

Measurement of the inclusive jet cross-section in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV and comparison to the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV using the ATLAS detector

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Abstract The inclusive jet cross-section has been measured in proton–proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV in a dataset corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 0.20 pb^{-1} collected with the ATLAS detector at the Large Hadron Collider in 2011. Jets are identified using the anti- k_t algorithm with two radius parameters of 0.4 and 0.6. The inclusive jet double-differential cross-section is presented as a function of the jet transverse momentum p_T and jet rapidity y , covering a range of $20 \leq p_T < 430$ GeV and $|y| < 4.4$. The ratio of the cross-section to the inclusive jet cross-section measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, published by the ATLAS Collaboration, is calculated as a function of both transverse momentum and the dimensionless quantity $x_T = 2p_T/\sqrt{s}$, in bins of jet rapidity. The systematic uncertainties on the ratios are significantly reduced due to the cancellation of correlated uncertainties in the two measurements. Results are compared to the prediction from next-to-leading order perturbative QCD calculations corrected for non-perturbative effects, and next-to-leading order Monte Carlo simulation. Furthermore, the ATLAS jet cross-section measurements at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV are analysed within a framework of next-to-leading order perturbative QCD calculations to determine parton distribution functions of the proton, taking into account the correlations between the measurements.

1 Introduction

Collimated jets of hadrons are a dominant feature of high-energy particle interactions. In Quantum Chromodynamics (QCD) they can be interpreted in terms of the fragmentation of quarks and gluons produced in a scattering process. The inclusive jet production cross-section provides information

on the strong coupling and the structure of the proton, and tests the validity of perturbative QCD (pQCD) down to the shortest accessible distances.

The inclusive jet cross-section has been measured at high energy in proton–antiproton ($p\bar{p}$) collisions with $\sqrt{s} = 546$ GeV and 630 GeV at the SPS [1–5], and with $\sqrt{s} = 546$ GeV, 630 GeV, 1.8 TeV and 1.96 TeV at the Tevatron [6–22].

The Large Hadron Collider (LHC) [23] at CERN allows the production of jets with transverse momenta in the TeV regime, colliding protons on protons (pp) with a centre-of-mass energy of currently up to $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The ATLAS Collaboration has presented early measurements of the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV based on a dataset with an integrated luminosity of 17 nb^{-1} for jets with a transverse momentum of $60 \leq p_T < 600$ GeV and a rapidity¹ of $|y| < 2.8$ [24], as well as for the entire dataset of 37 pb^{-1} taken in 2010 for jets with $20 \leq p_T < 1500$ GeV and $|y| < 4.4$ [25]. The CMS Collaboration has presented results in the kinematic range of $18 \leq p_T < 1100$ GeV and $|y| < 3$ in a dataset of 34 pb^{-1} [26], in the range of $35 \leq p_T < 150$ GeV and $3.2 < |y| < 4.7$ using 3.1 pb^{-1} [27], and for $0.1 \leq p_T < 2$ TeV and $|y| < 2.5$ using 5.0 fb^{-1} [28]. These data are found to be generally well described by next-to-leading order (NLO) pQCD calculations, corrected for non-perturbative effects from hadronisation and the underlying event.

At the start of the 2011 data taking period of the LHC, the ATLAS experiment collected pp collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 0.20 pb^{-1} . Having a centre-of-mass energy close to the highest energies reached in $p\bar{p}$ collisions, the dataset

¹Rapidity is defined as $y = 0.5 \ln[(E + p_z)/(E - p_z)]$ where E denotes the energy and p_z is the component of the momentum along the beam direction.

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provides a connection from LHC measurements to previous measurements at the Tevatron. Moreover, measurements with the same detector at different centre-of-mass energies provide stringent tests of the theory, since the dominant systematic uncertainties are correlated. These correlations can be explored in a common fit to the measurements at different \sqrt{s} or in ratios of the inclusive jet double-differential cross-sections. Hence, uncertainties can be significantly reduced. Such ratios were reported by previous experiments, UA2 [2], UA1 [4], CDF [7, 9] and D0 [12].

In this paper the inclusive jet double-differential cross-section is measured for $20 \leq p_T < 430$ GeV and rapidities of $|y| < 4.4$ at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV. Moreover, the ratio to the previously measured cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV [25] is determined as a function of p_T and as a function of the dimensionless quantity $x_T = 2p_T/\sqrt{s}$ [29]. For the ratio measured as a function of p_T , many experimental systematic uncertainties cancel, while for the ratio measured as a function of x_T , theoretical uncertainties are reduced. This allows a precise test of NLO pQCD calculations.

The outline of the paper is as follows. The definition of the jet cross-section is given in the next section, followed by a brief description of the ATLAS detector in Sect. 3 and the data taking in Sect. 4. The Monte Carlo simulation, the theoretical predictions and the uncertainties on the predictions are described in Sects. 5 and 6, followed by the event selection in Sect. 7 and the jet reconstruction and calibration in Sect. 8. The unfolding of detector effects and the treatment of systematic uncertainties are discussed in Sects. 9 and 10, followed by the results of the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV in Sect. 11. The results of the ratio measurement, including the discussion of its uncertainties, are presented in Sect. 12. In Sect. 13 the results of an NLO pQCD fit to these data are discussed. The conclusion is given in Sect. 14.

2 Definition of the measured variables

2.1 Inclusive single-jet cross-section

Jets are identified using the anti- k_t algorithm [30] implemented in the FASTJET [31, 32] software package. Two different values of the radius parameter, $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$, are used. Inputs to the jet algorithm can be partons in the NLO pQCD calculation, stable particles after the hadronisation process in the Monte Carlo simulation, or energy deposits in the calorimeter in data.

Throughout this paper, the jet cross-section refers to the cross-section of jets built from stable particles, defined by having a proper mean lifetime of $c\tau > 10$ mm. Muons and neutrinos from decaying hadrons are included in this definition.

The inclusive jet double-differential cross-section, $d^2\sigma/dp_T dy$, is measured as a function of the jet transverse momentum p_T in bins of rapidity y . The kinematic range of the measurement is $20 \leq p_T < 430$ GeV and $|y| < 4.4$.

The jet cross-section is also measured as a function of the dimensionless quantity x_T . For a pure $2 \rightarrow 2$ central scattering of the partons, x_T gives the momentum fraction of the initial-state partons with respect to the parent proton.

2.2 Ratio of jet cross-sections at different centre-of-mass energies

The inclusive jet double-differential cross-section can be related to the invariant cross-section according to

$$E \frac{d^3\sigma}{dp^3} = \frac{1}{2\pi p_T} \frac{d^2\sigma}{dp_T dy}, \quad (1)$$

where E and p denote the energy and momentum of the jet, respectively. The dimensionless scale-invariant cross-section $F(y, x_T)$ can be defined as [33]:

$$F(y, x_T, \sqrt{s}) = p_T^4 E \frac{d^3\sigma}{dp^3} = \frac{p_T^3}{2\pi} \frac{d^2\sigma}{dp_T dy} = \frac{s}{8\pi} x_T^3 \frac{d^2\sigma}{dx_T dy}. \quad (2)$$

In the simple quark–parton model [34, 35], F does not depend on the centre-of-mass energy, as follows from dimensional analysis. In QCD, however, several effects lead to a violation of the scaling behaviour, introducing a p_T (or \sqrt{s}) dependence to F . The main effects are the scale dependence of the parton distribution functions (PDFs) and the strong coupling constant α_S .

The cross-section ratio of the invariant jet cross-section measured at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV to the one measured at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV is then denoted by:

$$\rho(y, x_T) = \frac{F(y, x_T, 2.76 \text{ TeV})}{F(y, x_T, 7 \text{ TeV})}. \quad (3)$$

The violation of the \sqrt{s} scaling leads to a deviation of $\rho(y, x_T)$ from one. $\rho(y, x_T)$ is calculated by measuring the bin-averaged inclusive jet double-differential cross-sections at the two centre-of-mass energies in the same x_T ranges:

$$\rho(y, x_T) = \left(\frac{2.76 \text{ TeV}}{7 \text{ TeV}} \right)^3 \cdot \frac{\sigma(y, x_T, 2.76 \text{ TeV})}{\sigma(y, x_T, 7 \text{ TeV})}, \quad (4)$$

where $\sigma(y, x_T, \sqrt{s})$ corresponds to the measured averaged cross-section $d^2\sigma/dp_T dy$ in a bin $(y, p_T = \sqrt{s} \cdot x_T/2)$, and x_T is chosen to be at the bin centre. Here, the p_T binning for the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV is chosen such that it corresponds to the same x_T ranges obtained from the p_T bins of the jet cross-section measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. The bin boundaries are listed in Appendix A.

The ratio of inclusive double-differential cross-sections is also measured as a function of p_T , where the same p_T binning is used for both centre-of-mass energies. This ratio is denoted by

$$\rho(y, p_T) = \frac{\sigma(y, p_T, 2.76 \text{ TeV})}{\sigma(y, p_T, 7 \text{ TeV})}, \quad (5)$$

where $\sigma(y, p_T, \sqrt{s})$ is the measured averaged cross-section $d^2\sigma/dp_T dy$ in a bin (y, p_T) at a centre-of-mass energy of \sqrt{s} . Since the uncertainty due to the jet energy scale is the dominant experimental uncertainty at a given p_T , the experimental systematic uncertainty is significantly reduced by taking the cross-section ratio in the same p_T bins.

3 The ATLAS detector

The ATLAS detector consists of a tracking system (inner detector) in a 2 T axial magnetic field up to a pseudorapidity² of $|\eta| = 2.5$, sampling electromagnetic and hadronic calorimeters up to $|\eta| = 4.9$, and muon chambers in an azimuthal magnetic field provided by a system of toroidal magnets. A detailed description of the ATLAS detector can be found elsewhere [36].

The inner detector consists of layers of silicon pixel detectors, silicon microstrip detectors and transition radiation tracking detectors. It is used in this analysis to identify candidate collision events by constructing vertices from tracks. Jets are reconstructed using the energy deposits in the calorimeter, whose granularity and material varies as a function of η . The electromagnetic calorimeter uses lead as an absorber, liquid argon (LAr) as the active medium and has a fine granularity. It consists of a barrel ($|\eta| < 1.475$) and an endcap ($1.375 < |\eta| < 3.2$) region. The hadronic calorimeter is divided into three distinct regions: a barrel region ($|\eta| < 0.8$) and an extended barrel region ($0.8 < |\eta| < 1.7$) instrumented with a steel/scintillating-tile modules, and an endcap region ($1.5 < |\eta| < 3.2$) using copper/LAr modules. Finally, the forward calorimeter ($3.1 < |\eta| < 4.9$) is instrumented with copper/LAr and tungsten/LAr modules to provide electromagnetic and hadronic energy measurements, respectively.

The ATLAS trigger system is composed of three consecutive levels: level 1, level 2 and the event filter, with progressively increasing computing time per event, finer granularity and access to more detector systems. For jet triggering,

the relevant systems are the minimum bias trigger scintillators (MBTS), located in front of the endcap cryostats covering $2.1 < |\eta| < 3.8$, as well as calorimeter triggers for central jets, covering $|\eta| < 3.2$, and for forward jets, covering $3.1 < |\eta| < 4.9$, respectively.

4 Data taking

The proton–proton collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV were collected at the start of the 2011 data taking period of the LHC. The total integrated luminosity of the collected data is 0.20 pb^{-1} . The proton bunches were grouped in nine bunch trains. The time interval between two consecutive bunches was 525 ns. The average number of interactions per bunch crossing is found to be $\mu = 0.24$. All events used in this analysis were collected with good operational status of the relevant detector components for jet measurements.

The data at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV have a total integrated luminosity of 37 pb^{-1} . Further details are given in Ref. [25].

5 Monte Carlo simulation

Events used in the simulation of the detector response are produced by the PYTHIA 6.423 generator [37], using the MRST 2007 LO* PDFs [38]. The generator utilises leading-order (LO) pQCD matrix elements for $2 \rightarrow 2$ processes, along with a leading-logarithmic p_T -ordered parton shower [39], an underlying event simulation with multiple parton interactions [40], and the Lund string model for hadronisation [41]. The event generation uses the ATLAS Minimum Bias Tune 1 (AMBT1) set of parameters [42]. Additional proton–proton collisions occurring in the same bunch crossing have not been simulated because the average number of interactions per beam crossing is so small.

The GEANT software toolkit [43] within the ATLAS simulation framework [44] simulates the propagation of the generated particles through the ATLAS detector and their interactions with the detector material.

The HERWIG++ 2.5.1 [45, 46] generator is used in addition to PYTHIA in the evaluation of non-perturbative effects in the theory prediction. It is based on the $2 \rightarrow 2$ LO pQCD matrix elements and a leading-logarithmic angular-ordered parton shower [47]. The cluster model [48] is used for the hadronisation, and an underlying event simulation is based on the eikonal model [49].

6 Theoretical predictions

6.1 NLO pQCD prediction

The NLO pQCD predictions are calculated using the NLO-JET++ 4.1.2 [50] program. For fast and flexible calcula-

²ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the centre of the detector and the z -axis along the beam pipe. The x -axis points from the IP to the centre of the LHC ring, and the y -axis points upward. The pseudorapidity is defined in terms of the polar angle θ as $\eta = -\ln \tan(\theta/2)$.

tions with various PDFs and factorisation and renormalisation scales, the APPLGRID software [51] is interfaced with NLOJET++. The renormalisation scale, μ_R , and the factorisation scale, μ_F , are chosen for each event as $\mu_R = \mu_F = p_T^{\max}(y_i)$, where $p_T^{\max}(y_i)$ is the maximum jet transverse momentum found in a rapidity bin y_i . If jets are present in different rapidity bins, several scales within the event are used.

The default calculation uses the CT10 [52] PDF set. Predictions using the PDF sets MSTW 2008 [53], NNPDF 2.1 (100) [54, 55], HERAPDF 1.5 [56] and ABM 11 NLO ($n_f = 5$) [57] are also made for comparison. The value for α_S is taken from the corresponding PDF set.

Three sources of uncertainty in the NLO pQCD calculation are considered, namely the uncertainty on the PDF sets, the choice of factorisation and renormalisation scales, and the uncertainty on the value of the strong coupling constant, α_S . The PDF uncertainty is defined at 68 % confidence level (CL) and evaluated following the prescriptions given for each PDF set and the PDF4LHC recommendations [58]. The uncertainty on the scale choice is evaluated by varying the renormalisation scale and the factorisation scale by a factor of two with respect to the original choice in the calculation. The considered variations are

$$(f_{\mu_R}, f_{\mu_F}) = (0.5, 0.5), (0.5, 1), (1, 0.5), \\ (1, 2), (2, 1), (2, 2), \quad (6)$$

where f_{μ_R} and f_{μ_F} are factors for the variation of renormalisation and factorisation scales, hence $\mu_R = f_{\mu_R} \cdot p_T^{\max}$ and $\mu_F = f_{\mu_F} \cdot p_T^{\max}$. The envelope of the resulting variations is taken as the scale uncertainty. The uncertainty reflecting the α_S measurement precision is evaluated following the recommendation of the CTEQ group [59], by calculating the cross-section using a series of PDFs which are derived with various fixed α_S values. Electroweak corrections are not included in the theory predictions. The effect is found to be $O(10\%)$ at high p_T , and negligible at small p_T for $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV [60].

The theoretical predictions for the cross-section ratios at the two different energies, $\rho(y, x_T)$ or $\rho(y, p_T)$, are also obtained from the NLO pQCD calculations. The evaluation of the prediction at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV is given in Ref. [25], and the procedure is identical to the one used for $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV in the present analysis. Hence, the uncertainty on the ratio is determined using the same variation in each component of the considered uncertainties simultaneously for both $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV cross-section predictions.

6.2 Non-perturbative corrections

The fixed-order NLO pQCD calculations, described in Sect. 6.1, predict the parton-level cross-section, which

should be corrected for non-perturbative effects before comparison with the measurement at particle level. The corrections are derived using LO Monte Carlo event generators complemented by the leading-logarithmic parton shower by evaluating the bin-wise ratio of the cross-section with and without hadronisation and the underlying event. Each bin of the NLO pQCD cross-section is then multiplied by the corresponding correction for non-perturbative effects. The baseline correction factors are obtained from PYTHIA 6.425 [37] with the AUET2B CTEQ6L1 tune [61]. The uncertainty is estimated as the envelope of the correction factors obtained from a series of different generators and tunes: PYTHIA 6.425 using the tunes AUET2B LO** [61], AUET2 LO** [62], AMBT2B CTEQ6L1 [61], AMBT1 [42], Perugia 2010 [63] and Perugia 2011 [63]; PYTHIA 8.150 [64] with tune 4C [61]; and HERWIG++ 2.5.1 [45] with tune UE7000-2 [61]. The AMBT2B CTEQ6L1 and AMBT1 tunes, which are based on observables sensitive to the modelling of minimum bias interactions, are included to provide a systematically different estimate of the underlying event activity.

The NLO pQCD prediction for the cross-section ratio also needs corrections for non-perturbative effects. The same procedure is used to evaluate non-perturbative corrections for the cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV using the same series of generator tunes. A ratio of corrections at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV is calculated for each generator tune. As for the cross-section, PYTHIA 6.425 with the AUET2B CTEQ6L1 tune is used as the central value of the correction factor for the cross-section ratio and the envelope of the correction factors from the other tunes is taken as an uncertainty.

6.3 Predictions from NLO matrix elements with parton-shower Monte Carlo simulation

The measured jet cross-section is also compared to predictions from POWHEG jet pair production, revision 2169 [65, 66]. POWHEG is an NLO generator that uses the POWHEG BOX 1.0 package [67–69], which can be interfaced to different Monte Carlo programs to simulate the parton shower, the hadronisation and the underlying event. This simulation using a matched parton shower is expected to produce a more accurate theoretical prediction. However, ambiguities in the matching procedure, non-optimal tuning of parton shower-parameters, and the fact that it is a hybrid between an NLO matrix element calculation and the currently available LO parton-shower generators may introduce additional theoretical uncertainties.

In the POWHEG algorithm, each event is built by first producing a QCD $2 \rightarrow 2$ partonic scattering. The renormalisation and factorisation scales for the fixed-order NLO prediction are set to be equal to the transverse momentum of

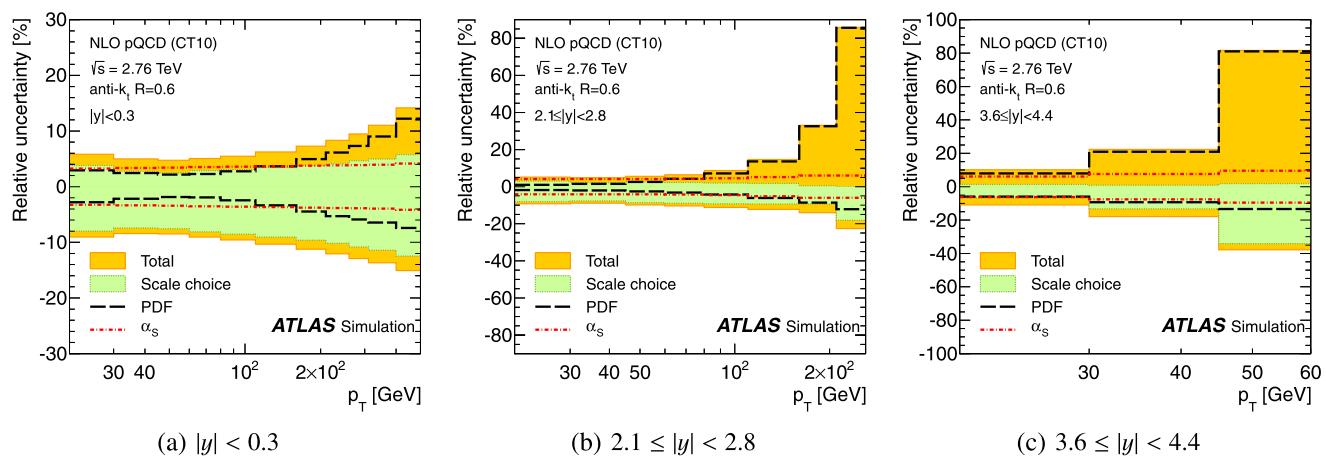


Fig. 1 The uncertainty in the NLO pQCD prediction of the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76 \text{ TeV}$, calculated using NLOJET++ with the CT10 PDF set, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ shown in three representative rapidity bins as a function of the jet p_T . In addition to the total uncertainty, the uncertainties from the scale choice, the PDF set and the strong coupling constant, α_S , are shown separately

the outgoing partons, p_T^{Born} . In addition to the hard scatter, POWHEG also generates the hardest partonic emission in the event. The event is evolved to the particle level using a parton-shower event generator, where the radiative emissions in the parton showers are limited by the matching scale μ_M provided by POWHEG. The simulation of parton showers uses PYTHIA with the ATLAS underlying event tunes, AUET2B [61] and Perugia 2011 [63]. The tunes are derived from the standalone versions of these event generators, with no optimisation for the POWHEG predictions. The CT10 PDF set is used in both POWHEG and PYTHIA.

To avoid fluctuations in the final observables after the showering process, the POWHEG event generation is performed using a new option³ that became available recently [66]. For $p_T < 100 \text{ GeV}$, this new prediction differs by $O(10\%)$ from the POWHEG prediction at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ from the previous analysis, which followed a different approach [25]. The uncertainty from the renormalisation and factorisation scales for the POWHEG prediction is expected to be similar to that obtained with NLOJET++. The matching scale can potentially have a large impact on the cross-section prediction at particle level, affecting the parton shower, initial-state radiation and multiple interactions, but a procedure to estimate this uncertainty is currently not well defined. Therefore no uncertainties are shown for the POWHEG curves.

³The origin of these fluctuations are rare event topologies in gluon emissions $q \rightarrow qg$ and gluon splittings $g \rightarrow q\bar{q}$, related to the fact that by default POWHEG BOX 1.0 does not consider the corresponding configurations with opposite ordering of the p_T for the final state parton: $q \rightarrow gq$ and $g \rightarrow \bar{q}q$. These processes can be activated in revision 2169 using the POWHEG option `doublefsr = 1`, which offers an improved handling of the suppression of these events. More details are given in Ref. [66].

representative rapidity bins as a function of the jet p_T . In addition to the total uncertainty, the uncertainties from the scale choice, the PDF set and the strong coupling constant, α_S , are shown separately

6.4 Prediction for the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76 \text{ TeV}$

The evaluated relative uncertainties of the NLO pQCD calculation for the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76 \text{ TeV}$ are shown in Fig. 1 as a function of the jet p_T for representative rapidity bins and $R = 0.6$. In the central rapidity region, the uncertainties are about 5 % for $p_T \lesssim 100 \text{ GeV}$, increasing to about 15 % in the highest jet p_T bin. In the most forward region, they are 10 % in the lowest p_T bin and up to 80 % in the highest p_T bin. In the higher p_T region, the upper bound on the uncertainty is driven by the PDF uncertainty, while the lower bound and the uncertainty at low p_T are dominated by the scale choice. The uncertainties for $R = 0.4$ are similar.

The correction factors for non-perturbative effects and their uncertainties are shown in Fig. 2 for the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76 \text{ TeV}$ in the central rapidity bin. For jets with $R = 0.4$, the correction is about -10% in the lowest p_T bin, while for jets with $R = 0.6$, it is about $+20\%$ as a result of the interplay of the hadronisation and the underlying event for the different jet sizes. In the high- p_T region, the corrections are almost unity for both jet radius parameters, and the uncertainty is at the level of $\pm 2\%$.

6.5 Prediction for the cross-section ratio

Figures 3(a)–(c) show the uncertainty on the NLO pQCD calculation of $\rho(y, x_T)$ in representative rapidity bins for $R = 0.6$. They are significantly reduced to a level of a few percent in the central rapidity region compared to the uncertainties on the cross-sections shown in Fig. 1. The dominant uncertainty at low p_T is the uncertainty on the renormalisation and factorisation scale choice, while at high p_T the uncertainty due to the PDF contributes again significantly.

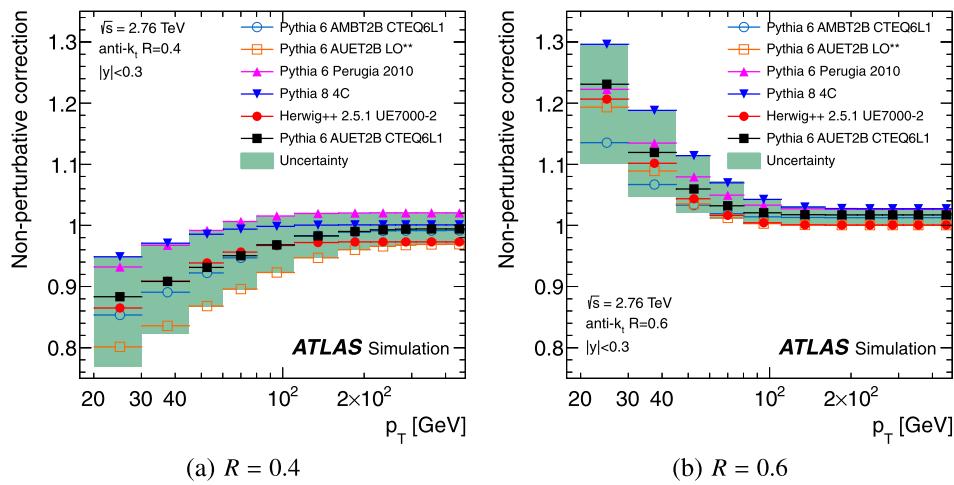


Fig. 2 Non-perturbative correction factors for the inclusive jet cross-section for anti- k_t jets with (a) $R = 0.4$ and (b) $R = 0.6$ in the jet rapidity region $|y| < 0.3$ as a function of the jet p_T for Monte Carlo simulations with various tunes. The correction factors derived from

PYTHIA 6 with the AUET2B CTEQ6L1 tune (*full-square*) are used for the NLO pQCD prediction in this measurement, with the uncertainty indicated by the *shaded area*. For better visibility, some tunes used in the uncertainty determination are not shown

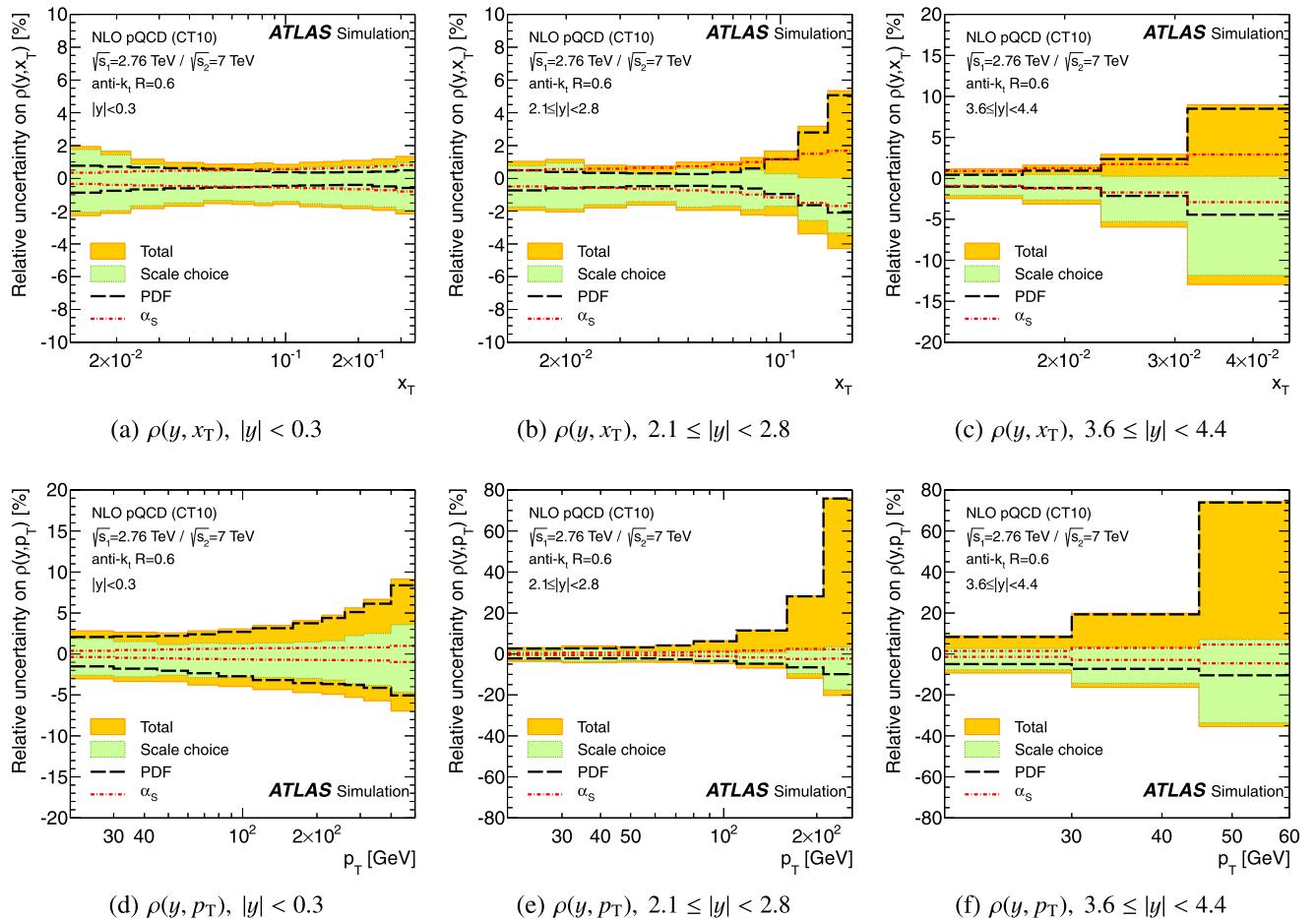
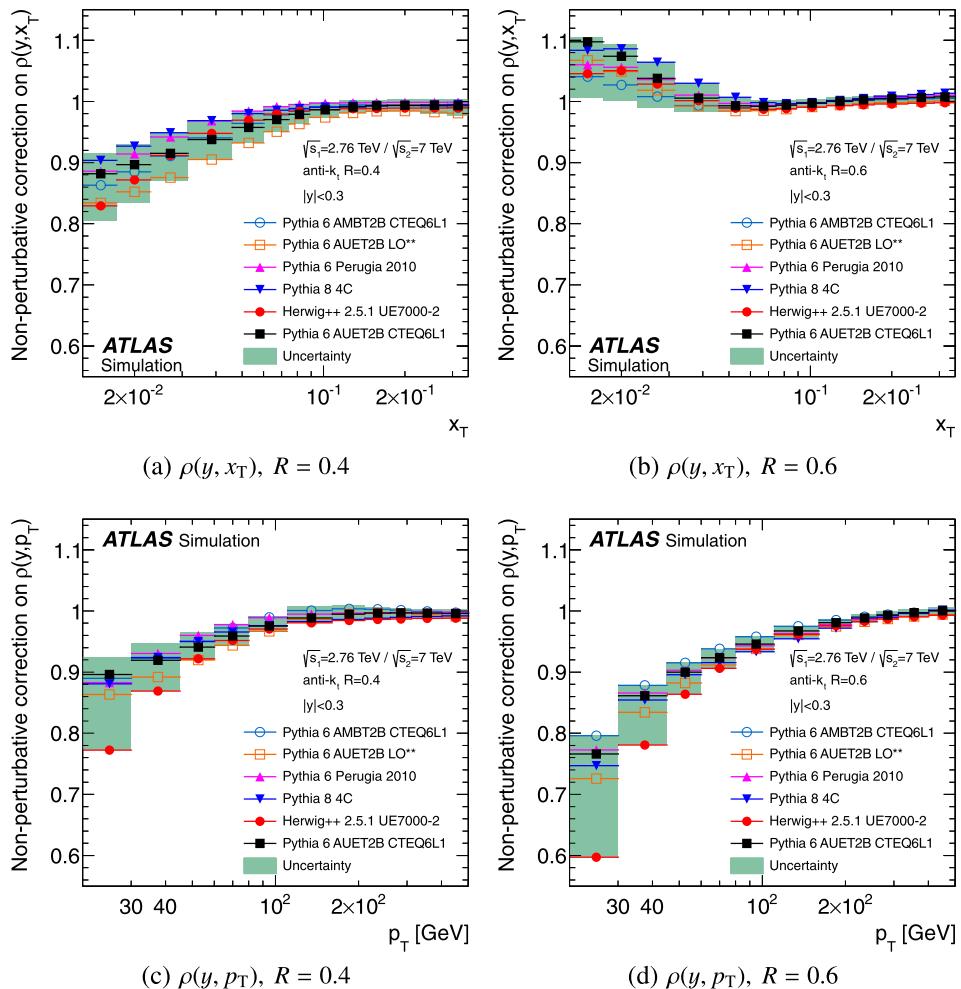


Fig. 3 The uncertainty in the NLO pQCD prediction of the cross-section ratio $\rho(y, x_T)$ ((a)–(c)) and $\rho(y, p_T)$ ((d)–(f)), calculated using NLOJET++ with the CT10 PDF set, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ shown in three representative rapidity bins as a function of the jet x_T

and of the jet p_T , respectively. In addition to the total uncertainty, the uncertainties from the scale choice, the PDF set and the strong coupling constant, α_S , are shown separately

Fig. 4 Non-perturbative correction factors for the cross-section ratios, $\rho(y, x_T)$ and $\rho(y, p_T)$, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ or $R = 0.6$ shown for a jet rapidity of $|y| < 0.3$ for Monte Carlo simulations with various tunes as a function of the jet x_T and of the jet p_T , respectively. The correction factors derived from PYTHIA 6 with the AUET2B CTEQ6L1 tune (full-square) are used for the NLO pQCD prediction in this measurement, with the uncertainty indicated by the shaded area. For better visibility, some tunes used in the uncertainty determination are not shown



The NLO pQCD calculation of $\rho(y, p_T)$ has an uncertainty of less than $\pm 5\%$ for p_T up to 200 GeV in the central rapidity region, as shown in Fig. 3(d). The uncertainty increases for higher p_T of the jet due mostly to the uncertainties on the PDFs, which are below 10 % for central jets. In the forward region, it reaches up to 80 % in the highest p_T bins, as shown in Figs. 3(e) and 3(f). The corresponding uncertainties for jets with $R = 0.4$ are similar, except for a larger contribution due to the scale choice in the uncertainty on $\rho(y, p_T)$.

Non-perturbative corrections to $\rho(y, x_T)$ have a different x_T dependence for jets with $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$, as shown in Figs. 4(a) and 4(b). The behaviour of $\rho(y, x_T)$ is driven by the corrections for the cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV since $p_T^{7 \text{ TeV}} = (7/2.76) \cdot p_T^{2.76 \text{ TeV}}$ in the same x_T bins (see Appendix A) and since the non-perturbative correction is almost flat in the high- p_T region. For jets with $R = 0.4$, the correction is -10% in the lowest x_T bin. For $R = 0.6$, the correction in this region is in the opposite direction, increasing the prediction by $+10\%$. The uncertainty in the lowest x_T bin for both radius parameters is $\sim \pm 10\%$. The non-perturbative corrections to $\rho(y, p_T)$ are shown in Figs. 4(c)

and 4(d), where a similar p_T dependence for $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$ is found. They amount to -10% for jets with $R = 0.4$ and -25% for jets with $R = 0.6$ in the lowest p_T bins. This is due to the correction factors for the NLO pQCD prediction at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV [25] being larger than those at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV. Corrections obtained from PYTHIA with various tunes generally agree within 5 % for central jets, while the non-perturbative corrections from HERWIG++ deviate from the ones of the PYTHIA tunes by more than 10 % in the lowest p_T bin.

7 Event selection

Events are selected online using various trigger definitions according to the p_T and the rapidity y of the jets [70]. In the lowest p_T region ($p_T < 35$ GeV for $|y| < 2.1$, $p_T < 30$ GeV for $2.1 \leq |y| < 2.8$, $p_T < 28$ GeV for $2.8 \leq |y| < 3.6$, and $p_T < 26$ GeV for $3.6 \leq |y| < 4.4$), a trigger requiring at least two hits in the MBTS is used. For the higher p_T region, jet-based triggers are used, which select events that contain a jet with sufficient transverse energy at the electromagnetic

scale.⁴ The efficiency of the jet-based triggers is determined using the MBTS, and the one for MBTS using the independent trigger from the Zero Degree Calorimeter [71]. Only triggers that are >99 % efficient for a given jet p_T value are used. In the region $2.8 < |y| < 3.6$, both a central and a forward jet trigger are used in combination to reach an efficiency of >99 %. Events are required to have at least one well-reconstructed event vertex, which must have at least three associated tracks with a minimum p_T of 150 MeV.

8 Jet reconstruction and calibration

The reconstruction procedure and the calibration factors for the jet cross-section measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV are nearly identical to those used for the measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV with 2010 data [25]; the few exceptions are explicitly specified below.

Jets are reconstructed with the anti- k_t algorithm using as input objects topological clusters [72, 73] of energy deposits in the calorimeter, calibrated at the electromagnetic scale. The four-momenta of the reconstructed jets are corrected event-by-event using the actual vertex position. A jet energy scale (JES) correction is then applied to correct for detector effects such as energy loss in dead material in front of the calorimeter or between calorimeter segments, and to compensate for the lower calorimeter response to hadrons than to electrons or photons [72, 73]. Due to the low number of interactions per bunch crossing, an offset correction accounting for additional energy depositions from multiple interactions in the same bunch crossing, so-called pile-up, is not applied in this measurement.

The estimation of the uncertainty in the jet energy measurement uses single-hadron calorimeter response measurements [74] and systematic Monte Carlo simulation variations. An uncertainty of about 2.5 % in the central calorimeter region over a wide momentum range of $60 \leq p_T < 800$ GeV is obtained [73]. For jets with lower p_T and for forward jets the uncertainties are larger.

All reconstructed jets with $p_T > 20$ GeV, $|y| < 4.4$ and a positive decision from the trigger that is used in the corresponding jet kinematic region are considered in this analysis. Jets are furthermore required to pass jet quality selections to reject fake jets reconstructed from non-collision signals, such as beam-related background, cosmic rays or detector noise. The applied selections were established with the $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV data in 2010 [25, 73] and are validated in the $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV data by studying distributions of

the selection variables with techniques similar to those in Ref. [73]. The rate of fake jets after the jet selection is negligible.

The efficiency of the jet quality selection is measured using a tag-and-probe method [73]. The largest inefficiency is found to be below 4 % for jets with $p_T = 20$ GeV. Within the statistical uncertainty, the measured efficiency is in good agreement with the efficiency previously measured for $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV data in 2010. Because of the larger number of events in the 2010 data at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, the jet selection efficiency from the 2010 data is taken.

Various types of validity and consistency checks have been performed on the data, such as testing the expected invariance of the jet cross-section as a function of ϕ , or the stability of the jet yield over time. No statistically significant variations are detected. The basic kinematic variables are described by the Monte Carlo simulation within the systematic uncertainties.

9 Unfolding of detector effects

Corrections for the detector inefficiencies and resolutions are performed to extract the particle-level cross-section, based on a transfer matrix that relates the p_T of the jet at particle-level and the reconstruction-level.

For the unfolding, the Iterative, Dynamically Stabilised (IDS) Bayesian unfolding method [75] is used. The method takes into account the migrations of events across the bins and uses data-driven regularisation. It is performed separately for each rapidity bin, since migrations across p_T bins are significant. The migrations across rapidity bins, which are much smaller, are taken into account using the bin-by-bin unfolding.

The Monte Carlo simulation to derive the transfer matrix is described in Sect. 5. The Monte Carlo samples are reweighted on a jet-by-jet basis as a function of jet p_T and rapidity. The reweighting factors are obtained from the ratio of calculated cross-sections using the MSTW 2008 NLO PDF set [53] with respect to the MRST 2007 LO* PDF set [38]. This improves the description of the jet p_T distribution in data. Additionally, a jet selection similar to the jet quality criteria in data is applied to jets with low p_T in the Monte Carlo simulation at $|\eta| \sim 1$.

The transfer matrix for the jet p_T is derived by matching a particle-level jet to a reconstructed jet based on a geometrical criterion, in which a particle-level jet and a reconstructed jet should be closest to each other within a radius of $R' = 0.3$ in the (η, ϕ) -plane. The spectra of unmatched particle-level and reconstructed jets are used to provide the matching efficiencies, obtained from the number of the matched jets divided by the number of all jets including unmatched jets, both for particle-level jets, ϵ^{part} , and for reconstructed jets, ϵ^{reco} .

⁴The electromagnetic scale is the basic calorimeter signal scale for the ATLAS calorimeter. It has been established using test-beam measurements for electrons and muons to give the correct response for the energy deposited in electromagnetic showers, but it does not correct for the lower response of the calorimeter to hadrons.

The data are unfolded to particle level using a three-step procedure, namely, correction for matching inefficiency at reconstructed level, unfolding for detector effects and then correction for matching inefficiency at particle level. The final result is given by the equation:

$$N_i^{\text{part}} = \sum_j N_j^{\text{reco}} \cdot \epsilon_j^{\text{reco}} A_{ij} / \epsilon_i^{\text{part}}, \quad (7)$$

where i and j are the particle-level and reconstructed bin indices, respectively, and N_k^{part} and N_k^{reco} are the number of particle-level jets and the number of reconstructed jets in bin k . A_{ij} is an unfolding matrix, which gives the probability for a reconstructed-level jet with a certain reconstructed-level p_T to have a given particle-level p_T . It is determined using the IDS method. The number of iterations is chosen such that the bias in the closure test (see below) is small and at most at the percent level. In this measurement, this is achieved after one iteration.

The precision of the unfolding technique has been studied using a data-driven closure test [75]. In this study the particle-level p_T spectrum in the Monte Carlo simulation is reweighted and convolved through the folding matrix, which gives the probability for a particle-level jet with a certain particle-level p_T to have a given reconstructed-level p_T . The weights are chosen such that significantly improved agreement between the resulting reconstructed spectrum and data is attained. The reconstructed spectrum in this reweighted Monte Carlo simulation is then unfolded using the same procedure as for the data. Comparison of the spectrum obtained from the unfolding with the original reweighted particle-level spectrum provides an estimate of the bias, which is interpreted as the systematic uncertainty.

As an estimate of further systematic uncertainties, the unfolding procedure is repeated using different transfer matrices created with tighter and looser matching criteria of $R' = 0.2$ and $R' = 0.4$. The deviations of the results from the nominal unfolding result are considered as an additional uncertainty on the unfolding procedure.

The statistical uncertainties are propagated through the unfolding by performing pseudo-experiments. An ensemble of pseudo-experiments is created in which each bin of the transfer matrix is varied according to its statistical uncertainty from the Monte Carlo samples. A separate set of pseudo-experiments is performed in which the data spectrum is fluctuated according to the statistical uncertainty taking the correlation between jets produced in the same event into account. The unfolding is then applied to each pseudo-experiment, and the resulting ensembles are used to calculate the covariance matrix of the corrected spectrum, from which the uncertainties are obtained.

The unfolding procedure is repeated for the propagation of the uncertainties on the jet energy and angle measurements, as described in the next section.

10 Systematic uncertainties on the cross-section measurement

The following sources of systematic uncertainty are considered in this measurement: the trigger efficiency, jet reconstruction and calibration, the unfolding procedure and the luminosity measurement.

An uncertainty on the trigger efficiency of 1 % is conservatively chosen for most of the kinematic region ($|y| < 2.8$; $p_T \geq 45$ GeV in $2.8 \leq |y| < 3.6$; and $p_T \geq 30$ GeV in $3.6 \leq |y| < 4.4$). A 2 % systematic uncertainty is assigned for jets with $p_T < 45$ GeV in the region $2.8 \leq |y| < 3.6$ or with $p_T < 30$ GeV in the region $3.6 \leq |y| < 4.4$, as the triggers are used for p_T close to the lowest p_T point with 99 % efficiency for these jets.

The uncertainty on the jet reconstruction efficiency is the same as in the previous measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV [25] and is 2 % for $p_T < 30$ GeV and 1 % for $p_T > 30$ GeV. It is evaluated using jets reconstructed from tracks [73]. The uncertainty on the jet selection efficiency from the measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV is applied in this measurement, but a minimal uncertainty of 0.5 % is retained. The latter accounts for the level of agreement of the central value in the comparison between the used jet selection efficiency and the measured jet selection efficiency at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV.

The uncertainty due to the jet energy calibration is evaluated using the same uncertainties on the sources as in the previous measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV [25]. Effects from the systematic uncertainty sources are propagated through the unfolding procedure to provide the uncertainties on the measured cross-sections. The JES uncertainty and its sources are described in detail in Ref. [73], where the total JES uncertainty is found to be less than 2.5 % in the central calorimeter region for jets with $60 < p_T < 800$ GeV, and maximally 14 % for $p_T < 30$ GeV in the most forward region. The JES applied to the reconstructed jets in the Monte Carlo simulation is varied separately for each JES uncertainty source both up and down by one standard deviation. The resulting p_T spectra are unfolded using the nominal unfolding matrix. The relative shifts with respect to the nominal unfolded spectrum are taken as uncertainties on the cross-section.

The uncertainty on the jet energy resolution (JER) is assigned by considering the difference between data and Monte Carlo simulation in the estimated JER using in situ techniques [76]. The measured resolution uncertainty ranges from 20 % to 10 % for jets within $|y| < 2.8$ and with transverse momenta increasing from 30 GeV to 500 GeV. The difference between data and MC is found to be within 10 %. The effect of this uncertainty on the cross-section measurement is evaluated by smearing the energy of reconstructed jets in the Monte Carlo simulation such that the resolution is worsened by the one-standard-deviation uncertainty. Then a new transfer matrix is constructed and used to unfold the data spectra. The relative difference between the cross-

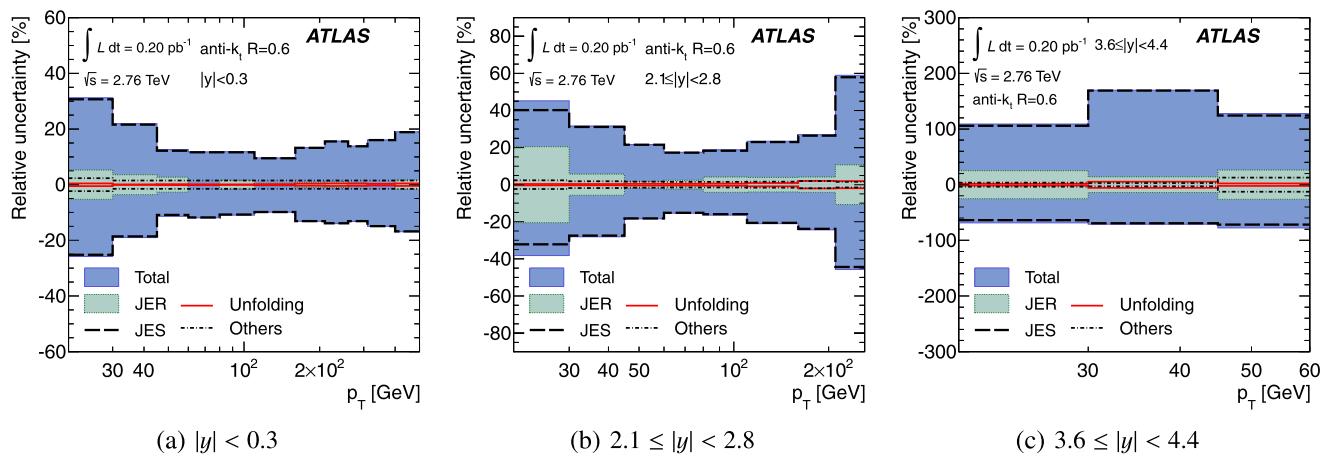


Fig. 5 The systematic uncertainty on the inclusive jet cross-section measurement for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in three representative rapidity bins, as a function of the jet p_T . In addition to the total uncertainty, the uncertainties from the jet energy scale (JES), the jet energy reso-

lution (JER), the unfolding procedure and the other systematic sources are shown separately. The 2.7 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurement and the statistical uncertainty are not shown

sections unfolded with the modified transfer matrix and with the nominal one is taken as the uncertainty in the measurement.

The jet angular resolution is estimated in Monte Carlo simulation from the polar angle between the reconstructed jet and its matched jet at particle level. A new transfer matrix with angular resolution degraded by 10 % is used for the data unfolding, and the relative difference from the nominal unfolded result is assigned as the resulting uncertainty.

The uncertainties in the unfolding procedure are described in Sect. 9. The closure test and the variation of the matching criterion used to construct the transfer matrix are examined. The impact of a possible mis-modelling of the jet p_T spectrum in the Monte Carlo simulation is assessed in the closure test of the unfolding procedure.

The integrated luminosity is calculated by measuring pp interaction rates with several ATLAS devices. The absolute calibration is derived from van der Meer scans [77, 78]. In total, four scan sessions were performed during the collection of the dataset used in the jet cross-section measurements reported here. The uncertainty in the luminosity determination arises from three main contributions: bunch-population measurements, beam conditions during the luminosity calibration scans, and long-term consistency of the different algorithms used to measure the instantaneous luminosity during data collection. The uncertainty on the luminosity for the 2.76 TeV dataset is ± 2.7 %, dominated by the irreproducibility of beam conditions during the calibration scans. The total systematic uncertainty for the 2010 dataset at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV is ± 3.4 % [79], dominated by bunch-population measurement uncertainties. Because of significant improvements to the beam instrumentation implemented between the two running periods, and because the dominant systematic uncertainties are of independent origins in

the two datasets, these luminosity uncertainties are treated as uncorrelated.

The evaluated systematic uncertainties on the measured cross-section are added in quadrature and shown in Fig. 5 for representative rapidity bins and $R = 0.6$. Results for jets with $R = 0.4$ are similar. The systematic uncertainty on this measurement is driven by the uncertainties on the JES. The very steeply falling jet p_T spectrum, especially for large rapidity, transforms even relatively modest uncertainties on the transverse momentum into large changes in the measured differential cross-section. The uncertainty on the jet energy resolution also has a sizable effect on the total systematic uncertainty of the measurement in the low p_T bins. Other sources of uncertainty are found to have a smaller impact on the results.

A total of 22 independent sources of systematic uncertainty have been considered. The correlations of the systematic uncertainties across p_T and y are examined and summarised in Table 1. In the table, 88 independent nuisance parameters describe the correlations of systematic uncertainties over the whole phase space. The systematic effect on the cross-section measurement associated with each nuisance parameter is treated as completely correlated in p_T and y . The table also shows the correlation with respect to the previous $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV measurement using 2010 data, which is used in the extraction of the cross-section ratio in Sect. 12.

11 Inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV

The inclusive jet double-differential cross-section is shown in Figs. 6 and 7 for jets reconstructed with the anti- k_t algorithm with $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$, respectively. The measurement spans jet transverse momenta from 20 GeV to 430 GeV

Table 1 Description of the bin-to-bin uncertainty correlation in the measurement of the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV. Each number corresponds to a nuisance parameter for which the corresponding uncertainty is fully correlated in the p_T of the jet. Bins with the same nuisance parameter are treated as fully correlated, while bins with different nuisance parameters are uncorrelated. Numbers are assigned to be the same as in the previous publication [25]. The sources labelled by u_i are sources uncorrelated in p_T and y of the jet. The correlation with the previous cross-section measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV [25] is indicated in the last column, where full correlation is indicated by a Y and

Uncertainty source	$ y $ bins							Correlation to 7 TeV
	0–0.3	0.3–0.8	0.8–1.2	1.2–2.1	2.1–2.8	2.8–3.6	3.6–4.4	
Trigger efficiency	u_1	u_1	u_1	u_1	u_1	u_1	u_1	N
Jet reconstruction eff.	83	83	83	83	84	85	86	Y
Jet selection eff.	u_2	u_2	u_2	u_2	u_2	u_2	u_2	N
JES1: Noise thresholds	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	Y
JES2: Theory UE	7	7	8	9	10	11	12	Y
JES3: Theory showering	13	13	14	15	16	17	18	Y
JES4: Non-closure	19	19	20	21	22	23	24	Y
JES5: Dead material	25	25	26	27	28	29	30	Y
JES6: Forward JES generators	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	*
JES7: E/p response	32	32	33	34	35	36	37	Y
JES8: E/p selection	38	38	39	40	41	42	43	Y
JES9: EM + neutrals	44	44	45	46	47	48	49	Y
JES10: HAD E -scale	50	50	51	52	53	54	55	Y
JES11: High p_T	56	56	57	58	59	60	61	Y
JES12: E/p bias	62	62	63	64	65	66	67	Y
JES13: Test-beam bias	68	68	69	70	71	72	73	Y
JES15: Forward JES detector	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	*
Jet energy resolution	76	76	77	78	79	80	81	Y
Jet angle resolution	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	Y
Unfolding: Closure test	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	N
Unfolding: Jet matching	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	N
Luminosity	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	N

in the rapidity region of $|y| < 4.4$, covering seven orders of magnitude in cross-section. The results are compared to NLO pQCD predictions calculated with NLOJET++ using the CT10 PDF set. Corrections for non-perturbative effects are applied.

The ratio of the measured cross-sections to the NLO pQCD predictions using the CT10 PDF set is presented in Figs. 8 and 9 for jets with $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$, respectively. The results are also compared to the predictions obtained using the PDF sets MSTW 2008, NNPDF 2.1, HERAPDF 1.5 and ABM 11. The measurement is consistent with all the theory predictions using different PDF sets within their systematic uncertainties for jets with both radius parameters. However, the data for jets with $R = 0.4$ have

a systematically lower cross-section than any of the theory predictions, while such a tendency is seen only in the forward rapidity regions in the measurement for jets with $R = 0.6$.

The description of the JES uncertainty sources can be found in Refs. [73, 74]. JES14 is a source due to the pile-up correction and is not considered in this measurement. The sources JES6 and JES15 were merged together in the previous measurement and the sum of the two uncertainties added in quadrature is fully correlated with the JES6 in the previous measurement, indicated by the symbol “*” in the table. The nuisance parameter label 31 is skipped in order to be able to keep the same numbers for corresponding nuisance parameters in the two jet cross-section measurements. The values for the nuisance parameters are given in Tables 4–45

The comparison of the data with the POWHEG prediction for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$ is shown in Figs. 10 and 11 as a function of the jet p_T in bins of rapidity. In general, the POWHEG prediction is found to be in good agreement with the data. Especially in the forward region, the shape of the data is very well reproduced by the POWHEG prediction, while small differences are observed in the central region. As seen in the previous measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV [25], the Perugia 2011 tune gives a consistently larger prediction than the default PYTHIA tune AUET2B,

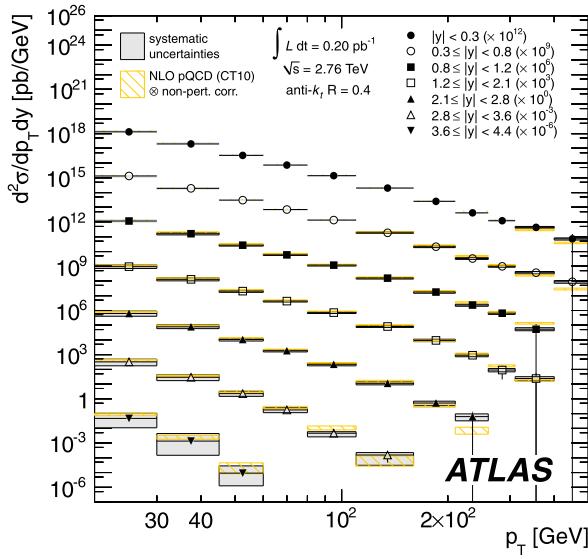


Fig. 6 Inclusive jet double-differential cross-section as a function of the jet p_T in bins of rapidity, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$. For presentation, the cross-section is multiplied by the factors indicated in the legend. The shaded area indicates the experimental systematic uncertainties. The data are compared to NLO pQCD predictions calculated using NLOJET++ with the CT10 PDF set, to which non-perturbative corrections have been applied. The hashed area indicates the predictions with their uncertainties. The 2.7 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

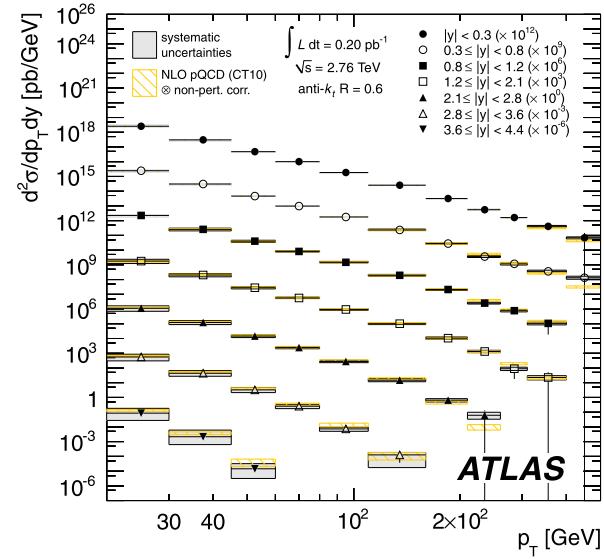


Fig. 7 Inclusive jet double-differential cross-section as a function of the jet p_T in bins of rapidity, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$. For presentation, the cross-section is multiplied by the factors indicated in the legend. The shaded area indicates the experimental systematic uncertainties. The data are compared to NLO pQCD predictions calculated using NLOJET++ with the CT10 PDF set, to which non-perturbative corrections have been applied. The hashed area indicates the predictions with their uncertainties. The 2.7 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

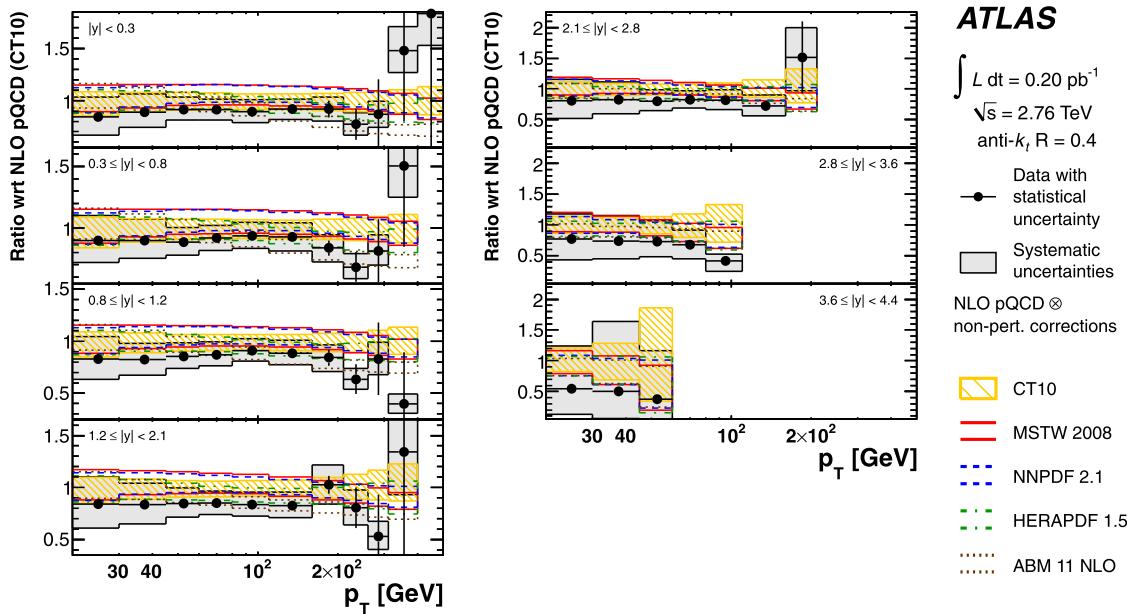


Fig. 8 Ratio of the measured inclusive jet double-differential cross-section to the NLO pQCD prediction calculated with NLOJET++ with the CT10 PDF set corrected for non-perturbative effects. The ratio is shown as a function of the jet p_T in bins of jet rapidity, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$. The figure also shows NLO pQCD predictions obtained

with different PDF sets, namely ABM 11, NNPDF 2.1, HERAPDF 1.5 and MSTW2008. Statistically insignificant data points at large p_T are omitted. The 2.7 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

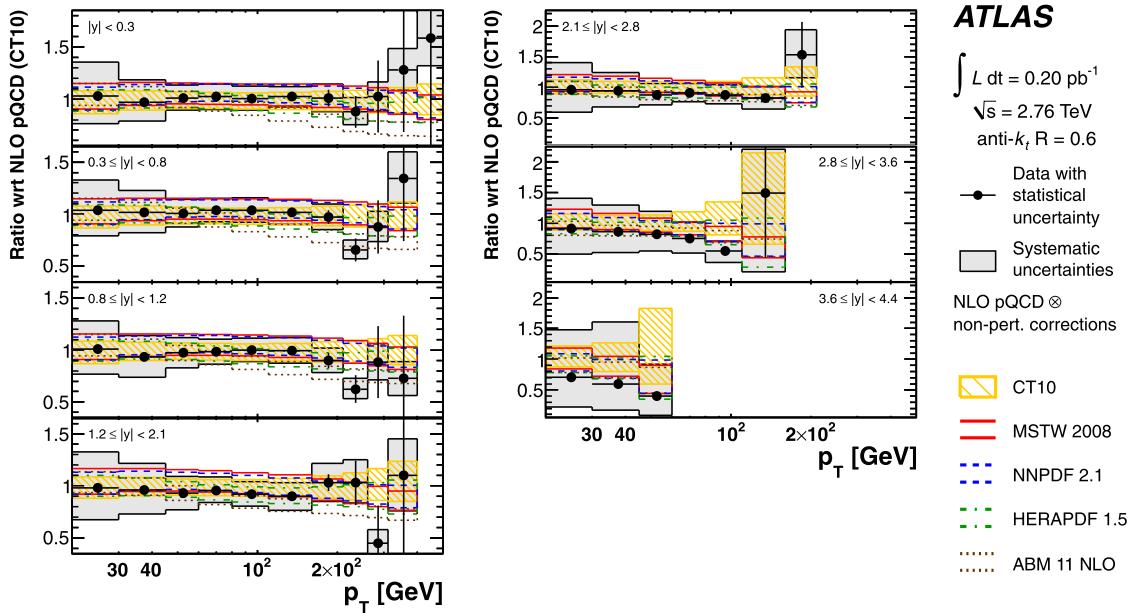


Fig. 9 Ratio of the measured inclusive jet double-differential cross-section to the NLO pQCD prediction calculated with NLOJET++ with the CT10 PDF set corrected for non-perturbative effects. The ratio is shown as a function of the jet p_T in bins of jet rapidity, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$. The figure also shows NLO pQCD predictions obtained

with different PDF sets, namely ABM 11, NNPDF 2.1, HERAPDF 1.5 and MSTW2008. Statistically insignificant data points at large p_T are omitted. The 2.7 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

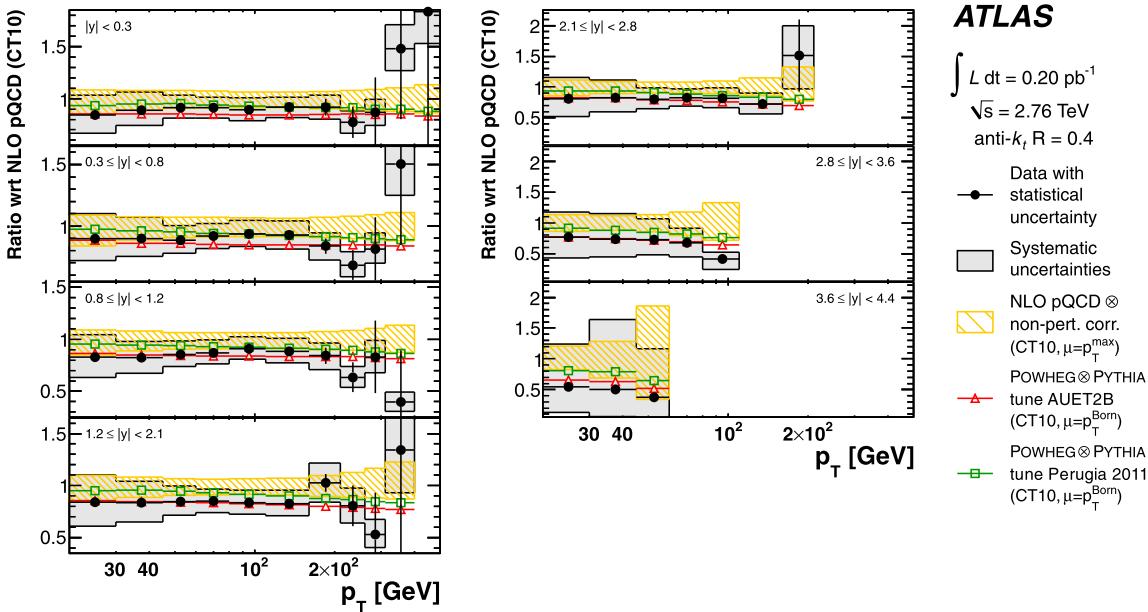


Fig. 10 Ratio of the measured inclusive jet double-differential cross-section to the NLO pQCD prediction calculated with NLOJET++ with the CT10 PDF set corrected for non-perturbative effects. The ratio is shown as a function of the jet p_T in bins of jet rapidity, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$. The figure also shows predictions from POWHEG using

PYTHIA for the simulation of the parton shower and hadronisation with the AUET2B tune and the Perugia 2011 tune. Only the statistical uncertainty is shown on the POWHEG predictions. Statistically insignificant data points at large p_T are omitted. The 2.7 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

which is generally in closer agreement with data. In contrast to the NLO pQCD prediction with corrections for non-perturbative effects, the POWHEG prediction agrees well with

data for both radius parameters $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$. This might be attributed to the matched parton shower approach from POWHEG (see Sect. 6.3).

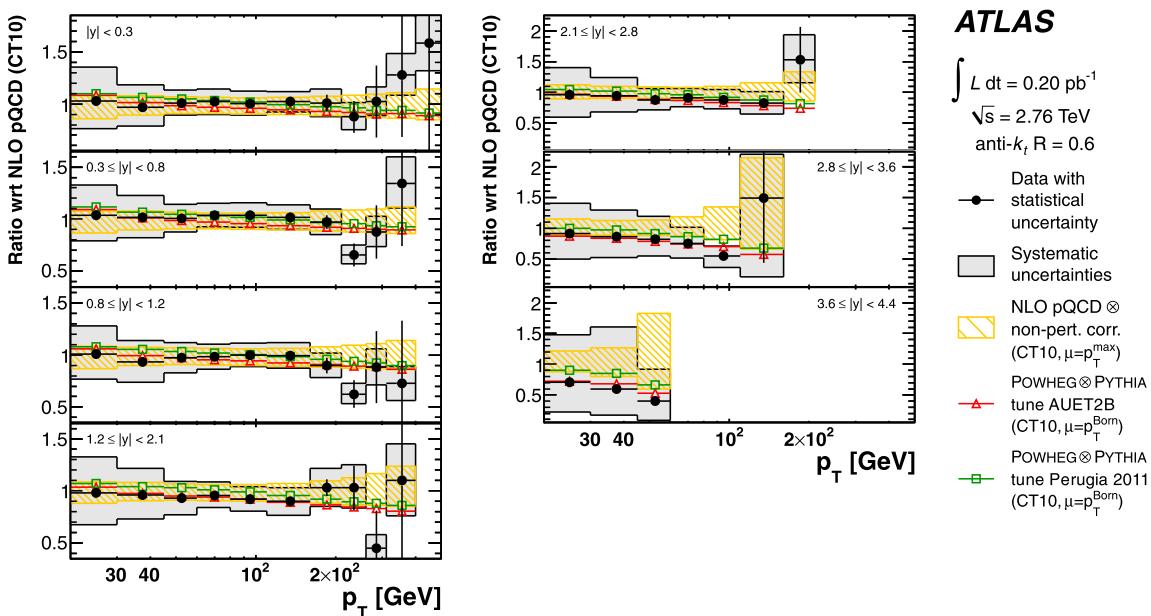


Fig. 11 Ratio of the measured inclusive jet double-differential cross-section to the NLO pQCD prediction calculated with NLOJET++ with the CT10 PDF set corrected for non-perturbative effects. The ratio is shown as a function of the jet p_T in bins of jet rapidity, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$. The figure also shows predictions from POWHEG using

PYTHIA for the simulation of the parton shower and hadronisation with the AUET2B tune and the Perugia 2011 tune. Only the statistical uncertainty is shown on the POWHEG predictions. Statistically insignificant data points at large p_T are omitted. The 2.7 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

12 Cross-section ratio of $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV to $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

12.1 Experimental systematic uncertainty

As indicated in Table 1, the systematic uncertainties on the measurement due to jet reconstruction and calibration are considered as fully correlated between the measurements at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. For each correlated systematic source s_i , the relative uncertainty $\Delta\rho_{s_i}/\rho$ on the cross-section ratio is calculated as

$$\frac{\Delta\rho_{s_i}}{\rho} = \frac{1 + \delta_{s_i}^{2.76 \text{ TeV}}}{1 + \delta_{s_i}^{7 \text{ TeV}}} - 1, \quad (8)$$

where $\delta_{s_i}^{2.76 \text{ TeV}}$ and $\delta_{s_i}^{7 \text{ TeV}}$ are relative uncertainties caused by a source s_i in the cross-section measurements at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, respectively. Systematic uncertainties that are uncorrelated between the two centre-of-mass energies are added in quadrature. The uncertainties on the trigger efficiency and the jet selection efficiency, and the ones from the unfolding procedure are conservatively considered as uncorrelated between the two measurements at the different energies. The measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV has an additional uncertainty due to pile-up effects in the jet energy calibration. It is added to the uncertainty in the cross-section ratio. The uncertainties in the luminosity measurements are also treated as uncorrelated (see Sect. 10), resulting in a luminosity uncertainty of 4.3 %. The uncertainty

on the momentum of the proton beam, based on the LHC magnetic model, is at the level of 0.1 % [80] and highly correlated between different centre-of-mass energies; hence, it is negligible for the ratio.

The experimental systematic uncertainties on both $\rho(y, x_T)$ and $\rho(y, p_T)$ are shown in Fig. 12 for representative rapidity bins for jets with $R = 0.6$. For $\rho(y, x_T)$ the uncertainties are 5 %–20 % for the central jets and $+160\%$ for the forward jets. For jets with $R = 0.4$, uncertainties are similar, except for central jets with low p_T where the uncertainty is within $\pm 15\%$. A significant reduction of the uncertainty is obtained for $\rho(y, p_T)$, being well below 5 % in the central region. In the forward region, the uncertainty is $\pm 70\%$ for jets with $R = 0.6$, and $+100\%$ for jets with $R = 0.4$.

12.2 Results

Figures 13 and 14 show the extracted cross-section ratio of the inclusive jet cross-section measured at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV to the one measured at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, as a function of x_T , for jets with $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$, respectively. The measured cross-section ratio is found to be $1.1 < \rho(y, x_T) < 1.5$ for both radius parameters. This approximately constant behaviour reflects both the asymptotic freedom of QCD and evolution of the gluon distribution in the proton as a function of the QCD scale. The measurement shows a slightly different x_T dependence for jets with $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$, which may be attributed to different x_T dependencies of

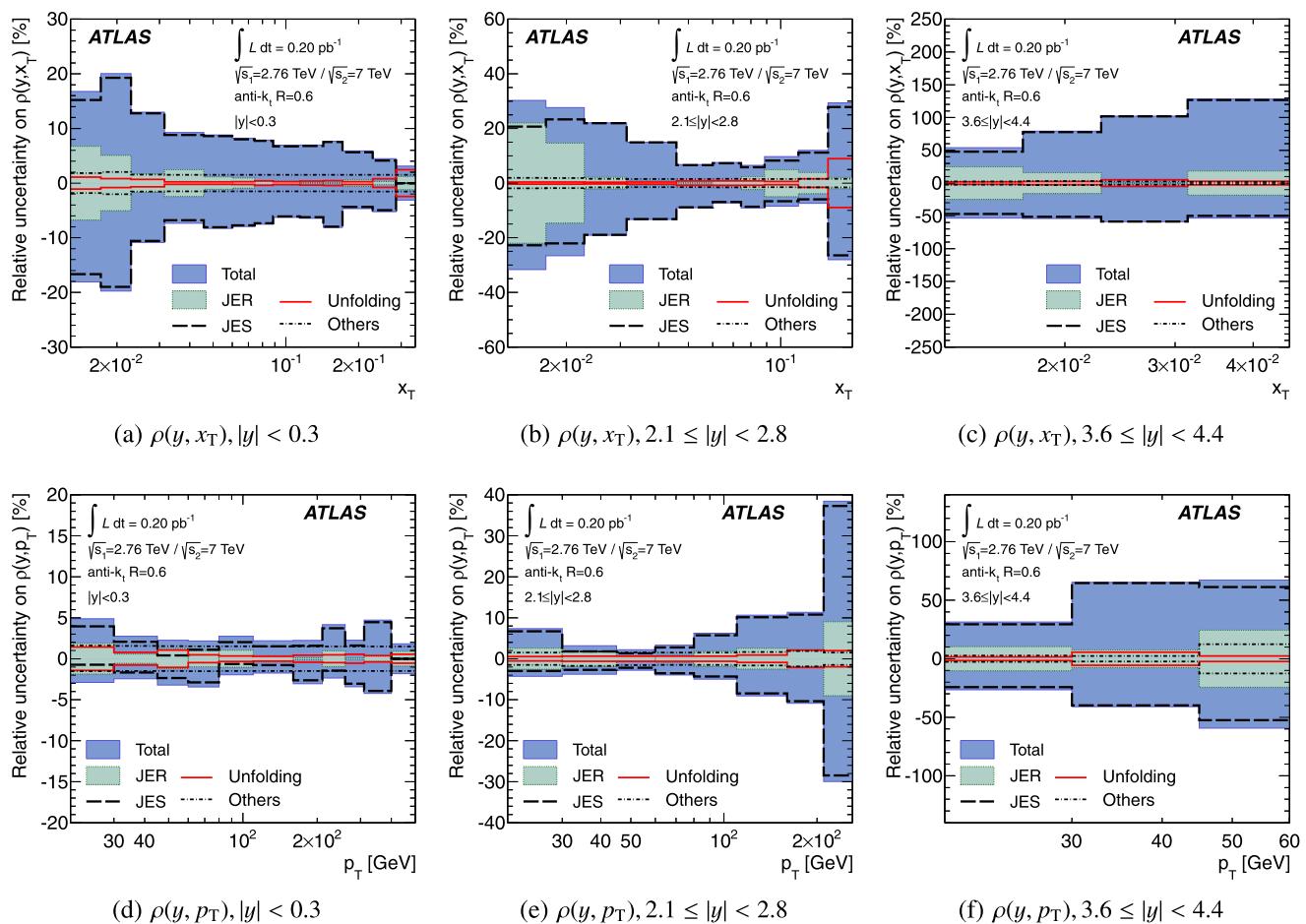


Fig. 12 The systematic uncertainty on the cross-section ratios, $\rho(y, x_T)$ and $\rho(y, p_T)$, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in three representative rapidity bins, as a function of the jet x_T and of the jet p_T , respectively. In addition to the total uncertainty, the uncertainties from

the jet energy scale (JES), the jet energy resolution (JER), the unfolding procedure and other systematic sources are shown separately. The 4.3 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements and the statistical uncertainty are not shown

non-perturbative corrections for the two radius parameters, already seen in Figs. 4(a) and 4(b). The measurement is then compared to the NLO pQCD prediction, to which corrections for non-perturbative effects are applied, obtained using the CT10 PDF set. It is in good agreement with the prediction.

Figures 15 and 16 show the same cross-section ratio compared to predictions from POWHEG with the CT10 PDF set. The tunes AUET2B and Perugia 2011 give very similar predictions in general, and also agree well with the pQCD prediction with non-perturbative corrections applied.

Figures 17 and 18 show the cross-section ratio as a function of the jet p_T , plotted as the double ratio with respect to the NLO pQCD prediction using the CT10 PDF set with non-perturbative corrections applied, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$.⁵

The systematic uncertainty on the measurement is significantly reduced and is generally smaller than the theory uncertainties. The measurement is also compared to the predictions using different PDF sets, namely MSTW2008, NNPDF 2.1, HERAPDF 1.5 and ABM 11. In general, the measured points are slightly higher than the predictions in the central rapidity regions and are lower in the forward rapidity regions. The deviation is more pronounced for the prediction using the ABM 11 PDF set in the barrel region,

which is a different treatment than was done for the published measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV [25]. The ratio is extracted using the coherent treatment in the two measurements at the different beam energies, shifting the measured cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV from the published result within its uncertainty. The shifts are sizable in the bin $0.8 \leq |y| < 1.2$ only. For jets with $R = 0.4$ ($R = 0.6$), they are 13 % (10 %) in the $20 \leq p_T < 30$ GeV bin, and 1.5 % (2.6 %) in the $30 \leq p_T < 45$ GeV bin. In the rapidity range $1.2 \leq |y| < 2.1$, the shift is 1.8 % (1.9 %) at $20 \leq p_T < 30$ GeV. These bins in the $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV measurement only enter in the extraction of $\rho(y, p_T)$ and not in that of $\rho(y, x_T)$.

⁵As written in Sect. 9, the measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV uses a quality selection for jets with low p_T in Monte Carlo simulation at $|\eta| \sim 1$,

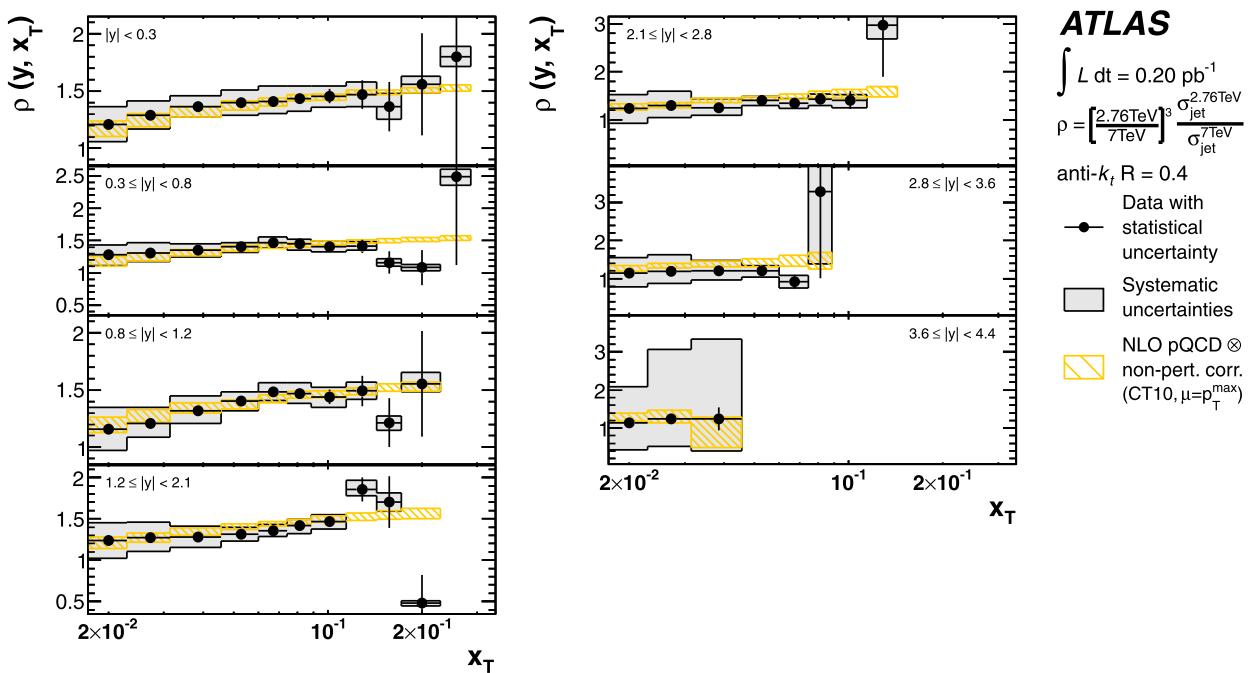


Fig. 13 Ratio of the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV to the one at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV as a function of x_T in bins of jet rapidity, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$. The theoretical prediction is calculated at next-to-leading order with the CT10 PDF set and corrected for non-

perturbative effects. Statistically insignificant data points at large x_T are omitted. The 4.3 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

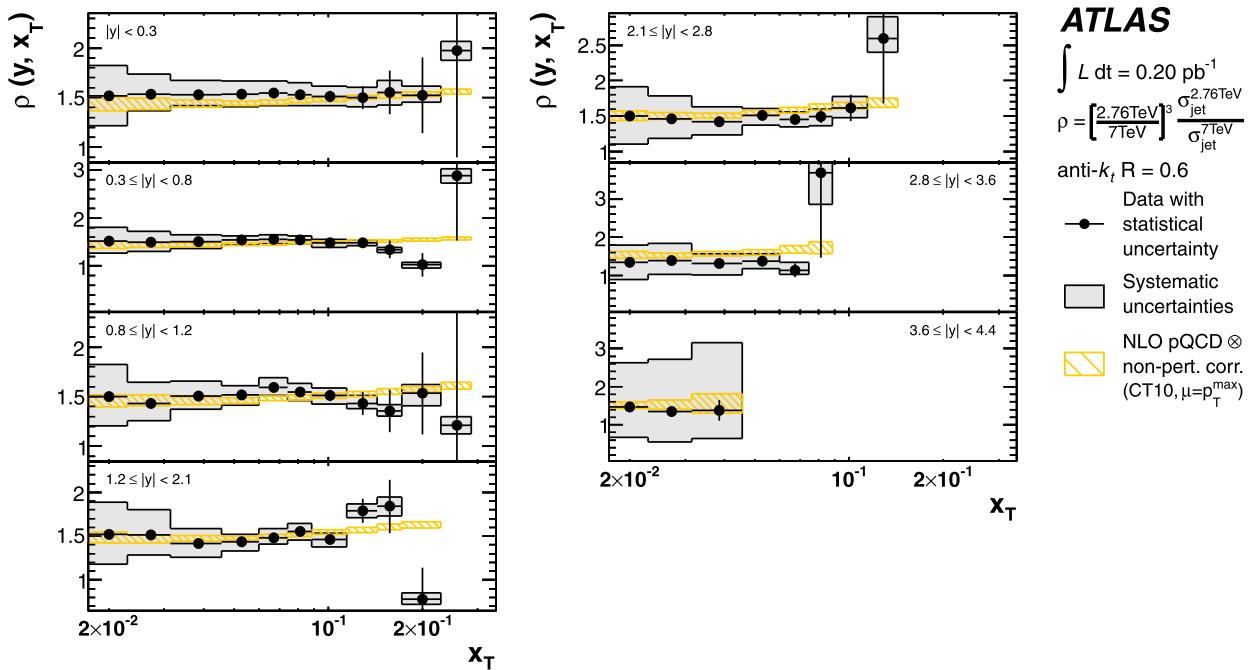


Fig. 14 Ratio of the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV to the one at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV as a function of x_T in bins of jet rapidity, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$. The theoretical prediction is calculated at next-to-leading order with the CT10 PDF set and corrected for non-

perturbative effects. Statistically insignificant data points at large x_T are omitted. The 4.3 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

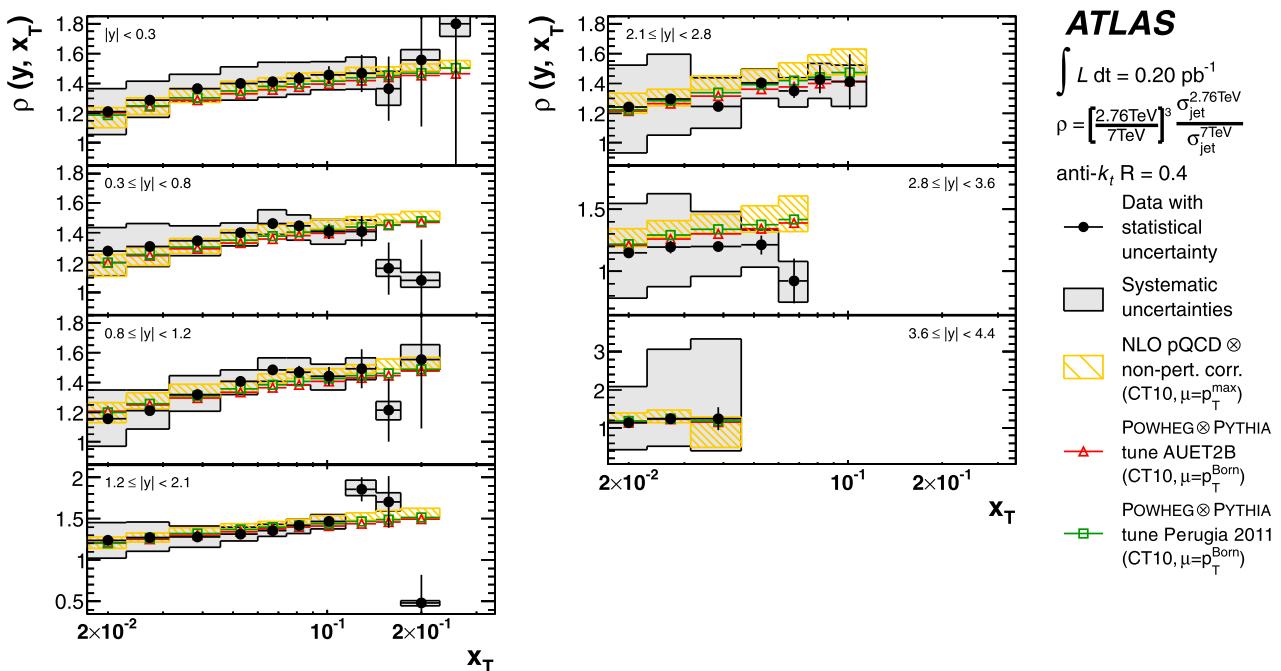


Fig. 15 Ratio of the measured inclusive jet double-differential cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV to the one at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV as a function of the jet x_T in bins of jet rapidity, for anti- k_t jet with $R = 0.4$. The theoretical prediction from NLOJET++ is calculated using the CT10 PDF set with corrections for non-perturbative effects applied. Also shown are

POWHEG predictions using PYTHIA for the simulation of the parton shower and hadronisation with the AUET2B tune and the Perugia 2011 tune. Only the statistical uncertainty is shown on the POWHEG predictions. Statistically insignificant data points at large x_T are omitted. The 4.3 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

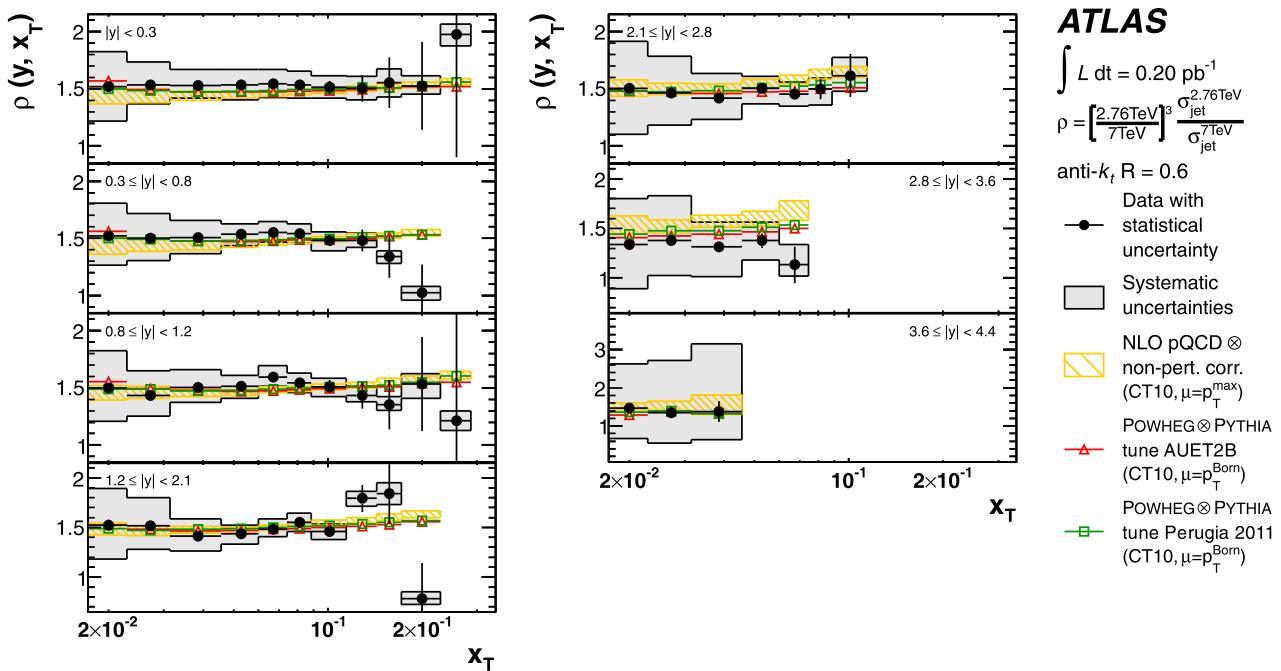


Fig. 16 Ratio of the measured inclusive jet double-differential cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV to the one at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV as a function of the jet x_T in bins of jet rapidity, for anti- k_t jet with $R = 0.6$. The theoretical prediction from NLOJET++ is calculated using the CT10 PDF set with corrections for non-perturbative effects applied. Also shown are

POWHEG predictions using PYTHIA for the simulation of the parton shower and hadronisation with the AUET2B tune and the Perugia 2011 tune. Only the statistical uncertainty is shown on the POWHEG predictions. Statistically insignificant data points at large x_T are omitted. The 4.3 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

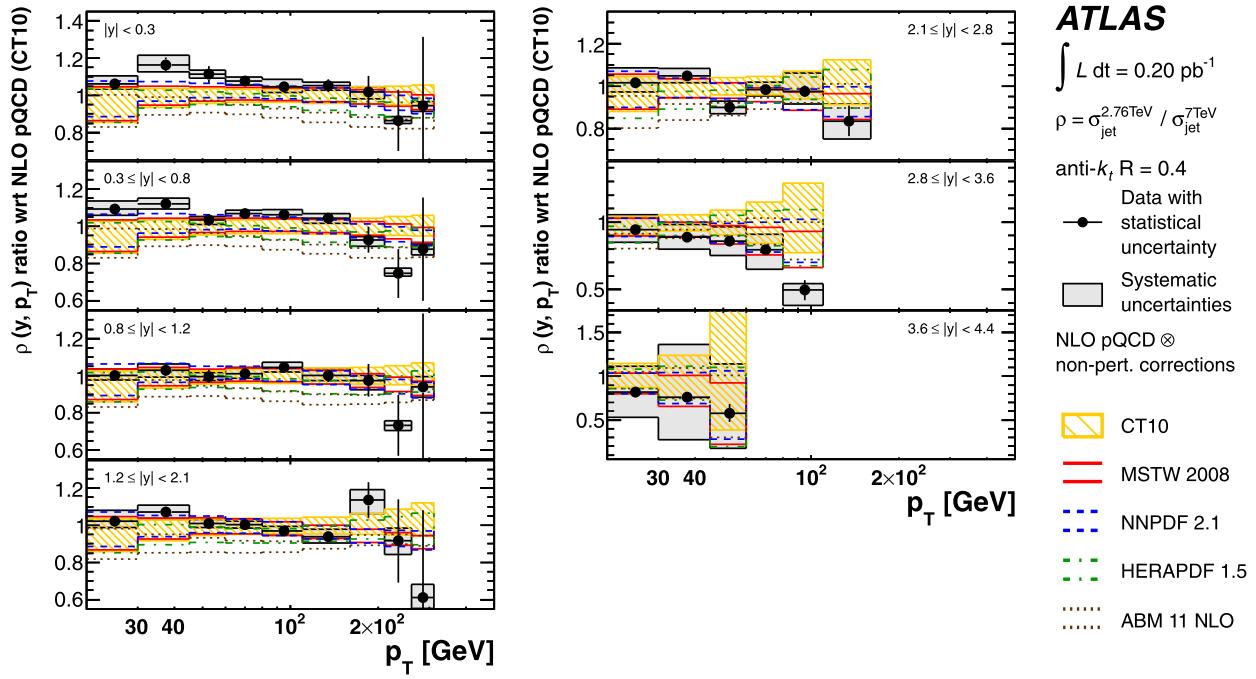


Fig. 17 Ratio of the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV to the one at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, shown as a double ratio to the theoretical prediction calculated with the CT10 PDFs as a function of the jet p_T in

bins of jet rapidity, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$. Statistically insignificant data points at large p_T are omitted. The 4.3 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

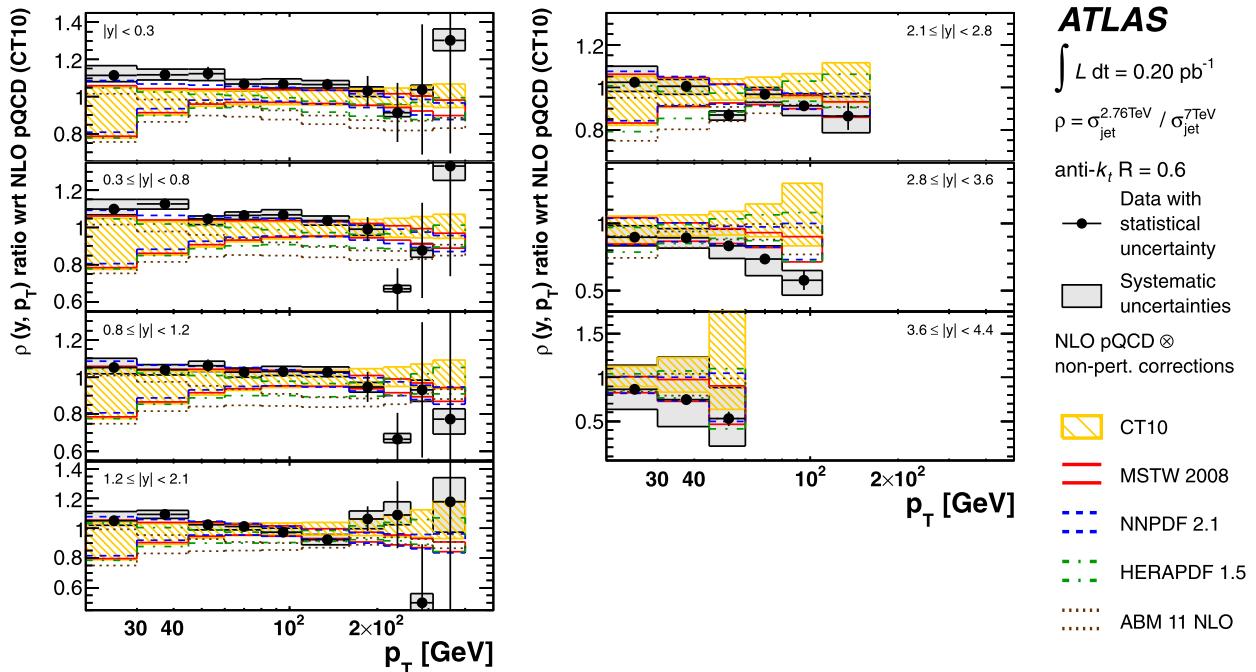


Fig. 18 Ratio of the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV to the one at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, shown as a double ratio to the theoretical prediction calculated with the CT10 PDFs as a function of the jet p_T in

bins of jet rapidity, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$. Statistically insignificant data points at large p_T are omitted. The 4.3 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

which yields a different shape with respect to the other PDF sets.

The very small systematic uncertainty in the $\rho(y, p_T)$ measurement suggests that the measured jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV may contribute to constrain the PDF uncertainties in a global PDF fit in the pQCD framework by correctly taking the correlation of systematic uncertainties to the previous $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV measurement into account. Such an NLO pQCD analysis is described in Sect. 13.

A comparison of the jet cross-section ratio as a function of p_T to the POWHEG prediction is made in Figs. 19 and 20. Differences between the tunes used in PYTHIA for the parton shower are very small, and deviations are seen only in the forward region for large p_T . Like the NLO pQCD prediction with non-perturbative corrections, the POWHEG prediction has a different trend in the central rapidity region with respect to data, deviating by more than 10 %. However, it follows the data very well in the forward region.

13 NLO pQCD analysis of HERA and ATLAS jet data

Knowledge of the PDFs of the proton comes mainly from deep-inelastic lepton–proton scattering experiments covering a broad range of momentum-transfer squared Q^2 and of Bjorken x . The PDFs are determined from data using pQCD in the DGLAP formalism [81–85]. The quark distributions in the region $x \lesssim 0.01$ are in general well constrained by the precise measurement of the proton structure function $F_2(x, Q^2)$ at HERA [86]. However, the gluon momentum distribution $xg(x, Q^2)$ at x values above 0.01 has not been as precisely determined in deep-inelastic scattering. The inclusive jet p_T spectrum at low and moderate p_T is sensitive to the gluon distribution function.

The systematic uncertainty on the jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV is strongly correlated with the ATLAS jet cross-section measured at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, as described in Sect. 8. Therefore, increased sensitivity to the PDFs is expected when these two jet cross-section datasets are analysed together, with proper treatment of correlation between the measurements.

A combined NLO pQCD analysis of the inclusive jet cross-section in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV together with the ATLAS inclusive jet cross-section in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV [25] and HERA I data [86] is presented here. The analysis is performed using the HERAFitter package [86–88], which uses the light-quark coefficient functions calculated to NLO as implemented in QCNUM [89] and the heavy-quark coefficient functions from the variable-flavour number scheme (VFNS) [90, 91] for the PDF evolution, as well as MINUIT [92] for minimisation of χ^2 . The data are compared to the theory using the χ^2 function defined in Refs. [93–95]. The heavy quark masses are chosen to be $m_c = 1.4$ GeV and $m_b = 4.75$ GeV [53]. The

strong coupling constant is fixed to $\alpha_S(M_Z) = 0.1176$, as in Ref. [86]. A minimum Q^2 cut of $Q_{\min}^2 = 3.5$ GeV 2 is imposed on the HERA data to avoid the non-perturbative region. The prediction for the ATLAS jet data is obtained from the NLO pQCD calculation to which the non-perturbative correction is applied as described in Sect. 6. Due to the large values of the non-perturbative corrections and their large uncertainties at low p_T of the jet, all the bins with $p_T < 45$ GeV are excluded from the analysis.

The DGLAP evolution equations yield the PDFs at any value of Q^2 , given that they are parameterised as functions of x at an initial scale Q_0^2 . In the present analysis, this scale is chosen to be $Q_0^2 = 1.9$ GeV 2 such that it is below m_c^2 . PDFs are parameterised at the evolution starting scale Q_0^2 using a HERAPDF-inspired ansatz as in Ref. [96]:

$$\begin{aligned} xu_v(x) &= A_{u_v}x^{B_{u_v}}(1-x)^{C_{u_v}}(1+E_{u_v}x^2), \\ xd_v(x) &= A_{d_v}x^{B_{d_v}}(1-x)^{C_{d_v}}, \\ x\bar{U}(x) &= A_{\bar{U}}x^{B_{\bar{U}}}(1-x)^{C_{\bar{U}}}, \\ x\bar{D}(x) &= A_{\bar{D}}x^{B_{\bar{D}}}(1-x)^{C_{\bar{D}}}, \\ xg(x) &= A_gx^{B_g}(1-x)^{C_g} - A'_gx^{B'_g}(1-x)^{C'_g}. \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

Here $\bar{U} = \bar{u}$ whereas $\bar{D} = \bar{d} + \bar{s}$. The parameters A_{u_v} and A_{d_v} are fixed using the quark counting rule and A_g using the momentum sum rule. The normalisation and slope parameters, A and B , of \bar{u} and \bar{d} are set equal such that $x\bar{u} = x\bar{d}$ at $x \rightarrow 0$. An extra term for the valence distribution (E_{u_v}) is observed to improve the fit quality significantly. The strange-quark distribution is constrained to a certain fraction of \bar{D} as $x\bar{s} = f_s x\bar{D}$, where $f_s = 0.31$ is chosen in this analysis. The gluon distribution uses the so-called flexible form, suggested by MSTW analyses, with $C'_g = 25$ [53]. This value of the C'_g parameter ensures that the additional term contributes at low x only. With all these additional constraints applied, the fit has 13 free parameters to describe the parton densities.

To see the impact of the ATLAS jet data on the PDFs, a fit only to the HERA dataset is performed first. Then, the fit parameters are fixed and the χ^2 value between jet data and the fit prediction is calculated using experimental uncertainties only. The data are included taking into account bin-to-bin correlations. Finally, fits to HERA + ATLAS jet data are performed for $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$ jet sizes independently, since correlations of uncertainties between measurements based on two different jet radius parameters have not been determined. The correlations of systematic uncertainties between the $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV datasets are treated as described in Sect. 12. The PDF uncertainties are determined using the Hessian method [97, 98].

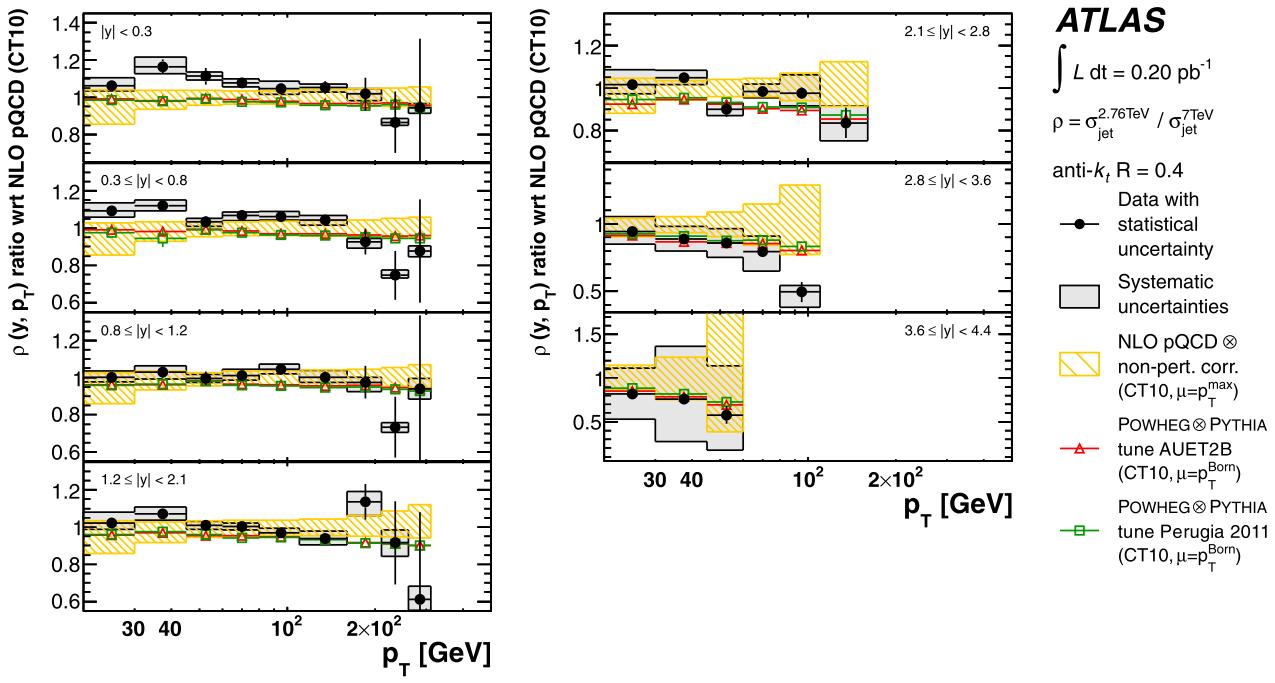


Fig. 19 Ratio of the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV to the one at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, shown as a double ratio to the theoretical prediction calculated with the CT10 PDFs as a function of p_T in bins of jet rapidity, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$. Also shown are POWHEG predictions using PYTHIA for the simulation of the parton shower and

hadronisation with the AUET2B tune and the Perugia 2011 tune. Only the statistical uncertainty is shown on the POWHEG predictions. Statistically insignificant data points at large p_T are omitted. The 4.3 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

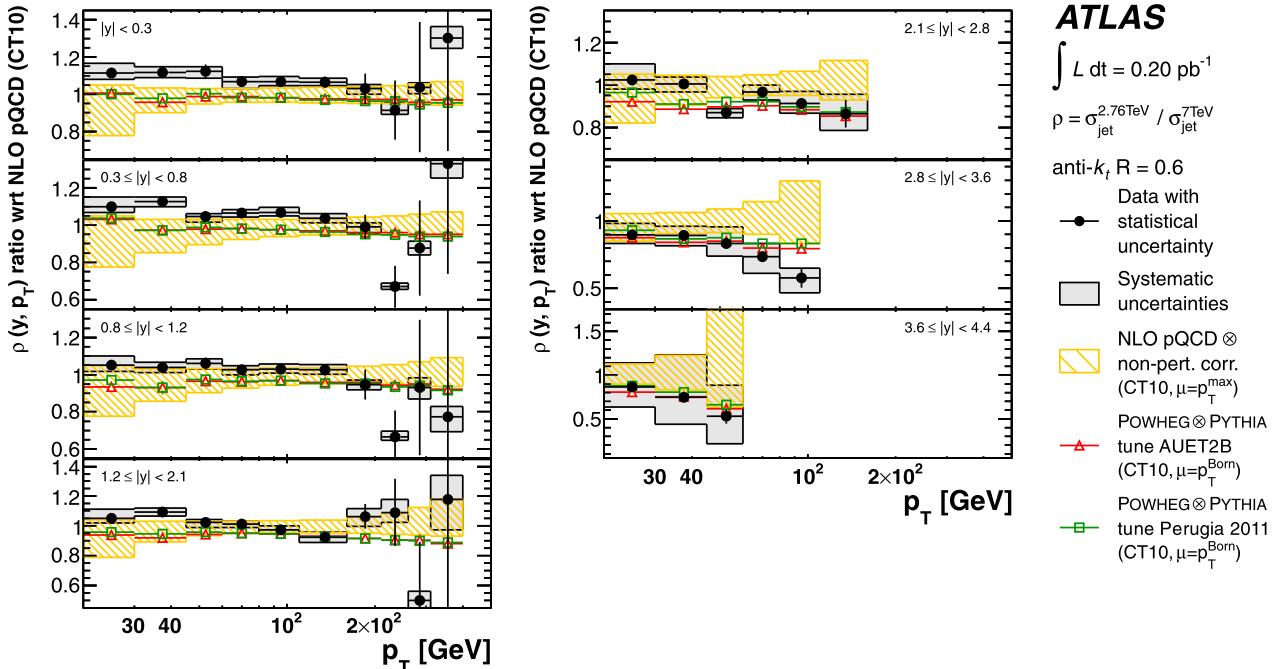


Fig. 20 Ratio of the inclusive jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV to the one at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, shown as a double ratio to the theoretical prediction calculated with the CT10 PDFs as a function of p_T in bins of jet rapidity, for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$. Also shown are POWHEG predictions using PYTHIA for the simulation of the parton shower and

hadronisation with the AUET2B tune and the Perugia 2011 tune. Only the statistical uncertainty is shown on the POWHEG predictions. Statistically insignificant data points at large p_T are omitted. The 4.3 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

The consistency of the PDF fit with different datasets in terms of the χ^2 values is given in Appendix B. Very good fit quality is found for both radius parameters. The χ^2 values also show the pull of ATLAS jet data for both jet radius parameters, while the description of the HERA data is almost unaffected.

The fits determine shifts for the correlated systematic uncertainties in the data, which are applied to the theory predictions. Typically these shifts are smaller than half a standard deviation and comparable in size for the fits to the two different jet radius parameters. Larger differences are found for the normalisation parameters in the fit using the $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV jet data, being 0.0 % for $R = 0.4$ and -2.4 % for $R = 0.6$, respectively, in spite of the fact that the integrated luminosity is the same in the two cases and thus 100 % correlated. Since this correlation is not implemented in the fitting method, the differences between the data and theory prediction for jets with $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$ (see Sect. 11) are compensated using shifts of the nuisance parameters. Interestingly, the gluon PDFs obtained from the two fits are very similar. Additional studies where the normalisation is fixed in the fit show that the impact of the difference in normalisation on the parton distributions is small.

In the fits using the HERA data and both of the ATLAS jet datasets at the different centre-of-mass energies, the shifts of jet-related systematic uncertainties modelled by 88 nuisance parameters contribute 19 (12) units in total to the correlated components of the χ^2 for the fit using $R = 0.4$ ($R = 0.6$). A few shifts of jet systematic uncertainties are found to be different between the $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$ fits, e.g. the jet energy resolution in forward rapidity bins differs by $\sim 0.5\sigma$. In order to evaluate the impact of the larger shifts on the fit parameters, a special fit is performed in which several systematic uncertainties with the largest shifts are treated as uncorrelated. In these special fits, the PDF parameters in Eq. (9) are found to be compatible with the results of the default fits.

In the following, the results for the fit using jet data with $R = 0.6$ are presented. The results for $R = 0.4$ are compatible. The results of the fits to HERA data and to the combined data from HERA and ATLAS jet measurements are presented in Fig. 21, which shows the momentum distribution of the gluon xg and sea quarks $xS = 2(x\bar{u} + x\bar{d} + x\bar{s})$ at the scale $Q^2 = 1.9 \text{ GeV}^2$. The gluon momentum distribution tends to be harder after the inclusion of the jet data than that obtained from HERA data alone. Furthermore, the uncertainty in xg is reduced if the ATLAS jet data are included in the fit. Being smaller in the high- x region, the sea quark momentum distribution tends to be softer with the ATLAS jet data used in the fit. This reduction of the central value results in a larger relative uncertainty on xS .

The fit is also performed for HERA data in combination with the ATLAS jet data at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

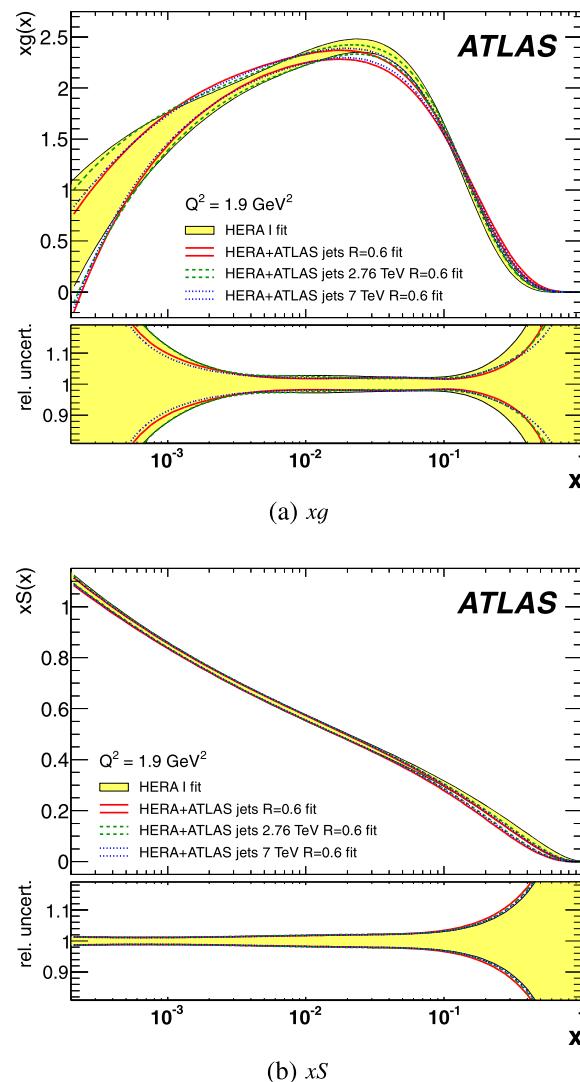


Fig. 21 Momentum distributions of the (a) gluon $xg(x)$ and (b) sea quarks $xS(x)$ together with their relative experimental uncertainty as a function of x for $Q^2 = 1.9 \text{ GeV}^2$. The filled area indicates a fit to HERA data only. The bands show fits to HERA data in combination with both ATLAS jet datasets, and with the individual ATLAS jet datasets separately, each for jets with $R = 0.6$. For each fit the uncertainty in the PDF is centred on unity

separately (see Fig. 21). It is found that the impact on the gluon momentum distribution is largely reduced. Hence, the full potential of the ATLAS jet data for PDF fits can be exploited only when both datasets and the information about the correlations are used.

The measured jet cross-section and the cross-section ratio, $\rho(y, p_T)$, are compared to the predictions based on fitted PDF sets in Figs. 22 and 23, respectively. The data are well described by the prediction based on the refit PDFs after the addition of the jet data. The description is particularly improved in the forward region.

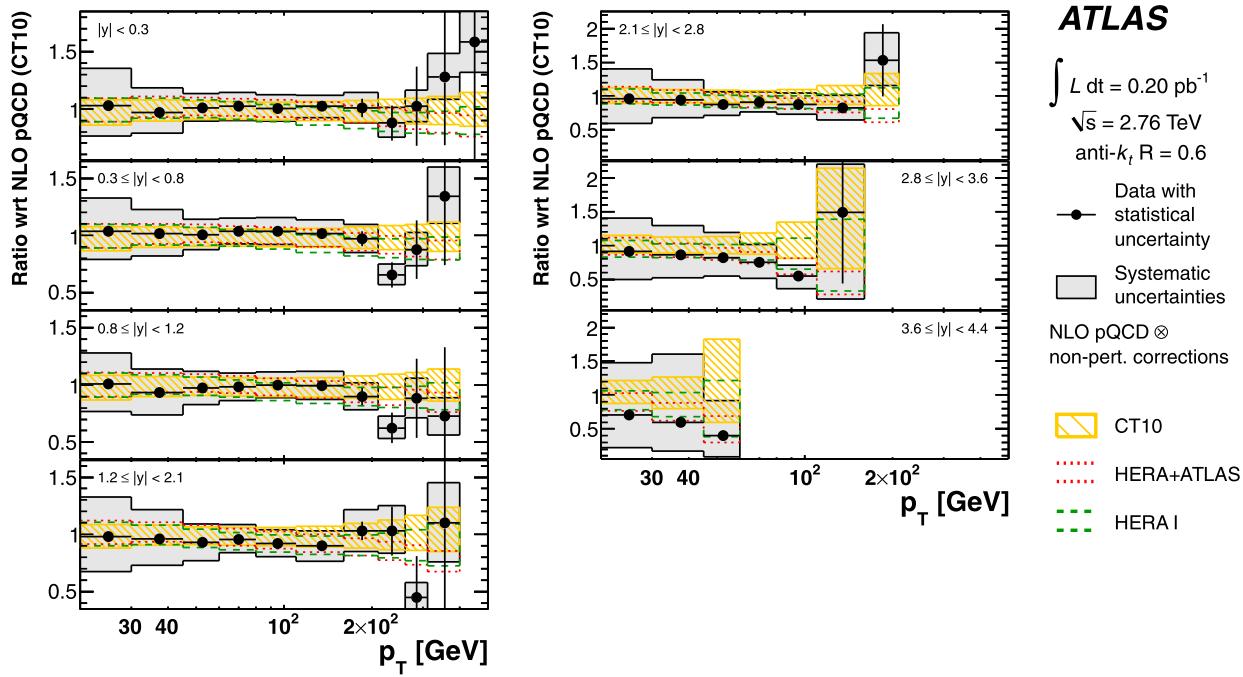


Fig. 22 Comparison of NLO pQCD predictions of the jet cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV calculated with the CT10 PDF set, the fitted PDF set using the HERA data only and the one using HERA data and the ATLAS jet data with $R = 0.6$. The predictions are normalised

to the one using the CT10 PDF set. Also shown is the measured jet cross-section. The 2.7 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurement is not shown

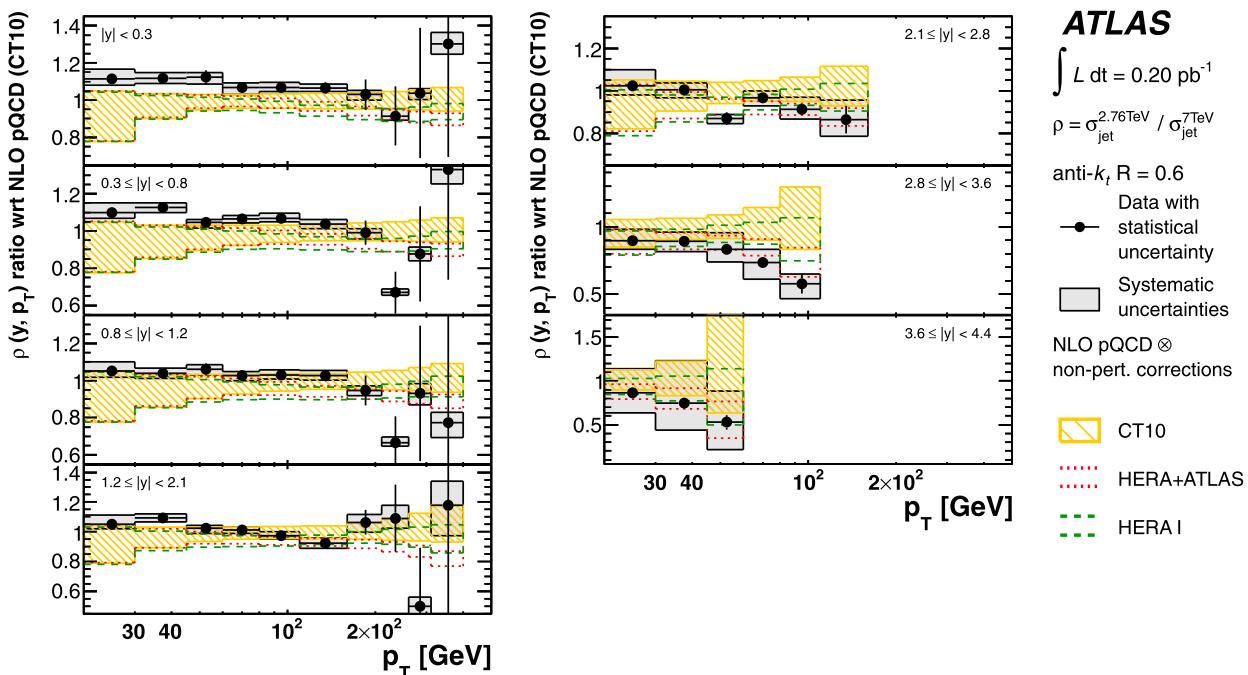


Fig. 23 Comparison of NLO pQCD predictions of the jet cross-section ratio of $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV to $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV calculated with the CT10 PDF set, the fitted PDF set using the HERA data only and the one using HERA data and the ATLAS jet data with $R = 0.6$. The pre-

dictions are normalised to the one using the CT10 PDF set. Also shown is the measured jet cross-section ratio. The 4.3 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not shown

14 Conclusion

The inclusive jet cross-section in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV has been measured for jets reconstructed with the anti- k_t algorithm with two radius parameters of $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$, based on the data collected using the ATLAS detector at the beginning of 2011 LHC operation, corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 0.20 pb^{-1} . The measurement is performed as a function of the jet transverse momentum, in bins of jet rapidity.

The ratio of the inclusive jet cross-sections at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV is shown in this paper. The correlation of the sources of uncertainty common to the two measurements is fully taken into account, resulting in a reduction of systematic uncertainties in the ratio measurement.

The measurements are compared to fixed-order NLO perturbative QCD calculations, to which corrections for non-perturbative effects are applied. The comparison is performed with five different PDF sets. The predictions are in good agreement with the data in general, in both the jet cross-section and the cross-section ratio. This confirms that perturbative QCD can describe jet production at high jet transverse momentum. Due to the reduced systematic uncertainties, the ratio measurement starts to show preferences for certain PDF sets. The measurement is also compared to predictions from NLO matrix elements with matched parton-shower Monte Carlo simulation. In particular in the forward region, the central value of the prediction describes the data well.

An NLO pQCD analysis in the DGLAP formalism has been performed using the ATLAS inclusive jet cross-section data at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, together with HERA I data. By including the ATLAS jet data, a harder gluon distribution and a softer sea-quark distribution in the high Bjorken- x region are obtained with respect to the fit of HERA data only. Furthermore, it is shown that the full potential of the ATLAS jet data for PDF fits can be exploited further when the information about the correlations between the measurements at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV is used.

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Appendix A: Bin boundaries of the measured cross-section

The bin boundaries of the cross-section measurement are given in Table 2 for the x_T binning, and for the p_T binning at both centre-of-mass energies, $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV.

Table 2 Bin boundaries in the variable x_T used in the extraction of $\rho(y, x_T)$, the cross-section ratio as a function of x_T at different centre-of-mass energies. Also shown are the corresponding jet p_T values at each centre-of-mass energy

x_T	p_T [GeV] at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	p_T [GeV] at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV
0.0171	60	23.65
0.0229	80	31.54
0.0314	110	43.37
0.0457	160	63.08
0.0600	210	82.80
0.0743	260	102.5
0.0886	310	122.2
0.1143	400	157.7
0.1429	500	197.1
0.1714	600	236.5
0.2286	800	315.4
0.2857	1000	394.2
0.3429	1200	473.1

Appendix B: Tables of χ^2 values for the PDF fit

Table 3 shows the χ^2 values for the PDF fits with various combinations of HERA and ATLAS jet data for different radius parameters R of the anti- k_t algorithm.

Table 3 Agreement of the PDF fit with different datasets in terms of the χ^2 values, using various combinations of input datasets for the fit. HERA is used as baseline and in combination with ATLAS jet data from the single-jet double-differential cross-section measurements at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV for anti- k_t jets with two radius parameters, $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$. When both ATLAS jet datasets at $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV are used, all correlations between the measurements are taken into account. The χ^2 value of the fit with respect to the individual datasets tested is given separately for the uncorrelated and the correlated components as χ^2_{uncor} and χ^2_{cor} , where the

shifts of the systematic uncertainties are summed in quadrature for each category. In general, a very good fit quality is found. Comparison of χ^2 values of the fit using HERA data only with fits including both HERA and ATLAS jet data shows the pull of ATLAS jet data for both jet radius parameters, while the description of the HERA data is almost unaffected. For example, χ^2_{uncor} of the HERA dataset worsens only slightly by 8 units from 556 to 564 when the ATLAS jet data for $R = 0.6$ is included in the fit, while χ^2_{uncor} improved from 33 (50) to 29 (40) for the 2.76 TeV (7 TeV) jet data. There is also an improvement from 22 to 12 in χ^2_{cor} for jets

Input datasets	Test dataset	χ^2_{uncor}	χ^2_{cor}	N_{points}
HERA	HERA	556	3.0	592
	ATLAS jets 2.76 TeV, $R = 0.4$	29	21	40
	ATLAS jets 7 TeV, $R = 0.4$	44		76
	ATLAS jets 2.76 TeV, $R = 0.6$	33	22	40
	ATLAS jets 7 TeV, $R = 0.6$	50		76
HERA ATLAS jets 2.76 TeV, $R = 0.4$ ATLAS jets 7 TeV, $R = 0.4$	HERA	562	3.6	592
	ATLAS jets 2.76 TeV, $R = 0.4$	27	19	40
	ATLAS jets 7 TeV, $R = 0.4$	33		76
	ATLAS jets 2.76 TeV, $R = 0.6$	29	13	40
	ATLAS jets 7 TeV, $R = 0.6$	41		76
HERA ATLAS jets 2.76 TeV, $R = 0.4$	HERA	557	3.1	592
	ATLAS jets 2.76 TeV, $R = 0.4$	20	7.4	40
HERA ATLAS jets 7 TeV, $R = 0.4$	HERA	559	3.4	592
	ATLAS jets 7 TeV, $R = 0.4$	28	14	76
HERA ATLAS jets 2.76 TeV, $R = 0.6$ ATLAS jets 7 TeV, $R = 0.6$	HERA	564	4.0	592
	ATLAS jets 2.76 TeV, $R = 0.6$ jets	29	12	40
	ATLAS jets 7 TeV, $R = 0.6$	40		76
	ATLAS jets 2.76 TeV, $R = 0.4$	26	18	40
	ATLAS jets 7 TeV, $R = 0.4$	32		76
HERA ATLAS jets 2.76 TeV, $R = 0.6$	HERA	558	3.2	592
	ATLAS jets 2.76 TeV, $R = 0.6$	21	4.9	40
HERA ATLAS jets 7 TeV, $R = 0.6$	HERA	560	3.6	592
	ATLAS jets 7 TeV, $R = 0.6$	34	9.4	76

Appendix C: Tables of the measured jet cross-sections and cross-section ratios

The measured inclusive single-jet cross-sections are shown in Tables 4–10 and Tables 11–17 for jets with $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$, respectively. Tables 18–24 and 25–31 show the measured cross-section ratio, $\rho(y, x_T)$, for $R = 0.4$ and $R =$

0.6, and Tables 32–38 and Tables 39–45 show the measured cross-section ratio, $\rho(y, p_T)$, for $R = 0.4$ and $R = 0.6$, respectively.

Table 4 Measured jet cross section for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $|y| < 0.3$. NPcorr stands for multiplicative non-perturbative corrections, σ is the cross section and δ_{stat} is the statistical uncertainty. γ_i and u_j correspond to the correlated and uncorrelated systematic uncertainties given in %. They are described in Table 1, where i in γ_i denotes a nuisance parameter. For each table entry, the outcome of shifting the corresponding nuisance parameter by one standard deviation, up or down, is shown as superscript or subscript, respectively. In some bins these shifts may lead to cross-section variations in the same direction. The 2.7 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurement is not in the table

p_T (GeV)	NPcorr	σ (nb/GeV)	δ_{stat} %	γ_1 %	γ_7 %	γ_{13} %	γ_9 %	γ_{25} %	γ_{88} %	γ_{32} %	γ_{38} %	γ_{44} %	γ_{50} %	γ_{56} %	γ_{62} %	γ_{68} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{89} %	γ_{76} %	γ_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	
20–30	0.88 ^{+0.07} _{-0.11}	1.304e+03	1.7	+1.3	+12	+7.8	+4.9	0.0	+1.8	+5.3	+4.5	-0.0	+0.0	+1.3	-0.0	0.0	+4.6	+0.1	+0.3	+2.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5		
30–45	0.91 ^{+0.06} _{-0.09}	1.945e+02	2.9	+4.6	+9.6	+7.4	+4.0	-10	-2.1	-5.0	+4.7	+0.0	-0.0	-2.1	+0.0	+0.0	+4.4	+0.1	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5		
45–60	0.93 ^{+0.06} _{-0.06}	3.317e+01	2.6	+1.5	+7.6	+4.2	+1.2	-8.0	-1.8	0.0	-2.5	+3.3	+4.4	+0.0	-0.0	-3.7	+0.1	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5			
60–80	0.95 ^{+0.06} _{-0.05}	7.315e+00	1.1	-0.8	+6.6	+2.4	+3.9	-1.2	-6.9	-0.2	+0.5	+5.6	+4.2	+0.0	-0.0	+3.2	+2.4	+0.1	+0.2	+0.1	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5		
80–110	0.97 ^{+0.05} _{-0.05}	1.378e+00	1.7	+0.5	+8.2	+4.5	+0.5	+0.5	+0.5	-0.9	+2.2	+4.0	+4.6	+0.0	+0.0	+3.1	+1.6	+0.5	+0.5	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.5		
110–160	0.98 ^{+0.04} _{-0.04}	1.987e-01	3.2	-0.1	+5.7	+3.8	+3.6	+0.1	+0.7	0.0	+3.6	+4.0	+4.5	+0.0	+0.0	+3.1	+1.0	+0.1	+0.3	+0.1	+1.3	+1.0	+0.5		
160–210	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	2.552e-02	8.6	+0.0	+4.3	+4.5	+4.5	+0.0	+0.0	+1.2	0.0	+2.9	+2.9	+0.0	+0.0	+2.9	+0.8	+0.3	+0.3	+0.3	+5.6	0.0	+1.5	+0.5	
210–260	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	4.231e-03	19.	-0.0	+5.9	+6.2	+2.3	+1.8	0.0	+1.1	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	+0.0	+0.0	-3.1	+0.7	+0.3	+0.3	+0.3	+0.2	+0.6	+1.0	+0.5	
260–310	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	1.190e-03	39.	-0.0	+5.9	+4.1	+2.0	+1.9	0.0	+2.9	+0.6	+0.6	+0.6	+0.0	+0.0	+3.1	+0.6	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.0	+0.6	+1.0	+0.5	
310–400	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	4.272e-04	46.	+0.0	+3.9	+2.4	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+2.3	0.0	+2.2	+0.4	+0.4	+0.0	+0.0	+2.7	+0.4	+0.5	+0.5	+0.0	+0.6	+0.4	+1.0	+0.5
400–500	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	7.039e-05	115	-0.0	+1.1	+0.7	+3.5	+3.5	+0.0	+1.1	+0.7	+2.3	+0.7	+0.7	+0.0	+0.0	+3.7	+0.0	+0.7	+0.7	+0.9	+0.9	+0.5	+1.0	+0.5
500–600	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	1.190e-05	188	+0.0	-1.1	-0.7	-3.1	-3.1	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	+0.0	+0.0	-7.2	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5

Table 5 Measured jet cross section for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $0.3 \leq |y| < 0.8$. See caption of Table 4 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPcorr	σ (nb/GeV)	δ_{stat} %	γ_1 %	γ_7 %	γ_{13} %	γ_9 %	γ_{25} %	γ_{88} %	γ_{32} %	γ_{38} %	γ_{44} %	γ_{50} %	γ_{56} %	γ_{62} %	γ_{68} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{89} %	γ_{76} %	γ_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	
20–30	0.88 ^{+0.07} _{-0.12}	1.304e+03	1.4	+1.3	+6.6	+12	+6.2	+4.3	+0.1	+2.0	+4.5	+4.6	-0.0	+0.0	+2.7	-0.0	+0.1	+5.7	+0.0	+0.2	+2.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
30–45	0.91 ^{+0.06} _{-0.09}	1.887e+02	2.3	+4.2	+12	+6.8	+9.6	+2.3	+2.3	+0.1	+2.8	+3.4	+5.0	+0.0	+0.0	+3.0	+0.1	+0.2	+2.6	+0.1	+0.1	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5
45–60	0.93 ^{+0.06} _{-0.07}	3.068e+01	2.1	+1.4	+8.1	+5.9	+5.2	+1.7	+0.1	+3.0	+2.0	+2.0	+0.1	+0.0	+4.7	+0.1	+0.1	+2.7	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
60–80	0.95 ^{+0.05} _{-0.06}	6.991e+00	0.9	+0.7	-6.2	-4.9	-4.0	-2.5	-0.0	+0.0	+3.0	+1.1	+1.1	+0.4	+0.4	+3.0	-1.2	-0.1	+0.6	+0.6	+0.6	+0.6	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5
80–110	0.97 ^{+0.05} _{-0.05}	1.357e+00	1.3	+0.4	+6.1	+4.2	+3.4	-0.9	-0.0	+0.9	+0.9	+0.9	+0.0	+0.0	+2.7	+0.8	+0.8	+5.9	+0.0	+0.8	+0.3	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
110–160	0.98 ^{+0.04} _{-0.04}	1.860e-01	2.6	+0.0	-6.1	-3.9	-3.4	-0.9	-0.0	-2.7	-0.0	-2.7	-0.0	-0.0	+5.9	-0.1	+0.1	+1.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
160–210	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	2.128e-02	7.4	+0.0	+5.2	+4.4	+3.7	-2.0	-0.0	-2.7	-0.0	-2.7	-0.0	-0.0	+6.3	+0.6	+0.6	+2.8	+0.1	+0.3	+0.3	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
210–260	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.02}	3.343e-03	18.	-0.0	+5.4	+4.2	+2.7	+2.8	+0.0	+2.6	+0.7	+8.1	+4.1	+0.1	+0.0	+8.5	+0.0	+0.7	+0.2	+0.1	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
260–310	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.02}	9.730e-04	32.	-0.0	+4.6	+3.0	+1.8	+1.8	+0.1	+1.9	+0.5	+8.5	+4.5	+0.2	+0.0	+11.1	+0.0	+0.0	+1.1	+0.1	+0.1	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
310–400	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.02}	3.594e-04	44.	+0.0	+4.8	+3.7	+2.4	+2.4	+0.0	+2.2	+0.7	+9.8	+6.5	+0.2	+0.0	+9.6	-0.0	+0.0	+13.0	+0.0	+0.7	+0.2	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5
400–500	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.02}	8.801e-05	78.	0.0	+5.2	+4.0	+1.9	+3.7	+0.0	+1.8	+0.4	+11	+7.0	+0.2	+0.0	+16.0	+0.0	+0.6	+0.1	+0.5	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	

Table 6 Measured jet cross section for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $0.8 \leq |y| < 1.2$. See caption of Table 4 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	σ (nb/GeV)	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_2 %	γ_8 %	γ_{14} %	γ_{20} %	γ_{26} %	γ_{88} %	γ_{33} %	γ_{99} %	γ_{45} %	γ_{51} %	γ_{57} %	γ_{63} %	γ_{69} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{77} %	γ_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %
20–30	0.89 ^{+0.07} _{-0.11}	1.144e+03	1.6	+1.1 −8.7	+5.7 −8.9	+14 −12	+3.9 −6.3	+6.2 −3.5	+1.9 −2.0	+4.1 −2.5	+4.2 −4.0	−0.0 +0.0	+0.0 +4.5	+2.5 −0.0	+3.6 −0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+0.0 +0.1	+0.0 +0.1	+0.0 +0.1	+0.0 +0.1	+2.0 −1.0	+1.0 ±0.5	
30–45	0.92 ^{+0.06} _{-0.09}	1.599e+02	2.7	+3.6 −3.6	+12 −10	+1.9 −6.2	+7.4 −3.3	+2.5 −2.0	+4.0 −7.1	+4.1 −3.2	+4.2 −4.7	−0.0 +0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+2.6 −0.2	+3.8 −0.2	+0.0 +0.2	+4.1 −3.4	+0.1 +0.1	+0.0 +0.1	+0.0 +0.1	+0.0 +0.1	+1.0 ±0.5	
45–60	0.94 ^{+0.05} _{-0.07}	2.690e+01	2.4	+1.6 −1.2	+6.4 −7.1	+1.4 −5.7	+1.6 −1.1	+6.7 −5.7	+1.3 −1.5	+1.8 −4.2	+4.8 −4.2	−0.0 +0.1	+0.0 +0.1	+3.7 −2.0	+3.9 −0.3	+0.5 −0.0	+0.1 +0.1	+0.1 +0.1	+0.1 +0.1	+0.1 +0.1	+1.0 ±0.5		
60–80	0.96 ^{+0.05} _{-0.06}	5.937e+00	1.1	+0.7 −0.7	+7.0 −7.0	+5.8 −4.9	+3.4 −4.9	+2.9 −2.4	+5.7 −4.9	+3.8 −3.1	+5.4 −4.7	−0.5 +0.4	+0.4 +0.5	+0.5 −0.1	+3.6 −3.0	+0.1 −0.7	+0.1 +0.1	+0.1 +0.1	+0.1 +0.1	+1.0 ±0.5			
80–110	0.98 ^{+0.04} _{-0.05}	1.159e+00	1.6	+0.5 −0.5	+6.7 −6.7	+4.3 −4.3	+2.9 −2.9	+0.9 −2.9	+3.9 −2.9	+1.2 −1.2	+5.3 −5.3	+1.2 −0.0	+0.4 +0.0	+2.0 +4.3	+2.8 −0.4	+0.3 +0.0	+0.5 +0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+1.0 ±0.5			
110–160	0.99 ^{+0.04} _{-0.04}	1.508e-01	3.1	+0.0 −0.0	+6.8 −5.8	+4.8 −3.8	+2.8 −2.3	+1.1 −1.0	+3.9 −3.0	+1.0 −2.5	+6.4 −0.9	+1.0 −1.9	+0.1 −0.1	+0.1 +0.1	+2.2 −5.6	+6.4 −1.9	+0.2 −0.1	+0.0 +0.1	+0.0 +0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+1.0 ±0.5		
160–210	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	1.714e-02	9.1	+0.0 −0.0	+5.4 −5.9	+4.2 −4.8	+2.6 −3.3	+2.0 −3.3	+3.8 −3.9	+2.4 −3.2	+0.7 −3.2	+7.1 −7.3	+0.7 −3.6	+0.1 −0.1	+3.0 −3.6	+0.1 −0.4	+2.5 −2.5	+0.1 −0.4	+0.2 +0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+1.0 ±0.5		
210–260	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	2.282e-03	22.	+0.0 −0.0	+5.0 −5.0	+4.1 −4.1	+2.6 −2.6	+2.6 −2.4	+4.4 −4.4	+2.3 −2.3	+0.6 −0.6	+7.9 −7.5	+0.1 −3.7	+0.1 −0.2	+4.1 −4.1	+0.6 −0.6	+0.3 −0.1	+0.0 +0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+1.0 ±0.5		
260–310	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	6.512e-04	42.	+0.0 −0.0	+5.3 −5.3	+3.4 −3.1	+1.3 −1.3	+3.6 −3.3	+5.2 −4.8	+2.0 −1.9	+0.7 −0.4	+9.6 −9.2	+0.7 −0.2	+0.0 +0.0	+5.5 −5.2	+0.2 −0.2	+1.7 −1.7	+2.9 −2.9	+0.1 −0.1	+0.0 +0.0	+1.0 ±0.5		
310–400	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.02}	5.245e-05	124	+0.4 −0.4	+5.6 −5.5	+4.2 −3.9	+1.3 −1.5	+4.9 −4.6	+6.6 −6.2	+2.4 −2.5	+0.5 −0.8	+11 −11	+11 −7.2	+0.1 −0.2	+7.8 −7.2	+0.2 −0.2	+2.1 −0.1	+0.0 +0.1	+0.0 +0.0	+1.0 ±0.5			

Table 7 Measured jet cross section for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $1.2 \leq |y| < 2.1$. See caption of Table 4 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	σ (nb/GeV)	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_3 %	γ_9 %	γ_{15} %	γ_{21} %	γ_{27} %	γ_{88} %	γ_{227} %	γ_{40} %	γ_{46} %	γ_{40} %	γ_{46} %	γ_{52} %	γ_{58} %	γ_{64} %	γ_{70} %	γ_{78} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %
20–30	0.89 ^{+0.08} _{-0.11}	9.462e+02	1.2	+1.3 −9.1	+6.5 −8.3	+12. −9.3	+13. −7.0	+4.4 −1.0	+1.4 −2.3	+2.1 −2.9	+4.5 −3.4	+4.5 −4.1	−0.0 +0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+2.6 −4.5	+0.0 −0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+0.0 +0.1	+0.0 +0.1	+0.6 −1.0	+2.0 ±0.5			
30–45	0.92 ^{+0.06} _{-0.08}	1.270e+02	2.1	+4.3 −3.8	+13. −11	+1.0 −6.5	+0.6 −0.6	+2.0 −2.0	+1.0 −1.0	+1.7 −14	+3.4 −2.8	+4.5 −4.9	+4.5 −4.9	−0.0 +0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+5.5 −5.7	+0.0 −0.0	+0.4 −0.4	+0.4 −0.1	+0.1 +0.1	+0.1 +0.1	+1.0 ±0.5			
45–60	0.94 ^{+0.05} _{-0.06}	2.007e+01	1.9	+1.8 −1.4	+8.7 −7.2	+6.5 −5.7	+0.8 −0.3	+2.0 −1.6	+1.1 −1.6	+3.5 −8.8	+2.3 −2.9	+2.3 −1.7	+2.3 −4.2	+0.2 −0.1	+0.2 −0.1	+5.5 −5.5	+0.0 −0.2	+0.4 −0.2	+0.4 −0.1	+0.1 +0.1	+0.1 +0.1	+1.0 ±0.5			
60–80	0.96 ^{+0.04} _{-0.05}	4.185e+00	0.9	+0.7 −0.7	+6.5 −6.5	+5.0 −5.0	+0.5 −0.5	+2.5 −2.4	+6.2 −6.0	+1.3 −3.0	+6.6 −3.0	+6.6 −4.8	+6.6 −4.8	+0.5 −0.5	+0.5 −0.0	+4.6 −4.6	+0.0 −0.7	+0.1 −0.7	+0.3 −0.2	+0.0 +0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+1.0 ±0.5			
80–110	0.97 ^{+0.04} _{-0.04}	7.174e-01	1.3	−0.5 +0.4	+7.2 −6.7	+4.7 −4.6	+1.2 −1.0	+1.0 −1.0	+5.2 −4.8	+1.0 −1.0	+5.2 −4.8	+1.0 −1.0	+1.0 −1.0	+1.0 −1.0	+3.5 −3.5	+1.4 −1.4	+5.9 −5.9	+4.5 −4.5	+0.0 −0.4	+4.9 −4.9	+1.8 −1.8	+0.3 +0.3	+0.0 +0.0	+1.0 ±0.5	
110–160	0.98 ^{+0.04} _{-0.03}	8.204e-02	2.8	+0.4 −0.0	+7.5 −6.6	+4.8 −4.5	+1.2 −1.1	+1.2 −1.1	+4.8 −4.6	+1.1 −1.1	+4.8 −4.6	+1.1 −1.1	+1.1 −1.1	+1.1 −1.1	+3.0 −2.9	+0.9 −0.9	+0.9 −0.9	+0.9 −0.9	+0.1 −0.1	+0.4 −0.4	+2.3 −2.3	+0.1 −0.1	+0.0 +0.0	+1.0 ±0.5	
160–210	0.99 ^{+0.04} _{-0.03}	9.146e-03	8.4	+0.0 −0.0	+6.5 −6.3	+5.2 −5.1	+1.0 −1.0	+2.3 −2.5	+6.2 −6.1	+0.9 −0.7	+6.6 −8.3	+0.6 −0.7	+0.6 −0.7	+0.6 −0.7	+3.5 −3.7	+0.1 −0.1	+0.1 −0.1	+0.2 −0.2	+0.1 −0.1	+0.0 +0.0	+1.1 −1.1	+0.0 −0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+1.0 ±0.5	
210–260	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	9.061e-04	24.	+0.0 −0.0	+6.2 −6.2	+4.8 −4.8	+2.1 −2.1	+3.3 −3.3	+5.3 −5.3	+0.9 −2.7	+3.1 −2.7	+0.9 −2.7	+0.9 −2.7	+0.9 −2.7	+0.8 −0.8	+0.8 −0.8	+0.8 −0.8	+0.8 −0.8	+0.1 −0.1	+0.1 −0.1	+1.2 −1.2	+0.0 −0.0	+0.0 +0.0	+1.0 ±0.5	
260–310	0.99 ^{+0.04} _{-0.03}	8.945e-05	77.	+0.0 −0.0	+7.0 −5.5	+4.0 −2.7	+2.7 −4.2	+7.6 −6.2	+2.7 −2.7	+0.9 −0.9	+0.9 −0.9	+0.9 −0.9	+0.9 −0.9	+0.9 −0.9	+0.9 −0.9	+0.9 −0.9	+0.9 −0.9	+0.9 −0.9	+0.1 −0.1	+0.7 −0.7	+0.8 −0.8	+0.7 −0.7	+0.0 +0.0	+1.0 ±0.5	
310–400	0.99 ^{+0.04} _{-0.03}	2.379e-05	122	+0.1 −0.1	+6.9 −7.5	+5.6 −5.6	+2.4 −3.2	+6.2 −6.3	+10. −11	+0.8 −3.6	+0.8 −1.0	+0.0 −0.0	+0.2 −0.2	+2.1 −2.1	+0.2 −0.2	+0.0 +0.0	+1.0 ±0.5								

Table 8 Measured jet cross section for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $2.1 \leq |y| < 2.8$. See caption of Table 4 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	σ (nb/GeV)	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_4 %	γ_{10} %	γ_{16} %	γ_{22} %	γ_{28} %	γ_{35} %	γ_{41} %	γ_{47} %	γ_{53} %	γ_{59} %	γ_{71} %	γ_{89} %	γ_{90} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{84} %	u_1 %	u_2 %		
20–30	0.88 ^{+0.09} _{-0.11}	6.251e+02	1.9	+14.	+6.7	+13.	+8.1	+4.9	+29	+2.1	+5.0	+4.9	−0.0	+0.0	+2.8	−0.0	+4.2	+18.	+0.4	+0.0	+2.0	+1.0	+0.5	
30–45	0.92 ^{+0.07} _{-0.08}	7.790e+01	1.5	+4.2	+1.3	+7.0	+4.6	+2.2	+3.0	−2.1	−4.1	−4.4	+0.0	+0.0	−2.7	+0.0	−3.8	+0.2	+0.0	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
45–60	0.94 ^{+0.06} _{-0.06}	1.031e+01	2.6	+2.2	+9.3	+7.3	+2.5	+2.1	+18	+3.4	+2.3	+5.5	+0.0	+0.0	−3.9	+0.1	+5.1	+0.8	+0.3	+0.1	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
60–80	0.95 ^{+0.05} _{-0.05}	1.804e+00	1.3	−0.8	+8.3	+6.2	+1.6	+1.6	+3.2	+11.	+3.8	+2.0	+0.2	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+3.4	+2.6	+0.2	+0.4	+0.0	+1.0	+0.5	
80–110	0.96 ^{+0.05} _{-0.04}	2.169e−01	2.7	+0.3	−9.2	+10.	+7.4	+1.2	+1.4	+10.	+5.2	+1.7	+8.7	+0.1	+0.1	−2.7	+0.4	+2.8	+0.5	+0.0	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5
110–160	0.96 ^{+0.05} _{-0.03}	1.123e−02	8.6	+0.0	+11.	+7.1	+1.9	+1.9	+11	+4.9	+1.4	+10	+3.0	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.4	+2.7	+0.8	+0.5	+0.0	+1.0	+0.5	
160–210	0.96 ^{+0.07} _{-0.03}	5.263e−04	39.	+0.0	+11.	+7.6	+2.1	+2.1	+11.	+3.9	+1.4	+10	+3.0	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+1.7	+1.4	+0.0	+0.8	+0.0	+1.0	+0.5	
210–260	0.96 ^{+0.07} _{-0.03}	6.264e−05	113	+0.0	+12.	+7.8	+0.8	+0.8	+23	+4.3	+0.7	+0.5	+0.5	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+1.7	+1.0	+0.0	+0.9	+1.8	+0.0	+1.0	+0.5

Table 9 Measured jet cross section for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $2.8 \leq |y| < 3.6$. See caption of Table 4 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	σ (nb/GeV)	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_5 %	γ_{11} %	γ_{17} %	γ_{23} %	γ_{29} %	γ_{88} %	γ_{36} %	γ_{42} %	γ_{48} %	γ_{54} %	γ_{60} %	γ_{66} %	γ_{72} %	γ_{89} %	γ_{80} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{85} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	
20–30	0.86 ^{+0.11} _{-0.09}	3.133e+02	2.3	+15.	+7.4	+13.	+11.	+5.0	+43	+2.6	+5.2	+5.3	+0.0	+0.0	+3.2	+0.0	+4.9	+1.9	+0.1	+0.1	+0.4	+2.0	+2.0	+0.5
30–45	0.89 ^{+0.09} _{-0.06}	2.821e+01	2.3	+4.2	+15.	+8.0	+6.2	+2.4	+51	−2.5	−5.1	−5.1	+0.1	+0.0	−3.2	+0.0	−4.9	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+1.0	+2.0	+0.5	
45–60	0.91 ^{+0.08} _{-0.05}	2.254e+00	2.3	+2.1	+13.	+10.	+6.3	+3.2	+7.9	+3.4	+3.5	+3.5	+0.1	+0.0	+4.2	+0.1	+5.9	+0.3	+0.5	+0.5	+1.0	+2.0	+0.5	
60–80	0.91 ^{+0.08} _{-0.04}	1.774e−01	3.9	−1.6	−12.	−9.8	−5.2	−2.4	−41	+5.2	+3.2	+3.2	+0.1	+0.0	+4.1	+0.1	+6.6	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
80–110	0.91 ^{+0.08} _{-0.04}	4.533e−03	15.	+0.9	+11.	+11.	+15.9	+6.4	+1.3	+1.8	+5.1	+2.3	+2.2	+0.1	+0.1	+4.7	+0.1	+5.8	+0.3	+0.9	+4.4	+0.0	+1.0	+0.5
110–160	0.91 ^{+0.08} _{-0.03}	1.507e−04	69.	+0.2	+1.9	+0.11	+0.60	−1.2	+29	+1.3	−10	−0.5	+0.25	+0.0	+0.0	+0.9	−14.	+2.6	+1.8	+2.5	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5

Table 10 Measured jet cross section for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $3.6 \leq |y| < 4.4$. See caption of Table 4 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	σ (nb/GeV)	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_6 %	γ_{12} %	γ_{18} %	γ_{24} %	γ_{30} %	γ_{88} %	γ_{37} %	γ_{43} %	γ_{49} %	γ_{55} %	γ_{61} %	γ_{67} %	γ_{73} %	γ_{89} %	γ_{81} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{86} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	
20–30	0.78 ^{+0.14} _{-0.08}	4.651e+01	5.8	+23	+12	+21	+5.4	+7.4	+116	+3.5	+7.6	+7.9	0.0	+0.0	+4.6	−0.0	+21	+31.	+0.0	+0.3	+1.5	+2.0	+2.0	+0.5	
30–45	0.78 ^{+0.14} _{-0.09}	1.330e+00	6.4	+7.2	+28	+16	+5.0	+6.6	−62	−4.1	−8.2	−7.0	+0.0	+0.0	+5.1	+0.0	+18	+32	+0.0	+0.0	+7.6	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
45–60	0.78 ^{+0.14} _{-0.10}	9.127e−03	18.	+0.9	+28	+17	+5.5	+5.2	−17	+2.4	+2.18	+6.9	+11	+0.0	+0.0	+13.	+0.0	+30	+17.	+1.9	+3.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5

Table 11 Measured jet cross section for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $|y| < 0.3$. See caption of Table 4 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	σ (nb/GeV)	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_1 %	γ_7 %	γ_{13} %	γ_{19} %	γ_{25} %	γ_{88} %	γ_{32} %	γ_{38} %	γ_{44} %	γ_{50} %	γ_{56} %	γ_{62} %	γ_{68} %	γ_{89} %	γ_{76} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %		
20–30	$1.24^{+0.06}_{-0.13}$	2.5428 ± 0.03	1.4	$+14$ -12	$+11$ -11	$+20$ -15	$+10$ -9.3	$+7.3$ -5.3	0.0	$+2.1$ -2.3	$+5.1$ -4.8	-0.0 $+0.0$	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0									
30–45	$1.12^{+0.07}_{-0.07}$	3.004 ± 0.02	2.4	$+8.4$ -7.2	$+12$ -9.9	$+11$ -8.6	$+8.7$ -7.5	$+1.7$ -1.9	0.0	$+2.6$ -2.8	$+3.9$ -3.9	$+5.0$ -4.8	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.0								
45–60	$1.06^{+0.05}_{-0.04}$	4.742 ± 0.01	2.2	$+1.3$ -1.3	$+7.7$ -6.8	$+4.1$ -3.6	$+3.9$ -3.4	$+0.8$ -1.0	0.0	$+3.0$ -2.7	$+4.3$ -2.0	$+0.1$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1									
60–80	$1.03^{+0.04}_{-0.02}$	1.008 ± 0.01	1.0	$+1.1$ -1.2	$+7.0$ -7.4	$+4.1$ -4.1	$+1.1$ -1.1	0.0 -0.2	$+3.5$ -3.5	$+1.7$ -1.7	$+5.1$ -5.1	$+0.1$ -0.6	$+0.1$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1								
80–110	$1.02^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	1.836 ± 0.00	1.5	$+0.4$ -0.5	$+6.5$ -6.5	$+1.5$ -1.5	$+4.8$ -4.4	$+1.3$ -1.1	0.0	$+3.7$ -3.6	$+1.7$ -1.5	$+5.6$ -5.3	$+0.1$ -0.1	$+0.1$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1							
110–160	$1.02^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$	2.553 ± 0.01	2.8	-0.1 $+0.1$	$+4.9$ -4.8	$+2.8$ -3.2	$+3.1$ -3.2	$+1.0$ -1.2	0.0	$+3.0$ -3.2	$+0.8$ -1.2	$+5.9$ -5.1	$+0.1$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1								
160–210	$1.02^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$	3.188 ± 0.02	7.9	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+6.9$ -6.7	$+2.0$ -2.1	$+1.4$ -1.4	0.0 -0.2	$+3.0$ -3.0	-0.8 -0.8	$+7.0$ -6.6	$+2.8$ -2.9	$+0.3$ -0.4	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1							
210–260	$1.02^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$	5.418 ± 0.03	17.	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+8.5$ -8.5	$+1.6$ -1.6	$+4.5$ -4.5	$+1.6$ -1.5	0.0	$+3.1$ -3.1	$+0.6$ -0.7	$+7.5$ -6.7	$+0.2$ -0.3	$+0.1$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1							
260–310	$1.02^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$	1.592 ± 0.03	34.	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+4.9$ -4.9	$+2.8$ -2.6	$+1.4$ -1.4	$+2.7$ -2.5	0.0	$+2.6$ -2.5	$+0.8$ -0.7	$+7.3$ -7.0	$+0.5$ -0.5	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1								
310–400	$1.02^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$	4.135 ± 0.04	47.	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+3.4$ -3.4	$+3.7$ -3.7	$+0.7$ -0.7	$+3.7$ -3.6	0.0	$+2.3$ -2.5	$+0.6$ -0.5	$+8.8$ -5.9	$+0.5$ -0.5	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1								
400–500	$1.02^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$	6.752 ± 0.05	120	0.0	$+4.6$ -3.4	$+3.3$ -3.4	$+0.9$ -0.6	$+3.9$ -2.4	0.0	$+2.9$ -2.0	$+0.6$ -0.6	$+9.9$ -9.1	$+0.5$ -0.5	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1								

Table 12 Measured jet cross section for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $0.3 \leq |y| < 0.8$. See caption of Table 4 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	σ (nb/GeV)	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_1 %	γ_7 %	γ_{13} %	γ_{19} %	γ_{25} %	γ_{88} %	γ_{32} %	γ_{38} %	γ_{44} %	γ_{50} %	γ_{56} %	γ_{62} %	γ_{68} %	γ_{89} %	γ_{76} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %		
20–30	$1.24^{+0.07}_{-0.13}$	2.446 ± 0.03	1.1	$+14$ -11	$+17$ -13	$+8.8$ -8.4	$+5.3$ -8.4	$+0.1$ -0.1	$+2.3$ -2.3	$+4.8$ -4.4	$+5.0$ -4.9	-0.0 $+0.0$	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0								
30–45	$1.13^{+0.07}_{-0.08}$	3.025 ± 0.02	1.9	$+7.2$ -7.0	$+11$ -10	$+8.1$ -9.3	$+1.3$ -10	$+3.6$ -7.3	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+2.7$ -2.8	$+3.4$ -3.4	$+5.2$ -5.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0									
45–60	$1.07^{+0.05}_{-0.04}$	4.526 ± 0.01	1.8	$+1.3$ -1.6	$+8.7$ -7.9	$+1.3$ -6.4	$+3.6$ -6.4	$+1.6$ -3.7	$+0.1$ -0.1	$+2.9$ -3.2	$+1.8$ -1.9	$+4.5$ -4.7	$+0.1$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0								
60–80	$1.04^{+0.03}_{-0.03}$	9.701 ± 0.00	0.8	$+1.2$ -1.1	$+6.4$ -6.1	$+3.8$ -3.6	$+3.0$ -3.6	$+3.6$ -3.6	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+3.2$ -3.2	$+1.6$ -1.3	$+4.8$ -4.7	$+0.4$ -0.5	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0								
80–110	$1.02^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	1.791 ± 0.00	1.1	-0.5 $+0.5$	$+6.3$ -6.1	$+3.1$ -3.1	$+2.8$ -2.9	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+2.4$ -2.5	$+0.0$ -0.1	$+5.0$ -5.2	$+0.1$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0								
110–160	$1.02^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$	2.374 ± 0.01	2.3	-0.0 $+0.0$	$+5.9$ -5.9	$+2.8$ -2.8	$+2.4$ -2.4	$+1.8$ -2.3	$+0.1$ -0.0	$+2.6$ -2.2	$+0.9$ -0.9	-0.9 -0.9	$+5.2$ -5.8	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0	$+0.0$ -0.0								
160–210	$1.02^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$	2.827 ± 0.02	6.6	-0.0 $+0.0$	$+3.9$ -3.6	$+2.8$ -2.9	$+2.4$ -2.3	$+1.8$ -1.8	$+0.1$ -0.0	$+2.6$ -2.5	$+0.7$ -0.7	$+6.9$ -6.7	$+0.1$ -0.1	$+0.0$ -0.0											

Table 13 Measured jet cross section for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $0.8 \leq |y| < 1.2$. See caption of Table 4 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	σ (nb/GeV)	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	y_2 %	y_8 %	y_{14} %	y_{20} %	y_{26} %	y_{32} %	y_{38} %	y_{44} %	y_{50} %	y_{56} %	y_{62} %	y_{68} %	y_{74} %	y_{80} %	y_{77} %	y_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %			
20–30	$1.25^{+0.08}_{-0.12}$	$2.275e+03$	1.3	+12	+8.6	+14	+10.	+4.7	+3.8	+1.9	+4.3	+4.4	+0.0	+2.5	-0.0	+3.2	+10.	+1.3	+0.4	+2.0	+1.0	+0.5		
30–45	$1.13^{+0.07}_{-0.07}$	$2.557e+02$	2.2	+8.2	+11.	+10.	+8.2	-4.0	-2.0	-3.9	-4.2	-4.2	+0.0	+2.5	-0.0	+3.3	+10.	+1.3	+0.2	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5		
45–60	$1.07^{+0.05}_{-0.04}$	$3.977e+01$	2.1	+1.5	+8.8	+7.3	+7.3	-2.9	-4.6	-3.2	-3.6	-5.3	-0.0	+3.9	+0.2	+4.2	+7.6	+0.0	+0.1	+0.2	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
60–80	$1.04^{+0.04}_{-0.02}$	$8.237e+00$	1.0	+1.2	+6.7	+2.0	+8.4	-6.7	-2.0	-3.4	-3.6	-4.7	+0.1	+2.6	+0.1	+3.0	+2.5	+0.4	+0.5	+0.1	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
80–110	$1.03^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	$1.505e+00$	1.4	-0.5	+6.3	+3.2	+1.3	+3.2	+1.9	+3.5	+3.2	+1.5	+0.6	+0.0	+0.8	+0.0	+2.5	+2.9	+0.4	+0.5	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5
110–160	$1.02^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	$1.959e-01$	2.8	+0.1	+6.2	+3.0	+1.9	+0.5	+3.3	+2.8	+2.8	+1.2	+1.3	+0.0	+0.4	+0.4	+2.0	+0.3	+1.4	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
160–210	$1.02^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	$2.073e-02$	8.3	+0.0	+3.6	+2.8	+2.1	+2.8	+1.7	+3.5	+2.4	+0.6	+0.6	+0.0	+0.6	+0.0	+3.1	+0.3	+0.2	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
210–260	$1.02^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	$2.537e-03$	21.	+0.0	+4.0	+4.0	+2.4	+2.4	+3.3	+4.4	+2.5	+0.5	+0.5	+0.0	+0.2	+0.0	+7.4	+0.6	+0.7	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	
260–310	$1.02^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	$7.773e-04$	39.	-0.0	+5.8	+3.5	+2.1	+4.1	+4.8	+2.2	+0.5	+0.5	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+9.1	+0.9	+0.9	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5		
310–400	$1.02^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	$1.077e-04$	83.	+0.5	+6.0	+4.0	+2.8	+4.2	+5.8	+2.2	+0.2	+0.1	+0.1	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+12	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5	

Table 14 Measured jet cross section for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $1.2 \leq |y| < 2.1$. See caption of Table 4 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	σ (nb/GeV)	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	y_3 %	y_9 %	y_{15} %	y_{21} %	y_{27} %	y_{33} %	y_{39} %	y_{45} %	y_{51} %	y_{57} %	y_{63} %	y_{69} %	y_{75} %	y_{81} %	y_{78} %	y_{84} %	y_{70} %	y_{86} %	u_1 %	u_2 %			
20–30	$1.24^{+0.09}_{-0.11}$	$1.775e+03$	1.0	+14	+9.0	+17	+14	+5.2	+14	+2.3	+4.8	+4.9	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+3.0	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+5.7	+13.	+0.4	+0.4	+2.0	+1.0	+0.5
30–45	$1.12^{+0.08}_{-0.06}$	$2.067e+02$	1.8	+8.4	+11.	+10.	+10.	+4.9	+3.2	+15	+2.4	+2.4	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+3.1	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+6.6	+6.8	+0.2	+0.1	+2.0	+1.0	+0.5
45–60	$1.07^{+0.05}_{-0.03}$	$2.838e+01$	1.7	+1.6	+9.0	+9.3	+7.3	+7.5	+4.6	+13	+3.2	+3.2	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+3.8	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+2.8	+0.3	+0.3	+0.1	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5
60–80	$1.04^{+0.04}_{-0.02}$	$5.732e+00$	0.8	+1.2	+7.2	+8.7	+1.5	+8.7	+3.1	+2.1	+2.4	+2.4	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+5.0	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+5.8	+1.6	+0.3	+0.1	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5
80–110	$1.03^{+0.03}_{-0.02}$	$9.314e-01$	1.2	-0.4	+6.8	+3.4	+1.6	+3.4	+1.4	+4.2	+3.1	+2.4	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+5.2	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+2.5	+0.3	+0.3	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5
110–160	$1.03^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	$1.041e-01$	2.6	-0.0	+6.9	+3.6	+1.4	+0.6	+4.6	+3.2	+1.0	+1.0	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+6.9	+2.5	+0.1	+0.1	+7.0	+3.6	+0.0	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5
160–210	$1.03^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	$1.057e-02$	7.7	+0.0	+5.0	+3.7	+1.3	+2.4	+6.1	+3.2	+0.9	+0.9	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+6.9	+2.4	+0.1	+0.1	+7.1	+3.9	+0.0	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5
210–260	$1.03^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	$1.331e-03$	21.	+0.0	+4.5	+4.5	+1.3	+2.3	+5.8	+3.1	+0.9	+0.9	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+8.6	+4.0	+0.1	+0.0	+9.9	+4.6	+0.0	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5
260–310	$1.03^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	$8.750e-05$	79.	-0.0	+8.5	+5.4	+1.3	+6.0	+8.7	+3.3	+1.1	+1.4	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+7.8	+0.3	+0.0	+0.0	+17	+0.8	+0.4	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5
310–400	$1.03^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	$2.248e-05$	125	+0.1	+7.4	+6.1	+1.2	+5.3	+8.9	+2.4	+0.6	+0.6	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+8.8	+0.3	+0.0	+0.0	+21	+7.1	+5.7	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5

Table 15 Measured jet cross section for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $2.1 \leq |y| < 2.8$. See caption of Table 4 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	σ (nb/GeV)	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	y_4 %	y_{10} %	y_{16} %	y_{22} %	y_{28} %	y_{35} %	y_{41} %	y_{47} %	y_{53} %	y_{59} %	y_{65} %	y_{71} %	y_{78} %	y_{84} %	u_1 %	u_2 %				
20–30	1.19 ^{+0.13} –0.07	1.154e+03	1.5	+16	+12	+20	+6.4	+5.9	+26	+2.2	+5.4	+0.0	+0.0	+3.0	–0.0	+4.5	+20.	+0.7	+0.0	+2.0	+1.0	+0.5	
30–45	1.09 ^{+0.09} –0.03	1.225e+02	1.3	+8.4	+11	+10	+6.0	+3.0	+23	+2.6	–5.1	+0.0	+0.0	–3.2	+0.0	–4.5	+2.0	+0.0	+0.3	+0.2	+1.0	+0.5	
45–60	1.05 ^{+0.07} –0.03	1.439e+01	2.3	+1.6	+10	+9.6	+10	+5.8	+2.9	+1.9	+3.1	+3.6	+5.4	+0.0	+0.0	+3.8	+0.1	+4.6	+1.1	+0.3	+0.2	+1.0	+0.5
60–80	1.04 ^{+0.06} –0.03	2.422e+00	1.3	–1.1	+8.4	+5.0	+2.2	+4.7	+9.4	+4.2	+2.0	+2.1	+5.4	+0.1	+0.1	+2.8	+0.5	+4.0	+1.8	+0.6	+0.5	+1.0	+0.5
80–110	1.03 ^{+0.05} –0.03	2.803e+01	2.4	+0.3	+9.7	+4.7	+0.8	+3.1	+8.4	+4.2	+1.4	+8.0	+1.6	+0.1	+0.1	+6.8	+2.5	+4.2	+0.2	+0.6	+0.0	+1.0	+0.5
110–160	1.03 ^{+0.05} –0.03	1.515e+02	7.4	+0.0	+11	+6.0	+1.1	+1.6	+6.9	+2.8	+0.6	+3.9	+1.4	+0.4	+0.2	+6.2	+2.5	+3.9	+0.7	+0.9	+0.0	+1.0	+0.5
160–210	1.03 ^{+0.05} –0.03	6.440e+04	35.	+0.0	+6.7	+5.6	+1.6	+3.3	+11	+4.9	+1.2	+1.9	+11.9	+1.9	+0.1	+1.1	+2.3	+3.9	+1.1	+0.1	+0.0	+1.0	+0.5
210–260	1.03 ^{+0.05} –0.03	6.303e+05	114	–0.0	+0.0	+12	+9.1	+1.7	+7.9	+24	+3.9	+0.6	+29	+1.3	–0.1	+0.0	+2.5	+4.1	+1.1	+0.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5

Table 16 Measured jet cross section for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $2.8 \leq |y| < 3.6$. See caption of Table 4 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	σ (nb/GeV)	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	y_5 %	y_{11} %	y_{17} %	y_{23} %	y_{29} %	y_{35} %	y_{41} %	y_{47} %	y_{53} %	y_{59} %	y_{65} %	y_{71} %	y_{78} %	y_{84} %	u_1 %	u_2 %				
20–30	1.12 ^{+0.16} –0.06	5.583e+02	1.8	+17	+12	+21	+7.2	+6.2	+38	+2.7	+5.7	+5.8	+0.0	+0.0	+3.4	–0.0	+7.3	+21.	+0.4	+0.1	+0.4	+2.0	+0.5
30–45	1.05 ^{+0.12} –0.04	4.400e+01	2.0	+8.9	+13	+11	+6.4	+5.2	+30	+2.7	+4.9	+5.3	+0.0	+0.0	–3.4	+0.1	–6.7	+0.1	+0.1	+0.5	+1.0	+0.5	
45–60	1.03 ^{+0.09} –0.04	3.267e+00	2.0	+1.5	+15	+12	+6.4	+3.5	+43	+3.8	+4.2	+6.0	+0.0	+0.0	+4.0	+0.1	+7.7	+10.	+0.0	+0.5	+1.0	+2.0	+0.5
60–80	1.02 ^{+0.08} –0.04	2.558e+01	3.3	–2.0	+12	+9.7	+9.2	+5.9	+36	+5.5	+2.8	+8.7	+0.7	+0.0	+3.6	+1.4	+8.4	+3.9	+0.5	+3.1	+1.0	+1.0	+0.5
80–110	1.02 ^{+0.08} –0.04	7.530e+03	12.	+1.9	+11	+6.9	+4.6	+5.9	+26	+5.3	+1.6	+8.7	+0.6	+0.0	+0.1	+4.3	+8.3	+6.0	+0.6	+5.5	+0.0	+1.0	+0.5
110–160	1.02 ^{+0.08} –0.04	1.268e+04	71.	+0.7	+14	+7.2	+6.4	+3.1	+17	+4.1	+1.2	+11	+1.9	+0.1	+0.8	+10	+7.9	+4.3	+2.4	+2.3	+0.0	+1.0	+0.5

Table 17 Measured jet cross section for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $3.6 \leq |y| < 4.4$. See caption of Table 4 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	σ (nb/GeV)	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	y_6 %	y_{12} %	y_{18} %	y_{24} %	y_{30} %	y_{36} %	y_{43} %	y_{49} %	y_{55} %	y_{61} %	y_{67} %	y_{73} %	y_{79} %	y_{85} %	y_{86} %	u_1 %	u_2 %			
20–30	0.99 ^{+0.19} –0.06	8.729e+01	4.6	+26	+19	+31	+5.7	+9.2	+93	+4.9	+8.5	+8.9	+0.0	+0.0	+5.9	–0.0	+15	+25.	+2.5	+1.4	+0.6	+2.0	+0.5
30–45	0.95 ^{+0.13} –0.08	2.220e+00	5.0	+21	+29	+26	+3.9	+8.2	+54	+3.4	+5.9	+6.7	+0.0	+0.0	+4.3	+0.0	–12	+14.	+2.4	+5.4	+1.5	+1.0	+0.5
45–60	0.92 ^{+0.13} –0.12	1.433e+02	16.	+0.2	+39	+15	+2.7	+5.3	+109	+7.1	+4.5	+13	+0.0	+0.0	+8.2	+0.0	–18	+26.	+12.7	+2.2	+0.4	+1.0	+0.5

Table 18 Measured jet cross section ratio in bins of x_T for anti- k_T jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $|y| < 0.3$. NPcorr stands for multiplicative non-perturbative corrections, ρ is the measured cross section ratio and δ_{stat} is the statistical uncertainty. γ_i and u_j correspond to the correlated and uncorrelated systematic uncertainties given in %. They are described in Table 1, where i in γ_i denotes a nuisance parameter, u_3 is the uncertainty due to pile-up effects in the cross section measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. For each table entry, the outcome of shifting the corresponding nuisance parameter by one standard deviation, up or down, is shown as superscript or subscript, respectively. In some bins these shifts may lead to cross-section variations in the same direction. The 4.3 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not in this table

x_T	NPcorr	ρ	δ_{stat}	γ_1	γ_7	γ_{13}	γ_{19}	γ_{25}	γ_{31}	γ_{32}	γ_{38}	γ_{44}	γ_{50}	γ_{56}	γ_{62}	γ_{68}	γ_{74}	γ_{76}	γ_{82}	γ_{88}	u_1	u_2	u_3
			%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
(1.71–2.29) e-02	0.90 ^{+0.03} _{-0.06}	1.210	2.5	+6.5	+2.6	+3.5	+7.6	+1.2	0.0	-1.1	+2.9	+0.3	-0.4	-0.0	-2.1	+0.1	+0.4	+0.9	+1.4	+0.6	+0.5	+0.3	
(2.29–3.14) e-02	0.92 ^{+0.03} _{-0.05}	1.289	2.9	+4.1	+2.1	+2.2	+7.0	-0.5	-0.0	+1.0	+2.7	+0.3	-0.3	-0.1	+1.4	+0.6	+0.6	+2.0	0.0	+1.4	-0.5	+0.4	
(3.14–4.57) e-02	0.94 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	1.364	2.4	+2.6	+2.8	+1.1	-2.4	-1.9	+1.1	-0.9	+0.5	-2.0	+0.6	+0.5	-1.5	-0.2	+0.3	+0.6	+0.1	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4	
(4.57–6.00) e-02	0.96 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	1.399	1.4	+0.6	+2.3	+0.8	-1.1	-1.0	+0.2	-0.0	+0.9	+0.6	+0.1	+0.1	+1.0	-1.6	+0.1	+0.1	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4	
(6.00–7.43) e-02	0.97 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	1.411	2.0	+0.5	+2.2	+1.5	-1.5	-1.5	+0.7	-0.7	+0.6	+0.6	+0.1	+0.7	-1.0	-2.2	-0.2	+2.1	-6.1	+1.2	+0.0	+0.5	
(7.43–8.86) e-02	0.98 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	1.434	2.9	+0.1	-1.4	-0.9	-1.5	+0.8	-1.5	+0.8	-1.0	+1.0	-1.3	-1.0	+0.4	+2.3	+0.3	-0.0	+6.5	+0.6	+0.1	+0.5	
(8.86–11.4) e-02	0.99 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.455	4.2	+0.0	+1.0	+0.6	+2.9	-1.0	-1.0	+0.0	-1.0	+0.6	-1.0	-0.5	+0.5	+2.5	-0.5	-0.1	+4.4	+0.3	+0.1	+0.5	
(1.14–1.43) e-01	0.99 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.468	8.5	+0.0	-3.7	-0.0	-1.1	-1.1	+2.0	-0.3	+0.9	-0.0	-1.9	-0.8	+1.9	-0.1	-2.1	+0.2	-0.1	-2.4	+0.1	+0.0	
(1.43–1.71) e-01	0.99 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.365	16.	+0.0	+3.7	+6.3	+0.1	-1.0	0.0	-1.0	+0.5	+0.5	-1.6	-0.5	+0.4	-2.6	+0.3	-0.0	+6.3	+0.6	+0.1	+0.5	
(1.71–2.29) e-01	0.99 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.557	29.	+0.0	+1.5	+0.8	+1.9	-0.4	-0.0	+1.6	-0.1	-1.0	-1.0	-0.7	-0.7	-0.2	+0.3	+0.3	-0.0	+2.4	+0.0	+0.0	+0.3
(2.29–2.86) e-01	0.99 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.800	63.	+0.3	+1.2	-2.8	+0.4	-2.0	+0.7	-0.0	+1.4	-0.0	-1.3	-0.3	-0.3	+1.8	+0.4	+0.0	+1.4	+0.6	+0.0	+0.1	
(2.86–3.43) e-01	0.99 ^{+0.01} _{-0.02}	4.807	121	+2.4	+0.8	+3.0	-0.3	-0.9	+1.0	-0.0	+1.2	+0.9	-0.1	-0.7	-0.4	+0.6	+1.5	+0.0	+0.0	+1.4	+0.6	+0.1	

Table 19 Measured jet cross section ratio in x_T bin for anti- k_T jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $0.3 \leq |y| < 0.8$. See caption of Table 18 for details

x_T	NPcorr	ρ	δ_{stat}	γ_1	γ_7	γ_{13}	γ_{19}	γ_{25}	γ_{31}	γ_{32}	γ_{38}	γ_{44}	γ_{50}	γ_{56}	γ_{62}	γ_{68}	γ_{74}	γ_{76}	γ_{82}	γ_{88}	u_1	u_2	u_3	
			%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	
(1.71–2.29) e-02	0.90 ^{+0.04} _{-0.06}	1.278	1.9	+7.1	+4.5	+2.8	+5.7	+0.9	-0.1	-0.7	+2.4	+0.1	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.0	+2.2	-1.6	+5.1	+0.2	+0.1	+1.4	+0.5	
(2.29–3.14) e-02	0.92 ^{+0.04} _{-0.05}	1.309	2.3	+4.2	+5.4	+2.9	+6.3	+1.4	+0.1	+0.5	+2.3	+0.2	+2.3	+0.1	+0.7	+0.1	+2.4	+3.7	+1.6	+0.1	+0.3	+1.4	+0.4	
(3.14–4.57) e-02	0.94 ^{+0.03} _{-0.04}	1.348	1.9	+2.5	+1.7	+2.4	+0.9	+0.7	-0.1	+0.1	+0.9	-0.1	+0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.3	+4.0	+3.7	+4.0	+0.1	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	
(4.57–6.00) e-02	0.96 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	1.401	1.1	-0.6	+1.7	+1.1	+0.9	+0.4	-0.1	+0.7	+0.2	-0.9	-1.9	-0.3	-0.4	-0.4	+2.8	+2.8	+5.0	+0.1	0.0	+1.4	+0.4	
(6.00–7.43) e-02	0.97 ^{+0.02} _{-0.03}	1.463	1.6	+0.5	+2.3	+1.0	+1.1	-0.6	-0.0	+1.1	-0.6	-0.1	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-0.5	+3.5	+0.6	+0.2	+0.4	+0.3	+0.1	+0.5	
(7.43–8.86) e-02	0.98 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	1.447	2.3	+0.1	+2.3	+1.1	+1.1	-2.4	-0.2	-0.0	+0.9	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	+2.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.3	+0.1	+0.3	
(8.86–11.4) e-02	0.99 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	1.408	3.5	+0.0	+2.8	+2.2	+1.5	-1.7	-0.0	-1.7	-0.9	-0.6	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	+2.0	-0.4	-0.2	+0.1	+0.5	+0.0	+1.4	
(1.14–1.43) e-01	0.99 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}	1.409	7.2	-0.0	+2.1	+1.9	+2.8	-0.6	-0.0	-1.7	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.3	-1.8	-0.0	+0.3	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.3	
(1.43–1.71) e-01	0.99 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}	1.160	15.	-0.0	+1.3	+2.3	+2.1	-0.3	-0.0	-1.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.0	-1.9	-0.3	-0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.3
(1.71–2.29) e-01	0.99 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	1.081	25.	+0.0	-1.4	-1.5	-1.4	-0.8	-0.0	-0.9	-0.2	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.7	-0.2	-0.7	-0.2	-0.0	+1.4	+0.6	+0.2
(2.29–2.86) e-01	0.99 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	2.488	55.	+0.2	+0.8	-0.8	-0.4	+0.6	+0.9	-0.0	+1.1	-0.0	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	-0.6	-0.0	-2.2	-0.0	+1.9	+0.6	+0.2	
(2.86–3.43) e-01	0.99 ^{+0.02} _{-0.03}	7.914	69.	+2.3	-0.3	+1.5	+2.1	+0.3	+0.0	+1.4	+0.6	-1.1	-2.8	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	+2.0	+1.2	+0.1	+2.3	+0.0	+1.4

Table 20 Measured jet cross section ratio in x_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $0.8 \leq |y| < 1.2$. See caption of Table 18 for details

x_T	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$	y_2	y_8	y_{14}	y_{20}	y_{26}	y_{31}	y_{33}	y_{39}	y_{45}	y_{51}	y_{57}	y_{63}	y_{69}	y_{75}	y_{82}	y_{83}	u_1	u_2	u_3	
			%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	
(1.71–2.29) e-02	0.90 _{-0.04} ^{+0.04}	1.158	2.3	+6.9	+4.8	+2.7	+6.3	+0.9	+3.1	-0.4	+2.2	+0.1	-0.4	-0.0	+2.2	-1.7	+1.1	+0.5	+1.4	+0.6	+0.5	+0.5	
(2.29–3.14) e-02	0.93 _{-0.04} ^{+0.04}	1.209	2.7	+4.3	+5.7	+2.7	-6.2	-5.1	-3.7	+0.6	+2.4	-0.6	+0.2	-0.1	-2.2	+1.6	+0.2	+0.5	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5	+0.8	
(3.14–4.57) e-02	0.95 _{-0.04} ^{+0.02}	1.317	2.3	+2.7	+2.6	+3.1	-4.6	-2.1	+0.1	-0.6	-4.2	+0.4	-1.8	+0.2	+1.3	+3.9	+0.1	+0.2	+0.5	+1.4	+0.5	+0.7	
(4.57–6.00) e-02	0.97 _{-0.03} ^{+0.02}	1.406	1.3	-0.7	+1.5	+0.9	+0.3	+0.6	+0.9	+0.4	+4.7	+0.6	+1.5	+0.0	+1.5	+3.1	-3.7	+4.2	+1.6	+0.1	0.0	+1.4	
(6.00–7.43) e-02	0.98 _{-0.02} ^{+0.02}	1.486	2.0	+0.5	+2.0	+0.8	+1.0	-0.7	-0.6	+0.5	+2.0	+0.7	+0.5	+0.0	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.7	
(7.43–8.86) e-02	0.99 _{-0.02} ^{+0.02}	1.470	2.8	+0.1	+3.3	+2.3	+1.5	-0.1	+1.5	-0.9	-0.4	+1.3	+0.2	-0.6	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	+0.4	+0.8	+0.0	0.0	+1.4	+0.5
(8.86–11.4) e-02	0.99 _{-0.02} ^{+0.02}	1.441	4.2	-0.0	+3.4	+1.7	+1.0	-1.6	-1.6	-0.3	+1.0	+0.6	-0.3	+1.0	-0.3	-0.3	-0.4	-0.0	+0.2	+1.0	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5
(1.14–1.43) e-01	0.99 _{-0.01} ^{+0.02}	1.491	8.8	-0.0	+1.4	+0.9	+1.5	+1.6	+1.0	-0.2	+1.0	-0.8	-0.2	+1.2	+0.5	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	+0.5	+0.2	+0.0	+1.4	+0.4
(1.43–1.71) e-01	0.99 _{-0.02} ^{+0.02}	1.214	18.	-0.0	+1.9	+2.6	-0.1	-1.3	-2.0	+0.1	+0.5	-1.2	-0.6	+0.2	+0.1	-0.6	+0.1	+0.0	+0.2	+0.0	+0.0	+0.5	
(1.71–2.29) e-01	0.99 _{-0.02} ^{+0.02}	1.554	30.	+0.0	+2.5	+2.3	+1.2	+1.0	+1.0	+0.3	+0.8	+0.1	-0.3	+0.8	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	+0.0	+0.6	+0.0	+0.0	+0.7	+0.3

Table 21 Measured jet cross section ratio in x_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $1.2 \leq |y| < 2.1$. See caption of Table 18 for details

x_T	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$	y_3	y_9	y_{15}	y_{21}	y_{27}	y_{31}	y_{34}	y_{40}	y_{46}	y_{52}	y_{58}	y_{64}	y_{70}	y_{76}	y_{82}	y_{83}	u_1	u_2	u_3
			%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	
(1.71–2.29) e-02	0.91 _{-0.03} ^{+0.03}	1.236	1.8	+7.1	+4.2	+2.5	+4.2	+1.0	+8.9	-0.6	+2.5	-0.0	-0.3	-0.3	+0.0	+2.2	-1.7	+1.1	+0.5	+0.4	+0.9	+0.5
(2.29–3.14) e-02	0.93 _{-0.04} ^{+0.03}	1.275	2.4	+4.3	+5.4	+2.4	-3.9	-4.9	-0.4	+0.4	-2.2	+0.3	-0.9	+0.3	+0.3	+0.3	-2.3	+1.8	+1.8	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5
(3.14–4.57) e-02	0.95 _{-0.02} ^{+0.02}	1.278	1.9	-2.6	+2.5	+2.2	+0.7	-0.4	+0.7	+6.9	+0.5	+1.3	-0.6	+0.4	+0.4	+0.3	-2.2	+0.5	+0.1	+0.3	0.0	+0.5
(4.57–6.00) e-02	0.97 _{-0.02} ^{+0.02}	1.315	1.3	-0.7	+1.8	+1.1	-0.7	-1.1	-0.4	+0.8	+0.8	+0.8	+0.8	+0.8	+0.8	-0.7	-0.2	+0.2	+0.3	+0.0	+1.4	+0.6
(6.00–7.43) e-02	0.98 _{-0.02} ^{+0.01}	1.353	1.6	+0.5	+2.6	+1.4	+0.1	-2.1	-0.5	+0.4	+1.5	+0.4	+1.5	+0.4	+0.4	-0.7	-0.1	+0.2	-0.4	+0.0	+0.5	+0.5
(7.43–8.86) e-02	0.99 _{-0.02} ^{+0.02}	1.415	2.7	+0.1	+3.5	+2.4	+0.3	+1.9	+1.9	+0.6	-1.4	-0.7	+0.7	+0.7	+0.7	-0.2	+2.2	+0.1	+0.4	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5
(8.86–11.4) e-02	0.99 _{-0.02} ^{+0.02}	1.463	3.9	+0.0	+3.4	+1.9	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.4	-2.0	-0.4	+1.1	+0.4	+0.4	-0.3	-2.5	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	0.0	+0.5
(1.14–1.43) e-01	0.99 _{-0.03} ^{+0.03}	1.855	8.0	-0.0	+2.5	+2.3	-0.7	-2.1	-0.3	+1.1	+0.5	+0.5	+0.8	+0.8	+0.8	-0.2	+3.2	+0.8	+0.1	+0.0	0.0	+0.4
(1.43–1.71) e-01	0.99 _{-0.03} ^{+0.03}	1.702	19.	+0.0	+2.6	+2.7	+0.4	-0.3	-0.3	-1.4	-0.3	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	+2.2	+0.5	+0.5	+0.0	+1.4	+0.4
(1.71–2.29) e-01	0.99 _{-0.04} ^{+0.04}	0.483	70.	+0.0	-1.8	+1.8	+2.0	+1.8	+0.8	-1.5	+1.9	+0.2	-1.5	-1.5	-1.5	-0.2	-3.5	-1.6	-0.0	+2.0	+0.0	+0.4
(2.29–2.86) e-01	0.98 _{-0.04} ^{+0.04}	3.793	122	+0.2	+1.7	+0.0	-1.4	-0.4	+1.4	+0.2	+1.7	+0.2	-1.9	-0.8	-0.8	+0.7	+2.7	+0.1	+0.2	+1.4	+0.0	+0.4

Table 22 Measured jet cross section ratio in x_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $2.1 \leq |y| < 2.8$. See caption of Table 18 for details

x_T	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$	γ_4	γ_{10}	γ_{16}	γ_{22}	γ_{28}	γ_{31}	γ_{35}	γ_{41}	γ_{47}	γ_{53}	γ_{59}	γ_{65}	γ_{71}	γ_{79}	γ_{82}	γ_{74}	γ_{75}	γ_{84}	u_1	u_2	u_3		
			%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%		
(1.71–2.29) e-02	0.91 ^{+0.04} _{-0.05}	1.242	2.6	+6.7	+3.4	+2.0	+4.4	+1.1	+1.8	-0.7	+2.2	-0.5	-0.3	+2.2	-1.7	+10	+0.2	+0.2	+0.3	+0.9	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5	+0.6		
(2.29–3.14) e-02	0.94 ^{+0.03} _{-0.04}	1.296	1.7	+4.4	+6.1	+3.0	+3.8	+0.5	+1.4	+2.0	+0.9	+0.2	+0.2	+0.4	-0.1	-2.4	+2.0	+0.2	+0.3	+0.1	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5		
(3.14–4.57) e-02	0.96 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	1.246	2.6	+3.3	+2.6	+3.6	+1.5	+0.8	+1.2	+0.7	+0.9	-0.6	+1.6	+0.9	+1.5	+1.0	+0.1	+0.2	+0.5	+0.1	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.9		
(4.57–6.00) e-02	0.97 ^{+0.03} _{-0.02}	1.402	1.8	+0.7	-2.5	-1.0	-0.3	+0.3	+2.2	+0.8	+0.6	+0.6	+1.1	+1.1	+1.6	-0.2	-2.6	+6.0	+0.5	+0.5	+0.2	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+1.0	
(6.00–7.43) e-02	0.97 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	1.350	3.4	+0.4	+2.7	+0.9	-0.2	+1.3	+1.3	-0.5	-2.2	+0.9	+1.0	+2.9	+0.4	+0.3	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.1	+4.5	+0.6	+0.6	+0.8		
(7.43–8.86) e-02	0.97 ^{+0.04} _{-0.03}	1.427	6.6	+0.0	+3.6	+1.7	+3.6	+2.2	-3.6	+0.7	+0.9	+1.0	-3.4	-0.5	-0.1	+0.1	+4.7	+0.8	+0.2	+1.1	+0.0	0.0	+1.4	+0.6	+0.8	
(8.86–11.4) e-02	0.97 ^{+0.05} _{-0.04}	1.411	13.	-0.0	+0.0	+4.1	+1.5	+1.5	-0.5	-2.9	-0.7	+1.6	+1.1	+2.4	-0.6	-0.0	+4.9	+4.2	+0.3	+0.7	+0.0	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.9	
(1.14–1.43) e-01	0.97 ^{+0.06} _{-0.04}	2.975	36.	+0.0	+0.6	+2.1	+1.7	+1.7	-3.7	-0.6	+1.0	-1.7	-3.4	-1.3	-1.3	-0.3	+0.0	+3.6	+4.2	+0.3	+0.7	+0.0	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+1.0
(1.43–1.71) e-01	0.96 ^{+0.07} _{-0.05}	13.135	155	+0.2	+10.	+9.4	-1.4	-1.4	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.0	+16.9	+3.1	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.1
																		+2.2	+0.2	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.6

Table 23 Measured jet cross section ratio in x_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $2.8 \leq |y| < 3.6$. See caption of Table 18 for details

x_T	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$	γ_5	γ_{11}	γ_{17}	γ_{23}	γ_{29}	γ_{31}	γ_{36}	γ_{42}	γ_{48}	γ_{54}	γ_{60}	γ_{66}	γ_{72}	γ_{80}	γ_{82}	γ_{74}	γ_{75}	γ_{85}	u_1	u_2	u_3		
(1.71–2.29) e-02	0.91 ^{+0.05} _{-0.04}	1.147	3.2	+8.2	+7.0	+4.0	+1.1	+1.5	+2.9	-0.5	+3.0	+0.5	+0.4	-0.4	-0.1	+2.7	-2.1	+14	+0.6	+0.3	+0.9	+2.2	+0.5	+3.9		
(2.29–3.14) e-02	0.92 ^{+0.05} _{-0.03}	1.196	4.2	+4.8	+7.4	+4.1	-1.7	+1.4	+1.4	+3.3	+0.4	+2.8	-0.7	+0.4	-0.1	+2.9	-2.1	+1.6	+0.2	+0.8	+0.7	0.0	+2.2	+0.5	+4.8	
(3.14–4.57) e-02	0.93 ^{+0.05} _{-0.03}	1.200	2.7	+3.0	+4.0	+5.2	+2.3	-1.9	-1.4	-2.4	-0.4	-2.8	+1.0	+1.0	+1.7	+0.3	+0.3	+2.0	+0.0	+0.4	+0.4	+6.2	+0.5	+2.8		
(4.57–6.00) e-02	0.93 ^{+0.05} _{-0.04}	1.213	6.3	+1.6	-2.6	-2.4	-4.1	+3.3	+1.0	-1.0	-1.8	-0.8	-1.5	+1.2	+2.2	-0.2	-0.3	+3.8	-0.3	-0.1	+1.3	+0.2	0.0	+1.6	+0.5	
(6.00–7.43) e-02	0.93 ^{+0.06} _{-0.04}	0.923	20.	-1.0	+6.9	+1.5	-3.4	+1.9	-2.0	-3.4	+1.3	+1.3	+0.9	+1.3	+2.1	-0.2	-0.8	+6.6	+2.7	+0.1	+3.6	+0.5	0.0	+1.4	+0.6	+3.3
(7.43–8.86) e-02	0.93 ^{+0.06} _{-0.05}	3.288	69.	+0.5	-8.9	-9.1	-2.3	-18	-15	-4.6	-9.1	-2.1	-0.5	+2.1	+6.1	+0.6	+1.0	+6.9	+7.5	+2.3	+3.2	+0.1	0.0	+1.4	+0.6	+3.6

Table 24 Measured jet cross section ratio in x_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $3.6 \leq |y| < 4.4$. See caption of Table 18 for details

x_T	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$	γ_6	γ_{12}	γ_{18}	γ_{24}	γ_{30}	γ_{31}	γ_{37}	γ_{43}	γ_{49}	γ_{55}	γ_{61}	γ_{67}	γ_{73}	γ_{81}	γ_{82}	γ_{74}	γ_{75}	γ_{86}	u_1	u_2	u_3	
(1.71–2.29) e-02	0.85 ^{+0.08} _{-0.04}	1.144	8.0	+11.	+9.3	+4.3	+1.6	+0.9	+7.8	-1.3	+3.0	+0.4	-1.1	+0.1	+4.8	-4.7	+19	+0.7	+0.2	+2.2	+0.9	+2.2	+0.5	+6.4	
(2.29–3.14) e-02	0.85 ^{+0.09} _{-0.06}	1.245	7.1	+8.7	+8.1	+6.2	+1.9	+1.1	+1.4	-0.4	+3.5	+0.5	-2.5	+0.0	+7.4	-8.3	+9.0	+5.1	+2.5	+4.9	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+7.7	
(3.14–4.57) e-02	0.85 ^{+0.09} _{-0.09}	1.244	24.	+4.5	-9.5	+5.8	+19.	-0.7	-13	+2.2	+1.59	+0.9	+1.5	-1.5	+3.7	+1.3	+9.6	+2.1	+17	+8.8	+0.9	+0.6	+1.4	+0.5	+9.5

Table 25 Measured jet cross section ratio in x_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $|y| < 0.3$. See caption of Table 18 for details

x_T	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$	γ_1	γ_7	γ_{13}	γ_{19}	γ_{25}	γ_{31}	γ_{32}	γ_{38}	γ_{44}	γ_{50}	γ_{56}	γ_{62}	γ_{68}	γ_{74}	γ_{82}	γ_{88}	u_1	u_2	u_3				
			%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%					
(1.71–2.29) e-02	1.07 ^{+0.02} _{-0.07}	1.519	2.0	+12	+4.0	+12	+6.1	+2.6	0.0	-0.8	+3.0	+0.4	-0.4	-0.0	-1.5	+0.1	+5.0	+1.0	+0.8	+1.4	+0.6	+0.3				
(2.29–3.14) e-02	1.04 ^{+0.03} _{-0.05}	1.536	2.6	+8.0	+3.6	+7.8	+3.7	+0.8	+2.0	+0.2	+0.6	+2.5	-0.1	+0.3	-0.1	+0.7	+0.1	+0.4	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.6				
(3.14–4.57) e-02	1.01 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	1.530	2.1	+2.5	+4.6	+3.2	+1.4	+0.6	0.0	+0.3	+1.7	-0.1	-1.4	+0.1	+1.1	+0.4	+2.4	+0.0	+0.2	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4				
(4.57–6.00) e-02	0.99 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.533	1.3	+1.0	-1.1	+3.3	-2.0	+0.2	+0.0	-0.4	+0.8	-0.1	+1.3	+0.1	+1.1	+0.4	+2.4	+0.0	+0.1	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4				
(6.00–7.43) e-02	0.99 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.544	1.9	+0.5	+0.4	+1.9	+3.0	+0.0	-1.1	-1.2	+1.2	+1.1	+1.8	+0.1	+1.1	+1.2	+0.9	+0.1	+0.2	+1.1	+1.4	+0.5	+0.3			
(7.43–8.86) e-02	0.99 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.532	2.6	+0.1	+0.5	+0.7	+3.0	+0.5	+1.6	+1.0	+1.6	-0.1	-0.1	-0.4	+0.1	+0.1	+6.5	+0.3	+0.0	+0.3	+1.4	+0.5	+0.3			
(8.86–11.4) e-02	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.512	3.8	-0.0	+2.6	+0.8	+2.7	+0.4	-1.2	0.0	+1.4	+0.4	+0.0	-0.5	+2.0	+0.1	-0.3	+0.3	+0.1	+0.2	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.3		
(1.14–1.43) e-01	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.503	7.7	+0.0	-2.3	-0.9	-2.6	+2.1	-1.2	0.0	+1.5	+0.6	+0.5	+0.1	+0.1	+2.6	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.4	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.2		
(1.43–1.71) e-01	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.553	14.	+0.0	-0.0	+5.8	+2.7	-1.9	+1.0	-0.5	-1.5	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	+2.8	-0.4	-0.0	+0.1	+0.4	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4	
(1.71–2.29) e-01	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.525	25.	+0.0	-0.0	+3.1	-2.1	-0.4	+1.2	0.0	+1.7	+0.3	-0.4	-0.2	-0.2	-0.6	-0.6	-0.0	+2.4	+0.6	+0.0	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.2	
(2.29–2.86) e-01	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.978	55.	+0.2	+0.1	+2.5	+0.1	+1.4	0.0	+1.3	-0.1	+0.1	-1.5	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.0	+2.4	-0.0	+0.3	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.2	+0.2	
(2.86–3.43) e-01	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	3.484	123	+2.1	+2.0	-0.3	+2.4	-0.8	+1.1	+1.5	+0.8	0.0	+1.0	-0.5	-1.5	-0.8	+0.5	+3.6	+4.7	-0.3	+6.9	+1.2	+0.1	+1.4	+0.5	+0.1

Table 26 Measured jet cross section ratio in x_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $0.3 \leq |y| < 0.8$. See caption of Table 18 for details

x_T	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$	γ_1	γ_7	γ_{13}	γ_{19}	γ_{25}	γ_{31}	γ_{32}	γ_{38}	γ_{44}	γ_{50}	γ_{56}	γ_{62}	γ_{68}	γ_{74}	γ_{82}	γ_{88}	u_1	u_2	u_3			
			%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%				
(1.71–2.29) e-02	1.08 ^{+0.02} _{-0.08}	1.523	1.6	+13	+4.2	+8.3	+7.0	+1.2	+0.3	-0.2	+2.9	+0.6	-0.2	-0.0	+2.6	-1.7	+5.0	+0.2	+0.1	+0.4	+0.9	+1.4	+0.5	+0.3	
(2.29–3.14) e-02	1.05 ^{+0.02} _{-0.05}	1.500	1.9	+8.0	+4.8	+6.8	+5.0	+6.7	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+2.8	+0.1	+0.1	+0.3	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5	
(3.14–4.57) e-02	1.01 ^{+0.02} _{-0.03}	1.507	1.7	+2.2	+3.8	+5.7	+1.9	+1.1	+0.1	+0.2	+0.2	+0.3	+1.8	+0.3	+1.5	+0.4	+3.9	-3.6	+0.4	+0.2	+0.1	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5
(4.57–6.00) e-02	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.02}	1.538	1.0	+1.1	+2.2	+0.9	+0.7	+2.5	+0.1	+0.1	+0.6	+0.6	+0.6	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+1.2	+0.0	+0.1	+0.4	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5	
(8.86–11.4) e-02	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.02}	1.483	6.4	+0.0	-0.6	+3.0	-0.7	-1.1	-2.8	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.9	+0.9	+1.5	-0.2	-0.4	+3.7	+0.2	+0.1	+0.1	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4
(1.14–1.43) e-01	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.553	1.4	-0.5	+0.6	+3.0	-0.6	+1.4	+0.2	+0.1	+0.8	+0.1	+1.0	+0.8	-1.9	-1.9	-0.1	-0.4	+3.6	+0.2	+0.0	+0.1	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4
(6.00–7.43) e-02	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.542	2.1	+0.1	+1.8	+0.8	+1.2	-0.4	+0.0	+0.8	+0.2	+0.1	+0.2	+0.1	-0.4	-0.4	-0.2	-0.2	+3.6	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+1.4	+0.5	+0.3
(7.43–8.86) e-02	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.482	3.1	+0.0	-2.8	-1.1	-2.4	-1.1	-2.4	-0.3	-1.6	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	+1.4	+0.5	+0.3
(8.86–11.4) e-02	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.483	6.4	+0.0	-0.6	+0.6	-0.8	+2.1	-0.3	-0.6	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4
(1.43–1.71) e-01	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.340	14.	+0.0	+0.3	+3.4	+2.2	+1.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	+1.4	+0.5	+0.3
(1.71–2.29) e-01	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.025	24.	+0.0	-0.1	-3.8	-2.8	-1.4	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	+1.4	+0.5	+0.2
(2.29–2.86) e-01	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	2.883	47.	-0.2	-0.5	-0.2	-0.2	-0.1	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	+1.4	+0.5	+0.2
(2.86–3.43) e-01	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	6.537	68.	+2.0	+0.5	+4.5	+0.8	-0.5	+0.0	+0.3	-0.5	+0.0	+0.3	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	+1.4	+0.5	+0.1

Table 27 Measured jet cross section ratio in x_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $0.8 \leq |y| < 1.2$. See caption of Table 18 for details

x_T	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_2 %	γ_8 %	γ_{14} %	γ_{20} %	γ_{26} %	γ_{31} %	γ_{33} %	γ_{39} %	γ_{45} %	γ_{51} %	γ_{57} %	γ_{63} %	γ_{69} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %			
(1.71–2.29) e-02	1.09 ^{+0.02} _{-0.07}	1.499	1.9	+13	+4.1	+8.4	+5.8	+1.1	+2.4	-0.3	+3.0	+0.3	-0.4	+2.8	-1.8	+12	+0.2	+0.1	+0.3	+0.9	+1.4	+0.6	+0.6		
(2.29–3.14) e-02	1.05 ^{+0.02} _{-0.05}	1.433	2.3	+7.8	+4.8	+6.9	+3.6	+0.2	+2.6	+0.2	+2.2	+0.3	-0.1	+2.5	+1.8	+12	+0.2	+0.1	+0.1	+0.9	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5		
(3.14–4.57) e-02	1.02 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	1.505	2.0	+2.4	+3.4	+5.4	+2.0	+1.3	+2.0	+0.8	+1.3	+0.4	-1.4	+1.4	+4.4	+5.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.2	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5		
(4.57–6.00) e-02	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.515	1.2	-1.1	+2.8	+1.1	-0.7	+2.3	+1.0	-0.7	+0.8	+1.7	-1.2	+0.2	+0.5	+0.5	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.2	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5		
(6.00–7.43) e-02	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.595	1.8	+0.6	+3.3	+0.6	-0.9	-1.1	+0.1	+1.2	+0.9	+1.0	-0.9	+1.5	+3.9	+0.9	+0.3	+0.3	+0.6	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5		
(7.43–8.86) e-02	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.546	2.5	-0.1	+1.7	+0.8	-0.0	+2.6	+0.1	+0.5	+0.5	+1.0	-0.3	+1.3	+2.2	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.5	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5		
(8.86–11.4) e-02	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.510	3.8	-0.0	+1.8	+0.0	-0.3	+2.4	+0.3	-1.2	+1.9	+0.1	-1.5	+0.6	+2.1	+0.2	+0.0	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5	
(1.14–1.43) e-01	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.432	8.1	-0.0	+0.9	+0.0	-0.2	+0.2	+2.1	+0.2	+0.6	+1.3	-0.5	+2.1	+0.6	+1.3	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.5	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4	
(1.43–1.71) e-01	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.355	16.	-0.0	+0.5	-0.9	+2.5	+0.9	+0.4	+0.4	+0.2	+1.2	-0.5	+1.2	+0.2	+0.3	+1.7	+0.1	+0.1	+0.4	+0.3	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4
(1.71–2.29) e-01	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.533	27.	-0.0	+3.8	+2.5	+2.4	+0.2	+0.2	+1.4	+0.1	+0.1	-0.2	+1.4	+0.1	+0.3	+2.4	-0.7	-0.0	-0.3	+0.0	+0.0	+1.4	+0.7	+0.3
(2.29–2.86) e-01	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.213	130	-0.3	+0.6	+3.2	+0.8	+0.2	+0.8	+1.4	+0.0	+1.4	-0.5	+0.2	+0.8	+0.8	+0.3	+0.3	+0.3	+0.0	+0.0	+1.4	+0.4	+0.3	

Table 28 Measured jet cross section ratio in x_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $1.2 \leq |y| < 2.1$. See caption of Table 18 for details

x_T	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_3 %	γ_9 %	γ_{15} %	γ_{21} %	γ_{27} %	γ_{31} %	γ_{34} %	γ_{40} %	γ_{46} %	γ_{52} %	γ_{58} %	γ_{64} %	γ_{70} %	γ_{78} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %			
(1.71–2.29) e-02	1.09 ^{+0.02} _{-0.06}	1.522	1.5	+13	+4.0	+8.6	+6.0	+0.9	+11	-0.6	+2.8	+0.3	-0.4	+2.6	-1.9	+12	+0.9	+0.1	+0.3	+0.9	+1.4	+0.5	+0.6		
(2.29–3.14) e-02	1.05 ^{+0.03} _{-0.04}	1.517	2.0	+8.5	+5.1	+7.3	+4.2	+0.4	+10	+0.2	+2.4	+0.7	-1.0	+1.6	+4.2	+3.8	+5.0	+1.0	+0.1	+0.4	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4	
(3.14–4.57) e-02	1.02 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	1.413	1.7	+2.5	+3.9	+5.9	+3.0	+1.3	+5.9	+0.8	+1.4	+0.4	-1.5	+1.6	+3.1	+4.7	+0.4	+0.0	+0.2	+0.1	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.6	
(4.57–6.00) e-02	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.436	1.1	-1.1	+2.2	+0.6	+0.4	+1.8	+0.6	+0.3	+0.3	+0.3	-1.4	+2.2	+1.6	+3.0	+5.4	+0.4	+0.5	+0.5	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.6	
(6.00–7.43) e-02	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.485	1.5	-0.6	+3.9	+0.3	+0.9	+0.4	+0.4	+1.3	+1.0	+1.0	-0.4	+1.2	+1.6	+2.2	+1.6	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+1.4	+0.5	+0.7	
(7.43–8.86) e-02	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.554	2.5	+0.1	+2.1	+1.1	+0.2	+2.4	+1.0	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	-0.5	+1.0	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.2	+0.2	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5	
(8.86–11.4) e-02	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.460	3.6	+0.0	+2.9	+0.1	+0.9	+2.4	+0.3	+1.6	+1.0	+1.0	-0.6	+1.2	+1.6	+2.2	+1.6	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5	
(1.14–1.43) e-01	1.01 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.792	7.7	+0.0	+0.9	+0.2	+0.6	-0.7	-0.5	+0.6	+0.8	-0.1	-1.2	-0.6	-0.4	-1.3	+0.1	+0.0	+0.2	+0.6	+0.1	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5	
(1.43–1.71) e-01	1.02 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	1.840	17.	+0.0	-0.5	+3.4	+1.1	-0.8	+0.5	+1.4	+0.3	+1.7	+0.3	-1.5	-0.6	-1.8	-1.8	-0.2	-2.8	+0.1	0.0	+1.4	+0.6	+0.5	
(1.71–2.29) e-01	1.02 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}	0.780	46.	-0.0	+5.4	+4.0	+0.6	+0.5	-0.3	+2.0	+0.4	+0.8	-0.3	+1.2	+0.4	+0.8	+0.8	-0.4	-3.3	+0.3	+0.0	+1.4	+0.6	+0.4	
(2.29–2.86) e-01	1.02 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}	2.500	125	-0.3	+0.8	+3.4	+1.1	-0.5	+0.5	+1.3	+0.8	+1.6	-0.1	+1.6	-0.1	-5.3	-0.1	-0.9	-3.0	+1.3	+0.5	+2.2	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5

Table 29 Measured jet cross section ratio in x_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $2.1 \leq |y| < 2.8$. See caption of Table 18 for details

x_T	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	y_4 %	y_{10} %	y_{16} %	y_{22} %	y_{28} %	y_{31} %	y_{35} %	y_{41} %	y_{47} %	y_{53} %	y_{59} %	y_{71} %	y_{79} %	y_{82} %	y_{84} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %				
(1.71–2.29) e-02	1.07 ^{+0.05} _{-0.05}	1.502	2.1	+13	+3.3	+8.1	+3.3	+0.3	+17	-1.0	+2.0	-0.3	-0.6	-0.0	+1.9	+1.6	+1.6	+0.2	+0.3	+0.9	+1.4	+0.5	+0.7		
(2.29–3.14) e-02	1.04 ^{+0.04} _{-0.02}	1.462	1.5	+8.1	+4.3	+6.4	+5.0	+0.0	+17	-0.4	+0.4	-2.5	-0.4	-0.3	-0.1	-2.4	+3.9	+3.7	+0.5	+0.5	+0.5	+1.4	+0.5	+1.0	
(3.14–4.57) e-02	1.02 ^{+0.03} _{-0.01}	1.421	2.2	+2.7	+4.3	+6.3	+4.6	+0.4	+14	-0.5	+2.1	-0.2	-0.2	-0.1	+0.3	+4.4	+3.7	+4.4	+0.2	+0.1	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.8	
(4.57–6.00) e-02	1.01 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}	1.505	1.5	+1.0	-4.0	-4.0	-3.9	+0.6	+0.5	+1.4	+0.4	+1.4	+0.4	+0.3	+1.4	+1.7	+0.3	+1.4	+0.1	+0.0	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.8	
(6.00–7.43) e-02	1.02 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}	1.452	3.1	+0.4	-4.0	-4.0	-0.4	+0.5	+0.5	+1.4	+1.4	+1.4	+1.4	+0.3	+1.0	+2.1	+0.2	+0.2	+0.1	+0.1	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.8	
(7.43–8.86) e-02	1.02 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}	1.497	6.0	+0.0	-0.0	-0.0	+2.2	+0.5	-1.6	-4.1	-1.2	+0.5	+0.5	+0.7	+0.7	+2.8	+0.9	+0.9	+0.8	+0.1	+0.1	+0.0	+1.4	+0.6	+0.7
(8.86–11.4) e-02	1.02 ^{+0.03} _{-0.01}	1.617	12.	+0.0	+5.0	+5.0	+0.6	+0.9	+1.9	+0.9	+2.9	+0.3	+0.8	+0.8	+0.8	+3.0	-0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+1.1
(1.14–1.43) e-01	1.02 ^{+0.03} _{-0.01}	2.594	35.	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-2.9	+1.4	+1.4	+1.4	+2.5	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+0.4	+3.0	-0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.7
(1.43–1.71) e-01	1.02 ^{+0.03} _{-0.01}	6.804	143	+0.2	+0.0	+0.0	+2.2	+0.0	+0.9	+1.5	+1.5	+2.8	+1.2	+1.8	+1.8	+3.8	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.7
				+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+8.2	+12.	+1.0	+8.7	+12.	+5.8	+2.2	+1.6	+4.2	+4.2	+0.8	+0.8	+0.8	+0.8	+0.8	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.1

Table 30 Measured jet cross section ratio in x_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $2.8 \leq |y| < 3.6$. See caption of Table 18 for details

x_T	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	y_5 %	y_{11} %	y_{17} %	y_{23} %	y_{29} %	y_{31} %	y_{36} %	y_{42} %	y_{48} %	y_{54} %	y_{60} %	y_{66} %	y_{72} %	y_{78} %	y_{82} %	y_{85} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %			
(1.71–2.29) e-02	1.04 ^{+0.07} _{-0.04}	1.337	2.8	+15	+4.5	+9.8	+1.5	+1.6	+24	-0.5	+3.2	+0.8	+0.8	-0.6	+0.0	+3.0	-2.4	+0.4	+0.7	+0.9	+2.2	+0.5	+4.1		
(2.29–3.14) e-02	1.02 ^{+0.06} _{-0.02}	1.381	3.2	+9.2	+5.5	+8.6	-1.3	-1.6	-24	+0.3	+3.4	-1.6	-1.6	+0.4	+0.1	+3.1	+2.1	+0.1	+0.3	+0.4	+2.2	+0.5	+4.9		
(3.14–4.57) e-02	1.01 ^{+0.05} _{-0.02}	1.313	2.3	+1.4	+3.8	+6.0	+7.6	+0.3	+0.5	+0.5	+0.4	+2.8	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+1.9	+0.5	+2.0	+0.5	+4.6	+5.5	+0.5	+3.1		
(4.57–6.00) e-02	1.01 ^{+0.05} _{-0.02}	1.376	5.2	+2.1	-3.6	-5.8	-7.4	+4.0	+1.2	+1.2	+1.4	+1.4	+1.4	+1.6	+0.3	+2.5	+0.3	+0.3	+2.2	+0.0	+1.6	+0.5	+3.2		
(6.00–7.43) e-02	1.01 ^{+0.05} _{-0.02}	1.134	16.	-0.7	-10.	-1.3	-1.9	+4.3	+1.8	+3.1	+3.7	+1.7	+1.7	+1.7	+0.9	+1.8	-3.8	-0.6	+0.4	+4.9	+0.1	+1.4	+0.6	+3.8	
(7.43–8.86) e-02	1.01 ^{+0.05} _{-0.02}	3.696	61.	+0.5	+5.1	+4.7	+1.1	+0.8	+3.2	+0.0	+0.5	+4.0	+4.7	+0.8	+0.8	+2.8	+1.1	+3.0	+0.0	+0.2	+0.0	+1.4	+0.6	+3.9	
				+0.5	+0.5	+0.4	+8.2	+12.	+1.0	+8.7	+12.	+5.8	+2.2	+1.6	+4.2	+4.2	+0.8	+0.8	+0.8	+0.8	+0.8	+0.0	+1.4	+0.6	+3.9

Table 31 Measured jet cross section ratio in x_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $3.6 \leq |y| < 4.4$. See caption of Table 18 for details

x_T	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	y_6 %	y_{12} %	y_{18} %	y_{24} %	y_{30} %	y_{31} %	y_{37} %	y_{43} %	y_{49} %	y_{55} %	y_{61} %	y_{67} %	y_{73} %	y_{79} %	y_{82} %	y_{86} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %			
(1.71–2.29) e-02	0.98 ^{+0.08} _{-0.02}	1.469	6.7	+22	+11.	+17.	+3.7	+2.2	+71	+0.0	+4.8	+1.6	-0.3	+0.0	+6.0	-3.4	+5.1	+1.8	+2.0	+1.8	+1.7	+0.9	+0.5	+5.6	
(2.29–3.14) e-02	0.97 ^{+0.08} _{-0.04}	1.344	6.0	+13	+5.1	+10	-4.2	-2.8	-48	+0.1	+1.0	-2.7	-0.3	-0.1	+2.1	+0.1	+5.4	-7.6	+0.3	+2.0	+3.6	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+7.1
(3.14–4.57) e-02	0.94 ^{+0.13} _{-0.09}	1.381	20.	+0.1	+23.	+12.	-6.6	-5.6	-16	-4.7	-10	-4.7	-7.1	-7.1	+2.8	+0.8	+11.	+3.4	+0.0	+1.9	-9.7	-0.7	+16.	+0.5	+8.3
				-7.5	-2.9	-0.1	+7.6	-1.8	-45	+1.8	-1.8	-4.7	-8.2	-8.2	+0.8	+1.1	+2.1	+7.0	-0.1	+1.1	+1.1	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+8.3

Table 32 Measured jet cross section ratio in bins of p_T for anti- k_T jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $|y| < 0.3$. NPCorr stands for multiplicative non-perturbative corrections, ρ is the measured cross section and $\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ is the statistical uncertainty. γ_i and u_j correspond to the correlated and uncorrelated systematic uncertainties given in %. They are described in Table 1, where i denotes a nuisance parameter, u_3 is the uncertainty due to pile-up effects in the cross section measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. For each table entry, the outcome of shifting the corresponding nuisance parameter by one standard deviation, up or down, is shown as superscript or subscript, respectively. In some bins these shifts may lead to cross-section variations in the same direction. The 4.3 % uncertainty from the luminosity measurements is not in this table

Table 33 Measured jet cross section ratio in p_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $0.3 \leq |y| < 0.8$. See caption of Table 32 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_1 %	γ_2 %	γ_3 %	γ_{13} %	γ_{19} %	γ_{25} %	γ_{31} %	γ_{32} %	γ_{38} %	γ_{44} %	γ_{50} %	γ_{56} %	γ_{62} %	γ_{68} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{76} %	γ_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %	
20–30	0.90 ^{+0.01} −0.12	2.829e-01	1.5	+2.3	-1.3	+1.5	-1.0	+0.1	+0.2	-0.1	+0.2	-0.1	+0.0	+0.1	-0.3	-0.0	+1.6	+0.2	+1.3	0.0	+1.4	+0.7	+0.8		
30–45	0.92 ^{+0.02} −0.05	2.586e-01	2.6	+0.7	+1.1	+0.2	+0.3	-0.2	+0.8	-0.1	+0.1	+0.2	+0.3	+0.1	+0.4	+0.0	+0.1	+0.9	+0.1	+1.0	0.0	+1.4	+0.6	+0.5	
45–60	0.95 ^{+0.02} −0.02	2.057e-01	3.0	-0.6	+1.3	+0.6	+0.5	-0.1	+0.2	-0.1	+0.1	-0.1	+0.1	+0.2	+0.1	-0.1	-0.0	+0.6	+0.1	+0.2	0.0	+1.4	+0.6	+0.3	
60–80	0.96 ^{+0.02} −0.02	1.886e-01	1.2	-0.2	+0.1	-0.3	-0.2	+0.1	-0.2	+0.1	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2	-0.1	-0.3	+0.5	+0.4	+0.2	+0.1	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4
80–110	0.98 ^{+0.02} −0.01	1.625e-01	1.4	-0.0	+0.7	+0.8	+0.7	+0.0	+0.4	+0.0	+0.4	+0.0	+0.5	+0.3	+0.7	+0.4	+0.1	+0.4	+0.1	+0.2	+0.3	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4
110–160	0.99 ^{+0.02} −0.01	1.295e-01	2.6	+0.0	+0.0	+0.8	+0.4	+0.0	+0.2	+0.1	+0.2	+0.0	+0.2	+0.1	+0.7	+0.3	+0.1	+0.5	+0.2	+0.6	+0.1	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4
160–210	1.00 ^{+0.01} −0.01	8.841e-02	7.4	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+0.4	+0.1	+0.1	+0.3	+0.1	+0.0	+0.0	+0.6	+0.3	+0.3	+0.0	+0.6	+0.1	+0.3	+0.1	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5
210–260	1.00 ^{+0.01} −0.01	5.519e-02	18.	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+0.5	+1.3	+1.0	+0.5	+1.0	+0.0	+0.0	+0.8	+0.6	+1.8	+1.1	+0.2	+0.0	+1.9	+0.3	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.3
260–310	1.00 ^{+0.01} −0.01	4.967e-02	32.	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+0.5	+0.1	+0.1	+0.3	+0.1	+0.1	+0.2	+0.1	+0.6	+0.3	+0.6	+0.0	+0.1	+1.9	+0.4	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.3
310–400	1.00 ^{+0.01} −0.01	6.368e-02	44.	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+1.2	+1.1	+1.0	+0.5	+0.5	+0.0	+0.0	+0.3	+0.4	+2.5	+2.1	+0.0	+0.0	+3.3	+0.0	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.3
400–500	1.00 ^{+0.01} −0.01	7.413e-02	78.	0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+1.1	+1.5	+0.9	+1.1	+0.5	+0.8	+0.0	+0.5	+2.5	+1.3	+0.3	+0.0	+3.9	+0.9	+0.2	+0.0	+5.8	+0.5	+0.3

Table 34 Measured jet cross section ratio in p_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $0.8 \leq |y| < 1.2$. See caption of Table 32 for details

Table 35 Measured jet cross section ratio in p_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $1.2 \leq |y| < 2.1$. See caption of Table 32 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_3 %	γ_9 %	γ_{15} %	γ_{21} %	γ_{27} %	γ_{31} %	γ_{34} %	γ_{40} %	γ_{46} %	γ_{52} %	γ_{58} %	γ_{64} %	γ_{70} %	γ_{78} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %				
20-30	0.91 ^{+0.02} -0.12	2.515e-01	1.3	+3.0	-0.5	+2.2	+3.3	+0.7	+1.0	+0.4	+0.7	+0.5	-0.0	+0.0	+0.2	-0.0	+1.5	+0.0	+1.1	0.0	+1.4	+0.7	+1.3				
30-45	0.94 ^{+0.01} -0.07	2.259e-01	2.4	+0.8	-0.4	+1.6	+0.2	-0.1	-1.4	-0.4	-0.3	-0.5	+0.0	+0.0	-0.3	+0.0	+0.8	+0.3	+0.1	+0.9	0.0	+1.4	+0.6	+1.0			
45-60	0.96 ^{+0.01} -0.04	1.841e-01	2.8	-0.3	+0.6	+0.5	+0.2	+0.3	+1.3	-0.1	-0.6	-0.3	+0.0	+0.1	-0.6	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+0.3	+0.3	+0.6	+1.4	+0.5	+0.6			
60-80	0.98 ^{+0.01} -0.03	1.565e-01	1.2	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3	+0.1	-0.0	-0.5	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.3	+0.1	-0.2	-0.2	+0.1	+0.7	+0.0	+0.3	+0.4	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5		
80-110	0.99 ^{+0.01} -0.03	1.229e-01	1.7	-0.0	+0.0	+0.7	+0.5	+0.1	+0.4	+0.1	+0.3	+0.3	+0.1	+0.1	+0.4	+0.1	+0.2	+0.7	+0.1	+0.2	+0.3	+0.2	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5		
110-160	1.00 ^{+0.01} -0.02	8.560e-02	2.9	-0.0	+0.0	+1.8	+1.1	+0.5	+0.5	+1.8	+1.1	+1.2	+0.7	+0.7	+0.4	+0.7	+0.7	+0.2	+0.3	+0.1	+0.2	+0.2	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.6	
160-210	1.00 ^{+0.02} -0.02	6.069e-02	8.4	+0.0	+1.4	+1.0	-0.1	+0.6	+1.0	+1.8	+0.5	+0.5	-0.1	+0.6	+0.5	+0.9	+0.9	-0.3	+0.0	+2.2	+0.9	-0.1	+1.2	+0.5	+0.5	+0.5	
210-260	1.00 ^{+0.03} -0.01	2.678e-02	24.	+0.0	+2.0	+1.7	+0.9	+1.6	+2.3	-1.8	-0.3	-2.3	-1.0	-1.0	-0.2	-1.6	-1.6	-0.2	-0.0	-3.5	-0.1	+1.4	+0.5	+0.6	+0.6		
260-310	0.99 ^{+0.03} -0.01	9.332e-03	77.	-0.0	-0.0	+2.9	+1.1	+2.9	+1.1	-1.0	-1.8	-1.2	-1.5	-1.5	-1.5	-1.5	-1.5	-0.1	+2.2	-0.7	+0.0	+0.7	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.5	
310-400	0.99 ^{+0.03} -0.02	1.011e-02	122	+0.1	-0.1	+2.7	+1.0	+2.6	+1.0	+2.5	+1.0	+2.5	+1.1	+1.1	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+0.3	+0.0	+3.8	-0.4	+0.0	+0.2	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.4

Table 36 Measured jet cross section ratio in p_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $2.1 \leq |y| < 2.8$. See caption of Table 32 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_4 %	γ_{10} %	γ_{16} %	γ_{22} %	γ_{28} %	γ_{31} %	γ_{35} %	γ_{41} %	γ_{47} %	γ_{53} %	γ_{59} %	γ_{65} %	γ_{71} %	γ_{79} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{84} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %		
20–30	0.92 ^{+0.02} _{-0.11}	2.265e-01	2.0	+3.6	-0.7	+2.5	+1.4	+0.9	+3.2	+0.2	+0.8	+0.5	-0.0	+0.0	+0.1	-0.0	+0.0	+2.6	+0.3	+0.1	+1.2	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+1.5	
30–45	0.95 ^{+0.01} _{-0.04}	1.915e-01	2.0	+0.8	-0.6	+1.5	+0.2	-0.2	-0.2	+0.2	+0.0	-0.1	+0.0	+0.3	+0.0	+0.1	+0.5	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+0.7	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+1.1	
45–60	0.97 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	1.290e-01	3.9	+0.1	-0.4	+1.1	+0.5	+0.0	+0.0	+2.2	-0.6	+0.1	+0.8	-0.0	-0.3	+0.0	-0.2	+0.0	+0.3	+0.3	+0.5	+0.1	+1.4	+0.5	+0.7	
60–80	0.98 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}	1.055e-01	1.7	+0.2	-0.6	+1.2	+0.7	+0.3	+0.3	+0.6	+1.1	+0.7	+0.3	+0.0	+0.3	+0.1	+0.5	+0.0	+0.2	+0.5	+0.3	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.6	
80–110	0.98 ^{+0.03} _{-0.00}	6.313e-02	2.7	+0.0	+3.9	+3.3	+0.6	+0.7	+3.4	+2.4	+0.7	+3.5	+1.0	+0.2	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.3	+1.6	+0.8	+0.6	+0.1	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.9
110–160	0.98 ^{+0.05} _{-0.00}	2.256e-02	8.6	+0.0	+4.1	+2.7	+0.6	+0.8	+4.5	+1.9	+0.5	+4.1	+1.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.3	+2.0	+4.4	+0.1	+0.0	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.8
160–210	0.98 ^{+0.07} _{-0.01}	8.884e-03	39.	-0.0	+4.3	+2.3	+0.5	+1.0	+7.0	+1.7	-0.2	+6.1	+3.1	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+0.3	+1.1	+7.7	+0.6	+0.9	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+1.0
210–260	0.97 ^{+0.07} _{-0.02}	6.248e-03	113	0.0	+5.6	+2.9	-1.6	+2.0	+12	-1.7	-0.8	+7.0	+4.2	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.0	+21	+4.2	+3.1	+11.5	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.8

Table 37 Measured jet cross section ratio in p_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $2.8 \leq |y| < 3.6$. See caption of Table 32 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_5 %	γ_{11} %	γ_{17} %	γ_{23} %	γ_{29} %	γ_{31} %	γ_{36} %	γ_{42} %	γ_{48} %	γ_{54} %	γ_{60} %	γ_{66} %	γ_{72} %	γ_{80} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{85} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %			
20–30	0.92 ^{+0.02} _{-0.08}	1.654e-01	2.4	+3.7	-0.4	+2.7	-0.4	+5.2	+0.8	+4.7	+0.8	+0.9	+0.7	+0.0	+0.1	+0.5	+0.0	+0.6	+0.0	+0.2	+0.7	0.0	+2.2	+0.5	+4.8		
30–45	0.94 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	1.056e-01	2.8	+1.1	-0.7	+2.9	+1.1	+6.8	+1.2	+6.8	+0.5	+5.2	+0.6	-0.7	-1.0	+0.0	+0.1	+0.5	+0.1	+0.2	+0.5	+1.0	0.0	+2.2	+0.5	+3.4	
45–60	0.95 ^{+0.05} _{-0.01}	5.300e-02	4.4	+0.4	+3.6	+2.5	+1.1	+3.6	+0.9	+3.9	+0.0	+7.1	+0.8	+0.5	+0.5	+0.1	+0.1	+0.8	+0.1	+0.4	+0.5	+0.4	+0.4	+0.5	+2.2	+0.5	
60–80	0.95 ^{+0.06} _{-0.01}	2.070e-02	4.2	+0.7	+4.2	+2.9	+0.9	+4.2	+0.6	+4.3	+1.3	+9.6	+1.3	+0.5	+0.5	+0.1	+0.1	+2.6	+0.3	+0.4	+4.4	+0.3	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+3.9	
80–110	0.95 ^{+0.06} _{-0.01}	3.470e-03	15.	+0.2	+8.8	-6.9	+1.1	+5.4	-5.4	+0.8	-1.9	-11.9	-11.9	-3.3	-0.6	-0.7	-0.1	+1.4	+0.6	+0.7	+2.9	+0.4	+1.7	+0.7	+1.4	+4.8	
110–160	0.94 ^{+0.06} _{-0.02}	1.298e-03	69.	-0.1	-4.9	-4.3	-6.9	-5.5	-5.5	+14	-1.8	-2.1	-1.8	-3.5	-3.5	-2.1	-2.1	-6.3	-2.7	-0.3	-2.8	-5.0	-21	+0.1	+1.4	+0.5	+2.8

Table 38 Measured jet cross section ratio in p_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.4$ in the rapidity bin $3.6 \leq |y| < 4.4$. See caption of Table 32 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_6 %	γ_{12} %	γ_{18} %	γ_{24} %	γ_{30} %	γ_{31} %	γ_{37} %	γ_{43} %	γ_{49} %	γ_{55} %	γ_{61} %	γ_{67} %	γ_{73} %	γ_{79} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{81} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{86} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %		
20–30	0.86 ^{+0.10} _{-0.00}	5.680e-02	5.9	+10.	+3.0	+8.7	+2.0	+2.6	+2.9	+1.1	+2.6	+2.6	+0.0	+0.0	+1.4	+0.0	+0.0	+1.4	+0.0	+0.0	+0.3	+1.5	0.0	+2.2	+0.5	+6.0	
30–45	0.86 ^{+0.12} _{-0.03}	1.539e-02	6.5	-7.8	+1.9	+7.1	+1.5	+2.9	+7.6	-31	-1.6	-2.2	-2.6	-3.5	+5.3	+0.0	-2.0	-0.0	+4.0	+0.0	+1.2	+1.4	+0.5	+10.4			
45–60	0.85 ^{+0.11} _{-0.05}	1.034e-03	18.	-3.0	-1.3	+16	+1.6	+7.7	+0.7	+1.4	+9.2	+3.4	+2.2	+7.8	-1.1	-0.3	-0.4	+2.1	+1.2	+2.2	+1.5	+15.1	+0.8	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+6.4

Table 39 Measured jet cross section ratio in p_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $|y| < 0.3$. See caption of Table 32 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_1 %	γ_2 %	γ_{13} %	γ_{19} %	γ_{25} %	γ_{31} %	γ_{32} %	γ_{38} %	γ_{44} %	γ_{50} %	γ_{56} %	γ_{62} %	γ_{68} %	γ_{76} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %				
20–30	$0.77^{+0.03}_{-0.17}$	$2.530e-01$	1.5	$+1.4^{+0.6}_{-0.3}$	$+3.1^{+0.6}_{-0.3}$	$+0.3^{+0.4}_{-0.4}$	$+0.7^{+0.4}_{-0.7}$	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+1.9^{+0.2}_{-0.2}$	$+0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+1.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$\pm 1.4^{+0.7}_{-0.5}$							
30–45	$0.86^{+0.02}_{-0.08}$	$2.441e-01$	2.7	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.7^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.3^{+0.4}_{-0.3}$	$+0.7^{+0.4}_{-0.7}$	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.6^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.6^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$		
45–60	$0.90^{+0.02}_{-0.04}$	$2.162e-01$	3.4	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.8^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.6^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.7^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.8^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+1.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+1.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$\pm 1.4^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$				
60–80	$0.92^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$	$1.851e-01$	1.4	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-1.6^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-1.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.8^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.8^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$\pm 1.4^{+0.5}_{-0.5}$					
80–110	$0.95^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$1.604e-01$	1.7	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.8^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.9^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.6^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.6^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.6^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$\pm 1.4^{+0.5}_{-0.5}$						
110–160	$0.97^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$1.323e-01$	2.9	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$			
160–210	$0.98^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$9.933e-02$	7.9	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-1.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$			
210–260	$0.99^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$6.966e-02$	17.	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+1.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.6^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.8^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$			
260–310	$0.99^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$6.273e-02$	34.	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$				
310–400	$1.00^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$5.772e-02$	47.	0.0	$+0.9^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+1.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.6^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.6^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.4^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.3^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-1.4^{+0.5}_{-0.5}$	$-0.5^{+0.5}_{-0.5}$	$-1.4^{+0.5}_{-0.5}$	$-1.4^{+0.5}_{-0.5}$	$-1.4^{+0.5}_{-0.5}$
400–500	$1.00^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$4.224e-02$	120	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+2.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+1.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+1.5^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$			

Table 40 Measured jet cross section ratio in p_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $0.3 \leq |y| < 0.8$. See caption of Table 32 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_1 %	γ_2 %	γ_{13} %	γ_{19} %	γ_{25} %	γ_{31} %	γ_{32} %	γ_{38} %	γ_{44} %	γ_{50} %	γ_{56} %	γ_{62} %	γ_{68} %	γ_{76} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %		
20–30	$0.77^{+0.03}_{-0.17}$	$2.458e-01$	1.2	$+2.0^{+1.1}_{-0.2}$	$+3.0^{+0.7}_{-0.5}$	$+0.7^{+0.4}_{-0.4}$	$+0.6^{+0.4}_{-0.4}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$
30–45	$0.87^{+0.01}_{-0.13}$	$2.414e-01$	2.1	$+0.4^{+0.4}_{-0.4}$	$+0.8^{+0.8}_{-0.8}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	
45–60	$0.91^{+0.01}_{-0.09}$	$2.013e-01$	2.7	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.7^{+0.7}_{-0.7}$	$-0.7^{+0.7}_{-0.7}$	$-0.7^{+0.7}_{-0.7}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$-0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$		
60–80	$0.93^{+0.01}_{-0.06}$	$1.823e-01$	1.1	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$		
80–110	$0.95^{+0.01}_{-0.04}$	$1.585e-01$	1.2	$+0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$+0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$		
110–160	$0.97^{+0.00}_{-0.03}$	$1.266e-01$	2.4	$-0.0^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$-0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$ </																			

Table 41 Measured jet cross section ratio in p_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $0.8 \leq |y| < 1.2$. See caption of Table 32 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_2 %	γ_8 %	γ_{14} %	γ_{20} %	γ_{26} %	γ_{31} %	γ_{33} %	γ_{39} %	γ_{45} %	γ_{51} %	γ_{57} %	γ_{63} %	γ_{69} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %					
20–30	$0.79^{+0.03}_{-0.17}$	$2.412e-01$	1.4	$+1.3$	$+0.6$	$+2.1$	$+0.7$	$+0.8$	$+0.1$	$+0.7$	$+0.5$	$+0.0$	$+0.0$	$+0.1$	-0.0	$+0.3$	$+1.6$	0.0	± 1.4	$+0.6$	± 1.1					
30–45	$0.88^{+0.02}_{-0.12}$	$2.224e-01$	2.5	-0.1	$+1.1$	$+0.3$	$+0.0$	$+1.2$	$+0.4$	$+0.2$	$+0.6$	$+0.0$	$+0.1$	$+0.4$	$+0.0$	$+0.6$	$+0.0$	± 0.5	0.0	± 1.4	$+0.6$	± 1.1				
45–60	$0.92^{+0.01}_{-0.08}$	$2.001e-01$	3.2	-0.6	$+0.3$	$+0.0$	-0.4	-1.4	-0.7	-0.3	-0.7	-0.1	-0.1	-0.6	-0.6	-0.1	$+1.3$	$+0.0$	± 0.6	0.0	± 1.4	$+0.6$	± 0.7			
60–80	$0.94^{+0.01}_{-0.06}$	$1.703e-01$	1.3	$+0.1$	-0.1	-0.4	-0.1	-0.2	$+0.0$	$+0.0$	$+0.0$	$+0.0$	$+0.1$	-0.1	-0.6	-0.1	$+0.4$	$+0.5$	$+0.2$	0.0	± 1.4	$+0.6$	± 0.6			
80–110	$0.96^{+0.01}_{-0.04}$	$1.462e-01$	1.5	$+0.0$	$+0.7$	$+0.6$	$+0.5$	$+0.5$	$+0.5$	$+0.5$	$+0.5$	$+0.3$	$+0.6$	$+0.1$	$+0.2$	$+0.3$	$+0.6$	$+0.2$	$+0.6$	$+0.0$	± 1.4	$+0.5$	± 0.8			
110–160	$0.98^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$	$1.183e-01$	2.8	$+0.0$	$+0.0$	$+0.5$	$+0.4$	$+0.4$	$+0.1$	$+0.4$	$+0.2$	$+0.0$	$+0.0$	$+0.0$	$+0.8$	$+0.2$	-0.1	$+0.0$	$+0.1$	$+1.4$	$+0.5$	± 1.4	± 0.7			
160–210	$0.99^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$7.971e-02$	8.3	-0.0	$+0.0$	-0.1	$+0.2$	$+0.2$	$+0.2$	$+0.4$	$+0.2$	$+0.1$	$+0.3$	-0.4	-0.1	-0.7	-0.8	-0.2	-0.2	$+1.5$	$+0.1$	± 0.3	$+0.0$	± 0.8		
210–260	$1.00^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$4.111e-02$	21.	-0.0	$+0.0$	$+1.2$	$+1.0$	$+0.8$	$+1.1$	$+1.1$	$+0.6$	$+0.3$	$+2.1$	$+1.2$	$+0.2$	$+0.5$	$+2.6$	$+0.6$	$+0.1$	$+0.4$	$+0.0$	± 1.4	$+0.5$	± 0.6		
260–310	$1.00^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$3.987e-02$	39.	-0.0	$+0.0$	$+1.0$	$+0.9$	$+0.4$	$+1.3$	$+0.8$	$+0.4$	$+0.2$	$+2.7$	$+1.5$	$+0.2$	$+0.0$	$+3.1$	$+0.3$	$+0.6$	$+0.1$	0.0	± 1.4	$+0.5$	± 0.5		
310–400	$1.00^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$2.054e-02$	83.	-0.5	$+0.5$	$+1.7$	$+0.8$	-1.2	-0.8	-1.2	-0.5	-0.1	$+1.9$	$+0.4$	-0.1	$+3.2$	$+2.5$	-0.2	-0.1	$+4.5$	$+0.1$	$+1.8$	$+0.1$	± 1.4	$+0.5$	± 0.5

Table 42 Measured jet cross section ratio in p_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $1.2 \leq |y| < 2.1$. See caption of Table 32 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_3 %	γ_9 %	γ_{15} %	γ_{21} %	γ_{27} %	γ_{31} %	γ_{34} %	γ_{40} %	γ_{46} %	γ_{52} %	γ_{58} %	γ_{64} %	γ_{70} %	γ_{78} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{88} %	γ_{94} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{83} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %	
20–30	$0.81^{+0.03}_{-0.17}$	$2.277e-01$	1.0	$+1.8$	$+1.0$	$+3.0$	$+2.9$	$+0.7$	$+1.2$	$+0.3$	$+0.6$	$+0.4$	$+0.4$	$+0.0$	$+0.1$	$+0.2$	$+0.0$	$+0.2$	$+0.0$	$+1.5$	$+0.2$	$+1.3$	0.0	± 1.4	$+0.7$	± 1.4
30–45	$0.89^{+0.02}_{-0.09}$	$2.204e-01$	1.9	-0.2	-0.4	$+0.7$	-0.4	-0.4	$+0.1$	$+0.9$	$+0.6$	$+0.3$	$+0.3$	$+0.1$	$+0.1$	$+0.5$	$+0.0$	$+0.2$	$+0.1$	$+0.1$	$+0.6$	0.0	± 1.4	$+0.6$	± 1.1	
45–60	$0.93^{+0.01}_{-0.05}$	$1.783e-01$	2.4	$+0.5$	$+0.7$	$+0.5$	$+0.6$	$+0.7$	$+0.1$	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.3	-0.1	-0.3	-0.1	-0.6	$+0.3$	$+0.7$	0.0	± 1.4	$+0.5$	± 0.7
60–80	$0.95^{+0.01}_{-0.03}$	$1.517e-01$	1.0	$+0.1$	-0.2	$+0.2$	$+0.1$	$+0.1$	$+0.1$	$+0.3$	$+0.2$	$+0.1$	$+0.1$	$+0.1$	$+0.2$	$+0.1$	$+0.1$	$+0.2$	$+0.3$	$+0.2$	0.0	± 1.4	$+0.5$	± 0.6		
80–110	$0.97^{+0.01}_{-0.02}$	$1.200e-01$	1.5	$+0.0$	$+1.1$	$+0.6$	$+0.4$	$+0.2$	$+0.8$	$+0.5$	$+0.2$	$+0.1$	$+0.1$	$+0.2$	$+0.1$	$+0.3$	$+0.1$	$+1.1$	$+0.0$	$+0.3$	0.0	± 1.4	$+0.5$	± 0.4		
110–160	$0.99^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$8.341e-02$	2.7	-0.0	$+1.2$	$+0.9$	$+0.3$	$+0.2$	$+1.3$	$+0.6$	$+0.4$	$+0.2$	$+1.4$	$+0.7$	$+0.1$	$+0.0$	$+1.7$	$+0.6$	$+0.1$	$+0.5$	0.0	± 1.4	$+0.5$	± 0.6		
160–210	$1.00^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$5.686e-02$	7.8	$+0.0$	$+0.8$	$+0.9$	$+0.3$	$+0.6$	$+1.9$	$+0.4$	$+0.2$	$+2.5$	$+0.9$	-0.3	$+0.0$	$+2.8$	$+1.0$	$+0.1$	$+1.1$	0.0	± 1.4	$+0.5$	± 0.6			
210–260	$1.00^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$3.231e-02$	21.	-0.0	$+1.0$	-0.7	$+0.2$	-0.9	-1.9	-0.6	$+0.1$	-2.6	-1.2	$+1.7$	$+3.3$	$+1.0$	-0.3	$+2.0$	$+0.3$	$+1.1$	± 0.2	0.0	± 1.4	$+0.5$	± 0.7	
260–310	$1.01^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$7.692e-03$	79.	$+0.0$	$+3.3$	$+2.5$	$+1.1$	$+3.0$	$+4.6$	$+1.2$	$+0.5$	$+5.8$	$+3.9$	-0.9	-0.4	-4.6	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-7.2	$+0.0$	$+0.3$	$+1.0$	± 1.4	$+0.5$	± 0.5
310–400	$1.01^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$7.883e-03$	125	-0.1	$+2.6$	$+2.4$	$+0.0$	$+1.3$	$+4.2$	$+0.3$	$+6.5$	$+3.6$	-1.6	-2.8	-1.1	-4.0	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-9.1	$+3.9$	$+1.0$	$+0.9$	± 1.4	$+0.5$	± 0.5

Table 43 Measured jet cross section ratio in p_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $2.1 \leq |y| < 2.8$. See caption of Table 32 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_4 %	γ_{10} %	γ_{16} %	γ_{22} %	γ_{28} %	γ_{31} %	γ_{35} %	γ_{41} %	γ_{47} %	γ_{53} %	γ_{59} %	γ_{65} %	γ_{71} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{79} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{84} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %
20–30	0.82 ^{+0.03} _{-0.14}	1.981e-01	1.6	+3.0	+1.5	+4.5	+0.7	+1.0	+2.8	-0.0	+0.8	+0.6	-0.0	+0.0	-0.0	-0.0	+0.0	+0.2	+0.1	+0.5	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+1.7	
30–45	0.90 ^{+0.02} _{-0.08}	1.779e-01	1.6	+0.6	-0.4	+0.5	-0.9	-0.8	-0.2	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	+0.0	+0.0	+0.3	+0.3	0.0	+1.4	-0.5	+1.2	
45–60	0.94 ^{+0.02} _{-0.04}	1.204e-01	3.3	+0.4	-1.1	+0.8	+0.4	-0.2	+0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.7	
60–80	0.96 ^{+0.02} _{-0.03}	1.002e-01	1.6	-0.2	+1.3	+0.6	-0.2	+0.5	+1.6	+0.7	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	+0.1	+0.5	+0.1	+0.5	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.7	
80–110	0.98 ^{+0.01} _{-0.02}	5.944e-02	2.5	+0.0	+3.2	+1.1	+0.1	+0.6	+2.7	+1.0	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+0.2	+0.1	+2.3	+1.9	+0.2	+0.6	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+1.0
110–160	1.00 ^{+0.01} _{-0.01}	2.368e-02	7.4	+0.0	+4.1	+3.0	+0.8	+1.1	+4.2	+2.4	+1.2	+1.2	+1.2	+1.2	+1.2	+1.2	+0.1	+5.1	+2.5	+0.7	+0.9	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.8
160–210	1.01 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}	8.807e-03	35.	+0.0	+2.0	+2.6	+0.6	+1.5	+3.9	+2.2	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	-0.2	+4.1	+1.9	+1.1	+2.1	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.8
210–260	1.01 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}	5.215e-03	115	0.0	-0.0	-2.4	-1.6	-0.8	-1.8	-1.3	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.2	+6.3	+1.9	+1.1	+2.1	+0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+0.8

Table 44 Measured jet cross section ratio in p_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $2.8 \leq |y| < 3.6$. See caption of Table 32 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_5 %	γ_{11} %	γ_{17} %	γ_{23} %	γ_{29} %	γ_{31} %	γ_{36} %	γ_{42} %	γ_{48} %	γ_{54} %	γ_{60} %	γ_{66} %	γ_{72} %	γ_{80} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{85} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %			
20–30	0.84 ^{+0.03} _{-0.12}	1.432e-01	1.9	+2.7	+1.3	+4.5	+1.2	+0.9	+2.5	+0.3	+0.8	+0.6	+0.6	+0.0	+0.1	+0.1	+0.0	+0.4	+0.0	+0.1	+0.6	0.0	+2.2	+0.5	+5.5		
30–45	0.91 ^{+0.03} _{-0.08}	1.032e-01	2.4	-0.2	+1.8	+0.3	+1.1	+1.5	+2.7	+0.4	+4.0	+0.4	+0.4	+0.5	+0.6	+0.6	+0.1	+0.1	+0.1	+0.5	+0.1	+0.8	0.0	+2.2	+0.5	+3.9	
45–60	0.95 ^{+0.03} _{-0.05}	5.089e-02	3.8	-0.6	+6.0	+5.1	-2.1	+2.1	+0.6	+0.9	+0.9	+0.9	+0.9	+0.9	+0.9	+0.9	-0.1	+3.7	+0.6	-0.3	+0.6	-0.3	+1.4	+0.5	+2.1		
60–80	0.97 ^{+0.03} _{-0.03}	2.057e-02	3.6	-0.8	+4.2	+1.4	-2.9	-2.0	+3.4	-0.6	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-0.4	+1.6	-0.3	+2.9	-0.9	+3.6	+0.6	+5.5	+0.5	+4.1	
80–110	0.99 ^{+0.03} _{-0.02}	4.221e-03	12.	+0.3	+4.5	-5.1	-3.0	-0.8	-2.9	-1.9	+9.1	+1.6	+1.6	+1.6	+1.6	+1.6	-0.1	+4.7	+0.4	+0.1	+4.8	+0.9	+2.3	+0.2	+1.4	+0.5	+4.9
110–160	1.00 ^{+0.04} _{-0.02}	8.4403e-04	71.	-0.0	+2.7	+1.4	-3.2	-2.6	+8.9	-0.4	-1.9	+3.9	+2.3	+2.3	+2.3	+2.3	-0.1	+6.8	-0.1	+0.5	+6.6	+0.7	+1.4	+0.5	+1.4	+0.5	+3.1

Table 45 Measured jet cross section ratio in p_T bin for anti- k_t jets with $R = 0.6$ in the rapidity bin $3.6 \leq |y| < 4.4$. See caption of Table 32 for details

p_T (GeV)	NPCorr	ρ	$\delta_{\text{stat.}}$ %	γ_6 %	γ_{12} %	γ_{18} %	γ_{24} %	γ_{30} %	γ_{31} %	γ_{37} %	γ_{43} %	γ_{49} %	γ_{55} %	γ_{61} %	γ_{67} %	γ_{73} %	γ_{81} %	γ_{82} %	γ_{74} %	γ_{75} %	γ_{86} %	u_1 %	u_2 %	u_3 %			
20–30	0.84 ^{+0.08} _{-0.03}	5.789e-02	4.6	+10.	+6.8	+12.	+2.5	+3.7	+22	+2.4	+3.3	+3.3	+3.3	+0.0	+0.0	+2.6	+0.0	+10	+1.3	+1.4	+0.7	0.0	+2.2	+0.5	+6.5		
30–45	0.89 ^{+0.09} _{-0.03}	1.603e-02	5.1	-5.5	+9.8	+15.	+5.1	+12.	+0.6	-0.7	-2.3	-1.0	-1.3	-0.8	-0.8	-0.9	+0.0	+6.1	+0.1	+7.4	+0.1	+5.4	+1.7	0.0	+1.4	+0.5	+11.5
45–60	0.90 ^{+0.12} _{-0.08}	1.109e-03	16.	-0.9	-2.3	+4.4	+0.7	+2.4	+2.4	+0.7	+5.5	+3.0	+3.0	+3.0	+3.0	+3.0	-0.1	+4.5	+0.0	+0.0	+4.5	-0.1	+2.0	+0.7	+1.4	+0.5	+6.5

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