

Table 3: Properties of different categories of protein-based building blocks with potential applications in nanoscale drug delivery. Main pitfalls are stressed.

<u>Category</u>	<u>Origin</u>	<u>Procedure</u>	<u>Cage/shell formation</u>	<u>Functional versatility</u>	<u>Architectonic versatility</u>	<u>Delivered drugs</u>	<u>Representative examples or reviews</u>
<u>Natural viruses</u>	<u>Natural</u>	<u>Cell culture</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Limited</u> (tropism can be re-directed; severe side effects)	<u>None</u>	<u>Mainly DNA</u>	(Giacca, M. et al. 2012)
<u>VLPs</u>	<u>Natural</u>	<u>Recombinant</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Limited</u> (tropism can be re-directed)	<u>Limited</u> (disassembling and reassembling can be controlled in vitro)	<u>Nucleic acids, proteins and chemicals</u>	(Fang, C. Y. et al. 2012; Kaczmarczyk, S. J. et al. 2011; Zhao, Q. et al. 2011)
<u>BMCs</u>	<u>Natural</u>	<u>Recombinant</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Limited</u> (BMC proteins can be engineered)	<u>Very limited</u>	<u>Proteins and chemicals</u>	(Seebeck, F. P. et al. 2006; Sutter, M. et al. 2008)
<u>Vaults</u>	<u>Natural</u>	<u>Recombinant</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Limited</u> (vault proteins can be engineered)	<u>Very limited</u>	<u>Proteins, chemicals and gold probes</u>	(Goldsmith, L. E. et al. 2009; Gopinath, S. C. et al. 2005; Kickhoefer, V. A. et al. 2005)
<u>IBs</u>	<u>Bioinspired</u>	<u>Recombinant</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>High</u> (essentially any protein can form IBs; tropism can be conferred)	<u>Limited</u> (Size and geometry are regulatable)	<u>Proteins</u>	(Liovic, M. et al. 2012; Talafova, K., Hrabarova, E., Chorvat, D. A., & Nahalka, J. 2013; Vazquez, E. et al. 2012)
<u>Peptides</u>	<u>Usually bioinspired</u>	<u>Chemical synthesis</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Moderate</u> (essentially any short aa sequence can be produced)	<u>High</u> (self-assembling can be engineered)	<u>Nucleic acids and chemicals</u>	(Hosseinkhani, H., Hosseinkhani, M., Khademhosseini, A., Kobayashi, H., & Tabata, Y. 2006; Hsieh, P. C., Davis, M. E.,

							<u>Gannon, J., MacGillivray, C., &amp; Lee, R. T. 2006)</u>
<u>Modular proteins</u>	<u>Bioinspired</u>	<u>Recombinant</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>High (essentially any protein and peptide set can be combined)</u>	<u>Moderate (through protein engineering)</u>	<u>Nucleic acids and proteins</u>	<u>(Unzueta, U. et al. 2012;Unzueta, U. et al. 2012;Vazquez, E. et al. 2010)</u>

← Con formato: Sangría: Izquierda: 0 cm