

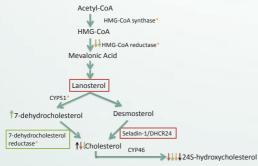
Cholesterol homeostasis role in neurodegenerative diseases

Meritxell Fernández Coll, Grau en Biologia 2013-2014 Contact: meritxell.f.coll@gmail.com

Brain's cholesterol homeostasis deregulations are common in several neurodegenerative diseases. This study aims to find any relationship between brain's cholesterol regulation and neurodegenrative disorders comparing some of them: Alzheimer's Disease, Huntington's Disease, Niemann-Pick type C Disease and Smith-Lemli Opitz syndrome. This comparison would allow us to guide a pharmacology research destined to solve this problem.

Cholesterol in Central Nervous System

Cholesterol Biosynthesis Pathway



Enzymes with an orange asterisk are regulated by SREBP. Red squares indicates enzymes or products affected by Alzheimer's Disease. Green squares indicates enzymes affected by Smith-Lemli Opitz Syndrome. Red, green, orange and black arrows indicate collateral effects of that alterations

Cholesterol Regulation

- ■Due to plasma lipoproteins can not go through the Blood Brain Barrier (BBB) almost all brain cholesterol is synthesized in situ
- LXR is a transcription factor that regulates several cholesterol homeostasis implicated genes
- Cholesterol efflux from glial cells is mediated by ABC transporters
- Cholesterol exchange between brain cells is mediated by lipoproteins derived from glia. Outside cells, cholesterol and phospholipids associates with apolipoprotein E

ApoE-containing lipoproteins are recognized by LDL family receptors in neurons

■ Cholesterol excess is removed from brain

CYP46 catalyzes 24S-hidroxycholesterol (24S-OH-C) formation It can go through

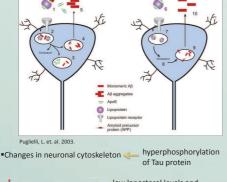
Alzheimer's Disease

Extracellular deposits of amyloid β fibrils — accumulation of amyloid β-peptide (Aβ)

•ApoE seems to be implicated by two possible models

AB interact with ApoEcontaining lipoproteins before being endocytosed by neurons. Inside cells, free ApoE associates with AB and promotes its aggregation

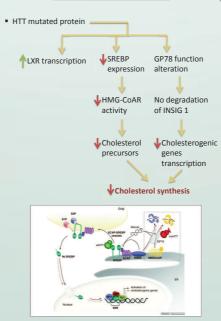
ApoE modify cholesterol levels in cells. High cholesterol levels within cell up-regulates Aβ formation.



Cholesterol synthesis (low lanosterol levels and seladin-1 expression

■ **↓** [24S-OH-C] Deregulation in cholesterol elimination

Huntington's Disease



SREBP interacts with SCAP. SREBP activates cholesterogenic ger transcription. In presence of sterols in cell, sterols bind SCAP, preventing SCAP-SREBP complex. SCAP and INSIG 1 interact when cholesterol is present, inhibiting its biosynthesis. GP78 is required for ubiquitination and degradation of INSIG 1 in cholesterol deficient

■ 🕹 [24S-OH-C]

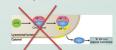
Niemann-Pick type C Disease

■ Mutation in npc1/2 genes

NPC1 or NPC2 proteins deficiency in cells

Cholesterol accumulation in lysosomes/late endosomes

> Intracellular cholesterol transport alteration



NPC1 and NPC2 are required for cholesterol release from lysosomes/late endosomes, Vance JE, 2012 (modified)

■ 🗤 [24S-OH-C]

Smith-Lemli Opitz Syndrome

■ 7-dehydrocholesterol reductase (DHCR7) mutation

Cholesterol ↑7-dehydrocholesterol **Hmgcr inhibition**

■ 124S-OH-C1

Conclusions

-It has been shown a relationship between a deregulation in cholesterol homeostasis and

-Although having some common points, there is no reason to say that these neurodegenerative diseases are

Cholesterol regulation is affected in different pathways on each disease

therapy -These disorders do not affect the same brain zones

- In all four diseases should be increased the synthesis of 24S-OH-C to prevent brain cholesterol accumulation, probably with a common treatment
- -Due to cholesterol homeostasis complexity it is difficult to find a proper treatment.

- Block, R.C., Dorsey, E.R., Beck, C.A., Brenna, J.T., Shoulson, I. 2010. Altered Cholesterol and Fatty
- Acid Metabolism in Huntington Disease. J Clin Lipidol 4, 17-23.

- Martin M, Dotti CG, Ledesma MD. 2010. Brain cholesterol in normal and pathological aging.
- Biochimica et Biophysica Acta 1801, 934-944.

- Puglielli, L., Tanzi, R.E., Kovacs, D.M. 2003. Alzheimer's disease: the cholesterol connection. Nature
neuroscience 6, 345-351.

- Valenza, M., Cattaneo, E. 2011. Emerging roles for cholesterol in Huntington's disease. Trends in
Neurosciences, Vol. 34. 474-486.

- Vance J.E. 2012. Dysregulation of cholesterol balance in the brain: contribution to
neurodegenerative diseases. Disease Models & Mechanisms 5, 746-755.

- Image behind title: Lipids LTD https://www.lipids.co.uk/page1/index.html