedure constructs a two-way table showing the frequency of occurrence of unique pairs of values for LocOnset2 and CharSzOns. It constructs a 4 by 4 contingency table for the data and displays the results in various ways. Of particular interest are the tests for independence between rows and columns, which you can select from the list of Tabular Options.

Barchart for LocOnset2 by CharSzOns



Frequency Table for LocOnset2 by CharSzOns

	0 Reclutant rhythm without amplitude change	1 Low amplitude synchronized rhythm	2 Attenuation	3 Spike/sharp wave within slow wave	Row Total
F3, F4, FZ	5	3	2	1	11
	45.45%	27.27%	18.18%	9.09%	22.00%
F7, F8	6	4	1	1	12
	50.00%	33.33%	8.33%	8.33%	24.00%
Fp1, Fp2	7	2	0	0	9
	77.78%	22.22%	0.00%	0.00%	18.00%
unspecific	4	7	3	4	18
	22.22%	38.89%	16.67%	22.22%	36.00%
Column Total	22	16	6	6	50
	44.00%	32.00%	12.00%	12.00%	100.00%

Cell contents:

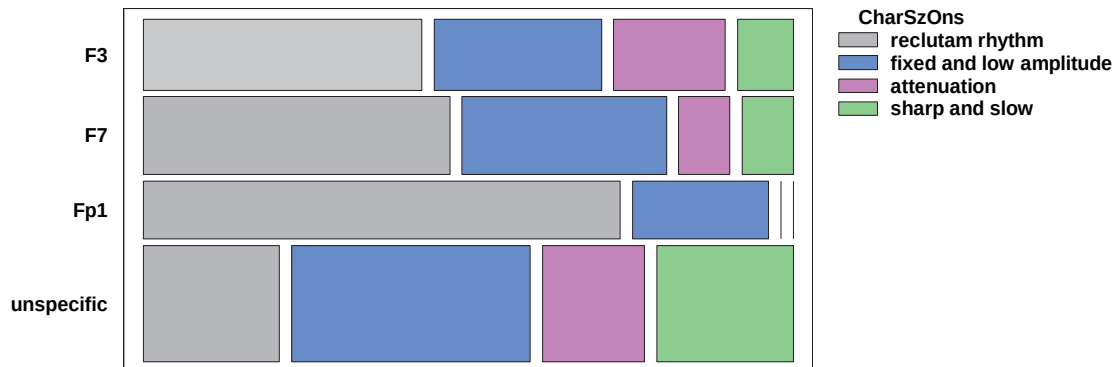
Observed frequency

Percentage of row

The StatAdvisor

This table shows how often the 4 values of LocOnset2 occur together with each of the 4 values of CharSzOns. The first number in each cell of the table is the count or frequency. The second number shows that cell's percentage of the row in which it falls. For example, there were 5 times when LocOnset2 equalled F3 and CharSzOns equalled 0. This represents 45.4545% of the 11 times when LocOnset2 equalled F3.

Mosaic Chart for LocOnset2 by CharSzOns



Tests of Independence

Test	Statistic	Df	P-Value
Chi-Square	9.748	9	0.3713

Warning: some expected cell counts < 5.

The StatAdvisor

This table shows the results of a hypothesis test run to determine whether or not to reject the idea that the row and column classifications are independent. Since the P-value is greater than or equal to 0.05, we cannot reject the hypothesis that rows and columns are independent at the 95.0% confidence level. Therefore, the observed value of LocOnset2 for a particular case may bear no relation to its value for CharSzOns.

Summary Statistics

		With Rows	With Columns
Statistic	Symmetric	Dependent	Dependent
Lambda	0.1000	0.0938	0.1071
Uncertainty Coeff.	0.0894	0.0855	0.0936
Somer's D	0.1671	0.1742	0.1607
Eta		0.2169	0.4100

Statistic	Value	P-Value	Df
Contingency Coeff.	0.4039		
Cramer's V	0.2549		
Conditional Gamma	0.2344		
Pearson's R	0.1958	0.1730	48
Kendall's Tau b	0.1673	0.1706	
Kendall's Tau c	0.1568		

The StatAdvisor

The statistics shown here measure the degree of association between rows and columns. Of particular interest are the contingency coefficient and lambda, which measure the degree of association on a scale of 0 to 1. Lambda measures how useful the row (or column) factor is in predicting the other factor. For example, the value of lambda with columns dependent equals 0.107143. This means that there is a 10.7143% reduction in error when LocOnset2 is used to predict CharSzOns. For those statistics with P values, P values less than 0.05 indicate a significant association between rows and columns at the 95% confidence level.

Problem 4: Ictal frequency*Progressive slowing of ictal frequencies*Item studied: **Frequency**

Chi2 test for the differences of the mean for the three first frequencies and applicability of the test:

Model information

Data set	WORK.PROBLEMA4
Dependent variable	Frequency
Covariance structure	Unstructured
Subject effect	Patient
Estimation method	REML
Residual variance method	None
Fixed effect SE method	Model-based
Degrees of freedom method	Between-Within

Class level information

Class	Levels	Values
Patient	51	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 40 41 43 64 65 71 80 85 89 103 144 147 148 150 151
Frequencies	3	1 2 3

Covariance parameters estimates

ParmCov	Subject	Estimate
UN(1,1)	Patient	86.2425
UN(2,1)	Patient	43.7549
UN(2,2)	Patient	42.8042
UN(3,1)	Patient	25.7732
UN(3,2)	Patient	14.4094
UN(3,3)	Patient	29.2694

Fit statistics

likelihood -2 Res Log	722.5
AIC	734.5
AICC	735.3
BIC	746.1

Null model likelihood ratio test

DF	Chi-square	Pr > ChiSq
5	35.82	<.0001

Type 3 test of fixed effect

Effects	Num DF	Den DF	F-Value	Pr > F
Frequencies	2	50	25.84	<.0001

Least squares means

Effect	Freq	Estimate	Std. Error	DF	t-value	Pr> t	Alpha	Lower	Upper
Freq	1	15.4510	1.3004	50	11.88	<.0001	0.05	12.8391	18.0629
Freq	2	9.5935	1.0119	50	9.48	<.0001	0.05	7.5610	11.6260
Freq	3	7.1057	0.9898	50	7.18	<.0001	0.05	5.1177	9.0938

Differences of least squares means

Effect	Freq	Freq	Estimate	Std. error	DF	t-value	Pr> t	Alpha	Lower	Upper
Frequencies	1	2	5.8575	0.9996	50	5.86	<.0001	0.05	3.8498	7.8652
Frequencies	1	3	8.3453	1.2884	50	6.48	<.0001	0.05	5.7574	10.9331
Frequencies	2	3	2.4878	1.1894	50	2.09	0.0416	0.05	0.09880	4.8768

Test for normality

Test	Statistic	P-value
Kolmogorov-Smirnov	D 0.067091	Pr> D >0.1500

The Kolmogorov-Smirnov test confirms the normality of the distribution of the studies variable, necessary for applying the linear model.

Analysis of the frequency at seizure onset by electrodes

Crosstabulation - Morp1Frec by LocOnset (LocOnset<>"Der" & LocOnset<>"Izq" & LocOnset<>"NL")

Row variable: Morp1Frec

Column variable: LocOnset

Selection variable: LocOnset<>"Der" & LocOnset<>"Izq" & LocOnset<>"NL"

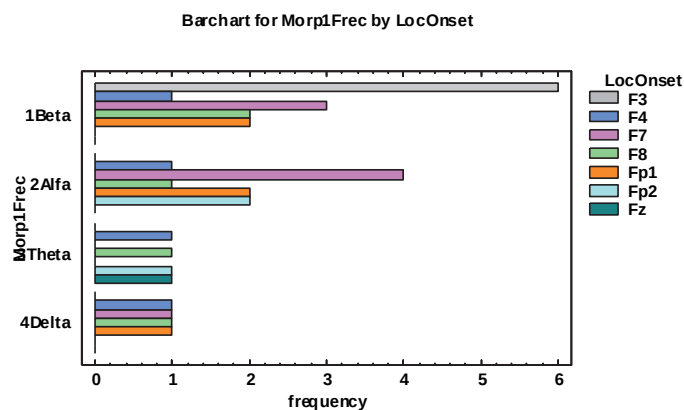
Number of observations: 32

Number of rows: 4

Number of columns: 7

The StatAdvisor

This procedure constructs a two-way table showing the frequency of occurrence of unique pairs of values for Morp1Frec and LocOnset. It constructs a 4 by 7 contingency table for the data and displays the results in various ways. Of particular interest are the tests for independence between rows and columns, which you can select from the list of Tabular Options.



Frequency Table for Morp1Frec by LocOnset

	F3	F4	F7	F8	Fp1	Fp2	Fz	Row Total
1Beta	6	1	3	2	2	0	0	14
	42.86%	7.14%	21.43%	14.29%	14.29%	0.00%	0.00%	43.75%
2Alfa	0	1	4	1	2	2	0	10
	0.00%	10.00%	40.00%	10.00%	20.00%	20.00%	0.00%	31.25%
3Theta	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	4
	0.00%	25.00%	0.00%	25.00%	0.00%	25.00%	25.00%	12.50%
4Delta	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	4
	0.00%	25.00%	25.00%	25.00%	25.00%	0.00%	0.00%	12.50%
Column Total	6	4	8	5	5	3	1	32
	18.75%	12.50%	25.00%	15.63%	15.63%	9.38%	3.13%	100.00%

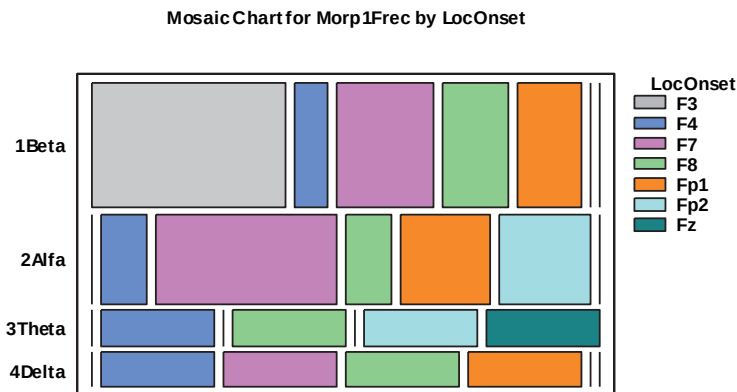
Cell contents:

Observed frequency

Percentage of row

The StatAdvisor

This table shows how often the 4 values of Morp1Frec occur together with each of the 7 values of LocOnset. The first number in each cell of the table is the count or frequency. The second number shows that cell's percentage of the row in which it falls. For example, there were 6 times when Morp1Frec equaled 1Beta and LocOnset equaled F3. This represents 42.8571% of the 14 times when Morp1Frec equaled 1Beta.



Tests of Independence

Test	Statistic	Df	P-Value
Chi-Square	23.648	18	0.1669

Warning: some expected cell counts < 5.

The StatAdvisor

This table shows the results of a hypothesis test run to determine whether or not to reject the idea that the row and column classifications are independent. Since the P-value is greater than or equal to 0.05, we cannot reject the hypothesis that rows and columns are independent at the 95.0% confidence level. Therefore, the observed value of Morp1Frec for a particular case may bear no relation to its value for LocOnset.

Summary Statistics

		With Rows	With Columns
Statistic	Symmetric	Dependent	Dependent
Lambda	0.1905	0.2222	0.1667
Uncertainty Coeff.	0.2572	0.3177	0.2160
Somer's D	0.3212	0.2925	0.3563
Eta		0.5653	0.4678

Statistic	Value	P-Value	Df
Contingency Coeff.	0.6519		
Cramer's V	0.4963		
Conditional Gamma	0.4079		
Pearson's R	0.3927	0.0262	30
Kendall's Tau b	0.3228	0.0288	
Kendall's Tau c	0.3229		

The StatAdvisor

The statistics shown here measure the degree of association between rows and columns. Of particular interest are the contingency coefficient and lambda, which measure the degree of association on a scale of 0 to 1. Lambda measures how useful the row (or column) factor is in predicting the other factor. For example, the value of lambda with columns dependent equals 0.166667. This means that there is a 16.6667% reduction in error when Morp1Frec is used to predict LocOnset. For those statistics with P values, P values less than 0.05 indicate a significant association between rows and columns at the 95% confidence level.

Analysis of the frequency at seizure onset by homologue regions

Crosstabulation - Morp1Frec by RegHomolo (RegHomolo<>"Der" & RegHomolo<>"Izq" & RegHomolo<>"No")

Row variable: Morp1Frec

Column variable: RegHomolo

Selection variable: RegHomolo<>"Der" & RegHomolo<>"Izq" & RegHomolo<>"No"

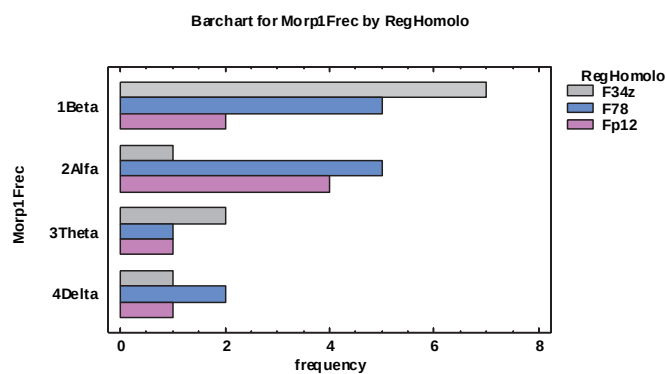
Number of observations: 32

Number of rows: 4

Number of columns: 3

The StatAdvisor

This procedure constructs a two-way table showing the frequency of occurrence of unique pairs of values for Morp1Frec and RegHomolo. It constructs a 4 by 3 contingency table for the data and displays the results in various ways. Of particular interest are the tests for independence between rows and columns, which you can select from the list of Tabular Options.



Frequency Table for Morp1Frec by RegHomolo

	F34z	F78	Fp12	Row Total
1Beta	7	5	2	14
	50.00%	35.71%	14.29%	43.75%
2Alfa	1	5	4	10
	10.00%	50.00%	40.00%	31.25%
3Theta	2	1	1	4
	50.00%	25.00%	25.00%	12.50%
4Delta	1	2	1	4
	25.00%	50.00%	25.00%	12.50%
Column Total	11	13	8	32
	34.38%	40.63%	25.00%	100.00%

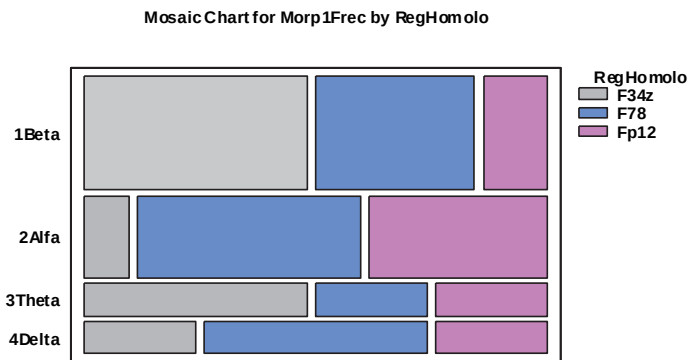
Cell contents:

Observed frequency

Percentage of row

The StatAdvisor

This table shows how often the 4 values of Morp1Frec occur together with each of the 3 values of RegHomolo. The first number in each cell of the table is the count or frequency. The second number shows that cell's percentage of the row in which it falls. For example, there were 7 times when Morp1Frec equaled 1Beta and RegHomolo equaled F34z. This represents 50.0% of the 14 times when Morp1Frec equaled 1Beta.



Tests of Independence

Test	Statistic	Df	P-Value
Chi-Square	5.278	6	0.5086

Warning: some expected cell counts < 5.

The StatAdvisor

This table shows the results of a hypothesis test run to determine whether or not to reject the idea that the row and column classifications are independent. Since the P-value is greater than or equal to 0.05, we cannot reject the hypothesis that rows and columns are independent at the 95.0% confidence level. Therefore, the observed value of Morp1Frec for a particular case may bear no relation to its value for RegHomolo.

Analysis of the frequency at seizure onset by hemisphere

Crosstabulation - Morp1Frec by Side (hemisphere) (Lado<>"No" & Lado<>"0")

Row variable: Morp1Frec

Column variable: Lado

Selection variable: Lado<>"No" & Lado<>"0"

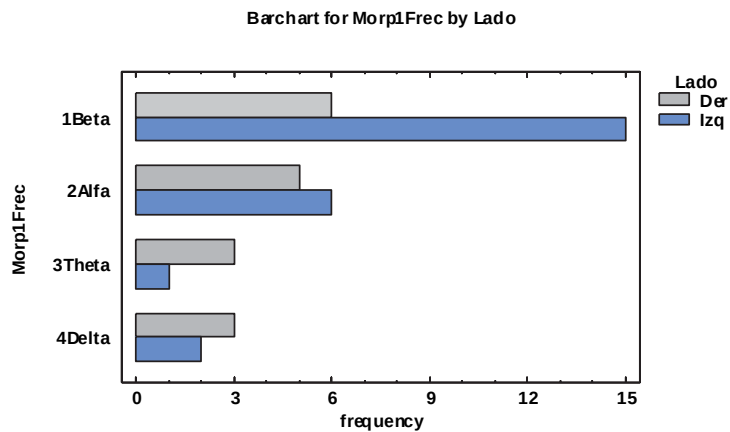
Number of observations: 41

Number of rows: 4

Number of columns: 2

The StatAdvisor

This procedure constructs a two-way table showing the frequency of occurrence of unique pairs of values for Morp1Frec and Side. It constructs a 4 by 2 contingency table for the data and displays the results in various ways. Of particular interest are the tests for independence between rows and columns, which you can select from the list of Tabular Options.



Frequency Table for Morp1Frec by Lado

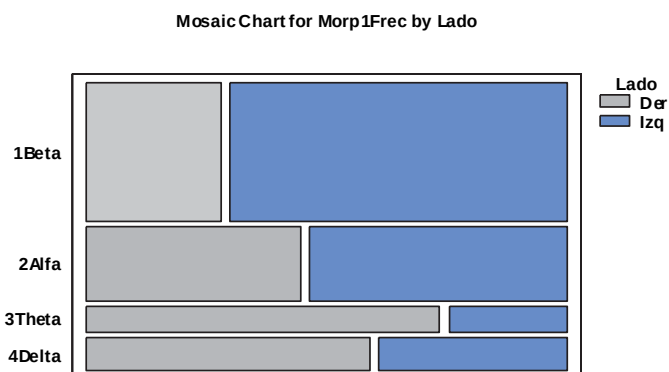
	Right	Left	Row Total
1Beta	6	15	21
	14.63%	36.59%	51.22%
2Alfa	5	6	11
	12.20%	14.63%	26.83%
3Theta	3	1	4
	7.32%	2.44%	9.76%
4Delta	3	2	5
	7.32%	4.88%	12.20%
Column Total	17	24	41
	41.46%	58.54%	100.00%

Cell contents:

Observed frequency
Percentage of table

The StatAdvisor

This table shows how often the 4 values of Morp1Frec occur together with each of the 2 values of Side. The first number in each cell of the table is the count or frequency. The second number shows the percentage of the entire table represented by that cell. For example, there were 6 times when Morp1Frec equaled 1Beta and Side equaled Der. This represents 14.6341% of the total of 41 observations.



Tests of Independence

Test	Statistic	Df	P-Value
Chi-Square	4.072	3	0.2538

Warning: some expected cell counts < 5.

The StatAdvisor

This table shows the results of a hypothesis test run to determine whether or not to reject the idea that the row and column classifications are independent. Since the P-value is greater than or equal to 0.05, we cannot reject the hypothesis that rows and columns are independent at the 95.0% confidence level. Therefore, the observed value of Morp1Frec for a particular case may bear no relation to its value for Side.

Problem 5: Pathologic antecedent and location of the focus

Analysis of a potential relation between pathologic antecedent and location of focus activity (by electrodes)

Crosstabulation - AntPat by Loc_interictal (Loc_interictal<>"DER" & Loc_interictal<>"IZQ" & AntPat<>"No Data")

Row variable: AntPat

Column variable: Loc_interictal

Selection variable: Loc_interictal<>"DER" & Loc_interictal<>"IZQ" & AntPat<>"No Data"

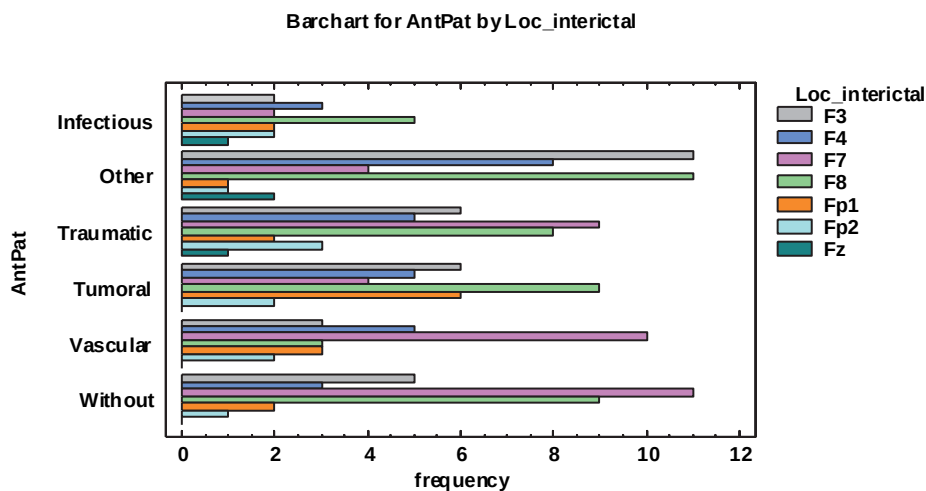
Number of observations: 178

Number of rows: 6

Number of columns: 7

The StatAdvisor

This procedure constructs a two-way table showing the frequency of occurrence of unique pairs of values for AntPat and Loc_interictal. It constructs a 6 by 7 contingency table for the data and displays the results in various ways. Of particular interest are the tests for independence between rows and columns, which you can select from the list of Tabular Options.



Frequency Table for AntPat by Loc_interictal

	F3	F4	F7	F8	Fp1	Fp2	Fz	Row Total
Infectious	2	3	2	5	2	2	1	17
	11.76%	17.65%	11.76%	29.41%	11.76%	11.76%	5.88%	9.55%
	6.06%	10.34%	5.00%	11.11%	12.50%	18.18%	25.00%	
Other	11	8	4	11	1	1	2	38
	28.95%	21.05%	10.53%	28.95%	2.63%	2.63%	5.26%	21.35%
	33.33%	27.59%	10.00%	24.44%	6.25%	9.09%	50.00%	
Traumatic	6	5	9	8	2	3	1	34
	17.65%	14.71%	26.47%	23.53%	5.88%	8.82%	2.94%	19.10%
	18.18%	17.24%	22.50%	17.78%	12.50%	27.27%	25.00%	
Tumoral	6	5	4	9	6	2	0	32
	18.75%	15.63%	12.50%	28.13%	18.75%	6.25%	0.00%	17.98%
	18.18%	17.24%	10.00%	20.00%	37.50%	18.18%	0.00%	
Vascular	3	5	10	3	3	2	0	26

	11.54%	19.23%	38.46%	11.54%	11.54%	7.69%	0.00%	14.61%
	9.09%	17.24%	25.00%	6.67%	18.75%	18.18%	0.00%	
Without	5	3	11	9	2	1	0	31
	16.13%	9.68%	35.48%	29.03%	6.45%	3.23%	0.00%	17.42%
	15.15%	10.34%	27.50%	20.00%	12.50%	9.09%	0.00%	
Column Total	33	29	40	45	16	11	4	178
	18.54%	16.29%	22.47%	25.28%	8.99%	6.18%	2.25%	100.00%

Cell contents:

Observed frequency

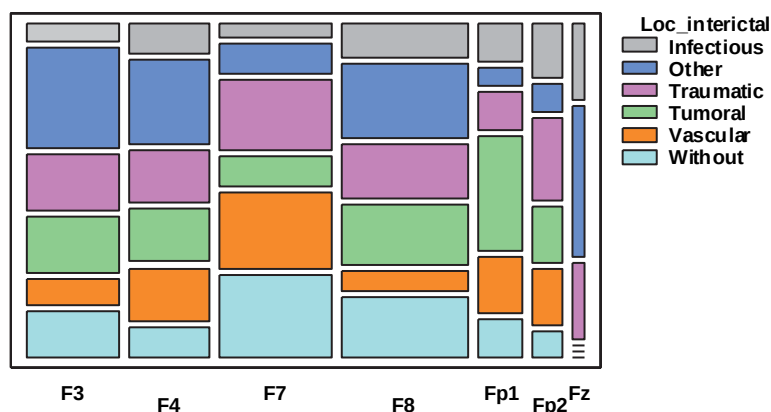
Percentage of row

Percentage of column

The StatAdvisor

This table shows how often the 6 values of AntPat occur together with each of the 7 values of Loc_interictal. The first number in each cell of the table is the count or frequency. The second number shows that cell's percentage of the row in which it falls. The third number shows that cell's percentage of the column in which it falls. For example, there were 2 times when AntPat equaled Infectious and Loc_interictal equaled F3. This represents 11.7647% of the 17 times when AntPat equaled Infectious.

Mosaic Chart for AntPat by Loc_interictal



Tests of Independence

Test	Statistic	Df	P-Value
Chi-Square	31.011	30	0.4149

Warning: some expected cell counts < 5.

The StatAdvisor

This table shows the results of a hypothesis test run to determine whether or not to reject the idea that the row and column classifications are independent. Since the P-value is greater than or equal to 0.05, we cannot reject the hypothesis that rows and columns are independent at the 95.0% confidence level. Therefore, the observed value of AntPat for a particular case may bear no relation to its value for Loc_interictal.

Summary Statistics

		With Rows	With Columns
Statistic	Symmetric	Dependent	Dependent
Lambda	0.0879	0.1000	0.0752
Uncertainty Coeff.	0.0522	0.0523	0.0522
Somer's D	0.0020	0.0020	0.0020
Eta		0.2653	0.1563

Statistic	Value	P-Value	Df
Contingency Coeff.	0.3852		
Cramer's V	0.1867		
Conditional Gamma	0.0024		

Pearson's R	0.0014	0.9853	176
Kendall's Tau b	0.0020	0.9729	
Kendall's Tau c	0.0020		

The StatAdvisor

The statistics shown here measure the degree of association between rows and columns. Of particular interest are the contingency coefficient and lambda, which measure the degree of association on a scale of 0 to 1. Lambda measures how useful the row (or column) factor is in predicting the other factor. For example, the value of lambda with columns dependent equals 0.075188. This means that there is a 7.5188% reduction in error when AntPat is used to predict Loc_interictal. For those statistics with P values, P values less than 0.05 indicate a significant association between rows and columns at the 95% confidence level.

Analysis of a potential relation between pathologic antecedent and location of focus activity by homologue regions

Crosstabulation - AntPat by RegHomo (AntPat<>"No Data")

Row variable: AntPat

Column variable: RegHomo

Selection variable: AntPat<>"No Data"

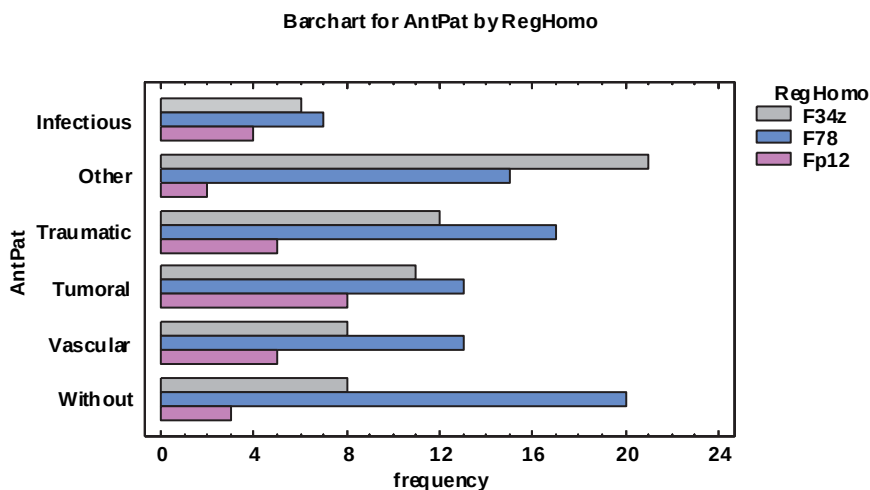
Number of observations: 178

Number of rows: 6

Number of columns: 3

The StatAdvisor

This procedure constructs a two-way table showing the frequency of occurrence of unique pairs of values for AntPat and RegHomo. It constructs a 6 by 3 contingency table for the data and displays the results in various ways. Of particular interest are the tests for independence between rows and columns, which you can select from the list of Tabular Options.



Frequency Table for AntPat by RegHomo

	F34z	F78	Fp12	Row Total
Infectious	6	7	4	17
	3.37%	3.93%	2.25%	9.55%
Other	21	15	2	38
	11.80%	8.43%	1.12%	21.35%
Traumatic	12	17	5	34
	6.74%	9.55%	2.81%	19.10%

Tumoral	11	13	8	32
	6.18%	7.30%	4.49%	17.98%
Vascular	8	13	5	26
	4.49%	7.30%	2.81%	14.61%
Without	8	20	3	31
	4.49%	11.24%	1.69%	17.42%
Column Total	66	85	27	178
	37.08%	47.75%	15.17%	100.00%

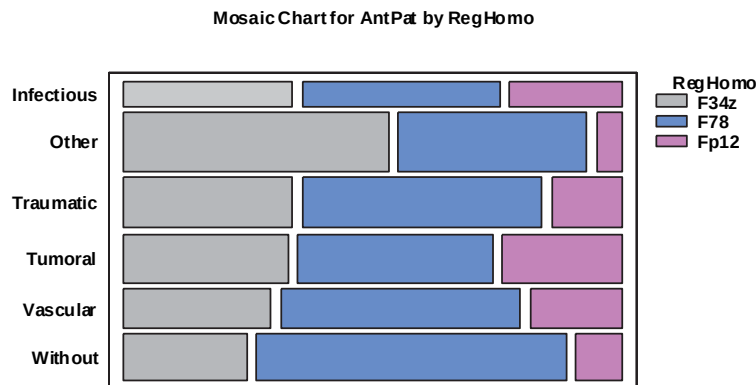
Cell contents:

Observed frequency

Percentage of table

The StatAdvisor

This table shows how often the 6 values of AntPat occur together with each of the 3 values of RegHomo. The first number in each cell of the table is the count or frequency. The second number shows the percentage of the entire table represented by that cell. For example, there were 6 times when AntPat equaled Infectious and RegHomo equaled F34z. This represents 3.37079% of the total of 178 observations.



Tests of Independence

Test	Statistic	Df	P-Value
Chi-Square	13.949	10	0.1753

Warning: some expected cell counts < 5.

The StatAdvisor

This table shows the results of a hypothesis test run to determine whether or not to reject the idea that the row and column classifications are independent. Since the P-value is greater than or equal to 0.05, we cannot reject the hypothesis that rows and columns are independent at the 95.0% confidence level. Therefore, the observed value of AntPat for a particular case may bear no relation to its value for RegHomo.

Analysis of a potential relation between pathologic antecedent and location of focus activity (by hemisphere)

Crosstabulation - AntPat by Side (Hemisphere) (AntPat<>"No Data")

Row variable: AntPat

Column variable: Side

Selection variable: AntPat<>"No Data"

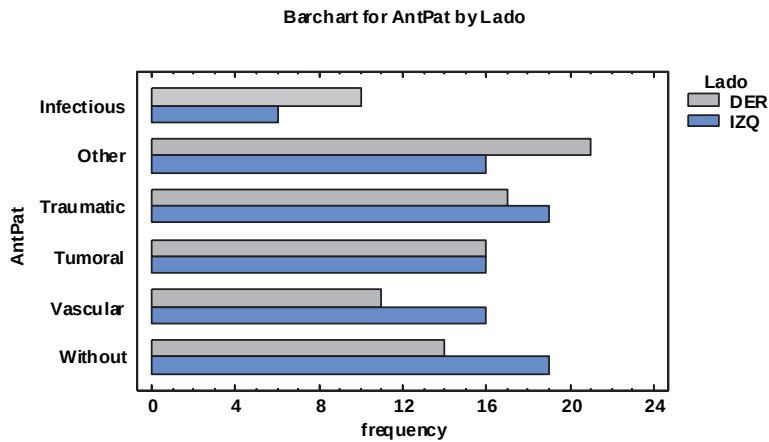
Number of observations: 181

Number of rows: 6

Number of columns: 2

The StatAdvisor

This procedure constructs a two-way table showing the frequency of occurrence of unique pairs of values for AntPat and Lado. It constructs a 6 by 2 contingency table for the data and displays the results in various ways. Of particular interest are the tests for independence between rows and columns, which you can select from the list of Tabular Options.

**Frequency Table for AntPat by Side**

	RIGHT	LEFT	Row Total
Infectious	10	6	16
	62.50%	37.50%	8.84%
Other	21	16	37
	56.76%	43.24%	20.44%
Traumatic	17	19	36
	47.22%	52.78%	19.89%
Tumoral	16	16	32
	50.00%	50.00%	17.68%
Vascular	11	16	27
	40.74%	59.26%	14.92%
Without	14	19	33
	42.42%	57.58%	18.23%
Column Total	89	92	181
	49.17%	50.83%	100.00%

Cell contents:

Observed frequency

Percentage of row

The StatAdvisor

This table shows how often the 6 values of AntPat occur together with each of the 2 values of Side. The first number in each cell of the table is the count or frequency. The second number shows that cell's percentage of the row in which it falls. For example, there were 10 times when AntPat equaled Infectious and Side equaled RIGHT. This represents 62.5% of the 16 times when AntPat equaled Infectious.

Multifactorial analyses

HISTOGRAM OF THE FIRST 5 EIGENVALUES

NUMBER	EIGENVALUE	PERCENTAGE	CUMULATED	PERCENTAGE
1	0.0909	52.19	52.19	
2	0.0463	26.57	78.76	
3	0.0231	13.28	92.04	
4	0.0125	7.15	99.19	
5	0.0014	0.81	100.00	

SUMMARY OF NEXT EIGENVALUES

6 = 0.0000

COORDINATES, CONTRIBUTIONS OF FREQUENCIES ON AXES 1 TO 5
ACTIVE FREQUENCIES

COSINES	FREQUENCIES	COORDINATES	CONTRIBUTIONS	SQUARED
IDEN - SHORT LABEL	REL.WT DISTO	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3
C4 - F3	18.54 0.10	0.26 -0.11 0.12 0.09 -0.05	14.0 4.6 11.1 11.4 33.0	0.66 0.11 0.13
C5 - F4	16.29 0.05	0.12 0.01 -0.10 0.17 0.03	2.8 0.0 7.5 35.6 13.1	0.28 0.00 0.19
C6 - F7	22.47 0.26	-0.46 -0.20 -0.01 -0.01 0.01	52.9 20.1 0.1 0.1 1.0	0.84 0.16 0.00
C7 - F8	25.28 0.06	0.16 0.02 0.11 -0.14 0.02	7.0 0.1 12.2 41.2 4.7	0.44 0.00 0.20
C8 - Fp1	8.99 0.38	-0.19 0.58 0.07 0.05 0.02	3.5 64.7 1.9 1.8 2.4	0.09 0.89 0.01
C9 - Fp2	6.18 0.23	-0.12 0.23 -0.38 -0.12 -0.09	1.0 6.9 38.2 6.8 35.7	0.07 0.22 0.62
C10 - Fz	2.25 1.15	0.87 -0.27 -0.55 -0.13 0.08	18.7 3.6 29.1 3.1 10.2	0.66 0.06 0.26

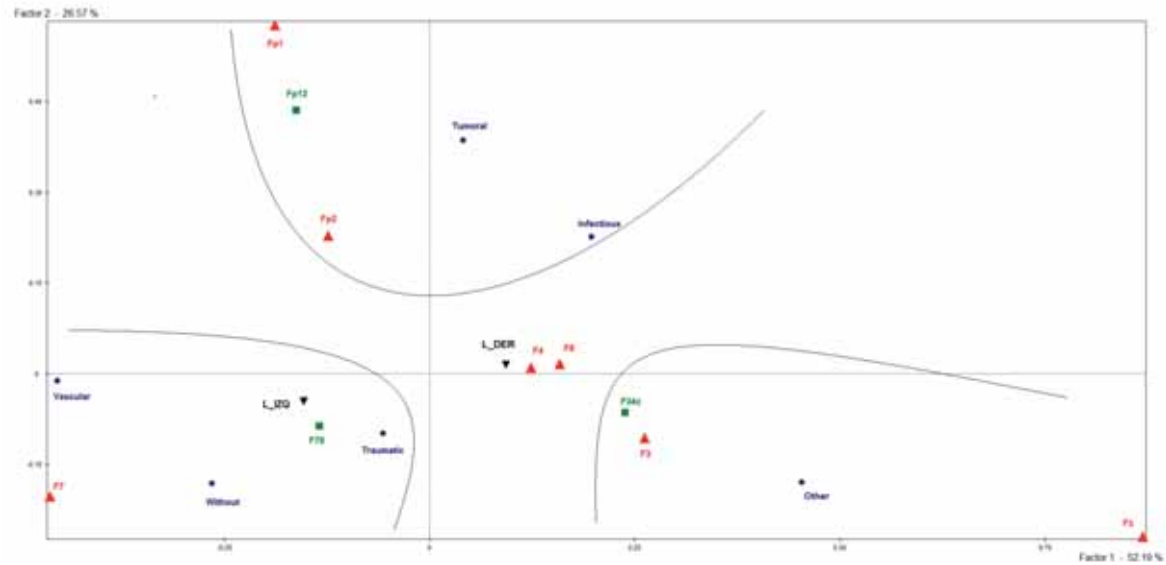
SUPPLEMENTARY FREQUENCIES

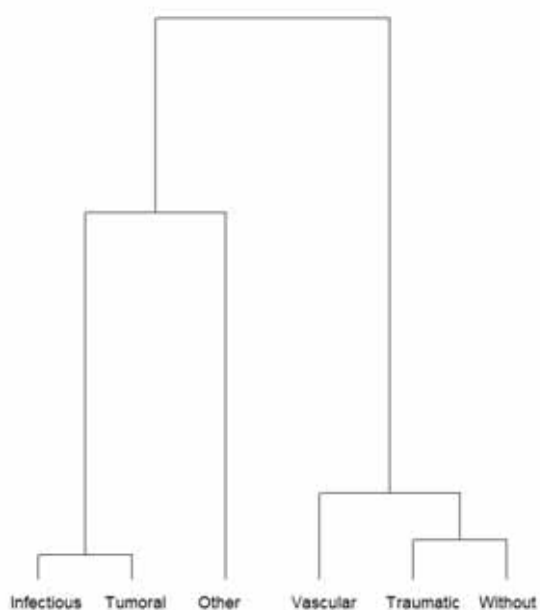
COSINES	FREQUENCIES	COORDINATES	CONTRIBUTIONS	SQUARED
IDEN - SHORT LABEL	REL.WT DISTO	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3
C11 - F34z	37.08 0.07	0.24 -0.07 -0.02 0.11 -0.01	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.78 0.06 0.01
C12 - Fp12	15.17 0.23	-0.16 0.43 -0.11 -0.02 -0.03	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.11 0.83 0.06
C13 - F78	47.75 0.03	-0.13 -0.09 0.05 -0.08 0.01	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.52 0.22 0.08
C14 - L_DER	50.00 0.01	0.09 0.01 -0.03 -0.03 0.01	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.84 0.02 0.08
C15 - L_IZQ	51.69 0.03	-0.15 -0.05 0.05 0.01 -0.04	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.79 0.07 0.07

COORDINATES, CONTRIBUTIONS AND SQUARED COSINES OF CASES
ACTIVE CASES (AXES 1 TO 5)

COSINES	CASES	COORDINATES	CONTRIBUTIONS	SQUARED
IDENTIFIER	REL.WT. DISTO	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3
Infectious	9.55 0.20	0.20 0.23 -0.28 -0.17 0.06	4.1 10.6 32.9 21.9 21.0	0.19 0.25 0.40
Other	21.35 0.25	0.45 -0.18 0.03 0.09 0.01	48.4 14.9 1.0 12.4 1.9	0.83 0.13 0.00
Traumatic	19.10 0.03	-0.06 -0.10 -0.12 -0.06 -0.07	0.7 4.1 11.1 5.5 59.5	0.09 0.29 0.39
Tumoral	17.98 0.18	0.04 0.39 0.16 0.03 -0.02	0.3 57.8 19.0 1.3 3.5	0.01 0.85 0.14

Vascular	14.61	0.25		-0.45	-0.01	-0.13	0.18	0.02		33.0	0.0	10.0	36.8	5.5		0.81	0.00	0.06
0.12 0.00																		
Without	17.42	0.15		-0.27	-0.18	0.19	-0.13	0.03		13.5	12.5	26.0	22.1	8.5		0.45	0.22	0.22
0.10 0.00																		
+-----+																		
SUPPLEMENTARY CASES (AXES 1 TO 5)																		
+-----+																		
COSINES	CASES			COORDINATES						CONTRIBUTIONS						SQUARED		
+-----+																		
IDENTIFIER	REL.WT. DISTO			1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3
4 5																		
+-----+																		
No Data	2.25	1.51		-0.33	0.46	-0.24	0.84	0.63		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.07	0.14	0.04
0.46 0.26																		
+-----+																		





COMPOSITION OF: CUT "a" OF THE TREE INTO 3 CLUSTERS

CLUSTER 1 / 3

Infe Tumo

CLUSTER 2 / 3

Othe

CLUSTER 3 / 3

Trau Vasc With

CLUSTER 1 / 3

TEST-VALUE		PROBA	PERCENTAGES			CHARACTERISTIC FREQUENCIES	
WEIGHT			GRP/FRE	FRE/GRP	GLOBAL	NUM	LABEL
IDEN							
CLUSTER 1 / 3							
aa1a	49				27.53		
1.86	0.0316		44.44	24.49	15.17	11	Fp12
27							
1.76	0.0391		50.00	16.33	8.99	7	Fp1
16							
0.44	0.3295		31.11	28.57	25.28	6	F8
45							
0.37	0.3561		36.36	8.16	6.18	8	Fp2
11							
0.34	0.3687		29.21	53.06	50.00	13	L_DER
89							
-0.23	0.4107		25.76	34.69	37.08	10	F34z
66							
-0.23	0.4082		24.24	16.33	18.54	3	F3
33							
-0.95	0.1713		23.91	44.90	51.69	14	L_IZQ
92							
-0.97	0.1651		23.53	40.82	47.75	12	F78
85							
-1.87	0.0309		15.00	12.24	22.47	5	F7
40							

CLUSTER 2 / 3

TEST-VALUE		PROBA	PERCENTAGES		CHARACTERISTIC FREQUENCIES	
WEIGHT						

IDEN		GRP/FRE	FRE/GRP	GLOBAL	NUM	LABEL	
CLUSTER 2 / 3							
aa2a	38			21.35			
2.40	0.0082	31.82	55.26	37.08	10	F34z	C11
66							
1.59	0.0555	33.33	28.95	18.54	3	F3	C4
33							
0.84	0.2002	50.00	5.26	2.25	9	Fz	C10
4							
0.67	0.2526	27.59	21.05	16.29	4	F4	C5
29							
0.55	0.2918	23.60	55.26	50.00	13	L_DER	C14
89							
0.39	0.3471	24.44	28.95	25.28	6	F8	C7
45							
-0.60	0.2751	9.09	2.63	6.18	8	Fp2	C9
11							
-0.97	0.1663	17.65	39.47	47.75	12	F78	C13
85							
-1.15	0.1252	17.39	42.11	51.69	14	L_IZQ	C15
92							
-1.26	0.1034	6.25	2.63	8.99	7	Fp1	C8
16							
-1.75	0.0398	7.41	5.26	15.17	11	Fp12	C12
27							
-1.84	0.0330	10.00	10.53	22.47	5	F7	C6
40							

CLUSTER 3 / 3

TEST-VALUE	PROBA	PERCENTAGES			CHARACTERISTIC FREQUENCIES		
WEIGHT		GRP/FRE	FRE/GRP	GLOBAL	NUM	LABEL	
IDEN							
CLUSTER 3 / 3							
aa3a	91			51.12			
3.30	0.0005	75.00	32.97	22.47	5	F7	C6
40							
1.94	0.0260	58.70	59.34	51.69	14	L_IZQ	C15
92							
1.82	0.0346	58.82	54.95	47.75	12	F78	C13
85							
-0.13	0.4492	48.15	14.29	15.17	11	Fp12	C12
27							
-0.36	0.3608	43.75	7.69	8.99	7	Fp1	C8
16							
-0.54	0.2952	44.83	14.29	16.29	4	F4	C5
29							
-0.54	0.2936	25.00	1.10	2.25	9	Fz	C10
4							
-0.86	0.1937	44.44	21.98	25.28	6	F8	C7
45							
-0.90	0.1842	47.19	46.15	50.00	13	L_DER	C14
89							
-0.91	0.1802	42.42	15.38	18.54	3	F3	C4
33							
-1.63	0.0517	42.42	30.77	37.08	10	F34z	C11
66							

Problem 6: Relation between morphology the waveform of the interictal activity and pathologic antecedent.

Multifactorial analyses

MARGINAL DISTRIBUTIONS OF ACTIVE QUESTIONS

IDENT	CATEGORIES LABEL	BEFORE CLEANING COUNT	WEIGHT	AFTER CLEANING COUNT	WEIGHT	HISTOGRAM OF RELATIVE WEIGHTS,
5 . Ant_Pat						
AD_1	- C5=INFECTIOUS	23	23.00	23	23.00	*****
AD_2	- C5=NO DATA	0	0.00	= ILL.CATEGORY =		
AD_3	- C5=OTHER	56	56.00	56	56.00	*****
AD_4	- C5=TRAUMATIC	51	51.00	51	51.00	*****
AD_5	- C5=TUMORAL	47	47.00	47	47.00	*****
AD_6	- C5=VASCULAR	40	40.00	40	40.00	*****
AD_7	- WITHOUT ANTECEDENTS	45	45.00	45	45.00	*****
6 . Tipo_Inicio						
AE_1	- DIPHASIC SHARP WAVE	40	40.00	40	40.00	*****
AE_2	- C6=IRREGULAR	0	0.00	= ILL.CATEGORY =		
AE_3	- C6=POLI-SPIKES	15	15.00	15	15.00	****
AE_4	- C6=SHARP WAVE	142	142.00	142	142.00	*****
AE_5	- C6=SPIKE	65	65.00	65	65.00	*****
7 . Tipo_Fin						
AF_1	- C7=IRREGULAR	55	55.00	55	55.00	*****
AF_2	- C7=ISOLATED	157	157.00	157	157.00	*****
AF_3	- C7=RETURNING	34	34.00	34	34.00	*****
AF_4	- C7=SLOW WAVE	16	16.00	16	16.00	****
8 . Voltaje						
AG_1	- C8=100-200	71	71.00	71	71.00	*****
AG_2	- C8=50-100	116	116.00	116	116.00	*****
AG_3	- C8=<50	65	65.00	65	65.00	*****
AG_4	- C8=>200	10	10.00	10	10.00	***

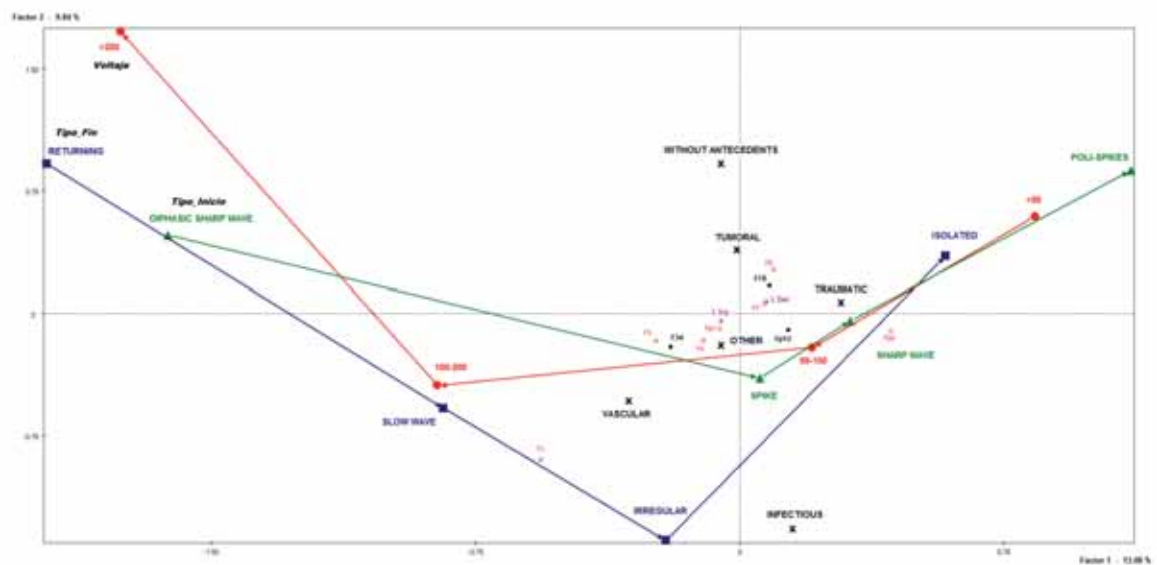
HISTOGRAM OF THE FIRST 16 EIGENVALUES

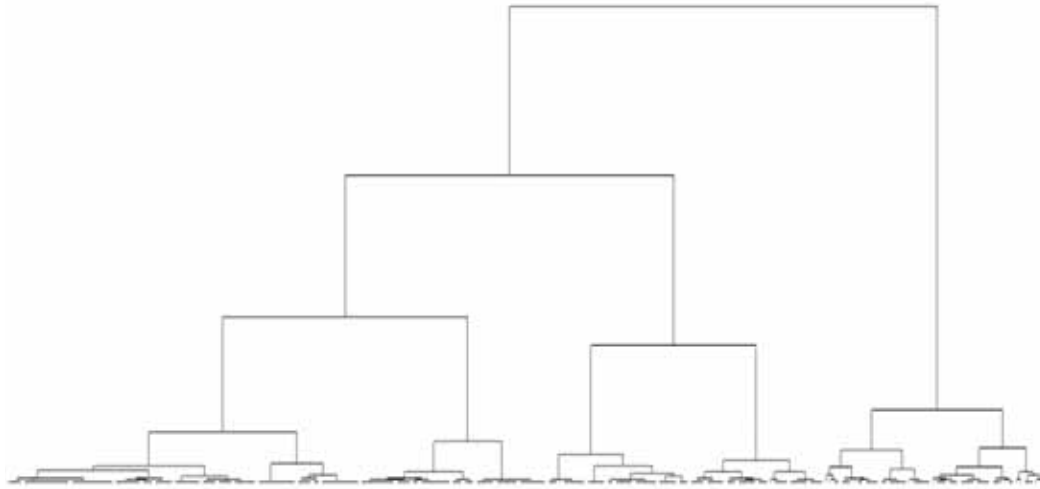
NUMBER	EIGENVALUE	PERCENTAGE	CUMULATED	
			PERCENTAGE	
1	0.4577	13.08	13.08	
2	0.3444	9.84	22.92	*****
3	0.3171	9.06	31.98	*****
4	0.2949	8.43	40.40	*****
5	0.2758	7.88	48.28	*****
6	0.2584	7.38	55.66	*****
7	0.2501	7.15	62.81	*****
8	0.2491	7.12	69.93	*****
9	0.2319	6.63	76.55	*****
10	0.2209	6.31	82.87	*****
11	0.1987	5.68	88.54	*****
12	0.1689	4.83	93.37	*****
13	0.1390	3.97	97.34	*****
14	0.0931	2.66	100.00	*****
15	0.0000	0.00	100.00	*
16	0.0000	0.00	100.00	*

LOADINGS, CONTRIBUTIONS AND SQUARED COSINES OF ACTIVE CATEGORIES

AXES 1 TO 5

COSINES		CATEGORIES		LOADINGS					CONTRIBUTIONS					SQUARED		
IDEN	LABEL	REL. WT.	DISTO	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3
5 . Ant_Pat																
AD_1	C5=INFECTIOUS	2.19	10.39	0.15	-1.32	-1.20	1.07	-0.87	0.1	11.1	10.0	8.6	6.0	0.00	0.17	0.14
AD_3	C5=OTHER	5.34	3.68	-0.05	-0.19	0.24	0.14	1.17	0.0	0.6	1.0	0.4	26.6	0.00	0.01	0.02
AD_4	C5=TRAUMATIC	4.87	4.14	0.29	0.07	0.64	-0.34	-0.46	0.9	0.1	6.3	1.9	3.7	0.02	0.00	0.10
AD_5	C5=TUMORAL	4.48	4.57	-0.01	0.39	0.00	-0.72	0.14	0.0	2.0	0.0	8.0	0.3	0.00	0.03	0.00
AD_6	C5=VASCULAR	3.82	5.55	-0.31	-0.54	0.54	0.20	-0.66	0.8	3.2	3.5	0.5	5.9	0.02	0.05	0.05
AD_7	WITHOUT ANTECEDENTS	4.29	4.82	-0.05	0.91	-0.89	0.23	-0.06	0.0	10.4	10.8	0.8	0.1	0.00	0.17	0.17
CUMULATED CONTRIBUTION =									1.9	27.3	31.6	20.1	42.6			
6 . Tipo_Inicio																
AE_1	DIPHASIC SHARP WAVE	3.82	5.55	-1.62	0.48	-0.17	-0.77	0.03	21.9	2.5	0.4	7.7	0.0	0.47	0.04	0.01
AE_3	C6=POLI-SPIKES	1.43	16.47	1.11	0.87	0.20	-0.53	0.73	3.9	3.2	0.2	1.4	2.8	0.08	0.05	0.00
AE_4	C6=SHARP WAVE	13.55	0.85	0.31	-0.05	-0.55	0.10	-0.12	2.9	0.1	13.0	0.4	0.7	0.12	0.00	0.36
AE_5	C6=SPIKE	6.20	3.03	0.06	-0.39	1.27	0.39	0.08	0.0	2.8	31.4	3.1	0.1	0.00	0.05	0.53
CUMULATED CONTRIBUTION =									28.8	8.5	45.0	12.6	3.7			
7 . Tipo_Fin																
AF_1	C7=IRREGULAR	5.25	3.76	-0.21	-1.39	-0.01	0.39	0.61	0.5	29.6	0.0	2.8	7.2	0.01	0.52	0.00
AF_2	C7=ISOLATED	14.98	0.67	0.58	0.35	-0.08	-0.01	-0.17	11.2	5.3	0.3	0.0	1.5	0.51	0.18	0.01
AF_3	C7=RETURNING	3.24	6.71	-1.97	0.92	-0.09	0.62	-0.09	27.4	7.9	0.1	4.3	0.1	0.58	0.13	0.00
AF_4	C7=SLOW WAVE	1.53	15.38	-0.84	-0.58	0.95	-2.59	-0.29	2.4	1.5	4.4	34.8	0.5	0.05	0.02	0.06
CUMULATED CONTRIBUTION =									41.5	44.3	4.7	41.8	9.3			
8 . Voltaje																
AG_1	C8=100-200	6.77	2.69	-0.86	-0.44	-0.11	0.00	-0.81	10.9	3.8	0.3	0.0	16.3	0.27	0.07	0.00
AG_2	C8=50-100	11.07	1.26	0.21	-0.21	-0.41	-0.40	0.61	1.0	1.4	5.9	5.9	15.0	0.03	0.04	0.13
AG_3	C8=<50	6.20	3.03	0.84	0.59	0.71	0.36	-0.45	9.5	6.3	9.9	2.7	4.5	0.23	0.12	0.17
AG_4	C8=>200	0.95	25.20	-1.76	1.73	0.93	2.28	1.59	6.4	8.3	2.6	16.8	8.7	0.12	0.12	0.03
CUMULATED CONTRIBUTION =									27.9	19.8	18.7	25.4	44.5			





CUT OF THE TREE INTO 5 CLUSTERS
CLUSTERS FORMATION (ON ACTIVE CASES)
SUMMARY DESCRIPTION

CLUSTER	COUNT	WEIGHT	CONTENT
bb1b	89	89.00	1 TO 89
bb2b	47	47.00	90 TO 136
bb3b	36	36.00	137 TO 172
bb4b	34	34.00	173 TO 206
bb5b	56	56.00	207 TO 262

LOADINGS AND TEST-VALUES BEFORE CONSOLIDATION
AXES 1 A 3

CLUSTERS				TEST-VALUES					LOADINGS				
IDEN - LABEL	COUNT	ABS.WT.		1	2	3	0	0	1	2	3	0	0
DISTO.													

CUT "b" OF THE TREE INTO 5 CLUSTERS													
bb1b - CLUSTER 1 / 5	89	89.00	5.5	3.4	-7.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.32	0.17	-0.36	0.00	0.00
bb2b - CLUSTER 2 / 5	47	47.00	7.4	5.0	7.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.67	0.39	0.54	0.00	0.00
bb3b - CLUSTER 3 / 5	36	36.00	0.6	-9.4	-5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.07	-0.86	-0.48	0.00	0.00
bb4b - CLUSTER 4 / 5	34	34.00	-0.8	-6.9	7.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.09	-0.64	0.68	0.00	0.00
bb5b - CLUSTER 5 / 5	56	56.00	-13.2	4.9	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1.06	0.34	0.01	0.00	0.00

CLUSTERING CONSOLIDATION
AROUND CENTERS OF THE 5 CLUSTERS ACHIEVED BY 19 ITERATIONS WITH MOVING CENTERS
BETWEEN-CLUSTERS INERTIA INCREASE

ITERATION	TOTAL INERTIA	INTER-CLUSTERS INERTIA	RATIO
0	1.11914	0.76402	0.68269
1	1.11914	0.79545	0.71077
2	1.11914	0.80077	0.71552
3	1.11914	0.80305	0.71756
4	1.11914	0.80305	0.71756
5	1.11914	0.80305	0.71756

STOP AFTER ITERATION 5. RELATIVE INCREASE OF BETWEEN-CLUSTER INERTIA
WITH RESPECT TO THE PREVIOUS ITERATION IS ONLY 0.000 %.
INERTIA DECOMPOSITION
COMPUTED ON 3 AXES.

INERTIAS	INERTIAS		COUNTS		WEIGHTS		DISTANCES	
	BEFORE	AFTER	BEFORE	AFTER	BEFORE	AFTER	BEFORE	AFTER
BETWEEN CLUSTERS	0.7640	0.8030						
WITHIN CLUSTER								

CLUSTER	1 / 5	0.0821	0.0812	89	89	89.00	89.00	0.2648	0.3088
CLUSTER	2 / 5	0.0399	0.0516	47	53	47.00	53.00	0.8945	0.7995
CLUSTER	3 / 5	0.0417	0.0646	36	48	36.00	48.00	0.9697	0.6942
CLUSTER	4 / 5	0.0351	0.0311	34	32	34.00	32.00	0.8927	0.9529
CLUSTER	5 / 5	0.1563	0.0875	56	40	56.00	40.00	1.2376	1.9182
TOTAL INERTIA		1.1191	1.1191						

RATIO INTER INERTIA / TOTAL INERTIA) : BEFORE .. 0.6827
AFTER .. 0.7176

LOADINGS AND TEST-VALUES AFTER CONSOLIDATION

AXES 1 A 3

CLUSTERS				TEST-VALUES						LOADINGS					
IDEN - LABEL	COUNT	ABS.WT.		1	2	3	0	0		1	2	3	0	0	
DISTO.															
CUT "b" OF THE TREE INTO 5 CLUSTERS															
bb1b - CLUSTER 1 / 5	89	89.00		5.3	4.8	-8.1	0.0	0.0		0.31	0.24	-0.39	0.00	0.00	
bb2b - CLUSTER 2 / 5	53	53.00		7.0	5.0	8.3	0.0	0.0		0.58	0.36	0.57	0.00	0.00	
bb3b - CLUSTER 3 / 5	48	48.00		-0.4	-9.5	-5.4	0.0	0.0		-0.03	-0.73	-0.40	0.00	0.00	
bb4b - CLUSTER 4 / 5	32	32.00		-1.1	-6.9	7.4	0.0	0.0		-0.12	-0.68	0.69	0.00	0.00	
bb5b - CLUSTER 5 / 5	40	40.00		-13.4	4.7	0.5	0.0	0.0		-1.32	0.40	0.04	0.00	0.00	

COMPOSITION OF: CUT "b" OF THE TREE INTO 5 CLUSTERS

CLUSTER 1 / 5	001	007	008	009	015	017	022	023	030	031	032	033	045	050	056
057	058	059	060	061	063	067	068	071	080	083	084	085	098	105	
106	109	111	115	119	120	125	126	130	142	143	146	147	148	155	
156	157	163	164	165	166	168	170	176	180	185	190	191	192	194	
196	202	209	214	216	218	222	226	227	231	233	236	247	256	258	
260	262	263	274	276	285	286	288	300	303	308	312	315	317		
CLUSTER 2 / 5	010	013	025	026	028	029	039	043	044	053	066	070	073	075	081
082	087	091	099	101	103	104	107	108	112	121	129	135	137	160	
161	162	173	179	183	186	187	200	203	205	223	224	230	265	266	
267	268	272	282	287	292	294	310								
CLUSTER 3 / 5	002	003	035	038	047	062	072	089	093	114	131	132	141	150	152
158	159	169	178	193	206	207	217	221	232	235	237	238	239	240	
242	243	248	249	251	252	261	270	271	273	291	293	295	301	307	
309	314	316													
CLUSTER 4 / 5	012	024	027	037	040	064	065	094	095	097	100	102	113	124	133
136	138	139	149	151	167	182	198	201	204	219	220	228	229	278	
284	318														
CLUSTER 5 / 5	004	005	006	020	021	034	042	048	051	092	096	116	123	140	144
145	153	154	171	172	174	181	197	199	208	210	245	246	253	257	
259	269	296	297	298	302	304	305	306	319						

DESCRIPTION AND CHARACTERISATION OF PARTITIONS

DESCRIPTION OF: CUT "b" OF THE TREE INTO 5 CLUSTER
 PARTITION CHARACTERISATION BY OTHER CATEGORICAL VARIABLES
 PRINTOUT OF CROSS-TABS BETWEEN THE PARTITION AND OTHER CATEGORICAL VARIABLES
 CLUSTERS CHARACTERISATION BY CATEGORICAL VARIABLES
 PARTITION CHARACTERISATION BY CATEGORIES
 CLUSTERS CHARACTERISATION BY CATEGORIES
 CHARACTERISATION BY CATEGORICAL VARIABLES
 OF CUT "b" OF THE TREE INTO 5 CLUSTERS

TEST-VALUE	PROB.	NUM .	VARIABLE LABEL	KHI-2	DEG.FRE	LT.
17.99	0.000	7 .	Tipo_Fin	373.95	12	5
13.46	0.000	6 .	Tipo_Inicio	225.88	12	5
13.29	0.000	8 .	Voltaje	221.28	12	5
8.10	0.000	5 .	Ant_Pat	120.07	20	5
0.61	0.272	3 .	Lado	9.90	8	5
0.24	0.404	2 .	Reg_Homo	12.53	12	5
0.01	0.497	1 .	Loc_Inter1	31.40	32	22

CROSS-TABS OF GROUPS (BY COLUMNS) WITH CATEGORICAL VARIABLES
 PRINTOUT BY INCREASING SIGNIFICANCE LEVELS

7 . Tipo_Fin

COUNT % BY ROW % BY COLUMN	bb1b	bb2b	bb3b	bb4b	bb5b	MARG
AF_1 - C7=IRREGULAR	1 1.82 1.12	0 0.00 0.00	35 63.64 72.92	17 30.91 53.13	2 3.64 5.00	55 100.00 20.99
AF_2 - C7=ISOLATED	84 53.50 94.38	53 33.76 100.00	13 8.28 27.08	6 3.82 18.75	1 0.64 2.50	157 100.00 59.92
AF_3 - C7=RETURNING	3 8.82 3.37	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	31 91.18 77.50	34 100.00 12.98
AF_4 - C7=SLOW WAVE	1 6.25 1.12	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	9 56.25 28.13	6 37.50 15.00	16 100.00 6.11
OVERALL	89 33.97 100.00	53 20.23 100.00	48 18.32 100.00	32 12.21 100.00	40 15.27 100.00	262 100.00 100.00

KHI2 = 373.95 /DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 12 / EXPECTED FREQUENCIES LESS THAN 5 = 5
PROBA (KHI2 > 373.95) = 0.000 / TEST-VALUE = 17.99

6 . Tipo_Inicio

COUNT % BY ROW % BY COLUMN	bb1b	bb2b	bb3b	bb4b	bb5b	MARG
AE_1 - DIPHASIC SHARP WAVE	6 15.00 6.74	1 2.50 1.89	6 15.00 12.50	0 0.00 0.00	27 67.50 67.50	40 100.00 15.27
AE_2 - C6=IRREGULAR	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	0 100.00 0.00
AE_3 - C6=POLI-SPIKES	7 46.67 7.87	7 46.67 13.21	1 6.67 2.08	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	15 100.00 5.73
AE_4 - C6=SHARP WAVE	74 52.11 83.15	20 14.08 37.74	37 26.06 77.08	4 2.82 12.50	7 4.93 17.50	142 100.00 54.20
AE_5 - C6=SPIKE	2 3.08 2.25	25 38.46 47.17	4 6.15 8.33	28 43.08 87.50	6 9.23 15.00	65 100.00 24.81
OVERALL	89 33.97 100.00	53 20.23 100.00	48 18.32 100.00	32 12.21 100.00	40 15.27 100.00	262 100.00 100.00

KHI2 = 225.88 /DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 12 / EXPECTED FREQUENCIES LESS THAN 5 = 5
PROBA (KHI2 > 225.88) = 0.000 / TEST-VALUE = 13.46

8 . Voltaje

COUNT % BY ROW % BY COLUMN	bb1b	bb2b	bb3b	bb4b	bb5b	MARG
----------------------------------	------	------	------	------	------	------

AG_1 - C8=100-200	15 21.13 16.85	0 0.00 0.00	18 25.35 37.50	12 16.90 37.50	26 36.62 65.00	71 100.00 27.10
AG_2 - C8=50-100	60 51.72 67.42	5 4.31 9.43	30 25.86 62.50	16 13.79 50.00	5 4.31 12.50	116 100.00 44.27
AG_3 - C8=<50	14 21.54 15.73	46 70.77 86.79	0 0.00 0.00	4 6.15 12.50	1 1.54 2.50	65 100.00 24.81
AG_4 - C8=>200	0 0.00 0.00	2 20.00 3.77	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	8 80.00 20.00	10 100.00 3.82
OVERALL	89 33.97 100.00	53 20.23 100.00	48 18.32 100.00	32 12.21 100.00	40 15.27 100.00	262 100.00 100.00

KHI2 = 221.28 / DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 12 / EXPECTED FREQUENCIES LESS THAN 5 = 5
PROBA (KHI2 > 221.28) = 0.000 / TEST-VALUE = 13.29

5 . Ant_Pat

COUNT % BY ROW % BY COLUMN	bb1b	bb2b	bb3b	bb4b	bb5b	MARG
AD_1 - C5=INFECTIOUS	4 17.39 4.49	0 0.00 0.00	17 73.91 35.42	0 0.00 0.00	2 8.70 5.00	23 100.00 8.78
AD_2 - C5=NO DATA	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	0 100.00 0.00
AD_3 - C5=OTHER	16 28.57 17.98	13 23.21 24.53	8 14.29 16.67	9 16.07 28.13	10 17.86 25.00	56 100.00 21.37
AD_4 - C5=TRAUMATIC	11 21.57 12.36	20 39.22 37.74	8 15.69 16.67	8 15.69 25.00	4 7.84 10.00	51 100.00 19.47
AD_5 - C5=TUMORAL	22 46.81 24.72	11 23.40 20.75	3 6.38 6.25	3 6.38 9.38	8 17.02 20.00	47 100.00 17.94
AD_6 - C5=VASCULAR	5 12.50 5.62	7 17.50 13.21	9 22.50 18.75	12 30.00 37.50	7 17.50 17.50	40 100.00 15.27
AD_7 - WITHOUT ANTECEDENTS	31 68.89 34.83	2 4.44 3.77	3 6.67 6.25	0 0.00 0.00	9 20.00 22.50	45 100.00 17.18
OVERALL	89 33.97 100.00	53 20.23 100.00	48 18.32 100.00	32 12.21 100.00	40 15.27 100.00	262 100.00 100.00

KHI2 = 120.07 / DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 20 / EXPECTED FREQUENCIES LESS THAN 5 = 5
PROBA (KHI2 > 120.07) = 0.000 / TEST-VALUE = 8.10

3 . Lado

COUNT % BY ROW % BY COLUMN	bb1b	bb2b	bb3b	bb4b	bb5b	MARG
AC_1 - C3=Der	45 35.71 50.56	29 23.02 54.72	19 15.08 39.58	16 12.70 50.00	17 13.49 42.50	126 100.00 48.09
AC_2 - C3=Izq	44 33.59 49.44	24 18.32 45.28	27 20.61 56.25	14 10.69 43.75	22 16.79 55.00	131 100.00 50.00
3_ - missing category	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	2 40.00 4.17	2 40.00 6.25	1 20.00 2.50	5 100.00 1.91
OVERALL	89 33.97 100.00	53 20.23 100.00	48 18.32 100.00	32 12.21 100.00	40 15.27 100.00	262 100.00 100.00

KHI2 = 9.90 / DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 8 / EXPECTED FREQUENCIES LESS THAN 5 = 5
PROBA (KHI2 > 9.90) = 0.272 / TEST-VALUE = 0.61

2 . Reg_Homo

COUNT % BY ROW % BY COLUMN	bb1b	bb2b	bb3b	bb4b	bb5b	MARG
AB_1 - C2=F34	29 30.21 32.58	13 13.54 24.53	19 19.79 39.58	16 16.67 50.00	19 19.79 47.50	96 100.00 36.64

AB_2 - C2=F78	43 39.09 48.31	25 22.73 47.17	18 16.36 37.50	9 8.18 28.13	15 13.64 37.50	110 100.00 41.98
AB_3 - C2=Fp12	13 28.89 14.61	11 24.44 20.75	10 22.22 20.83	6 13.33 18.75	5 11.11 12.50	45 100.00 17.18
2_ - missing category	4 36.36 4.49	4 36.36 7.55	1 9.09 2.08	1 9.09 3.13	1 9.09 2.50	11 100.00 4.20
OVERALL	89 33.97 100.00	53 20.23 100.00	48 18.32 100.00	32 12.21 100.00	40 15.27 100.00	262 100.00 100.00

KHI2 = 12.53 / DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 12 / EXPECTED FREQUENCIES LESS THAN 5 = 5
PROBA (KHI2 > 12.53) = 0.404 / TEST-VALUE = 0.24

1 . Loc_Inter1

COUNT % BY ROW % BY COLUMN	bb1b	bb2b	bb3b	bb4b	bb5b	MARG
AA_1 - C1=Der	3 37.50 3.37	2 25.00 3.77	1 12.50 2.08	1 12.50 3.13	1 12.50 2.50	8 100.00 3.05
AA_2 - C1=F3	16 32.65 17.98	6 12.24 11.32	10 20.41 20.83	6 12.24 18.75	11 22.45 27.50	49 100.00 18.70
AA_3 - C1=F4	13 30.95 14.61	7 16.67 13.21	7 16.67 14.58	8 19.05 25.00	7 16.67 17.50	42 100.00 16.03
AA_4 - C1=F7	20 38.46 22.47	11 21.15 20.75	9 17.31 18.75	6 11.54 18.75	6 11.54 15.00	52 100.00 19.85
AA_5 - C1=F8	23 39.66 25.84	14 24.14 26.42	9 15.52 18.75	3 5.17 9.38	9 15.52 22.50	58 100.00 22.14
AA_6 - C1=Fp1	7 25.93 7.87	5 18.52 9.43	8 29.63 16.67	2 7.41 6.25	5 18.52 12.50	27 100.00 10.31
AA_7 - C1=Fp2	6 33.33 6.74	6 33.33 11.32	2 11.11 4.17	4 22.22 12.50	0 0.00 0.00	18 100.00 6.87
AA_8 - C1=Fz	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	2 40.00 4.17	2 40.00 6.25	1 20.00 2.50	5 100.00 1.91
AA_9 - C1=Izq	1 33.33 1.12	2 66.67 3.77	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	0 0.00 0.00	3 100.00 1.15
OVERALL	89 33.97 100.00	53 20.23 100.00	48 18.32 100.00	32 12.21 100.00	40 15.27 100.00	262 100.00 100.00

KHI2 = 31.40 / DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 32 / EXPECTED FREQUENCIES LESS THAN 5 = 22
PROBA (KHI2 > 31.40) = 0.497 / TEST-VALUE = 0.01

CHARACTERISATION BY CATEGORIES OF CLUSTERS OR CATEGORIES
OF CUT "b" OF THE TREE INTO 5 CLUSTERS

CLUSTER 1 / 5

T.VALUE	PROB.	----	PERCENTAGES	----	CHARACTERISTIC	
IDEN	WEIGHT		GRP/CAT	CAT/GRP	GLOBAL	OF VARIABLES
					CATEGORIES	

					33.97	CLUSTER 1 / 5
bb1b	89					
8.69	0.000	53.50	94.38	59.92	C7=ISOLATED	Tipo_Fin
AF_2	157					
6.83	0.000	52.11	83.15	54.20	C6=SHARP WAVE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_4	142					
5.30	0.000	51.72	67.42	44.27	C8=50-100	Voltaje
AG_2	116					
5.13	0.000	68.89	34.83	17.18	WITHOUT ANTECEDENTS	Ant_Pat
AD_7	45					
1.86	0.031	46.81	24.72	17.94	C5=TUMORAL	Ant_Pat
AD_5	47					
1.36	0.088	39.09	48.31	41.98	C2=F78	Reg_Homo
AB_2	110					
0.88	0.189	39.66	25.84	22.14	C1=F8	Loc_Inter1
AA_5	58					
0.80	0.212	46.67	7.87	5.73	C6=POLI-SPIKES	Tipo_Inicio
AE_3	15					
0.61	0.272	38.46	22.47	19.85	C1=F7	Loc_Inter1
AA_4	52					
0.44	0.329	35.71	50.56	48.09	C3=Der	Lado
AC_1	126					
0.12	0.451	37.50	3.37	3.05	C1=Der	Loc_Inter1
AA_1	8					
0.12	0.452	36.36	4.49	4.20	missing category	Reg_Homo
2_	11					
-0.04	0.485	32.65	17.98	18.70	C1=F3	Loc_Inter1
AA_2	49					
-0.22	0.412	33.33	6.74	6.87	C1=Fp2	Loc_Inter1
AA_7	18					
-0.26	0.397	30.95	14.61	16.03	C1=F4	Loc_Inter1
AA_3	42					
-0.61	0.271	28.89	14.61	17.18	C2=Fp12	Reg_Homo
AB_3	45					
-0.71	0.240	25.93	7.87	10.31	C1=Fp1	Loc_Inter1
AA_6	27					
-0.80	0.212	28.57	17.98	21.37	C5=OTHER	Ant_Pat
AD_3	56					
-0.84	0.200	30.21	32.58	36.64	C2=F34	Reg_Homo
AB_1	96					
-1.57	0.059	17.39	4.49	8.78	C5=INFECTIOUS	Ant_Pat
AD_1	23					
-1.96	0.025	21.57	12.36	19.47	C5=TRAUMATIC	Ant_Pat
AD_4	51					
-2.19	0.014	0.00	0.00	3.82	C8=>200	Voltaje
AG_4	10					
-2.32	0.010	6.25	1.12	6.11	C7=SLOW WAVE	Tipo_Fin
AF_4	16					
-2.34	0.010	21.54	15.73	24.81	C8=<50	Voltaje
AG_3	65					
-2.59	0.005	21.13	16.85	27.10	C8=100-200	Voltaje
AG_1	71					
-2.69	0.004	15.00	6.74	15.27	DIPHASIC SHARP WAVE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_1	40					
-3.11	0.001	12.50	5.62	15.27	C5=VASCULAR	Ant_Pat
AD_6	40					
-3.38	0.000	8.82	3.37	12.98	C7=RETURNING	Tipo_Fin
AF_3	34					
-6.31	0.000	1.82	1.12	20.99	C7=IRREGULAR	Tipo_Fin
AF_1	55					
-6.65	0.000	3.08	2.25	24.81	C6=SPIKE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_5	65					

CLUSTER 2 / 5

T.VALUE	PROB.	----	PERCENTAGES	----	CHARACTERISTIC	
IDEN	WEIGHT		GRP/CAT	CAT/GRP	GLOBAL	OF VARIABLES
					CATEGORIES	

					20.23	CLUSTER 2 / 5
bb2b	53					
10.98	0.000	70.77	86.79	24.81	C8=<50	Voltaje
AG_3	65					
7.56	0.000	33.76	100.00	59.92	C7=ISOLATED	Tipo_Fin
AF_2	157					
3.87	0.000	38.46	47.17	24.81	C6=SPIKE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_5	65					
3.39	0.000	39.22	37.74	19.47	C5=TRAUMATIC	Ant_Pat
AD_4	51					
2.14	0.016	46.67	13.21	5.73	C6=POLI-SPIKES	Tipo_Inicio
AE_3	15					
1.12	0.131	33.33	11.32	6.87	C1=Fp2	Loc_Inter1
AA_7	18					
0.99	0.162	36.36	7.55	4.20	missing category	Reg_Homo
2_	11					
0.93	0.177	23.02	54.72	48.09	C3=Der	Lado
AC_1	126					

0.70	0.241	22.73	47.17	41.98	C2=F78	Reg_Homo
AB_2	110					
0.67	0.252	24.14	26.42	22.14	C1=F8	Loc_Inter1
AA_5	58					
0.59	0.278	24.44	20.75	17.18	C2=FP12	Reg_Homo
AB_3	45					
0.46	0.324	23.21	24.53	21.37	C5=OTHER	Ant_Pat
AD_3	56					
0.42	0.337	23.40	20.75	17.94	C5=TUMORAL	Ant_Pat
AD_5	47					
0.02	0.494	21.15	20.75	19.85	C1=F7	Loc_Inter1
AA_4	52					
0.01	0.494	25.00	3.77	3.05	C1=Der	Loc_Inter1
AA_1	8					
-0.06	0.476	18.52	9.43	10.31	C1=FP1	Loc_Inter1
AA_6	27					
-0.22	0.411	17.50	13.21	15.27	C5=VASCULAR	Ant_Pat
AD_6	40					
-0.39	0.347	16.67	13.21	16.03	C1=F4	Loc_Inter1
AA_3	42					
-0.45	0.328	20.00	3.77	3.82	C8=>200	Voltaje
AG_4	10					
-0.61	0.269	18.32	45.28	50.00	C3=Izq	Lado
AC_2	131					
-1.37	0.085	12.24	11.32	18.70	C1=F3	Loc_Inter1
AA_2	49					
-1.92	0.027	13.54	24.53	36.64	C2=F34	Reg_Homo
AB_1	96					
-1.98	0.024	0.00	0.00	6.11	C7=SLOW WAVE	Tipo_Fin
AF_4	16					
-2.54	0.006	14.08	37.74	54.20	C6=SHARP WAVE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_4	142					
-2.63	0.004	0.00	0.00	8.78	C5=INFECTIOUS	Ant_Pat
AD_1	23					
-2.98	0.001	4.44	3.77	17.18	WITHOUT ANTECEDENTS	Ant_Pat
AD_7	45					
-3.20	0.001	2.50	1.89	15.27	DIPHASIC SHARP WAVE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_1	40					
-3.48	0.000	0.00	0.00	12.98	C7=RETURNING	Tipo_Fin
AF_3	34					
-4.84	0.000	0.00	0.00	20.99	C7=IRREGULAR	Tipo_Fin
AF_1	55					
-5.74	0.000	0.00	0.00	27.10	C8=100-200	Voltaje
AG_1	71					
-5.94	0.000	4.31	9.43	44.27	C8=50-100	Voltaje
AG_2	116					

CLUSTER 3 / 5						

T.VALUE PROB. ---- PERCENTAGES ---- CHARACTERISTIC						
IDEN WEIGHT						
		GRP/CAT	CAT/GRP	GLOBAL	CATEGORIES	OF VARIABLES

				18.32	CLUSTER 3 / 5	
bb3b	48					
8.78	0.000	63.64	72.92	20.99	C7=IRREGULAR	Tipo_Fin
AF_1	55					
6.01	0.000	73.91	35.42	8.78	C5=INFECTIOUS	Ant_Pat
AD_1	23					
3.44	0.000	26.06	77.08	54.20	C6=SHARP WAVE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_4	142					
2.65	0.004	25.86	62.50	44.27	C8=50-100	Voltaje
AG_2	116					
1.59	0.056	25.35	37.50	27.10	C8=100-200	Voltaje
AG_1	71					
1.32	0.094	29.63	16.67	10.31	C1=FP1	Loc_Inter1
AA_6	27					
0.80	0.212	20.61	56.25	50.00	C3=Izq	Lado
AC_2	131					
0.55	0.290	22.22	20.83	17.18	C2=FP12	Reg_Homo
AB_3	45					
0.54	0.293	22.50	18.75	15.27	C5=VASCULAR	Ant_Pat
AD_6	40					
0.31	0.378	19.79	39.58	36.64	C2=F34	Reg_Homo
AB_1	96					
0.24	0.405	20.41	20.83	18.70	C1=F3	Loc_Inter1
AA_2	49					
-0.02	0.494	17.31	18.75	19.85	C1=F7	Loc_Inter1
AA_4	52					
-0.05	0.479	16.67	14.58	16.03	C1=F4	Loc_Inter1
AA_3	42					
-0.13	0.448	12.50	2.08	3.05	C1=Der	Loc_Inter1
AA_1	8					
-0.32	0.376	15.69	16.67	19.47	C5=TRAUMATIC	Ant_Pat
AD_4	51					
-0.33	0.369	9.09	2.08	4.20	missing category	Reg_Homo
2_	11					
-0.34	0.368	15.00	12.50	15.27	DIPHASIC SHARP WAVE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_1	40					
-0.41	0.339	15.52	18.75	22.14	C1=F8	Loc_Inter1
AA_5	58					
-0.45	0.325	11.11	4.17	6.87	C1=FP2	Loc_Inter1
AA_7	18					
-0.53	0.298	16.36	37.50	41.98	C2=F78	Reg_Homo
AB_2	110					
-0.67	0.251	14.29	16.67	21.37	C5=OTHER	Ant_Pat
AD_3	56					

-0.84	0.201	6.67	2.08	5.73	C6=POLI-SPIKES	Tipo_Inicio
AE_3	15					
-1.14	0.127	0.00	0.00	3.82	C8=>200	Voltaje
AG_4	10					
-1.15	0.126	15.08	39.58	48.09	C3=Der	Lado
AC_1	126					
-1.81	0.035	0.00	0.00	6.11	C7=SLOW WAVE	Tipo_Fin
AF_4	16					
-2.14	0.016	6.67	6.25	17.18	WITHOUT ANTECEDENTS	Ant_Pat
AD_7	45					
-2.28	0.011	6.38	6.25	17.94	C5=TUMORAL	Ant_Pat
AD_5	47					
-2.95	0.002	6.15	8.33	24.81	C6=SPIKE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_5	65					
-3.24	0.001	0.00	0.00	12.98	C7=RETURNING	Tipo_Fin
AF_3	34					
-4.95	0.000	8.28	27.08	59.92	C7=ISOLATED	Tipo_Fin
AF_2	157					
-5.05	0.000	0.00	0.00	24.81	C8=<50	Voltaje
AG_3	65					

CLUSTER 4 / 5

T.VALUE	PROB.	----	PERCENTAGES	----	CHARACTERISTIC	
IDEN	WEIGHT					
		GRP/CAT	CAT/GRP	GLOBAL	CATEGORIES	OF VARIABLES

				12.21	CLUSTER 4 / 5	
bb4b	32					
7.95	0.000	43.08	87.50	24.81	C6=SPIKE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_5	65					
4.21	0.000	56.25	28.13	6.11	C7=SLOW WAVE	Tipo_Fin
AF_4	16					
4.16	0.000	30.91	53.13	20.99	C7=IRREGULAR	Tipo_Fin
AF_1	55					
3.16	0.001	30.00	37.50	15.27	C5=VASCULAR	Ant_Pat
AD_6	40					
1.47	0.071	16.67	50.00	36.64	C2=F34	Reg_Homo
AB_1	96					
1.20	0.114	19.05	25.00	16.03	C1=F4	Loc_Inter1
AA_3	42					
1.19	0.116	16.90	37.50	27.10	C8=100-200	Voltaje
AG_1	71					
0.98	0.163	22.22	12.50	6.87	C1=Fc2	Loc_Inter1
AA_7	18					
0.78	0.218	16.07	28.13	21.37	C5=OTHER	Ant_Pat
AD_3	56					
0.63	0.265	15.69	25.00	19.47	C5=TRAUMATIC	Ant_Pat
AD_4	51					
0.51	0.305	13.79	50.00	44.27	C8=50-100	Voltaje
AG_2	116					
0.39	0.347	12.50	3.13	3.05	C1=Der	Loc_Inter1
AA_1	8					
0.20	0.422	12.24	18.75	18.70	C1=F3	Loc_Inter1
AA_2	49					
0.04	0.482	13.33	18.75	17.18	C2=Fc12	Reg_Homo
AB_3	45					
0.04	0.483	12.70	50.00	48.09	C3=Der	Lado
AC_1	126					
-0.11	0.458	11.54	18.75	19.85	C1=F7	Loc_Inter1
AA_4	52					
-0.26	0.398	9.09	3.13	4.20	missing category	Reg_Homo
2_	11					
-0.44	0.329	7.41	6.25	10.31	C1=Fc1	Loc_Inter1
AA_6	27					
-0.57	0.286	10.69	43.75	50.00	C3=Izq	Lado
AC_2	131					
-0.63	0.265	0.00	0.00	3.82	C8=>200	Voltaje
AG_4	10					
-1.11	0.134	0.00	0.00	5.73	C6=POLI-SPIKES	Tipo_Inicio
AE_3	15					
-1.11	0.133	6.38	9.38	17.94	C5=TUMORAL	Ant_Pat
AD_5	47					
-1.52	0.064	8.18	28.13	41.98	C2=F78	Reg_Homo
AB_2	110					
-1.55	0.061	6.15	12.50	24.81	C8=<50	Voltaje
AG_3	65					
-1.70	0.044	5.17	9.38	22.14	C1=F8	Loc_Inter1
AA_5	58					
-1.71	0.043	0.00	0.00	8.78	C5=INFECTIOUS	Ant_Pat
AD_1	23					
-2.38	0.009	0.00	0.00	12.98	C7=RETURNING	Tipo_Fin
AF_3	34					
-2.70	0.003	0.00	0.00	15.27	DIPHASIC SHARP WAVE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_1	40					
-2.96	0.002	0.00	0.00	17.18	WITHOUT ANTECEDENTS	Ant_Pat
AD_7	45					
-4.89	0.000	3.82	18.75	59.92	C7=ISOLATED	Tipo_Fin
AF_2	157					
-5.03	0.000	2.82	12.50	54.20	C6=SHARP WAVE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_4	142					

CLUSTER 5 / 5

T.VALUE	PROB.	PERCENTAGES			CHARACTERISTIC	
IDEN	WEIGHT	GRP/CAT	CAT/GRP	GLOBAL	CATEGORIES	OF VARIABLES

15.27 CLUSTER 5 / 5						
bb5b	40					
11.08	0.000	91.18	77.50	12.98	C7=RETURNING	Tipo_Fin
AF_3	34					
8.42	0.000	67.50	67.50	15.27	DIPHASIC SHARP WAVE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_1	40					
5.35	0.000	36.62	65.00	27.10	C8=100-200	Voltaje
AG_1	71					
4.40	0.000	80.00	20.00	3.82	C8=>200	Voltaje
AG_4	10					
2.02	0.022	37.50	15.00	6.11	C7=SLOW WAVE	Tipo_Fin
AF_4	16					
1.36	0.086	19.79	47.50	36.64	C2=F34	Reg_Homo
AB_1	96					
1.31	0.095	22.45	27.50	18.70	C1=F3	Loc_Inter1
AA_2	49					
0.76	0.224	20.00	22.50	17.18	WITHOUT ANTECEDENTS	Ant_Pat
AD_7	45					
0.51	0.303	16.79	55.00	50.00	C3=Izq	Lado
AC_2	131					
0.42	0.337	17.86	25.00	21.37	C5=OTHER	Ant_Pat
AD_3	56					
0.26	0.396	18.52	12.50	10.31	C1=Fp1	Loc_Inter1
AA_6	27					
0.23	0.411	17.50	17.50	15.27	C5=VASCULAR	Ant_Pat
AD_6	40					
0.18	0.429	17.02	20.00	17.94	C5=TUMORAL	Ant_Pat
AD_5	47					
0.12	0.452	15.52	22.50	22.14	C1=F8	Loc_Inter1
AA_5	58					
0.08	0.469	16.67	17.50	16.03	C1=F4	Loc_Inter1
AA_3	42					
-0.05	0.478	9.09	2.50	4.20	missing category	Reg_Homo
2_	11					
-0.38	0.352	12.50	2.50	3.05	C1=Der	Loc_Inter1
AA_1	8					
-0.44	0.328	13.64	37.50	41.98	C2=F78	Reg_Homo
AB_2	110					
-0.57	0.284	8.70	5.00	8.78	C5=INFECTIOUS	Ant_Pat
AD_1	23					
-0.60	0.276	13.49	42.50	48.09	C3=Der	Lado
AC_1	126					
-0.60	0.274	11.54	15.00	19.85	C1=F7	Loc_Inter1
AA_4	52					
-0.60	0.274	11.11	12.50	17.18	C2=Fp12	Reg_Homo
AB_3	45					
-1.39	0.082	9.23	15.00	24.81	C6=SPIKE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_5	65					
-1.42	0.077	0.00	0.00	5.73	C6=POLI-SPIKES	Tipo_Inicio
AE_3	15					
-1.47	0.071	7.84	10.00	19.47	C5=TRAUMATIC	Ant_Pat
AD_4	51					
-1.69	0.045	0.00	0.00	6.87	C1=Fp2	Loc_Inter1
AA_7	18					
-2.73	0.003	3.64	5.00	20.99	C7=IRREGULAR	Tipo_Fin
AF_1	55					
-3.83	0.000	1.54	2.50	24.81	C8=<50	Voltaje
AG_3	65					
-4.46	0.000	4.31	12.50	44.27	C8=50-100	Voltaje
AG_2	116					
-5.00	0.000	4.93	17.50	54.20	C6=SHARP WAVE	Tipo_Inicio
AE_4	142					
-8.30	0.000	0.64	2.50	59.92	C7=ISOLATED	Tipo_Fin
AF_2	157					



