Annual Accounts 2004

Annual Accounts Fortis
Report of the Boards of Directors of
Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V.
Annual Accounts Fortis SA/NV
Annual Accounts Fortis N.V.

Contents

Fortis Annual Accounts 2004

Auditor	s' report	7
Consoli	dated balance sheet	8
Consoli	dated profit and loss account	9
Consoli	dated statement of comprehensive income	11
Consoli	dated cash flow statement	12
Notes		14
1	Consolidated equity roll-forward	14
2	Information on segments	14
3	General, accounting principles and principles of consolidation	24
4	Principles of valuation and profit determination	26
5	Changes in the composition of Fortis	39
6	Fair value of financial instruments	40
7	Minority interests in group equity	42
8	Net equity	44
9	Off-balance sheet items	48
10	Risk management	51
11	Investments and assets under management	59
12	Employee benefits	62
13	Employee stock and option plans	64
14	Income taxes	66
15	Earnings per share	68
16	Non-operating items	69
17	Influence of translation differences	69
18	Audit fees	70
19	Remuneration of Fortis Directors and Executive Committee members	70
20	Dividend	78
21	Regulatory matters and solvency	78
Balance	e sheet insurance	80
Profit a	nd loss account insurance	81
Notes t	o the balance sheet and profit and loss account insurance	85
Balance	e sheet banking	110
Profit a	nd loss account banking	111
Notes t	o the balance sheet and profit and loss account banking	112
Balance	e sheet general	140
Profit a	nd loss account general	141
Notes t	o the balance sheet and profit and loss account general	142
Post-ba	alance sheet date events	145

Report of the Board of Directors

Board of Directors, Statutory Auditor and Auditor	148
Report of the Board of Directors of Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V.	149
Annual Accounts Fortis SA/NV 2004	
General information	155
1. Balance sheet before profit appropriation	156
2. Profit and loss account	158
3. Notes 169 Annual Accounts Fortis N.V. 2004	160
Balance sheet	172
Profit and loss account	173
Explanatory notes to the balance sheet and profit and loss account	174
Other information	180
Stichting Continuïteit Fortis	182
Caution with respect to forward-looking statements	183
Places where the public can inspect company documents	184
Provision of information to shareholders and investors	184
Nominative subscription for and depositing of bearer shares	185
Information and communication	185

Fortis 2004 Annual Accounts

All amounts stated in the tables of these Annual Accounts are denominated in millions of euros, unless otherwise indicated.

Auditors' report

Introduction

We have audited the Annual Accounts of Fortis for the year 2004 as included in this report. These Annual Accounts are the responsibility of the management of Fortis. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Annual Accounts based on our audit.

Scope

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the Netherlands and Belgium, respectively. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Annual Accounts are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Annual Accounts. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Annual Accounts. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Annual Accounts give a true and fair view of the financial position of Fortis as of 31 December 2004 and of the results for the year then ended, in accordance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements in Belgium as described in the notes to the accounts.

Amstelveen, 9 March 2005 Brussels, 9 March 2005

KPMG Accountants N.V. PricewaterhouseCoopers

Réviseurs d'Entreprises S.C.C.R.L.

represented by Y. Vandenplas and L. Discry

Consolidated balance sheet

(before appropriation of profit)

	Note	31-12-2004	31-12-2003	31-12-2002
Assets				
Cash		5,216.1	8,286.4	4,484.8
Trading securities		37,870.9	23,458.2	14,518.2
Investments	11	163,667.2	157,994.8	140,098.7
Loans and advances to credit institutions		72,654.2	79,445.8	83,859.0
Loans and advances to customers		209,372.3	182,039.2	172,144.1
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions		1,428.2	5,486.6	6,131.6
Deferred acquisition costs		1,479.7	2,788.5	2,810.1
Prepayments and accrued income		39,738.7	28,053.2	27,856.7
Investments on behalf of policyholders		18,702.6	19,946.2	18,390.6
Other assets		20,517.9	15,751.1	15,471.6
Total assets		570,647.8	523,250.0	485,765.4
Liabilities				
Amounts owed to credit institutions		119,029.8	109,368.4	96,548.4
Amounts owed to customers		213,778.9	187,423.4	177,635.3
Debt certificates		51,943.5	52,278.9	49,963.7
Technical provisions		57,846.2	64,410.1	61,735.9
Technical provisions related to investments on behalf of policyholders		18,822.7	20,379.9	18,563.5
Accruals and deferred income		37,670.0	27,420.9	26,614.6
Other liabilities		41,266.4	34,571.3	27,157.6
Convertible notes		0.0	0.0	1,256.2
Subordinated convertible note (FRESH)		1,250.0	1,250.0	1,250.0
Subordinated liabilities		11,020.6	9,923.1	9,723.5
		552,628.1	507,026.0	470,448.7
Fund for general banking risks		2,198.4	2,209.1	2,215.0
Minority interests in group equity	7	1,456.7	2,120.7	2,230.8
Net equity:				
- Capital		6,306.8	6,293.2	6,279.9
- Share premium reserve		11,977.4	11,937.0	11,916.3
- Revaluation reserve				
- Goodwill		(16,973.8)	(17,108.6)	(17,024.6)
- Other reserves		9,695.7	8,575.2	9,167.7
- Net profit for the financial year	;	3,358.5	2,197.4	531.6
Net equity	1, 8	14,364.6	11,894.2	10,870.9
Group equity		15,821.3	14,014.9	13,101.7
Total liabilities		570,647.8	523,250.0	485,765.4

Consolidated profit and loss account

	Note	2004	2003	2002
Revenues:				
Insurance premiums		13,396.1	18,142.0	18,494.7
Interest income		41,191.4	26,692.2	26,352.6
Commissions and fees		1,976.1	1,799.1	1,857.8
Results from financial transactions				
- on behalf of policyholders		1,017.2	1,022.3	(3,419.0)
- other 1)		680.6	(137.8)	87.1
Other revenues				
- on behalf of policyholders		369.9	322.6	460.6
- other		2,086.2	2,254.1	2,279.9
Total revenues		60,717.5	50,094.5	46,113.7
Interest expense		(34,348.6)	(19,732.9)	(19,477.4)
Total revenues, net of interest expense	_	26,368.9	30,361.6	26,636.3
Technical charges insurance		(14,218.9)	(16,952.1)	(12,896.1)
Value adjustments		(265.4)	(783.7)	(790.9)
Net revenues	_	11,884.6	12,625.8	12,949.3
Operating expenses		(7,994.1)	(10,371.9)	(10,403.6)
Operating result before taxation	_	3,890.5	2,253.9	2,545.7
Taxation	14	(1,032.4)	(499.4)	(910.2)
Operating group profit	-	2,858.1	1,754.5	1,635.5
Minority interests		95.7	143.6	173.9
Net operating profit before value differences	-	2,762.4	1,610.9	1,461.6
Value differences on the equity portfolio ²⁾		434.9	636.6	(1,031.5)
Net operating profit	-	3,197.3	2,247.5	430.1
Non-operating items after taxation:				
Results from financial transactions		(58.4)		111.0
Other revenues		334.5	92.0	72.4
Interest expense			(117.6)	
Operating expenses		(188.9)	(92.0)	(111.0)
Taxation	14	74.0	67.5	29.1
Total non-operating items after taxation	16	161.2	(50.1)	101.5
Net profit	-	3,358.5	2,197.4	531.6

Including the results of hedging transactions and total realised gains.

²⁾ Including the unrealised value adjustments on the equity portfolio.

	Note	2004	2003	2002
Key figures per share (in EUR):				
Net operating profit		2.46	1.74	0.33
Net profit	15	2.59	1.70	0.41
Weighted Average Shares (in thousands)		1,298,288	1,295,387	1,294,417
Key figures per share, diluted (in EUR):				
Net profit		2.53	1.67	0.41
Weighted Average Shares (in thousands)		1,342,280	1,338,750	1,294,530

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

	2004	2003		2002
Net profit	3,358.5	2,197.4		531.6
Revaluation of investments	395.0	169.3	(1,787.6)	
Reversal of revaluations on sale of investments	(108.4)	(28.4)	335.4	
Related taxation	(36.8)	58.1	(81.0)	
Total relating to revaluation after taxation	249.8	199.0	(1,533.2)	
Goodwill	134.8	(84.0)	(417.8)	
Translation difference	(16.2)	(211.5)	(300.7)	
Other changes	(108.8)	24.5	(154.0)	
Other comprehensive income	259.6	(72.0)	<u>-</u>	(2,405.7)
Total comprehensive income	3,618.1	2,125.4		(1,874.1)

The statement of comprehensive income reflects changes in net equity during the course of the year, with the exception of changes arising from share issues and payments to shareholders. In 2002 changes in revaluation of investments did not include the unrealised loss due to the value of the equity portfolio falling below cost. This adjustment is recorded in the profit and loss account as unrealised loss on the equity portfolio.

Due to the fact that for some pension plans the accrued pension rights were higher than the fair value of the pension investments at year-end 2004, a charge of EUR 117.5 million after tax was included in net equity (2003: a gain of EUR 24,5 million; 2002: a loss of EUR 154.0 million).

In 2004 part of the goodwill charged to net equity in prior years in relation to acquisitions of Fortis, Inc. (now Assurant, Inc.) was reversed to net equity (EUR 206.0 million).

Consolidated cash flow statement

	2004	2003	2002
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net profit	3,358.5	2,197.4	531.6
Adjustment to reconcile net profit to net cash provided by operating activities:			
- Minority interest	95.7	144.3	173.9
- Value adjustments on receivables	240.1	760.1	672.1
- Value adjustments on real estate	22.4	22.2	118.8
- Depreciation, amortisation and accretion	660.9	2,536.3	2,272.7
- Foreign exchange results on debt securities and other fixed-income securities	844.4	1,760.2	1,585.1
- Results realised on sale of investment securities	(445.9)	657.0	549.5
- Results realised on sale of real estate	(89.3)	(102.3)	(114.2)
- Value adjustments on the investment portfolio of shares	(376.6)	(740.9)	1,148.9
- Unrealised results on trading portfolio	(536.0)	(361.9)	26.3
- Other	(88.3)	(99.2)	128.8
Net change in operating assets and liabilities, excluding effects of acquisitions:			
- Trading securities	(13,876.7)	(8,578.1)	4,902.5
- Deferred acquisition costs	(447.7)	(1,789.3)	(1,243.4)
- Prepayments and accrued income	(11,771.1)	(340.9)	(8,064.8)
- Investments on behalf of policyholders	(833.2)	(1,009.2)	(295.3)
- Other assets	(343.6)	(1,090.8)	628.7
- Technical provisions	206.6	4,463.1	4,559.5
- Accruals and deferred income	10,328.1	981.1	7,038.5
- Technical provisions related to investments on behalf of policyholders	500.8	1,336.7	972.0
- Other liabilities	8,243.1	8,117.8	2,819.5
Net cash flow from operating activities	(4,307.8)	8,863.6	18,410.7
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of investment securities	(57,376.6)	(95,758.8)	(68,428.1)
Proceeds from sale / maturities of investment securities	45,085.1	74,530.6	69,965.6
Net change in loans and advances to credit institutions	5,400.0	4,109.8	(20,182.2)
Net change in loans and advances to customers	(29,954.7)	(10,859.9)	3,408.0
Purchase / sale of business, net of cash acquired	1,735.4	115.2	(632.5)
Net purchase of tangible fixed assets and intangible assets	(316.1)	(341.9)	(336.4)
Net cash flow from investing activities	(35,426.9)	(28,205.0)	(16,205.6)

	2004	2003	2002
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Change in amounts owed to credit institutions	9,430.7	12,822.4	212.5
Change in amounts owed to customers	28,613.4	9,788.1	(2,051.9)
Change in debt certificates	(623.7)	2,315.3	(932.2)
Change in convertible notes		(1,256.1)	1,248.9
Change in subordinated liabilities	1,109.1	433.5	(223.7)
Capital issued by Fortis	45.4	34.0	37.4
Change in minority interest in group equity	(671.5)		
Dividends paid	(1,193.1)	(1,222.5)	(1,244.4)
Net cash flow from financing activities	36,710.3	22,914.7	(2,953.4)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(3,024.4)	3,573.3	(748.3)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	8,286.4	4,484.8	5,094.2
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(45.9)	228.3	138.9
Cash at 31 December	5,216.1	8,286.4	4,484.8
Interest paid	29,044.8	12,735.5	14,022.9
Income taxes paid	565.7	409.8	795.9

Notes

1 Consolidated equity roll-forward

Net equity at 31 December 2002		10,870.9
Issue of shares		34.0
Net profit		2,197.4
Dividend for 2002		(1,136.1)
Revaluation of investments	169.3	
Reversal of revaluation on sale of investments	(28.4)	
	140.9	
Taxation	58.1	
		199.0
Goodwill		(84.0)
Translation differences		(211.5)
Other changes in net equity		24.5
Net equity at 31 December 2003		11,894.2
Issue of shares		45.4
Net profit		3,358.5
Dividend for 2003		(1,193.1)
Revaluation of investments	395.0	
Reversal of revaluation on sale of investments	(108.4)	
	286.6	
Taxation	(36.8)	
		249.8
Goodwill		134.8
Translation differences		(16.2)
Other changes in net equity		(108.8)
Net equity at 31 December 2004		14,364.6

2 Information on segments

Fortis has identified different segments for reporting purposes: insurance, banking, and the general sector. This segmentation is based partly on the different products and services and partly on the different reporting requirements for banking and insurance products. The general sector consists of activities not related to the banking or insurance businesses, such as group treasury and finance, and other holding activities.

The accounting policies of the different segments are the same and are described in note 4 'Principles of valuation and profit determination'.

The following table presents balance sheet information by segment.

					31-12-2004
	Insurance	Banking	General		
	operations	operations	operations	Eliminations	Total
Assets					
Cash	2,945.3	4,144.7	12.4	(1,886.3)	5,216.1
Trading securities		37,870.9			37,870.9
Investments	55,088.7	108,565.5	96.0	(83.0)	163,667.2
Loans and advances to credit institutions	3,479.8	71,721.0		(2,546.6)	72,654.2
Loans and advances to customers	8,273.6	206,400.5	7,869.7	(13,171.5)	209,372.3
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions	1,428.2				1,428.2
Deferred acquisition costs	1,479.7				1,479.7
Prepayments and accrued income	1,214.8	38,639.6	320.6	(436.3)	39,738.7
Investments on behalf of policyholders	18,702.6				18,702.6
Other assets	6,112.7	16,816.3	2,534.9	(4,946.0)	20,517.9
Total assets	98,725.4	484,158.5	10,833.6	(23,069.7)	570,647.8
Liabilities					
Amounts owed to credit institutions	5,607.8	118,119.1	0.0	(4,697.1)	119,029.8
Amounts owed to customers		227,550.4		(13,771.5)	213,778.9
Debt certificates	1,073.5	42,141.6	9,581.7	(853.3)	51,943.5
Technical provisions	57,846.2				57,846.2
Technical provisions related to investments					
on behalf of policyholders	18,822.7				18,822.7
Accruals and deferred income	431.4	37,343.4	378.5	(483.3)	37,670.0
Other liabilities	6,017.8	36,135.6	924.5	(1,811.5)	41,266.4
Convertible notes	0.0				0.0
Subordinated convertible note (FRESH)			1,250.0		1,250.0
Subordinated liabilities	1,234.8	10,233.9	1,004.9	(1,453.0)	11,020.6
	91,034.2	471,524.0	13,139.6	(23,069.7)	552,628.1
Fund for general banking risks		2,198.4			2,198.4
Minority interest in group equity	722.5	734.2			1,456.7
Net equity	6,968.7	9,701.9	(2,306.0)		14,364.6
Group equity	7,691.2	10,436.1	(2,306.0)	_	15,821.3
Total liabilities	98,725.4		10,833.6	(23,069.7)	570,647.8

					31-12-2003
	Insurance	Banking	General		
	operations	operations	operations	Eliminations	Total
Assets					
Cash	1,870.1	6,890.0	421.3	(895.0)	8,286.4
Trading securities		23,458.2			23,458.2
Investments	54,093.1	103,799.7	102.0		157,994.8
Loans and advances to credit institutions	3,518.1	77,980.9		(2,053.2)	79,445.8
Loans and advances to customers	10,657.6	174,402.0	10,300.1	(13,320.5)	182,039.2
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions	5,486.6				5,486.6
Deferred acquisition costs	2,788.5				2,788.5
Prepayments and accrued income	1,283.7	27,000.7	430.4	(661.6)	28,053.2
Investments on behalf of policyholders	19,946.2				19,946.2
Other assets	6,323.7	10,447.4	3,180.7	(4,200.7)	15,751.1
Total assets	105,967.6	423,978.9	14,434.5	(21,131.0)	523,250.0
Liabilities					
Amounts owed to credit institutions	1,821.7	109,036.2	1.9	(1,491.4)	109,368.4
Amounts owed to customers		201,805.2		(14,381.8)	187,423.4
Debt certificates	2,071.8	37,938.5	12,947.6	(679.0)	52,278.9
Technical provisions	64,410.1				64,410.1
Technical provisions related to investments					
on behalf of policyholders	20,379.9				20,379.9
Accruals and deferred income	692.9	26,628.3	752.4	(652.7)	27,420.9
Other liabilities	8,021.5	27,195.6	1,294.9	(1,940.7)	34,571.3
Convertible notes	0.0				0.0
Subordinated convertible note (FRESH)			1,250.0		1,250.0
Subordinated liabilities	1,336.8	9,566.7	1,005.0	(1,985.4)	9,923.1
	98,734.7	412,170.5	17,251.8	(21,131.0)	507,026.0
Fund for general banking risks		2,209.1			2,209.1
Minority interest in group equity	750.6	934.7	435.4		2,120.7
Net equity	6,482.3	8,664.6	(3,252.7)		11,894.2
Group equity	7,232.9	9,599.3	(2,817.3)	_	14,014.9
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Total liabilities	105,967.6	423,978.9	14,434.5	(21,131.0)	523,250.0

					31-12-2002
	Insurance	Banking	General		
	operations	operations	operations	Eliminations	Total
Assets					
Cash	1,970.7	3,290.7	11.5	(788.1)	4,484.8
Trading securities		14,518.2			14,518.2
Investments	49,999.1	89,978.6	121.0		140,098.7
Loans and advances to credit institutions	2,297.6	82,282.8		(721.4)	83,859.0
Loans and advances to customers	16,530.2	158,591.1	8,530.2	(11,507.4)	172,144.1
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions	6,131.6				6,131.6
Deferred acquisition costs	2,810.1				2,810.1
Prepayments and accrued income	1,248.2	26,652.2	476.7	(520.4)	27,856.7
Investments on behalf of policyholders	18,390.6				18,390.6
Other assets	6,026.0	10,067.5	3,816.5	(4,438.4)	15,471.6
Total assets	105,404.1	385,381.1	12,955.9	(17,975.7)	485,765.4
Liabilities					
Amounts owed to credit institutions	1,159.3	98,772.6	7.2	(3,390.7)	96,548.4
Amounts owed to customers		179,566.4		(1,931.1)	177,635.3
Debt certificates	6,718.3	40,230.3	10,434.7	(7,419.6)	49,963.7
Technical provisions	61,735.9				61,735.9
Technical provisions related to investments					
on behalf of policyholders	18,563.5				18,563.5
Accruals and deferred income	1,325.1	25,299.7	511.3	(521.5)	26,614.6
Other liabilities	7,358.8	20,565.1	879.7	(1,646.0)	27,157.6
Convertible notes	0.3		1,255.9		1,256.2
Subordinated convertible note (FRESH)			1,250.0		1,250.0
Subordinated liabilities	2,261.2	9,524.1	1,005.0	(3,066.8)	9,723.5
	99,122.4	373,958.2	15,343.8	(17,975.7)	470,448.7
Fund for general banking risks		2,215.0			2,215.0
Minority interest in group equity	752.0	954.3	524.5		2,230.8
Net equity	5,529.7	8,253.6	(2,912.4)		10,870.9
Group equity	6,281.7	9,207.9	(2,387.9)		13,101.7
Total liabilities	105,404.1	385,381.1	12,955.9	(17,975.7)	485,765.4

The following table presents profit and loss account information by segment.

					2004
	Insurance	Banking	General		
	operations	operations	operations	Eliminations	Total
Revenues:					
Insurance premiums	13,396.1				13,396.1
Interest income	2,791.6	38,878.8	787.2	(1,266.2)	41,191.4
Commissions and fees		1,977.6		(1.5)	1,976.1
Results from financial transactions					
- on behalf of policyholders	1,017.2				1,017.2
- other	62.2	612.2	6.2		680.6
Other revenues					
- on behalf of policyholders	369.9				369.9
- other	1,212.0	880.1	10.1	(16.0)	2,086.2
Total revenues	18,849.0	42,348.7	803.5	(1,283.7)	60,717.5
Interest expense	(420.3)	(34,291.3)	(905.2)	1,268.2	(34,348.6)
Total revenues, net of interest expense	18,428.7	8,057.4	(101.7)	(15.5)	26,368.9
Technical charges insurance	(14,218.9)				(14,218.9)
Value adjustments	(38.2)	(227.2)			(265.4)
Net revenues	4,171.6	7,830.2	(101.7)	(15.5)	11,884.6
Operating expenses	(2,712.0)	(5,167.7)	(129.9)	15.5	(7,994.1)
Operating result before taxation	1,459.6	2,662.5	(231.6)	0.0	3,890.5
Taxation	(421.2)	(680.0)	68.8	_	(1,032.4)
Operating group profit	1,038.4	1,982.5	(162.8)		2,858.1
Minority interests	41.7	54.0			95.7
Net operating profit before					
value differences	996.7	1,928.5	(162.8)		2,762.4
Value differences on the equity portfolio	483.4	41.4	(89.9)	_	434.9
Net operating profit	1,480.1	1,969.9	(252.7)		3,197.3
Non-operating items after taxation:					
Results from financial transactions	(58.4)				(58.4)
Other revenues	143.1	28.4	163.0		334.5
Interest expense					
Operating expenses	(7.7)	(181.2)			(188.9)
Taxation	42.6	37.9	(6.5)		74.0
Total non-operating items after taxation	119.6	(114.9)	156.5		161.2
Net profit	1,599.7	1,855.0	(96.2)		3,358.5

					2003
	Insurance	Banking	General		
	operations	operations	operations	Eliminations	Total
Revenues:					
Insurance premiums	18,142.0				18,142.0
Interest income	3,468.0	23,751.0	1,012.2	(1,539.0)	26,692.2
Commissions and fees		1,801.6		(2.5)	1,799.1
Results from financial transactions					
- on behalf of policyholders	1,022.3				1,022.3
- other	(993.4)	852.4	3.1	0.1	(137.8)
Other revenues					
- on behalf of policyholders	322.6				322.6
- other	1,503.0	749.6	4.9	(3.4)	2,254.1
Total revenues	23,464.5	27,154.6	1,020.2	(1,544.8)	50,094.5
Interest expense	(766.3)	(19,370.9)	(1,138.0)	1,542.3	(19,732.9)
Total revenues, net of interest expense	22,698.2	7,783.7	(117.8)	(2.5)	30,361.6
Technical charges insurance	(16,952.1)				(16,952.1)
Value adjustments	(22.0)	(761.7)			(783.7)
Net revenues	5,724.1	7,022.0	(117.8)	(2.5)	12,625.8
Operating expenses	(5,140.8)	(5,128.1)	(105.5)	2.5	(10,371.9)
Operating result before taxation	583.3	1,893.9	(223.3)	0.0	2,253.9
Taxation	(127.0)	(448.9)	76.5	_	(499.4)
Operating group profit	456.3	1,445.0	(146.8)		1,754.5
Minority interests	51.5	55.2	36.9		143.6
Net operating profit before					
value differences	404.8	1,389.8	(183.7)		1,610.9
Value differences on the equity portfolio	592.1	56.2	(11.7)	_	636.6
Net operating profit	996.9	1,446.0	(195.4)		2,247.5
Non-operating items after taxation:					
Results from financial transactions					
Other revenues		91.9	0.1		92.0
Interest expense	(117.6)				(117.6)
Operating expenses	(27.8)	(64.2)			(92.0)
Taxation	46.0	21.5			67.5
Total non-operating items after taxation	(99.4)	49.2	0.1		(50.1)
Net profit	897.5	1,495.2	(195.3)		2,197.4

					2002
	Insurance	Banking	General		
	operations	operations	operations	Eliminations	Total
Revenues:					
Insurance premiums	18,494.7				18,494.7
Interest income	3,291.4	23,373.3	567.0	(879.1)	26,352.6
Commissions and fees		1,860.7		(2.9)	1,857.8
Results from financial transactions					
- on behalf of policyholders	(3,419.0)				(3,419.0)
- other	(701.6)	809.9	(21.2)		87.1
Other revenues					
- on behalf of policyholders	460.6				460.6
- other	1,541.5	726.7	12.3	(0.6)	2,279.9
Total revenues	19,667.6	26,770.6	558.1	(882.6)	46,113.7
Interest expense	(749.2)	(18,961.5)	(646.5)	879.8	(19,477.4)
Total revenues, net of interest expense	18,918.4	7,809.1	(88.4)	(2.8)	26,636.3
Technical charges insurance	(12,896.1)				(12,896.1)
Value adjustments	(58.6)	(732.3)			(790.9)
Net revenues	5,963.7	7,076.8	(88.4)	(2.8)	12,949.3
Operating expenses	(5,112.6)	(5,168.2)	(125.6)	2.8	(10,403.6)
Operating result before taxation	851.1	1,908.6	(214.0)	0.0	2,545.7
Taxation	(367.3)	(591.5)	48.6		(910.2)
Operating group profit	483.8	1,317.1	(165.4)		1,635.5
Minority interests	64.4	64.6	44.9		173.9
Net operating profit before					
value differences	419.4	1,252.5	(210.3)		1,461.6
Value differences on the equity portfolio	(1,035.4)	(97.7)	101.6		(1,031.5)
Net operating profit	(616.0)	1,154.8	(108.7)		430.1
Non-operating items after taxation:					
Results from financial transactions		111.0			111.0
Other revenues		72.4			72.4
Operating expenses	(30.0)	(81.0)			(111.0)
Taxation	(40.9)	35.6	34.4		29.1
Total non-operating items after taxation	(70.9)	138.0	34.4		101.5
Net profit	(686.9)	1,292.8	(74.3)	_	531.6

The table below presents selected financial and other information by geographic area, presented on the basis of the country in which the Fortis group company is located.

								2004
		The			United	Rest of		
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Eliminations	Total
Total assets								
Insurance	41,724.4	41,127.8	2,861.8	85,702.8	665.7	12,359.0	(13.3)	98,725.4
Banking	293,034.3	80,579.7	38,062.5	411,676.5	37,045.3	35,436.7		484,158.5
General								10,833.6
Eliminations							_	(23,069.7)
								570,647.8
Loans and advances	131,995.1	89,559.3	12,909.0	234,463.4	32,786.3	29,272.8	(14,496.0)	282,026.5
Technical provisions, net 1)	26,541.0	20,028.5	350.0	46,919.5		9,611.5		56,531.0
Total revenues, net of								
interest expenses								
Insurance	7,647.2	6,719.8	974.8	15,341.8	584.7	2,502.2		18,428.7
Banking	3,101.7	2,215.6	879.1	6,196.4	151.2	1,709.8		8,057.4
General								(101.7)
Eliminations							-	(15.5)
								26,368.9
Insurance premiums (gross)								
Life	4,281.0	2,808.2	863.3	7,952.5	58.7	1,078.3		9,089.5
Non-life	1,330.3	2,416.9	18.2	3,765.4	503.4	907.4	=	5,176.2
								14,265.7
Net interest income ²⁾								
Banking	2,188.6	1,381.1	384.8	3,954.5	76.6	556.4		4,587.5
Operating result before taxa	tion							
Insurance	677.0	529.4	11.7	1,218.1	130.8	110.7		1,459.6
Banking	501.1	881.9	502.7	1,885.7	48.0	728.8		2,662.5
General							_	(231.6)
								3,890.5
Effective average								
number of employees 3)								
Insurance	5,195	5,044	117	10,356		2,556		12,912
Banking	19,229	8,037	2,434	29,700	346	6,326		36,372
General							_	184
								49,468

Technical provisions less reinsured share of technical provisions.

²⁾ Interest income (receivables, debt securities and other) less interest expense.

³⁾ The effective average is the number of full-time equivalents (FTE), taking into account part-time positions and staff joining or leaving Fortis during the year.

								2003	
	The				United	Rest of	Rest of		
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Eliminations	Total	
Total assets									
Insurance	35,562.9	38,686.9	2,220.6	76,465.1	18,348.1	11,154.4	(5.3)	105,967.6	
Banking	269,951.0	71,119.4	39,102.8	380,173.2	13,107.1	30,698.7	(0.1)	423,978.9	
General								14,434.5	
Eliminations							=	(21,131.0)	
								523,250.0	
Loans and advances	135,079.1	74,187.9	18,238.6	227,505.6	17,247.8	28,513.4	(11,781.8)	261,485.0	
Technical provisions, net 1)	23,827.0	19,199.7	372.5	43,399.2	6,778.0	8,862.3		59,039.5	
Total revenues, net of									
interest expenses									
Insurance	6,738.6	6,283.4	754.2	13,776.2	6,249.7	2,672.3		22,698.2	
Banking	3,405.5	1,883.4	726.1	6,015.0	177.6	1,591.1		7,783.7	
General								(117.8)	
Eliminations							=	(2.5)	
								30,361.6	
Insurance premiums (gross)									
Life	4,033.1	2,982.1	652.6	7,667.8	728.8	1,134.5		9,531.1	
Non-life	1,274.1	2,262.4	16.6	3,553.1	6,621.0	1,112.1	=	11,286.2	
								20,817.3	
Net interest income ²⁾									
Banking	2,005.5	1,253.1	372.9	3,631.5	133.1	615.5		4,380.1	
Operating result before taxa	tion								
Insurance	196.2	(170.5	(5.3)	20.4	441.9	121.0		583.3	
Banking	694.1	407.8	360.8	1,462.7	40.0	391.2		1,893.9	
General							-	(223.3)	
								2,253.9	
Effective average									
number of employees 3)									
Insurance	5,258	5,259	122	10,639	12,069	3,077		25,785	
Banking	20,270	8,728	2,400	31,398	322	6,776		38,496	
General							=	173	
								64,454	

Technical provisions less reinsured share of technical provisions.

²⁾ Interest income (receivables, debt securities and other) less interest expense.

³⁾ The effective average is the number of full-time equivalents (FTE), taking into account part-time positions and staff joining or leaving Fortis during the year.

								2002
		The			United	Rest of		_
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Eliminations	Total
Total assets								
Insurance	32,302.4	41,228.7	1,643.6	75,169.0	20,638.5	9,904.3	(313.4)	105,404.1
Banking	243,777.1	60,594.8	40,573.6	344,945.5	10,921.9	29,568.0	(54.3)	385,381.1
General								12,955.9
Eliminations							-	(17,975.7
								485,765.4
Loans and advances	132,004.2	74,281.2	20,723.2	227,008.6	14,352.6	25,598.6	(10,956.7)	256,003.1
Technical provisions, net 1)	21,289.1	18,654.3	398.8	40,342.2	7,545.9	7,830.7		55,718.8
Total revenues, net of								
interest expenses								
Insurance	4,445.4	4,325.8	345.1	9,116.3	6,909.1	2,893.0		18,918.4
Banking	3,548.2	1,795.5	790.0	6,133.7	223.0	1,452.4		7,809.1
General								(88.4)
Eliminations								(2.8)
								26,636.3
Insurance premiums (gross)								
Life	3,394.2	3,109.1	494.8	6,998.1	900.9	1,855.3		9,754.3
Non-life	1,188.3	2,126.0	15.7	3,330.0	7,437.5	1,091.0	-	11,858.5
								21,612.8
Net interest income ²⁾								
Banking	2,090.5	1,178.6	386.0	3,655.1	166.7	590.0		4,411.8
Operating result before taxa	ition							
Insurance	230.3	273.1	10.2	513.6	432.1	(94.6)		851.1
Banking	990.4	306.5	397.5	1,694.4	(95.6)	309.8		1,908.6
General							_	(214.0)
								2,545.7
Effective average								
number of employees 3)								
Insurance	4,670	5,416	119	10,205	11,747	3,079		25,031
Banking	21,580	9,594	2,483	33,657	299	6,812		40,768
General							_	190
								65,989

¹⁾ Technical provisions less reinsured share of technical provisions.

²⁾ Interest income (receivables, debt securities and other) less interest expense.

³⁾ The effective average is the number of full-time equivalents (FTE), taking into account part-time positions and staff joining or leaving Fortis during the year.

3 General, accounting principles and principles of consolidation

3.1 General

Fortis is a financial services provider operating in the fields of insurance, banking and investment. In 1990 N.V. AMEV, a large Dutch insurer and VSB, a Dutch bank combined operations. Later that year AG Group, a major Belgian insurer joined the group to form the first cross-border merger. Fortis has undergone explosive growth since its inception, both organically and through acquisitions. Major takeovers include the acquisition of ASLK, a Belgian bank and insurer, in 1993; the Dutch merchant bank MeesPierson in 1997; Generale Bank in 1998 and ASR Verzekeringsgroep N.V. in 2000. At the end of 2004, Fortis had 49,478 employees worldwide.

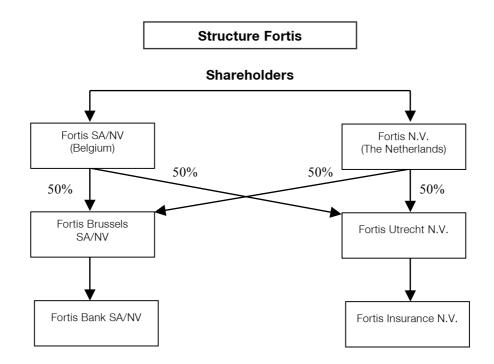
Since 2000 Fortis's banking operations have been conducted under the name Fortis Bank. Fortis Bank was created by the merger of the operations of ASLK, Generale Bank, MeesPierson, VSB Bank and Banque Générale du Luxembourg. Legally, Fortis has three banks: Fortis Bank Belgium, Fortis Bank Netherlands and Banque Générale du Luxembourg. In practice however, there is one Fortis Bank with an international organisation and management. The core business is divided into business lines on the basis of customer groups. Early 2005 Fortis regrouped the businesses Network Banking, Merchant Banking and Investment Services into Retail Banking, Commercial & Private Banking and Merchant Banking.

Fortis's insurance activities are focused on life insurance and non-life insurance products and pension insurance products. Fortis offers a wide range of participating and non-participating policies written for both individual and group customers, and non-life insurances in the form of fire and motor insurance for individual and commercial customers and health and accident insurance policies for individual and group customers. The insurance activities, too, have also been restructured as from 2005. The insurance businesses will consist of Insurance Netherlands (Fortis ASR), Insurance Belgium (Fortis AG and Fortis FB Insurance) and Fortis International (insurance operations outside Belgium and the Netherlands).

In 2003, Fortis decided to float its US subsidiary, Assurant, Inc. on the New York Stock Exchange. Early 2004, Fortis sold 65% of its shares in Assurant, Inc. upon the flotation. In January 2005 Fortis further reduced its stake in Assurant, Inc. to around 15% (see 'Post-balance sheet date events' on page 145).

Fortis has two parent companies, i.e. Fortis SA/NV in Belgium and Fortis N.V. in the Netherlands. In 2001 the shares of the parent companies were merged into a single Fortis share. All holders of the Fortis share are shareholders of both Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V. As such, they have the right to cast one vote for each Fortis share held at the meetings of shareholders of both companies. All holders of the Fortis share have the right to choose whether they receive a Fortis SA/NV or a Fortis N.V. dividend (see note 20 'Dividend').

Fortis has a primary listing on both the Primary Market of Euronext Brussels and the Official Segment of the stock exchange of Euronext Amsterdam. Fortis also has a listing in Luxembourg and a sponsored ADR-programme in the United States.



3.2. Accounting principles

General

The consolidated financial statements were drawn up in accordance with the applicable legal and regulatory requirements in Belgium. As described in the disclosures and accounting principles, Fortis has - both in terms of presentation and content - applied a number of options applicable in the law for consortium by taking into account art. 116 of the Royal Decree of 30 January 2001 under implementation of the company law in Belgium, in order to reliably reflect its financial statements the banking and insurance activities.

Changes in accounting principles

The principles of valuation and profit determination are unchanged compared with 2003 and 2002.

3.3 Principles of consolidation

Fortis has opted for consortium accounting. The consolidated Annual Accounts of Fortis include the financial statements of Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V., as well as the companies in which they jointly exercise a direct or indirect control of more than 50%. Joint ventures in which Fortis has a 50% controlling interest are consolidated on a proportional basis. Special Purpose Vehicles introduced within the framework of securitisation in which Fortis does not have a controlling interest are not included in consolidation.

Upon the acquisition of a company the assets, including any intangible fixed assets, and liabilities of the acquired company are restated at their fair value. Any amount of goodwill is charged or credited in full to net equity. Changes to the goodwill calculated on the acquisition date resulting from revised financial information may take place up to a maximum of 365 days after the acquisition date. These changes are charged or credited to net equity. Goodwill arising on the acquisition of participating interests accounted for under the equity method is also charged or credited to net equity.

If a company is sold within five years of being acquired, a time-weighted portion of the goodwill paid upon acquisition is added to the cost when calculating the capital gain upon the sale of the company.

Companies are consolidated or deconsolidated when the effective control of these companies is acquired or sold. This is usually when the transaction is completed.

A list of all group companies and other participating interests has been filed with the National Bank of Belgium in Brussels and with the commercial register of the Chamber of Commerce in Utrecht. The list is available upon request, free of charge, from Fortis in Brussels and Utrecht.

Eliminations

Fortis is a group of companies whose activities cover a broad spectrum of financial services. These activities are also provided to other group companies on commercial terms. Transactions made under market conditions within the course of their normal business are not eliminated in the consolidated profit and loss account. Intercompany balance sheet items from this source are eliminated. All other transactions between group companies are eliminated in the consolidated balance sheet and consolidated profit and loss account.

Investments in group companies are deducted from equity in the presentation of the balance sheets by segments. As Fortis has financed part of the shareholders' equity of these companies in the general sector with borrowed capital, shareholders' equity is negative in this segment.

4 Principles of valuation and profit determination

General

Assets and liabilities are stated at face value, unless a different accounting policy is specified below. If necessary, assets are stated after deduction of value reductions. Unless stated otherwise the results are allocated to the period to which they relate, or in which the service was provided or received.

Use of estimates

In preparing the Annual Accounts, certain estimates and assumptions have to be made that affect the consolidated balance sheets and results. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Generally accepted accounting principles also require disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the balance sheet.

Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant changes in the near term are included in the determination of the allowance for loan losses and provisions for damage. Liabilities for unpaid claims, claim adjustment expenses and policy benefits for life and health include estimates for mortality, morbidity, claim settlement patterns and interest rates at the date of the balance sheet.

Fortis uses financial instruments and invests in unquoted securities. The valuation of these financial instruments and securities has been estimated by using historical information, actuarial analyses, financial modelling and other analytical techniques.

Foreign currency

For consolidation purposes assets and liabilities of participating interests not denominated in euros are translated into euros at the rates of exchange applicable at the end of the reporting period. The profit and loss account is translated at average exchange rates in the reporting year. Exchange differences arising from such translation are credited or debited to net equity. Exchange differences resulting from the revaluation of investments valued at fair value and financing of participating interests denominated in foreign currency are also recorded directly in net equity. All other exchange differences are reported in the profit and loss account.

The following table lists the primary exchange rates used in the preparation of the consolidated Annual Accounts.

			Rates at				Average
		year-end					rates
	2004	2003	2002		2004	2003	2002
1 euro =							
Pound sterling	0.71	0.70	0.65		0.68	0.69	0.63
US dollar	1.36	1.26	1.05		1.24	1.13	0.94

Treasury shares

Fortis shares held by Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V. are not entitled to dividend or capital. In calculating dividend, net profit and net equity per share, these shares are eliminated. The cost price of these shares is deducted from net equity.

Fortis shares held by Fortfinlux S.A. in the framework of FRESH capital securities (see also 'Subordinated convertible notes') are also not entitled to dividend or capital. In calculating dividend, net profit and net equity per share, these shares are eliminated. The cost price of these shares is deducted from net equity.

Fortis shares held by other group companies are included in investments and trading securities. They are reported at fair value with the exception of shares bought to cover Fortis's (potential) issuing commitments. These are included in other assets at cost or lower (other than temporary) fair value.

In addition to the Fortis shares referred to above, investments include Fortis shares attached to certain classic Belgian life insurance products with a minimum return guaranteed. These shares are valued at cost.

Trading securities

Trading securities are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are estimated based on quoted market prices of comparable instruments or discounted cash flow analysis using market rates. Realised and unrealised gains and losses on trading securities are included directly in the profit and loss account under results from financial transactions.

Investments

Treasury bills, debt securities and other fixed-income securities (including preference shares which entitle the holder of such securities to a fixed dividend rate) which have been acquired by Fortis with the intention of managing long-term interest risk and liquidity risk are reported at purchase cost less amortisation of premiums and discounts (amortisation value). An allowance for value reduction is established if there are doubts about the collectibility of the amounts. Upon the sale of a debt security, the resulting realised gain or loss is recorded under results from financial transactions in the profit and loss account, unless the debt security is replaced with another security of the same type within a short period of time. In that case, realised gains and losses are deferred and amortised as an adjustment to the yield spread over the average term of the investment portfolio.

Equity securities (including convertible notes) are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on quoted market prices of comparable instruments. Unrealised gains and losses on equity securities are recorded, net of tax, directly in Fortis's net equity. Upon the sale of equity securities, the revaluation adjustments previously recorded in net equity are included in the determination of the gain or loss on sale of the security.

If the fair value of the total equity portfolio falls below the purchase price, the difference between the fair value and the purchase price is charged to the profit and loss account. Rises in value thereafter recorded are credited to the profit and loss account until the fair value of the investments is equal to the purchase price. Any rises in value thereafter, i.e. above the purchase price, are credited to the revaluation reserve.

Investments relating to certain Belgian classic life insurance products that have a minimum return guarantee are managed in separate funds. These investments are valued at cost. If the expected investment income, including unrealised losses, does not cover the minimum return guarantee, supplementary additions to the technical provisions will be made.

Acquired land and buildings are initially recorded at cost, including interest during the construction period. Subsequently, the value is adjusted to the (estimated) fair value. If the fair value of each individual object is lower than the purchase price, a value adjustment to reduce the carrying amount of the land and buildings is recorded in the profit and loss account. Any recovery in fair value up to the purchase price is also recorded in the profit and loss account. As long as the fair value exceeds the purchase price, any revaluation adjustment is recorded directly in net equity, taking into account deferred tax. Each year, the value of about one-fifth of the properties is established by expert survey, in part internally and in part externally. Upon sale, the revaluation adjustments previously recorded in net equity are included in determining the gain or loss upon sale of the asset.

Participating interests in investment pools are valued according to valuation principles used by the manager of the investment pools in question.

Securities purchased under resale agreements and securities sold under repurchase agreements

Securities purchased under resale agreements or sold by Fortis under repurchase agreements are not shown separately in the consolidated balance sheet but are included under loans and advances to credit institutions and loans and advances to customers or loans and advances from credit institutions and loans and advances from customers. These securities are primarily Dutch government, Belgian government and corporate debt securities.

The securities are carried at the amounts at which the securities will be subsequently resold or reacquired as specified in the respective agreements; these amounts include accrued interest. Fortis's policy is to take possession of securities purchased under resale agreements and to relinquish securities sold under repurchase agreements.

Securities borrowed and securities lent

Securities borrowed and securities lent are carried at the amounts of collateral advanced and received in connection with the transaction. Fortis measures the fair value of the securities borrowed and lent against the collateral on a daily basis. If necessary, additional collateral is required. Fortis or a custodian company holds all collateral received in custody.

Loans and advances

Loans and advances are reported at their outstanding principal amount adjusted for any charge-offs and for an allowance for loan losses. An allowance for loan losses is maintained as considered adequate to cover the existing probable loan losses in the portfolio of loans. Each operating subsidiary makes allowances for loan losses on the basis of a loan rating classification and circumstances in its market area and among its customers, in accordance with a common methodology.

Allowances on loans are increased or reduced, as necessary, based on periodic loan reviews. These net changes are charged or credited directly to the profit and loss account as value adjustments.

Irrecoverable loans are written off and charged against the allowance for loan losses when all the necessary legal procedures have been completed and the amount of the loss is finally determined.

The country risk allowance (included in the allowance for loan losses) is intended to cover the risk that borrowers of a particular country will be unable to fulfil their obligations for reasons beyond their ability to generate local currency cash flows to repay their debt. These reasons include the risk that, due to political or other reasons, foreign government and regulatory acts restrict a customer's ability to transfer financial assets from the foreign country. Based on its evaluation of each identified country, Fortis calculates specific country risk allowances by applying the minimum percentages provided by the regulators to outstandings within each country, minus the fixed deductibles defined by the regulator. The fixed deductibles primarily include elements that are not exposed to country risks by their very nature, the allowance for irrecoverability and the collaterals received.

In addition to the allowances for loan losses made for probable loan losses in the existing portfolio, provisions may be made to cover as yet unidentified risks. The provisions are charged directly, as value corrections to loans, to the profit and loss account.

Loans are no longer considered to be interest-bearing if Fortis has any reason to doubt that the borrower will repay the principal and/or matured interest. Interest revenue continues to be recorded as interest income in the profit and loss account; however, the allowance for reserved interest is increased by the amount of unreceived interest and charged to interest income. The recording of interest allowances for loans is stopped if and when the borrower is able to make payments on time and Fortis believes there is sufficient security with respect to future payments.

Loan origination fees are recorded in the profit and loss account (under interest) when received. Direct origination costs are charged to the profit and loss account when incurred.

Deferred acquisition costs

Acquisition costs that vary with and are primarily related to the offering and placement of new insurance business are deferred to the extent that they are deemed recoverable from future revenues. Deferred acquisition costs for traditional life insurance business are amortised over the premium paying periods of the related policies in proportion to the ratio of annual premium income to the total anticipated premium income. Deferred acquisition costs of other products are generally amortised over the term of the insurance contract at a constant rate based on the present value of estimated gross profits expected to be realised. Amortisation of deferred acquisition costs is included in operating expenses.

In the case of the purchase of a new insurance portfolio, deferred acquisition costs also include the Value Of Business Acquired (VOBA) formed for the insurance contracts concluded in this portfolio. VOBA is recorded under deferred acquisition costs and represents the difference between the fair value and the book value of technical provisions of long-term insurance contracts. It is amortised over the term of the portfolio in proportion to the realised profits on the underlying contracts.

VOBA is assessed once a year. If it displays a long-term decline in value, amortisation is charged to the profit and loss account.

Investments on behalf of policyholders

Investments on behalf of policyholders are maintained in separate accounts and are carried at fair value. Amounts received from policyholders for this purpose are recorded in the profit and loss account as insurance premiums. If investment income is insufficient to cover the commitments, an additional provision is made and charged to the profit and loss account. Changes in the value of the investments are recorded in the profit and loss account. Gains and losses on the sale of investments are recorded under results from financial transactions, and investment income is recorded under other revenues. For certain contracts minimum guaranteed rates apply.

Liabilities related to investments on behalf of policyholders are recorded on the same basis as the principles used to value the corresponding investments. Changes in the value of the liabilities related to investments on behalf of policyholders are recorded under policy benefits and claims in the profit and loss account.

Other assets

Participating interests

Participating interests are investments in companies in which Fortis holds a non-controlling interest and in which it exercises significant influence. These are in principle interests in which Fortis holds an interest of between 20% and 50%. Participating interests are accounted for under the equity method, based on Fortis's principles of valuation, and are included in other assets. Changes in relation to revaluations are recorded as a direct adjustment to net equity. Fortis's share in the profits of these participating interests is accounted for in the profit and loss account (under other revenues).

Other participating interests, where Fortis holds an equity interest of less than 20% and in which it does not exercise significant influence, are recorded at estimated fair value. The estimated fair value is based on year-end quoted market prices, where available, or on quoted market prices of comparable instruments. Revaluation adjustments are recorded as a direct adjustment to net equity. If the market value falls below the purchase price, the difference between the market value and the purchase price is charged to the profit and loss account. Rises in market value thereafter recorded are credited to the profit and loss account until the market value is equal to the purchase price. Any rises in value thereafter, i.e. above the purchase price, are credited to net equity. Dividends received are recorded in the profit and loss account (under other revenues).

Upon the sale of participating interests, the realised gains or losses, i.e. the difference between the sales proceeds and the purchase price, are recorded in the profit and loss account. Valuation adjustments previously reflected in net equity are included when determining the positive or negative result realised upon sale of participating interests.

Deferred taxes

Deferred taxes (both assets and liabilities) are established on the basis of temporary differences between the valuation of assets and liabilities in the Annual Accounts and for fiscal purposes at the nominal tax rate applicable at year-end. In case of tax loss carryforward a deferred tax asset is also established on the basis of the same tax rate. Future tax rate adjustments laid down by law in the reporting year are taken into account. If rates are adjusted during the reporting period, the deferred tax is reviewed. The effect of the review is either charged to or credited to the result, or included in net equity if the rate adjustment relates to the revaluation reserve. If it is likely that a deferred tax asset cannot be realised, entirely or partially, the deferred tax asset is charged to the profit and loss account.

Other tangible fixed assets

Other tangible fixed assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the economic life of the asset.

Technical provisions

Technical provisions are calculated on the basis of the principles and methods used in countries in which Fortis insurance companies operate.

Technical provisions for long-duration traditional life and long-duration non-life insurance policies are established by the net-level premium method. This is based on estimated investment yields, withdrawals, mortality and other assumptions similar to those used in rating the policies. Interest assumptions for life benefit liabilities range from 3% to 6.5%. Mortality rate assumptions are generally based on experience multiples applied to current tables commonly used in the industry. Withdrawal assumptions for individual life contracts are based on historical experience. According to the Third European Union Directive in respect of life insurance, an exception is made to the rating principles if expectations of future developments in investment yields, withdrawals, mortality, costs or other assumptions give cause to increase the provision.

The adequacy of the provision is tested annually. If the tests show that technical provisions are inadequate, the provisions are increased. This technical provision is net of capitalised interest surplus rebates found in the Dutch life insurance industry. Interest surplus rebates are amortised in proportion to the realised surplus interest on which the rebate is based. Technical provisions for non-traditional life insurance (universal-life type and investment contracts) represent the accumulated amounts which accrue to the benefit of the policyholder and reflect interest credited at rates that are subject to periodic adjustment. Any adjustments to the technical provisions are reflected in the profit and loss account for the year during which the adjustments are made.

Non-life technical provisions include a liability for reported claims, claims incurred but not reported and claim adjustment expenses. Estimates of expected claims are developed using past experience, current claim trends and the prevailing social, economic and legal environments. The technical provision for non-life insurance claims and claim adjustment expenses is based on estimates of expected losses and takes into consideration management's judgement on anticipated levels of inflation, regulatory risks and the trends in claims. Non-life technical provisions for workers' compensation business are presented at their net present value at interest assumptions ranging from 3% to 6.5%. Fortis believes that the technical provisions established are adequate to cover the ultimate costs of claims and claims adjustment expenses.

Unearned premiums on non-life insurance contracts are calculated in proportion to the duration of insurance coverage. A technical provision is established in connection with risks that are related to current long-term duration non-life insurance contracts, when future claims are expected to exceed the amount of premiums to be earned.

Other liabilities

General provisions, included in other liabilities, are liabilities of uncertain timing or amount and are established on the basis of the best possible estimate. Other liabilities include short positions relating to trading securities. These positions are reported at fair value, where possible based on stock market quotations. If no stock market quotation is available, the fair value is estimated according to stock market quotations of comparable securities, or by calculating the cash value of the expected cash flows based on market rates.

Subordinated convertible notes

On 7 May 2002, Fortfinlux S.A. issued a Floating Rate Equity-linked Subordinated Hybrid ('FRESH') bond in the amount of EUR 1,250 million. The regulators consider the FRESH bond to be part of Tier 1 capital. The bonds have a nominal value of EUR 250,000 and may at the discretion of the holder be converted into Fortis shares at a price of EUR 31.50 per Fortis share starting forty days after the date of issue. The principal will not be repaid; the bond holder only has the option to convert. The bond therefore has an indefinite life.

From 7 May 2009 the bonds will be automatically converted into Fortis shares if the price of the Fortis share is equal to or higher than EUR 47.25 on twenty successive trading days. Holders of FRESH securities are subordinated to all other loans, subordinated loans, and preference shares, but they rank senior to holders of ordinary shares. The coupons are payable quarterly, in arrears, at a variable interest coupon of 3-month Euribor plus 135 basis points. The coupons are offset against new Fortis shares to be issued equalling 103% of the coupon if Fortis does not pay dividend on its shares, or the dividend yield is lower than 0.5%.

Fund for general banking risks

A fund for general banking risks is maintained to cover general risks of the banking activities. The level of the fund and any additions to it (included in value adjustment in the profit and loss account) are based on the expected development of risks. Fortis believes that the level of the fund at the end of 2001 is sufficient to cover the general risks foreseen and has thus decided that no further additions will be made to the fund with effect from financial year 2002. No deferred tax is recognised in relation to the fund for general banking risks.

Derivative financial instruments

Fortis uses derivative financial instruments, both for trading purposes and for purposes other than trading. Derivative financial instruments used by Fortis consist primarily of swaps, forwards and options.

Derivatives entered into for trading purposes are recorded at estimated fair value under prepayments and accrued income or accruals and deferred income. The related unrealised gains or losses are included in the profit and loss account under results from financial transactions.

Derivatives entered into for purposes other than trading (e.g. as part of asset/liability management in order to manage interest rate, foreign currency and equity price risks) and associated with financial instruments carried at fair value (primarily forwards and options) are marked-to-market with the unrealised gains and losses recognised consistent with the underlying instrument. Derivatives associated with other financial instruments are accounted for under the accrual method. Amounts payable or receivable on derivative financial investments are accrued according to their contractual terms. Interest and other income from these derivative instruments are recognised under interest income or in results from financial transactions. Interest and other costs incurred on these derivative instruments are recorded under interest expense or in results from financial transactions.

Realised gains and losses on the termination of derivative instruments entered into for purposes other than trading are deferred and amortised as an adjustment to yield (interest on the related financial instrument) over the average remaining term of the underlying financial instrument.

Insurance premiums

Premiums for long-duration traditional life insurance products, as well as universal life and investment-type contracts, and for long-duration non-life insurance contracts are generally recorded as premium income when due. Premiums for short-duration non-life insurance contracts are generally recorded in proportion to the duration of insurance coverage.

Premiums, commissions, expense reimbursement and technical provisions related to reinsurance business are accounted for according to principles consistent with those used in accounting for the original policies issued and the terms of the reinsurance contracts.

Pensions and similar entitlements

Pension costs under defined benefit plans are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over the expected service life of employees. In determining such pension costs the following items, amongst others, are taken into account: the discount rates, the active period of service up to the balance sheet date, expected salary at the time of retirement, expected yield of the plan investments and actual yield of the investments.

If the difference between projected pension commitments and the market value of the related pension investments exceeds 10% of the higher of the two (the 'Corridor'), the difference is amortised in proportion to the average remaining years of service of the employees to whom the pension commitments relate.

If the pension commitments – calculated as the current value of entitlements granted to personnel based on services performed and current and past salary – exceeds the market value of the related pension commitments and of yet to be paid pension costs included on the balance sheet, an additional pension provision will be created and charged to shareholders' equity.

Pension costs include fringe benefits that remain valid after retirement. These include payment of a portion of health insurance contributions and personnel conditions for specific financial products.

Pension costs under defined contribution plans are reported as incurred.

Non-operating items

To obtain insight into the company's performance, a number of exceptional items have been included under non-operating items. These non-operating items are related to:

- the sale of (non-consolidated) participating interests with a strategic character or the sale of participating interests whereby the sale is initiated by a third party;
- the sale of consolidated activities;
- the release of certain provisions;
- the creation of provisions in connection with significant reorganisations;
- changes in deferred taxes in connection with the change in tax rates.

Fortis and IFRS

On 19 July 2002 the European Parliament and the European Commission issued Regulation 1606/2002. According to this regulation the consolidated annual accounts of companies publicly traded in the European Union must meet the by the European Commission approved International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') of the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB') for the financial years commencing on or after 1 January 2005.

Based on this regulation, Fortis will apply the IFRS valuation and accounting principles as approved by the European Commission (including the partially approved IAS 39 – Financial Instruments - recognition and measurement) as of 1 January 2005. The figures for the first quarter of 2005 will be based on IFRS, with the figures for 2004 adjusted to facilitate comparison, including the application of IFRS 4 – Insurance Contracts - and IAS 32/39 – Financial Instruments.

Due to the late date at which a number of IFRS standards (including IAS and 32/39 – Financial Instruments, IFRS 2 – Share-Based Payment and IFRS 4 – Insurance Contracts) were finalised, Fortis has not been able to fully complete its financial impact analysis for IFRS.

Impact of IFRS on net equity and the profit and loss account of Fortis

The implementation of IFRS will have a material impact on net equity and the profit and loss account of Fortis in the following areas:

Land and buildings

Fortis currently records land and buildings at fair value. Under IFRS Fortis will value its land and buildings at the historical cost price minus amortisation. The difference between the book value under IFRS and the market value of land and buildings will be charged to IFRS net equity as per 1 January 2005.

Compared with the current accounting principles this means that amortisations will be recognised in the profit and loss account as a charge. On the other hand, however, upon the sale of property higher gains will be recognised than in the current situation.

Provisions

Under IFRS provisioning is subject to stricter rules than under the current Fortis accounting principles. Consequently, Fortis will release a substantial proportion of its current provisions (in particular the fund for general banking risks and the catastrophe and equalisation provisions) to net equity. In future, under IFRS amounts that were previously charged to these provisions will be recorded directly in the profit and loss account.

Financial instruments

IFRS recognises four categories of financial assets. The valuation basis may vary depending on the category to which the financial asset is allocated:

- Investments held until maturity: financial instruments, other than derivatives, intended to be held until maturity. These instruments are valued at the amortised cost price, while the (periodic) amortisation is recorded in the profit and loss account;
- Fixed assets available for sale: financial instruments, other than derivatives, intended to be held for a prolonged period of time but not until maturity. These instruments are recognised at fair value; revaluations are recorded as an adjustment to net equity;
- Financial assets held for trading purposes or carried at fair value with changes in value accounted for in the profit and loss account: these include financial instruments intended to be sold in the near future (trading purposes), derivatives and financial assets or liabilities specifically designated to be recorded at fair value. These instruments are recognised at fair value; revaluations are recorded in the profit and loss account;
- Loans and receivables: loans or (financial) receivables issued by Fortis. In principle these instruments are valued at the amortised cost price, while the (periodic) amortisation is recorded in the profit and loss account, except if the loans and receivables were included in one of the two preceding categories.

Fortis will classify most of its bond holdings as financial assets available for sale. This means that under IFRS these bonds, which are currently valued at their amortised cost price, will be recorded at fair value. The resulting positive and/or negative unrealised revaluations will be added and/or charged to net equity.

Financial liabilities are, with the exception of derivatives, valued at the amortised cost price.

Under IFRS derivatives must be recognised in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in the fair value are recorded directly in the profit and loss account. Unlike under the current Fortis accounting principles, derivatives held for risk management purposes must also be included in the balance sheet.

In order to limit the ensuing volatility of the results, IFRS allows for hedge accounting. The preconditions for using hedge accounting are stricter than those that currently apply to risk management derivatives. The use of hedge accounting implies that when using fair value hedges the fluctuations in the fair value of the hedged positions must be recorded in the profit and loss account and that when using cash flow hedges the fluctuations in the fair value of the derivative have to be recorded in net equity.

Fortis will also use the option available under IFRS of using macro hedging in order to limit the volatility of its results. Fortis will first introduce macro hedging as of 1 January 2005, because the rules governing macro hedging were not ratified until the end of 2004. This will hamper the comparability of the 2005 IFRS figures for Fortis with the figures for 2004.

Pensions

Under IFRS when preparing the IFRS opening balance sheet, pension-related actuarial gains or losses that have not yet been added or charged to the profit and loss account may be added or charged to net equity in full. Fortis will use this possibility. As a result, the future pension charge to be recorded in the profit and loss account will be lower than is currently the case. However, under IFRS Fortis will continue to use the corridor approach (not recording actuarial differences within a defined bandwidth).

Own shares

Under IFRS all Fortis shares owned by Fortis must be deducted from net equity. Realised results on Fortis shares must also be recorded via net equity. This is in contrast to the current Fortis principles, under which Fortis shares are recorded under assets. Realised results are accounted for in the profit and loss account with the exception of shares that were issued for the FRESH.

Goodwill

Under the current Fortis accounting principles (paid) goodwill is charged directly to net equity. Under IFRS this isn't allowed and goodwill must be recorded in the balance sheet. Goodwill must be reviewed annually for impairment. Any write-down of goodwill must be charged directly to the profit and loss account.

Fortis will not use the option offered under IFRS to restate previously paid goodwill. Hence the amount of goodwill currently included in Fortis's net equity will not change.

Insurance

According to IFRS 4, non-profit sharing policies that involve no or only a very limited insurance risk must not be classified as insurance contracts but as investment contracts. As a result, and in contrast with the situation under the current regulations, the premiums received by Fortis for these policies must under IFRS be recorded directly in the balance sheet instead of in the profit and loss account.

Fortis will use the option provided by IFRS 4 to record revaluations of investments which in principle are attributable to policyholders in the technical provisions (shadow accounting).

Scope of consolidation

Under IFRS Fortis will value a number of joint ventures which under the current account principles are consolidated proportionately on the basis of the net equity method. In addition, a number of subsidiaries which currently are not consolidated will be included in the consolidation scope under IFRS. These changes will have no impact on group equity, however.

Impact IFRS on the result and net equity of Fortis

Based on the information currently available to us and as reported to analysts during the Fortis Investor Day held on 28 January 2005 (see for more information www.fortis.com), the conclusion may be drawn that for Fortis the implementation of IFRS will lead to:

- a higher balance sheet total due to the extension of the consolidation scope and the on-balance accounting of derivatives which were accounted for off-balance under the current Fortis accounting principles;
- an increase of total net equity due to the combination of the effects of first-time adoption of IFRS (i.e. the release of provisions);
- a reduction of group equity due to the adjustment of part of the hybrid loans, which are currently part of minority interest, to the liabilities. This has no influence on the calculation of Tier 1 equity.

Additionally, future results and the development of Fortis net equity will be more volatile under IFRS than currently under Fortis accounting principles. However, the result of the first half year of 2004 based on IFRS, in spite of the higher volatility, is in line with the result as presented based on Fortis accounting principles.

5 Changes in the composition of Fortis

The most significant acquisitions and divestments of the past three years are discussed below.

Assurant, Inc.

In February 2004 Fortis reduced its stake in Assurant, Inc. from 100% to 35%. The shareholding was reduced because, based on strategic considerations, Fortis no longer considers Assurant, Inc. to be part of its core business. The shares of Assurant, Inc. were sold through an initial public offer (IPO). The result of the IPO, after recapitalisation of Assurant, Inc., amounted to EUR 118,6 million.

Seguros Bilbao

Based on strategic considerations, early 2004 Fortis sold its Spanish insurance subsidiary, Seguros Bilbao, to Grupo Catalano Occidente. The takeover price was EUR 255 million, while the result on the sale amounted to EUR 144,6 million.

Theodoor Gilissen

In November 2003 Theodoor Gilissen Bankiers N.V. was sold. The company was sold due to insufficient growth opportunities in the current structure of Fortis. Integrating the company into MeesPierson was not considered to be in the interest of Fortis, Theodoor Gilissen, its clients or its employees. The takeover price was paid entirely in cash.

Intertrust Group

In July 2002 Fortis acquired Intertrust Group. The takeover price was paid in cash. Intertrust is a leading international party within its market segment and provides a broad range of services, including the establishment and management of companies, administration, reporting, trust activities, cash management and treasury services. Intertrust's activities have been merged with MeesPierson's trust activities and together form MeesPierson Intertrust.

Bernheim-Comofi

In May 2002 Fortis acquired Bernheim-Comofi for EUR 525 million. The takeover price was paid in cash. Bernheim-Comofi is active in real estate management and development. The purpose of the takeover was further diversification of Fortis's real estate investments in terms of type of investment and geographical spread. Goodwill amounted to EUR 228 million.

TOP Lease

In April 2002 TOP Lease was sold. The main reason for the sale was that the operational car lease activities are not part of Fortis's core business. As a result, opportunities for expanding TOP Lease's car lease portfolio are limited. The takeover price was paid entirely in cash.

In addition to the above, in 2004, 2003 and 2002 a number of small companies were acquired and the interests in other companies were increased.

The most important acquisitions and divestments are listed below, including information about when their results were included in Fortis's Annual Accounts.

	2004	2003	2002
Acquisition Muang Thai	as of 1 June		
Sale Assurant, Inc.	until 5 February		
Sale Seguros Bilbao	until 1 January		
Sale GWK Bank	until 1 october		
Sale Theodoor Gilissen		until 1 November	
Acquisition Intertrust Group			as of 1 July
Acquisition Bernheim Comofi			as of 1 May
Sale TOP Lease			until 1 April

The results of operations of other acquired companies are included in the operating result of Fortis with effect from the respective acquisition dates.

The total amount of goodwill charged to equity related to acquisitions in 2004 was EUR 71.8 million (2003: EUR 84.0 million; 2002: EUR 417.8 million). Due to the sale of Assurant, Inc. in 2004 an amount of EUR 206.0 million related to goodwill on acquisitions of Assurant, Inc. in prior years had to be reversed. The net amount in equity in 2004 related to goodwill was EUR 134.8 million.

6 Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of a financial instrument is the current amount that would be exchanged on the balance sheet date between willing parties (other than in a forced sale or liquidation) and is best evidenced by a quoted market price, if it exists. Quoted market prices are not available for a significant portion of the Fortis group's financial instruments. As a result, fair values presented are estimates derived using present value or other valuation techniques. In addition, the calculation of estimated fair value is based on market conditions at a specified point in time and may not be reflective of future fair values.

Fair values among financial institutions are not comparable due to the wide range of permitted valuation techniques and numerous estimates that must be made. This lack of objective valuation standards introduces a degree of subjectivity to these derived or estimated fair values. Readers are therefore cautioned in using this information for purposes of evaluation the financial condition of Fortis with other financial institutions.

Financial instruments valued at carrying value

The carrying value of certain financial instruments, such as cash, amounts due from banks, trading securities, and accrued interest payable and receivable, approximate their fair values because they are either carried at this value, or are short-term in nature or are receivable or payable on demand.

Investment securities

Fair values for investment securities are based on quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based either on discounted cash flow calculations or on quoted market prices of comparable instruments.

Loans receivable

The fair value of the performing loan portfolio is estimated using discounted analysis of anticipated cash flows, using interest rates being offered on the balance sheet date for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality. Fair values for non-performing loans are estimated based on cash flow analyses at higher discount rates appropriate to the higher risk involved or underlying collateral values.

Amounts owed to credit institutions and customers

The fair values for demand deposits, savings accounts and other deposits without fixed maturity are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the balance sheet date. The carrying amounts of variable-rate, fixed-term deposits approximate their fair values at the reporting date. Fair values for fixed-rate deposits are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies market interest rates to similar deposits and timing of maturities.

Long-term debt

The fair value of variable-rate, long-term debt (debentures and subordinated notes and other long-term borrowings) approximates its carrying value. The fair values of Fortis's fixed-rate, long-term debts are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on current incremental borrowing rates for similar types of debts.

Derivatives

The fair value of derivatives traded on the stock exchange is based on the quoted market price or on trader quotations. The fair value of non-exchange traded or over-the-counter derivative instruments is calculated using discounted cash flow models based on current market yields for similar types of instruments and the maturity of each instrument; accrued interest is not taken into account. The discount rates are based on market rates and indices for similar derivative instruments prevalent in the market.

The following table shows the carrying value and the estimated fair value at 31 December of financial instruments which are presented in the balance sheet and whose fair values differ from their carrying values for either period presented.

		2004		2003		2002
	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value
Financial assets						
Securities and Treasury bills	194,254.7	200,369.7	174,228.4	177,825.8	146,116.2	150,692.9
Loans and advances to credit						
institutions and customers	282,026.5	287,860.8	261,485.0	261,983.1	256,003.1	259,547.9
Participating interest 1)	855.7	855.7	540.7	540.6	566.4	566.5
Derivatives (net) ²⁾	(295.5)	(695.2)	(89.4)	(749.9)	(915.1)	(1,372.5)
Financial liabilities						
Amounts owed to credit						
institutions and customers	332,808.6	333,475.6	296,791.8	303,184.0	274,183.7	269,908.2
Debt certificates	51,943.5	52,127.5	52,278.9	53,403.5	49,963.7	50,837.9
Subordinated liabilities						
and convertible notes	12,270.6	13,298.0	11,173.1	12,468.4	12,229.7	13,660.9

¹⁾ Excludes participating interests accounted for under the equity method.

7 Minority interests in group equity

In addition to shareholdings of third parties in the operating companies of Fortis, minority interests also include a number of so-called hybrid financing instruments.

In March 2000 Fortis issued Trust Capital Securities, through a wholly-owned limited partnership in the United States specially established for that purpose, to strengthen the capital basis. The issue, in which Fortis raised USD 550 million, was composed of two tranches:

- a tranche of USD 150 million, with a non-cumulative coupon, payable semi-annually in arrears at a fixed rate of 7.48% to 1 March 2005 (and thereafter at a variable rate equal to 6-month LIBOR plus 1.10% reset semi-annually);
- a tranche of USD 400 million, with a non-cumulative coupon, payable semi-annually in arrears at a fixed rate of 7.68% to 1 March 2010 (and thereafter at a variable rate equal to 6-month LIBOR plus 1.25% reset semi-annually).

In preparation of the Initial Public Offering of Fortis, Inc., in December 2003 Fortis submitted a provisional bid for the outstanding Trust Capital Securities. In February 2004 the bid was finalised and the Trust Capital Securities were purchased and cancelled.

To strengthen the capital basis of its insurance business, in April 1999 Fortis issued non-cumulative guaranteed Trust Capital Securities in the amount of EUR 650 million through a subsidiary in the United States established for this purpose. That subsidiary may hold only debt or other securities owed by Fortis entities. The Trust Capital Securities are guaranteed by parent companies and have a perpetual maturity, but after ten years Fortis has the opportunity to redeem this instrument for cash on the distribution date.

²⁾ Including the derivatives portfolio, held for risk management purposes, not on the balance sheet.

The issue was composed of three tranches:

- a tranche of EUR 400 million with a variable coupon of 3-month Euribor plus 1.30% for the first ten years and a coupon of 3-month Euribor plus 2.30% in subsequent years;
- a tranche of EUR 50 million with a fixed coupon of 6.25% per year for the entire duration of the instrument;
- a tranche of EUR 200 million, with a fixed coupon of 5.50% for the first ten years, and a coupon of 3-month Euribor plus 2.30% in subsequent years.

In June 1999 Fortis issued non-cumulative, non-voting perpetual shares. The regulator considers these preference shares as part of the Tier 1 capital of the bank. The issue was composed of two tranches:

- a tranche of EUR 450 million with a fixed coupon of 6.25% for the first ten years, and a variable coupon of 3-month Euribor plus 2.60% in subsequent years. After 10 years and once a year in subsequent years Fortis has the opportunity to redeem the instrument for cash on a distribution date;
- a tranche of EUR 200 million with a fixed coupon of 7.00% for the entire duration. After 5 years and once a year in subsequent years Fortis has the opportunity to redeem this instrument for cash on a distribution date. Fortis redeemed this tranche in early 2004.

The preference shares have the benefit of a Support Agreement. Fortis N.V., Fortis Bank, Fortis Bank Nederland (Holding) and Fortis SA/NV (the 'Supporting Companies') jointly and severally agree to contribute to Fortis Capital Limited any additional funds necessary to allow it to pay dividends on the preference shares in the event that any of the Supporting Companies pays a dividend on its ordinary or preference shares in the same financial year. Under this arrangement, even the payment of a symbolic dividend by any of the Supporting Companies on its own capital stock would automatically trigger a full or proportional dividend entitlement for the investors in the hybrid securities, with full recourse against the Supporting Companies. In addition (if the Supporting Companies were to have sufficient aggregate distributable reserves to pay a dividend on their own capital stock) payment would result in an obligation to make payments under the Support Agreement for which distributable reserves of the Supporting Companies would not be adequate.

As a condition for its acceptance of the hybrid securities as constituting Tier 1 capital of Fortis Bank, the supervisory authorities have therefore requested that appropriate measures be put in place to ensure that any payments to be made by Fortis SA/NV or Fortis Bank under the Support Agreement as triggered by a dividend payment on their own shares be capped to the level of the aggregate distributable reserves of the Supporting Companies. To meet this condition, the Board of Directors has decided that Fortis SA/NV will not declare a dividend on its ordinary shares or on its preference shares or other capital instruments (if applicable) unless the aggregate of the distributable reserves of the Supporting Companies is sufficient to cover all dividend payments relating to their respective ordinary shares, preference shares or other capital instruments, as well as any amounts payable in the same financial year pursuant to their obligations under the Support Agreement.

8 Net equity

The following table sets forth the composition of net equity at 31 December 2004:

Share capital:

Ordinary Fortis shares; 1,340,786,545 shares issued; per Fortis Share consisting of
 1 share Fortis SA/NV EUR 4.28 unit-of-account value and 1 share Fortis N.V. EUR 0.42 par value.

6,306.8

- Cumulative preference shares A Fortis N.V. EUR 0.42 par value; 1,750,000,000 shares authorised: no shares issued or outstanding.

- Cumulative preference shares B Fortis N.V. EUR 0.42 par value; 250,000,000 shares authorised; no shares issued or outstanding.

- Share premium reserve 11,977.4

- Revaluation reserve

- Goodwill (16,973.8)

- Other reserves 9,695.7

- Net profit current financial year 3,358.5

14,364.6

A detailed description of the various option plans is included in notes 13 and 19.

Cumulative Preference Shares A Fortis N.V.

None of Fortis's 1,750 million, EUR 0.42 par value, authorised Cumulative Preference Shares A are issued or outstanding. However, Fortis N.V. has granted an option to the Stichting Continuïteit Fortis (the 'Foundation') to acquire a maximum number of Cumulative Preference Shares A of Fortis N.V. (which have the same voting rights as Ordinary Shares). Once the option has been exercised, the number of Cumulative Preference Shares A issued shall not exceed the number of Ordinary Shares and Cumulative Preference Shares B issued. Fortis N.V. is entitled to require the Foundation to accept the issue of Cumulative Preference Shares A.

The objective of the Foundation is to protect the continuity and to retain the identity of Fortis and Fortis N.V. such that the interests of the company and of Fortis and its affiliated companies and all parties involved are safeguarded and that factors that are in conflict with the independence and identity of Fortis and Fortis N.V. which could affect those interests are excluded to the greatest extent. The Foundation will only exercise its options in accordance with this purpose. The exercise price of the options is EUR 0.42 per Cumulative Preference Share A. Upon exercise, however, only 25% of the par value is required to be paid. The Foundation will be required to pay the additional 75% of the par value per Cumulative Preference Share A only upon the request of Fortis N.V. on the basis of a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Under Dutch law, the Foundation is an independent legal entity and is not owned or controlled by any person or entity. The Board of the Foundation consists of six members: four members are independent with respect to Fortis while two members may be related to Fortis. Additionally, the four independent members have two votes per member while the other two related members have one vote per member. This composition of the Board has been approved by Euronext Amsterdam.

If any Cumulative Preference Shares A are issued or redeemed, a General Meeting of Shareholders shall be convened which shall be held no later than two years after the date on which the Cumulative Preference Shares A were first issued. A resolution concerning issuance or withdrawal of the Cumulative Preference Shares A shall be put on the agenda of such meeting.

If the resolution to be taken on this agenda item is not a resolution to purchase or withdraw the Cumulative Preference Shares A, a General Meeting of Shareholders will be convened and held, in each case within two years of the previous meeting, for which meeting a resolution concerning purchase or withdrawal of the Cumulative Preference Shares A will be put on the agenda, until there are no Cumulative Preference Shares A outstanding.

From Fortis N.V.'s profits, a dividend will, if possible, first be paid to holders of Cumulative Preference Shares A before one is paid to holders of Cumulative Preference Shares B and Ordinary Shares. The dividend to be paid will be equal to the average Euribor for a term of one year, as published by De Nederlandsche Bank N.V. during the financial year over which the dividend is to be paid, increased by 1.5%. The dividend will be calculated as a percentage of the amount paid in to Fortis N.V. on such shares and pro rata for the period outstanding.

Cumulative Preference Shares A have a liquidation value equal to the amount paid in to Fortis N.V. related to such shares plus any accumulated but unpaid dividends. Cumulative Preference Shares A have priority in liquidation over Cumulative Preference Shares B and Ordinary Shares.

Cumulative Preference Shares B Fortis N.V.

None of the 250 million, EUR 0.42 par value, authorised Cumulative Preference Shares B are issued and outstanding. Upon issue, Cumulative Preference Shares B must be fully paid-up. Cumulative Preference Shares B may be issued by Fortis N.V. for financing purposes. The shares have voting rights equivalent to those of Ordinary Shares and Cumulative Preference Shares A with one vote per share outstanding.

Cumulative Preference Shares B rank senior to Ordinary Shares and subordinate to the Priority Shares and Cumulative Preference Shares A with respect to the payment of dividends and distribution of assets upon liquidation.

A dividend will be distributed on Cumulative Preference Shares B equal to a percentage calculated over an amount equal to four times the par value and pro rata to the period the shares are outstanding. This percentage shall be linked to the average effective yield on the five longest running state loans calculated in accordance with the method as set forth in the Articles of Association and adjusted every ten years.

Cumulative Preference Shares B have a liquidation value equal to four times the par value of the share plus any accumulated but unpaid dividends. The redemption and conversion features of Cumulative Preference Shares B are not described in the Articles of Association, but are determined at the time of issuance of such shares.

Cumulative Preference Shares B may not be transferred without the approval of Fortis N.V.'s Board of Directors as set forth in the Articles of Association.

Accumulated other comprehensive income

The following table reflects the changes in Accumulated other comprehensive income.

					Accumulated
		Revaluation			other
	Translation	of		Other	comprehensive
	differences	investments	Goodwill	movements	income
Balance at 31 December 2002	9.2	(2,125.4)	(17,024.6)	(154.0)	(19,294.8)
Change during the year	(211.5)	199.0	(84.0)	24.5	(72.0)
Balance at 31 December 2003	(202.3)	(1,926.4)	(17,108.6)	(129.5)	(19,366.8)
Change during the year	(16.2)	249.8	134.8	(108.8)	259.6
Balance at 31 December 2004	(218.5)	(1,676.6)	(16,973.8)	(238.3)	(19,107.2)

The following table sets out the movements in net equity of Fortis during 2004 and 2003.

		Share				Total
		premium	Revaluation		Other	net
	Capital	reserve	reserve	Goodwill	reserves	equity
Balance at 31 December 2002	6,279.9	11,916.3	0.0	(17,024.6)	9,699.3	10,870.9
Issue of shares	13.3	20.7				34.0
Net profit for the year					2,197.4	2,197.4
Dividends					(1,136.1)	(1,136.1)
Revaluation of investments, net			199.0			199.0
Goodwill				(84.0)		(84.0)
Translation differences					(211.5)	(211.5)
Other changes in equity			24.5			24.5
Reclass other reserves			(223.5)		223.5	
Balance at 31 December 2003	6,293.2	11,937.0	0.0	(17,108.6)	10,772.6	11,894.2
Issue of shares	13.6	40.4			(8.6)	45.4
Net profit for the year					3,358.5	3,358.5
Dividends					(1,193.1)	(1,193.1)
Revaluation of investments, net			249.8			249.8
Goodwill				134.8		134.8
Translation differences					(16.2)	(16.2)
Other changes in equity			(108.8)			(108.8)
Reclass other reserves			(141.0)		141.0	
Balance at 31 December 2004	6,306.8	11,977.4	0.0	(16,973.8)	13,054.2	14,364.6

The above dividends were paid in cash.

Movements in the number of outstanding shares are reflected below.

Number of shares at 31 December 2002	1,335,062,099
Issue related to option plans / share plans	2,820,535
Number of shares at 31 December 2003	1,337,882,634
Issue related to share plans	2,903,911
Number of shares at 31 December 2004	1,340,786,545

Net equity includes 39,682,540 Fortis shares in connection with the FRESH securities which were not included in the calculation of the dividend and earnings per share.

In 2004, 2003 and 2002, Fortis offered its personnel the opportunity to purchase Fortis shares. Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V. issued 2,903,911 new shares (2003: 2,820,535; 2002: 1,752,500), raising a total of EUR 45.4 million (2003: EUR 34.0 million; 2002: EUR 35.7 million).

An overview of the potential number of outstanding shares:

Number of shares at 31 December 2004	1,340,786,545
Shares potentially to be issued:	
- in connection with option plans, including warrants (see note 13 Employee stock and option plans)	30,097,774
- in connection with convertible notes (see notes A9 and A10)	3,554,615
Total potential number of shares at 31 December 2004	1,374,438,934

An overview of transactions in Fortis shares by Fortis's operating companies:

		Fortis
	number	value
Balance at 31 December 2003	25,489,303	
Purchases	50,912,248	
Sales	(57,054,920)	
Balance at 31 December 2004	19,346,631	
In trading securities	6,003,943	122.1
In investments	5,240,650	106.7
In investments but for the account of third parties	1,536,728 ¹⁾	46.0
In investments on behalf of policyholders	4,056,906	82.7
In other assets	2,508,404	38.6
	19,346,631	396.1

¹⁾ These investments are part of specific investment pools for life and pension insurances with a minimum guaranteed return and are valued at the purchase price.

9 Off-balance sheet items

In its ordinary course of business, Fortis enters into various types of transactions that involve credit-related financial instruments and derivative financial instruments that are not required to be recorded in the balance sheet. Credit-related financial instruments are typically customer driven, while derivative financial instruments are entered into both with customers and for Fortis's own account in managing interest rate and foreign exchange risks.

Credit-related financial instruments

Credit-related instruments include acceptances, commitments to extend credit, letters of credit and financial guarantees. Fortis's exposure to credit loss in the event of non-performance by the other party to the financial instrument in respect of commitments to extend credit, letters of credit, and financial guarantees written is represented by the contractual notional amounts of those instruments. Fees received from these credit-related instruments are recorded in the profit and loss account when received.

Acceptances are used by customers to effect payments for merchandise sold in import-export transactions.

Credit commitments are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition laid down in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses. The geographic and counterparty distribution of commitments to extend credit approximates the distribution of loans outstanding. Fortis's experience has been that the majority of loan commitments are drawn upon by customers. These commitments are generally unsecured, but, if necessary, collateral may be required.

Documentary credits either ensure payment by Fortis to a third party for a customer's foreign or domestic trade or are conditional commitments issued by Fortis to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Fortis evaluates each customer's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained is based on credit evaluation of the counterparty. Collateral could consist of the goods financed as well as of cash deposits. Most documentary credits are taken out, though in many cases this is followed by immediate payment.

Suretyships and guarantees are used to guarantee performance of a customer. The credit risk involved in issuing these guarantees is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers. These suretyships and guarantees may be unsecured.

The following is a summary of the notional amounts (principal sums) of Fortis's credit-related financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk at 31 December.

	2004	2003	2002
Acceptances outstanding	765.2	500.3	195.4
Firm credit commitments	92,658.3	88,709.4	72,306.5
Documentary credits	4,172.0	3,627.2	3,772.9
Sureties, guarantees and assets pledged	11,532.6	10,736.1	9,732.2

Derivatives

Derivatives include swaps, futures, forwards and option contracts, all of which derive their value from underlying interest rates, foreign exchange rates, commodity values or equity instruments.

A derivative contract may be traded either on an exchange or over-the-counter ('OTC'). Exchange-traded derivatives, which include futures and option contracts, are standardised and generally do not involve significant counterparty risk due to the margin requirements of the individual exchanges.

OTC derivative contracts are individually negotiated between contracting parties. The notional amounts are not recorded in the balance sheet as assets or liabilities and do not represent the potential for gain or loss association with such transactions. Fortis's exposure to the credit risk associated with counterparty non-performance is limited to the net positive replacement cost of OTC contracts.

Stock options are the (marketable) right to buy or sell a standard number of shares at a previously fixed price during a previously fixed period.

Interest rate swaps are contractual agreements between two parties to exchange periodic payments in the same currency, each of which is computed on a different interest rate basis. Most interest rate swaps involve the net exchange of payments calculated as the difference between the fixed and floating interest rate payments. Fortis uses interest rate swaps to change the interest rate characteristics of certain assets and liabilities. For example, based on long-term debt, an interest rate swap can be entered into to convert a fixed interest rate into a floating interest rate, in order to reduce the interest rate mismatch. Fortis also uses interest rate swaps to hedge the risk of price fluctuations of the trading securities.

Currency swaps, in their simplest form, are contractual agreements that involve the exchange of both periodic and final amounts in different currencies. Exposure to loss on both types of swap contracts will increase or decrease over their respective lives depending on maturity dates, interest and foreign exchange rates, and the timing of payments.

Interest rate futures are exchange—traded instruments and represent commitments to purchase or sell a designated security or money market instrument at a specified future date and price.

Interest rate forward agreements are OTC where two parties agree on an interest rate and period that will become a reference point in determining a net payment to be made by one party to the other, depending on what market rate in fact prevails at a future point in time.

Interest rate options are interest rate protection instruments that involve the obligation of the seller to pay the buyer an interest rate differential in exchange for a premium paid by the buyer. This differential represents the difference between current exchange and an agreed—upon rate applied to a notional amount. Exposure to losses on all interest rate contracts will increase or decrease over their respective lives as interest rates fluctuate.

Foreign exchange contracts, which include spot, forward and futures contracts, represent agreements to exchange the currency of one country for the currency of another country at an agreed price, on an agreed settlement date. They are used to hedge net capital and foreign exchange exposure.

Foreign exchange option contracts are similar to interest rate option contracts, with the exception that they are based on currencies rather than interest rates. Exposure to loss on these contracts will increase or decrease over their respective lives as currency exchange and interest rates fluctuate.

For exchange—traded foreign exchange contracts, Fortis's exposure to off—balance sheet credit risk is limited, as these transactions are executed on organised exchanges that assume the obligation of counterparties and generally require security deposits and daily settlement of margins.

Lease agreements

Fortis has entered into operational lease agreements to provide for office space, office equipment and vehicles. Rental expenses out of these leases in 2004 were EUR 52.5 million (2003: EUR 92.5 million; 2002: EUR 78.1 million). The total amount payable on account of non-cancellable lease agreements as of 31 December 2004 was EUR 131.7 million (2003: EUR 290.9 million; 2002: EUR 334.2 million).

The following table reflects future commitments for non-cancellable operating leases as of 31 December.

	2004
Through 2005	38.1
Through 2006	30.7
Through 2007	22.1
Through 2008	10.1
Through 2009	7.2
Thereafter	23.5
Total	131.7

Other commitments

At 31 December 2004 Fortis had assets pledged amounting to EUR 81,706.8 million (2003: EUR 76,774.8 million; 2002: EUR 73,450.7 million).

Fortis has various outstanding and contingent commitments that are not reflected in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. The following table provides information about the most significant of these commitments as per 31 December.

	2004	2003	2002
Obligations to purchase securities	1,174.4	711.2	1,215.6
Obligations to pay up share capital of participating interest	202.8	126.9	70.1
Securities entrusted to Fortis 1)	286,080.8	283,676.2	299,232.6
Other	132.2	103.4	452.6

Represents primarily the value of investment securities held in safekeeping (excluding funds under management).

In many cases, parties to insurance contracts have special rights in respect of the investments made by the companies concerned. These rights derive from legal or contractual provisions or provisions of the Articles of Association.

Contingent commitments

Fortis is a defendant in certain claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. Based on its consult with legal counsel, management is of the opinion that the outcome of these actions is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial condition of Fortis.

10 Risk management

Fortis risk management distinguishes among others the risk categories market risk and credit risk. The market risk is the risk of loss due to high volatility in financial markets of share prices, interest rates, currency rates and real estate prices. In the insurance business, market risk relates specifically to the impact of financial changes on structural positions (ALM risk). The main market risks in the banking business can be broken down into risks affecting structural positions (ALM risks), risks arising from trading activities (trading risk) and liquidity risk.

In the insurance business, credit risk consists mainly of counterparty risk inherent in investment portfolios and mortgages. For the bank, credit risk consists primarily of the risk of default on the part of borrowers or counterparties. This risk is largely derived from three possible sources, namely counterparty risk, transfer risk and settlement risk

Market risk: Insurance

The tools Fortis uses to monitor market risk include simulation models, scenario analyses and stress testing. These are used to calculate on a regular basis the potential impact of interest rate, share price and real estate price movements on solvency, earnings and embedded value.

Fortis has investigated the sensitivity of its pre-tax insurance results to a 100 basis point upward or downward parallel shift in the yield curve. It was found that the impact on 2004 results was neglectible.

Market risk: Banking

Through its investment portfolio, Fortis Bank is exposed to interest rate risk and the risk of share price falls. Fortis monitors and manages using risk indicators. Examples of the former type of indicator are basis point sensitivity, the Value-at-Risk (VaR) and the duration of net equity. The basis point sensitivity indicator is used to calculate to what extent the fair value of all assets and liabilities changes if each point on the interest rate swap curve is individually raised or lowered by one basis point.

The VaR model for the bank's structural position is used to calculate potential movements in the fair value of assets and liabilities due to interest rate changes, on the basis of historical interest rate volatility, a holding period of two months and a reliability interval of 99%.

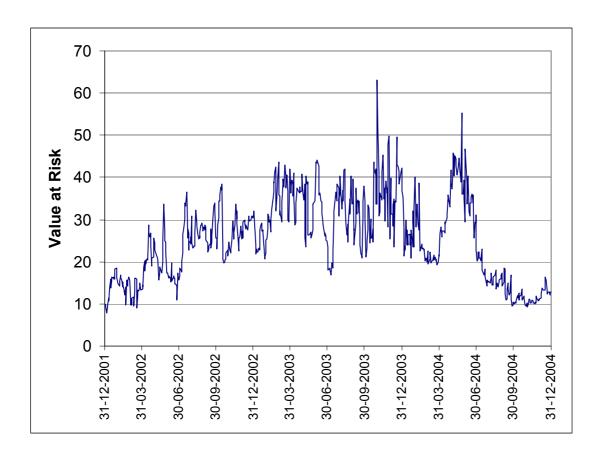
The duration of net equity is a general measure of interest rate risk. The duration and fair value of all products is calculated on the basis of cash flow (redemptions and interest). The duration of net equity is such that the duration of the sum of the assets is equal to the duration of the sum of the liabilities, including net equity.

The risk indicator based on earnings calculation (Earnings-at-Risk) simulates the effect of an interest rate movement on future earnings. Using a central interest rate scenario and four other standard interest rate scenarios (parallel shift +100 bp, parallel shift -100 bp, a steeper yield curve: short -100 bp/long +100 bp or a flatter yield curve: short +100 bp/long -100 bp), net interest income (including volume effects) under each of the scenarios is calculated for the next three years. The sensitivity of earnings to interest rate movements can be measured by the difference between the best and worst net interest income figures calculated in this manner compared to the net interest income according to the base scenario.

The bank monitors risks arising from trading activities by means of qualitative controls and intensive use of quantitative models based on sensitivity and probability analyses. VaR reports are compiled daily based on an adaptation of two methods: the variance/covariance model and the historical simulation model.

The VaR reports are based on a holding period of one day and a probability of 99%. The table below reflects the development of a few VaR figures including the treasury activities of Fortis. Also included in the survey is the efficiency ratio (the ratio of the ex-post volatility to the ex-ante VaR).

	2004	2003	2002
VaR as per 31 December	12.7	36.7	31.5
Highest VaR	55.2	63.1	38.5
Lowest VaR	9.2	16.9	7.9
Average VaR	21.7	32.8	21.8
Efficiency ratio (in %)	88	88	94



Market risk: Banking - Liquidity

Given the importance of the capital markets as a potential source of financing, the liquidity risk is closely related to the company's solvency and to the confidence that creditors place in the ability of Fortis to meet its financial commitments. Fortis manages the bank's liquidity risk such that it can meet customers' demands, repayment commitments and capital requirements even at unfavourable market conditions.

Credit risk: Insurance

Fortis keeps the credit risk of its insurance business to a minimum by subjecting its public and private sector investments to strict creditworthiness criteria. Limits are set for the amount that may be invested in any single company, and investments are spread across geographical areas and sectors. A substantial portion of Fortis's insurance portfolio in the Benelux countries is invested in fixed-income securities which are guaranteed directly or indirectly by a sovereign state.

The table below gives an idea of the diversification within the credit risks of the insurance business.

	31-12-2004	31-12-2003	31-12-2002
Relating to the private sector:			
Mortgage loans, individuals	4,452.7	5,399.0	10,728.3
Investment securities corporate debentures	6,351.7	8,355.2	8,299.1
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities	816.9	2,867.1	1,987.9
Other debt securities and fixed-income securities	3,990.3	3,032.0	469.1
Other private loans	3,699.4	5,078.3	5,609.9
Policyholder loans	121.5	180.3	191.9
Other	287.0	191.8	1,581.4
Intercompanies	(392.9)	(1,396.0)	(1,436.9)
Total relating to the private sector	19,326.6	23,707.7	27,430.7
Relating to the public sector:			
Investment securities Government	23,083.2	22,112.5	18,408.7
Relating to banks:			
Loans and advances to credit institutions	3,479.7	3,518.1	2,297.6
Investment securities Banking	9,187.0	6,573.3	6,324.6
Intercompanies	(2,546.5)	(2,053.1)	(721.4)
Total relating to banks	10,120.2	8,038.3	7,900.8
Total credit risk ¹⁾	52,530.0	53,858.5	53,740.2

¹⁾ Consists of fixed-income securities (investments) and loans to credit institutions and customers.

Credit Risk: Banking

The Bank's main credit risks are counterparty default risk and country risk. The management of these risks is based on strict control procedures applied to the - fully independent - credit approval process. The credit policy is aimed primarily at spreading risks across various sectors, countries and markets.

A concentration of credit risk arises when the credit exposure of a group of counterparties is similarly impacted by economic trends, changes within a sector or geographical developments. Although the financial instruments in Fortis's portfolio are spread widely across various sectors, products and geographical areas, there is a potential concentration risk due to significant transactions which the bank concludes with other financial institutions, particularly in the field of loans (including repurchasing/reselling of securities), securities trade and derivative transactions.

The tables below give an idea of the diversification of credit risks within Fortis Bank's credit portfolios.

	31-12-2004	31-12-2003	31-12-2002 1)
Relating to the private sector:			
Loans and advances to customers			
Mortgage loans, individuals	59,456.0	55,986.1	44,976.1
Consumer loans	8,506.5	8,732.0	9,054.7
Commercial loans	135,237.8	108,025.3	102,577.2
Investment securities			
Companies and other	19,500.4	16,203.2	15,330.2
of which corporate debentures	4,723.4	5,758.7	8,004.2
Intercompanies	(4,910.0)	(1,625.5)	(1,532.0)
Total relating to the private sector	217,790.7	187,321.1	170,406.2
Relating to the public sector			
Loans and advances to customers			
Government	5,562.0	4,533.5	4,775.3
Investment securities			
Government	71,806.9	73,889.3	62,951.4
Total relating to the private sector	77,368.9	78,422.8	67,726.7
Relating to banks			
Loans and advances to credit institutions	71,757.4	78,029.0	82,430.9
Investment securities			
Banking	13,799.0	10,454.0	7,697.0
Total relating to banks	85,556.4	88,483.0	90,127.9
Total balance sheet risks ²⁾	380,716.0	354,226.9	328,260.8
Derivatives ³⁾	4,445.9	6,309.5	5,663.0
Credit related instruments 4)	109,128.1	103,573.0	86,007.0
Total off balance sheet risk	113,574.0	109,882.5	91,670.0
Total credit risk	494,290.0	464,109.4	419,930.8

Figures have been adjusted for comparison purposes.

²⁾ Consists of fixed-income securities (investments) and loans to credit institutions and customers.

³⁾ Based on credit equivalents (see also page 56).

⁴⁾ Consists of outstanding acceptances, fixed lending obligations, documentary credits, deposits and guarantees.

Loans to customers by sector

	31-12-2004	31-12-2003	31-12-2002 ¹⁾
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1,073.9	1,229.9	1,389.9
Energy and water	3,885.4	4,607.2	6,025.9
Metallurgic & non-metallic minerals	1,175.7	1,757.7	1,929.3
Chemicals and plastics	1,650.1	1,762.4	2,406.5
Metal works	2,167.7	2,768.0	2,769.8
Other manufacturing	3,698.6	4,997.3	5,406.8
Construction and engineering	2,704.7	2,708.9	2,518.9
Distribution, hotels and catering	9,428.1	11,823.0	11,181.0
Transport	2,967.2	2,515.3	2,979.8
Communication	584.4	1,116.9	2,204.4
Real estate	13,271.4	9,168.0	7,431.2
Financial institution & services to firms	65,122.5	39,687.9	33,488.0
Shipping	1,932.4	2,243.8	3,148.7
Other services	7,242.4	6,732.2	6,375.3
Public administrations	8,162.0	4,533.5	4,775.3
Private persons	67,952.9	58,170.4	52,672.0
Monetary intermediations	1,416.6	7,436.9	1,943.8
Trade and commodity finance	579.4	1,603.3	1,906.0
Unclassified	13,737.3	12,414.3	10,830.7
Total	208,752.7	177,276.9	161,383.3

¹⁾ Figures have been adjusted for comparison purposes.

Credit risk derivatives

The table below reflects the weighted credit exposure of the derivatives positions as at 31 December. The credit risk is based on the notional amounts, multiplied by the credit risk factor based on the risk inherent to the instrument and the term to maturity.

	2004	2003	2002
Interest contracts	1,935.6	3,210.7	2,803.5
Currency contracts	2,299.5	2,691.2	1,567.7
Other contracts	210.8	407.6	1,291.8
Total	4,445.9	6,309.5	5,663.0

Special attention is given to the credit risk arising from derivative-related activities, capital market transactions and transactions with financial institutions. Where possible, Fortis limits these risks by entering into netting agreements and by requiring collateral to cover counterparties' liabilities.

Credit risk: Banking - Country risk

Fortis Bank's country risk policy is aimed at adequately managing the country risk. Country risk refers to the risk of a foreign government defaulting on its obligations or preventing other debtors in their respective countries from transferring funds to foreign creditors, or of specific circumstances in a country (e.g. war, political or social unrest) causing a large number of debtors there to default. The country risk relates to loans to counterparties established in foreign countries, with the exception of European Union countries, Australia, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, Norway, Singapore, the United States and Switzerland.

The supervisory authority has issued guidelines for the calculation of country risk. The risk is calculated by deducting from the amount of the loans certain items defined by the supervisory authority. The fixed deductibles include mainly elements which by their nature are not prone to country risk, the loan loss provision and collateral received. The supervisory authority has set minimum requirements for country risk provisions. Fortis will make additional provisions if it considers this necessary.

The table below shows the country risk by region for Fortis's banking operations at 31 December, in accordance with supervisory regulations.

				2004
	Gross		Provision against	Mitigated
	exposure	Deductibles	country risk	exposure
Latin America	1,109.8	1,028.1	25.2	56.5
Asia	1,642.7	1,616.0	13.4	13.3
Central and Eastern Europe	1,563.1	1,395.2	26.5	141.4
Middle East and Africa	3,374.7	3,219.4	76.3	79.0
Total	7,690.3	7,258.7	141.4	290.2
				2003
	Gross	_	Provision against	Mitigated
	exposure	Deductibles	country risk	exposure
Latin America	1,438.0	1,326.4	34.7	76.9
Asia	1,131.4	1,094.8	24.1	12.5
Central and Eastern Europe	1,077.4	975.8	30.0	71.6
Middle East and Africa	2,622.7	2,461.4	100.8	60.5
Total	6,269.5	5,858.4	189.6	221.5
				2002
	Gross	_	Provision against	Mitigated
	exposure	Deductibles	country risk	exposure
Latin America	1,341.7	1,222.1	46.2	73.4
Asia	819.9	780.6	24.0	15.3
Central and Eastern Europe	1,027.0	931.3	34.8	60.9
Middle East and Africa	2,992.9	2,822.8	110.0	60.1
Total	6,181.5	5,756.8	215.0	209.7

The table below shows the country risk broken down by degree of exposure:

_				2004
	Gross		Provision against	Mitigated
	exposure	Deductibles	country risk	exposure
No risk	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low risk	2,746.3	2,564.3	14.6	167.4
Average risk	1,156.7	1,059.1	20.1	77.5
High risk	3,787.3	3,635.3	106.7	45.3
Total	7,690.3	7,258.7	141.4	290.2
				2003
	Gross		Provision against	Mitigated
	exposure	Deductibles	country risk	exposure
No risk	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low risk	2,001.2	1,869.5	16.5	115.2
Average risk	869.8	797.0	24.3	48.5
High risk	3,398.5	3,191.9	148.8	57.8
Total	6,269.5	5,858.4	189.6	221.5
				2002
	Gross	_	Provision against	Mitigated
	exposure	Deductibles	country risk	exposure
No risk	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low risk	1,591.5	1,532.6	5.6	53.3
Average risk	1,050.4	910.2	44.4	95.8
High risk	3,539.6	3,314.0	165.0	60.6
Total	6,181.5	5,756.8	215.0	209.7

11 Investments and assets under management

Investments

The summary below reflects the carrying value, the fair value for investments and investment income as a percentage of quarterly average book value as per 31 December. The difference between the book value and the fair value of these debt securities is largely due to the difference between the rate of interest at the time of their purchase and the rate of interest at this balance sheet date. Such differences of interest rate also affect the technical insurance commitments to which these investments may be related. Because of outstanding commitments related to profit sharing arrangements, unrealised capital gains and losses of the insurance business will not fully be accrued to the shareholders.

			Book			Fair
			value			value
	2004	2003	2002	2004	2003	2002
Land and buildings	6,597.7	6,629.1	6,557.5	6,597.7	6,629.1	6,557.5
Shares	7,901.5	7,256.7	9,905.0	7,901.5	7,256.7	9,905.0
Debt securities	148,452.2	143,486.5	121,467.9	154,650.3	147,084.0	126,044.8
Other investments	715.8	622.5	2,168.3	729.4	634.0	2,262.6
Total	163,667.2	157,994.8	140,098.7	169,878.9	161,603.8	144,769.9
						Investment
						income
						as % of
						bookvalue
						investments
				2004	2003	2002
Land and buildings				10.8	13.3	8.0
Shares				10.4	(3.1)	(23.7)
Debt securities				4.1	5.3	5.3
Other investments				6.1	0.4	0.7
Total				4.7	4.8	2.8

Debt securities are valued at amortisation value in the balance sheet. Realised gains on debt securities are taxable. Shares and land and buildings are valued at fair value, and revaluations are recorded in equity, taking into account tax implications. Tax is in principle payable when the deferred capital gain on land and buildings is realised. The unrealised capital gain on land and buildings for banking and insurance was EUR 1,033 million (2003: EUR 1,052 million; 2002: EUR 950 million). The unrealised capital gain on shares was EUR 311 million (2003: a loss of EUR 287 million; 2002: a loss of EUR 1,096 million). In certain cases the capital gain is tax-exempt upon realisation. The share portfolio consists almost entirely of listed shares.

As the debt securities consist largely of loans to government authorities, public bodies and banks, they are readily marketable. Other investments consist primarily of treasury bills and participating interests in investment pools.

Investment income

The table below reflects investment income, including non-operating items.

					2004
	Land and		Debt	Other	
	buildings	Shares	securities	investments	Total
Gross investment income	672.2	229.5	5,758.5	36.6	6,696.8
Realised capital gains	89.3	(37.7)	424.3	4.4	480.3
Revaluations	(33.3)	293.4			260.1
Unrealised capital gains / losses included in P&L	(22.4)	309.6			287.2
Total	705.8	794.8	6,182.8	41.0	7,724.4
					2003
	Land and		Debt	Other	
	buildings	Shares	securities	investments	Total
Gross investment income	647.5	274.9	5,752.0	23.1	6,697.5
Realised capital gains	80.2	(1,407.5)	757.0	(14.3)	(584.6)
Revaluations	114.9	21.0			135.9
Unrealised capital gains / losses included in P&L	(22.2)	729.4			707.2
Total	820.4	(382.2)	6,509.0	8.8	6,956.0
					2002
	Land and		Debt	Other	
	buildings	Shares	securities	investments	Total
Gross investment income	558.2	411.4	6,071.0	118.6	7,159.2
Realised capital gains	(4.7)	(793.2)	449.8	(105.2)	(453.3)
Revaluations	59.9	(1,492.2)			(1,432.3)
Unrealised capital gains / losses included in P&L	(118.8)	(1,093.3)			(1,212.1)
Total	494.6	(2,967.3)	6,520.8	13.4	4,061.5
Assets under management by origin					
		31	1-12-2004	31-12-2003	31-12-2002
Investmente incurance			55 088 7	54.002.1	40 000 1
Investments insurance Investments banking			55,088.7 108,565.5	54,093.1 103,799.7	49,999.1 89,978.6

163,667.2

18,702.6

139,565.7

321,935.5

157,994.8

19,946.2

128,018.5

305,959.5

140,098.7

18,390.6

131,327.6 **289,816.9**

Total investments for own account 1)

Total assets under management

Funds under management

Investments on behalf of policyholders

¹⁾ This amount includes the intercompany accounts and investments which cannot be attributed either to insurance or to banking.

Funds under management by type of investment

				31-12-2004
		Land and	Debt	
	Shares	buildings	securities	Total
Private Banking	27,049.6		25,418.1	52,467.7
Asset Management	31,871.4	639.8	54,545.8	87,057.0
Other	2,016.8	465.2	19,783.1	22,265.1
Subtotal	60,937.8	1,105.0	99,746.0	161,789.8
Eliminations	(12,009.6)	(365.9)	(9,848.6)	(22,224.1)
Total funds under management	48,928.2	739.1	89,898.4	139,565.7
				31-12-2003
		Land and	Debt	
	Shares	buildings	securities	Total
Private Banking	21,861.5		28,285.7	50,147.2
Asset Management	24,872.8	361.3	52,716.9	77,951.0
Other	2,173.6	196.4	16,356.0	18,726.0
Subtotal	48,907.9	557.7	97,358.6	146,824.2
Eliminations	(10,500.0)	(112.0)	(8,193.7)	(18,805.7)
Total funds under management	38,407.9	445.7	89,164.9	128,018.5

Roll-forward funds under management

	Private	Asset			
	Banking	Management	Other	Eliminations	Total
Closing balance at 31 December 2002	50,675.0	72,766.0	24,091.9	(16,205.3)	131,327.6
Net new means	303.1	199.2	3,223.8	(2,402.7)	1,323.4
Capital gains / losses	(293.5)	1,107.0	(21.8)	(197.7)	594.0
Transfer between businesses and other	(537.4)	3,878.8	(8,567.9)		(5,226.5) 1)
Closing balance at 31 December 2003	50,147.2	77,951.0	18,726.0	(18,805.7)	128,018.5
Net new means	(663.5)	5,438.0	1,477.8	(190.1)	6,062.2
Capital gains / losses	1,990.0	3,365.2	92.3	(1,159.7)	4,287.8
Transfer between businesses and other	994.0	302.8	1,969.0	(2,068.6)	1,197.2
Closing balance at 31 December 2004	52,467.7	87,057.0	22,265.1	(22,224.1)	139,565.7

^{1) &#}x27;Transfer between businesses and other' includes the effect of the sale of Theodoor Gilissen Bankiers N.V.

12 Employee benefits

Fortis has a number of defined pension benefit plans covering virtually all of its employees. The benefits are based on years of service and on the level of remuneration. Pension commitments are determined based, among other things, on factors such as mortality, personnel changes and wage projections, allowing for the specific economic conditions in each country or company. Discount rates are set on the basis of the yield (on the valuation date) of debt securities issued by blue-chip companies (or by the government in the absence of a representative market). When determining pension costs secondary elements of remuneration are also included, such as the reimbursement of a part of the health insurance premium and personnel conditions on specific products, which continue to exist after retirement.

The following table provides the components of pension costs.

	2004	2003	2002
Service costs	245.9	261.2	232.4
Interest costs	302.5	301.6	317.6
Expected return on plan assets	(273.3)	(277.6)	(295.1)
Amortisation of deferred items	66.8	62.3	30.8
Net periodic pension costs	341.9	347.5	285.7
The following table provides the parameters applied.			
	2004	2003	2002
Discount rate	3,80 - 7,00	4,60 - 6,20	4,50 - 6,75
Expected return on plan assets	2,20 - 8,70	4,00 - 8,25	4,50 - 8,50
Rate of remuneration increase	1,50 - 5,50	1,50 - 5,50	1,50 - 5,50

The following table reflects the changes in pension obligations and the fair value of plan assets.

	2004	2003
Benefit obligations at 1 January	6,551.9	6,189.6
Purchases and sales group companies	(331.8)	(9.4)
Service costs	245.9	261.1
Interest costs	302.5	301.6
Plan amendments	(0.6)	0.8
Plan participants' contributions	4.0	1.5
Actuarial gains and losses	867.1	223.1
Exchange differences	(43.7)	(72.1)
Benefits paid	(392.8)	(344.3)
Benefit obligations at 31 December	7,202.5	6,551.9
Fair value of plan assets at 1 January	5,741.9	5,173.4
Actual return on plan assets	341.9	201.7
Purchases and sales group companies	(211.4)	(25.0)
Employer contribution	554.4	770.9
Plan participants' contributions	4.0	1.5
Exchange adjustments	(4.9)	(36.3)
Benefits paid	(392.8)	(344.3)
Fair value of plan assets at 31 December	6,033.1	5,741.9

The plan assets are comprised predominantly of fixed-income securities and investment contracts with insurance companies.

	2004	2003	2002
Funded status	(1,169.4)	(810.0)	(10162)
Unrecognised net actuarial loss	1,778.2	1,123.1	(1,016.2) 881.9
Unrecognised prior service costs	115.8	145.3	152.8
Unrecognised net transition obligation	46.7	51.3	62.0
Unrecognised other gains / losses	0.0	(14.9)	(2.6)
Prepaid pension costs	771.3	494.8	77.9
The following net amounts have been recorded:			
	2004	2003	2002
- Prepaid pension costs (within other assets)	1,090.8	847.5	487.7
- Accrued pension costs (within other liabilities)	(319.5)	(352.7)	(409.8)
	771.3	494.8	77.9

The net actuarial loss of EUR 1,778.2 million (2003: a loss of EUR 1,123.1 million; 2002: EUR 881.9 million) not taken into account is amortised over the average expected remaining years of employment of the currently employed personnel. At year-end 2004 the average expected period of remaining years of employment was 11 years.

The pension benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets with respect to overfunded plans at 31 December 2004 were EUR 1,116.6 million and EUR 1,355.1 million respectively (2003: EUR 1,045.0 million and EUR 1,374.7 million; 2002: EUR 1,069.8 million and EUR 1,407.8 million respectively). The pension benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets with respect to underfunded plans at 31 December 2004 were EUR 6,085.9 million and EUR 4,678.0 million respectively (2003: EUR 5,508.5 million and EUR 4,367.2 million; 2002: EUR 5,119.7 million and EUR 3,765.5 million respectively).

Defined contribution plans

Fortis also sponsors a number of defined contribution plans around the world. Employees may also contribute to the plan based on a percentage of their remuneration, but limited by local tax laws. Employer contributions for defined contribution plans amounted to EUR 38.7 million in 2004 (2003: EUR 69.5 million; 2002: EUR 67.8 million).

13 Employee stock and option plans

As in previous years, in 2004 Fortis offered group personnel the opportunity to purchase Fortis shares at a discount which must be held for a period of five years. The conditions vary from country to country.

	2004	2003	2002
Number of shares subscribed	2,903,911	2,820,535	1,752,500
Share price	15.64	12.23 (94,520 shares)	22.03 (237,462 shares)
		12.04 (2,726,015 shares)	20.14 (1,515,038 shares)
End of holding period	2 November 2009	3 November 2008	8 June 2007

As in the previous two years, in 2004 Fortis offered a selected group of Senior Management in several countries the opportunity to participate in a Fortis stock option plan. Certain features of the options (exercise price and loss of rights) may vary from country to country, based on the specific features of the local tax regimes.

As in 2003, in 2004 Fortis granted restricted shares to the members of the Executive Committee and to the members of the Management Committees of a number of group companies. The features of this grant are described in greater detail in note 19 'Remuneration of Board members and Executive Managers'.

The options granted to members of the Executive Committee are in principal based on existing stocks whereas options granted to Senior Management are based on new stocks. Fortis's policy is to hedge the positions in options related to existing stocks offered to participants. It is not considered necessary to fully hedge the position. On 31 December 2004 Fortis had 1,474,168 shares in portfolio for this purpose and to cover the restricted shares granted.

More details about the grant of options to members of the Board and of the Executive Managers are included in note 19 'Remuneration of Board members and Executive Managers'. The options granted to members of the Board and of the Executive Managers are included in the next table:

Options offered in	Total	2004	2003	2002	2001
Exercise period	2002-2014	2008-2014	2007-2013	2006-2012	2006-2008
Numbers of options offered	49,173,839	2,947,225	3,062,460	3,668,404	344,750
Average exercise price	28.24	18.04	14.74	26.55	37.57
Exercised/lapsed before 2004	10,973,780			23,300	
Exercised in 2004					
Lapsed in 2004	6,182,100				
Outstanding 31 December 2004	32,017,959	2,947,225	3,062,460	3,645,104	344,750
On new Fortis shares	30,097,774	2,775,500	2,755,000	2,905,804	
On existing Fortis shares	1,920,185	171,725	307,460	739,300	344,750
Options offered in		2000	1999	1998	1997
Exercise period		2005-2010	2004-2012	2003	2002-2007
Numbers of options offered		10,555,700	18,665,150	5,188,100	4,742,050
Average exercise price		35.21	30.41	27.57	19.86
Exercised/lapsed before 2004		651,250	595,700	5,188,100	4,515,430
Exercised in 2004					
Lapsed in 2004			6,182,100		
Outstanding 31 December 2004		9,904,450	11,887,350		226,620
On new Fortis shares		9,547,500	11,887,350		226,620
On existing Fortis shares		356,950			
	Total	2004	2003		
Restricted shares	346,935	100,880	246,055		
Offered					
Lapsed					
Outstanding	346,935	100,880	246,055		

Due to the acquisition of ASR Verzekeringsgroep (now 'Fortis ASR') the current personnel option plans on ASR shares were converted into personnel option plans on Fortis shares effective from 15 January 2001. The table below shows the number of Fortis stock options from the date of acquisition of ASR.

Options offered in	2000	1999
Exercise period	2003-2005	2002-2004
Number of options offered upon acquisition of ASR	265,779	403,950
Exercise price	17.47	19.26
Exercised before 2004		
Exercised in 2004	86,346	298,723
Lapsed in 2004		105,227
Outstanding 31 December 2004	179,433	

Fortis ASR has also granted to some of its employees stock appreciation rights (SARs) with respect to ASR shares. SAR holders are entitled to a cash payment equal to the difference between the exercise price and the actual price of the ASR shares at the time of exercise of the SAR. On 15 January 2001 the underlying asset was converted to a Fortis share. The table below shows the number of SARs since the acquisition of ASR.

SARs offered in	2000	1999
Exercisable from	2003-2005	2002-2004
Number of SARs upon acquisition of ASR	1,279,783	1,035,626
Exercise price	17.47	19.26
Exercised before 2004		
Exercised in 2004	424,980	699,144
Lapsed in 2004		336,482
Outstanding 31 December 2004	854,803	

As of 31 December 2004 Fortis ASR held 1,034,236 Fortis shares to hedge the option and SAR plans.

14 Income taxes

The result before taxation includes income items on which no income tax is payable by group companies. In addition, special tax arrangements are valid in many countries in which Fortis operates.

	2004	2003	2002
Taxation on profit from operating result	(1,032.4)	(499.4)	(910.2)
Taxation on the value differences on the equity portfolio	58.5	(142.1)	117.0
Taxation on non-operating items	74.0	67.5	29.1
Total taxation on result	(899.9)	(574.0)	(764.1)
Taxation recorded in net equity	(36.8)	58.1	(81.0)
Total taxation	(936.7)	(515.9)	(845.1)
Current:			
Belgium	(185.4)	(91.9)	(525.4)
The Netherlands	(482.1)	(8.4)	73.7
Other, including General	(292.3)	(213.6)	(213.7)
Total current income taxes	(959.8)	(313.9)	(665.4)
Deferred:			
Belgium	(203.6)	(160.5)	(133.7)
The Netherlands	240.7	(23.8)	38.5
Other, including General	22.8	(75.8)	(3.5)
Total deferred income taxes	59.9	(260.1)	(98.7)
Total taxation on result	(899.9)	(574.0)	(764.1)

Expected income tax has been determined by relating the result before taxation to the weighted average standard tax rate. Differences between the expected taxation and actual taxation are summarised as follows:

	2004	2003	2002
Operating result before taxation	3,890.5	2,253.9	2,545.7
Value differences on the equity portfolio	376.3	779.3	(1,148.5)
Non-operating items	87.2	(117.6)	72.4
Total result before taxation	4,354.0	2,915.6	1,469.6
Current period applicable statutory rate (in %) 1)	34.2	34.0	41.0
Expected taxation	(1,487.9)	(992.0)	(602.4)
Increase / decrease resulting from:			
- Tax-exempt income	537.5	289.3	(176.5)
- Non-deductible expenses	(47.3)	(11.3)	(70.7)
- Foreign tax rate differential	14.8	15.6	1.9
- Other	83.0	124.4	83.6
Total taxation on result	(899.9)	(574.0)	(764.1)

Weighted average standard tax rate.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities at 31 December consist of the following:

	2004	2003	2002
Deferred tax assets:			
Provisions	114.6	200.3	292.1
Insurance technical provisions	760.4	1,284.7	1,446.5
Deferred gains on fixed income investments	21.4	27.1	206.8
Pensions and other post-retirement liabilities	116.3	133.6	159.2
Net operating loss carryforwards	257.7	559.3	409.0
Other	374.2	306.8	402.5
Total deferred tax assets	1,644.6	2,511.8	2,916.1
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Land and buildings	1,323.9	1,367.2	1,341.1
Valuation of equity securities, venture capital and debt securities	170.9	206.8	295.5
Deferred acquisition costs	246.9	563.5	690.6
Pensions and other post-retirement liabilities	194.4	165.4	142.0
Prepayment and accrued income	21.6	19.7	25.4
Tax-exempt reserves	189.0	189.0	189.0
Other	249.7	530.4	610.8
Total deferred tax liabilities	2,396.4	3,042.0	3,294.4
Net deferred tax	(751.8)	(530.2)	(378.3)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified by tax entity and recorded in the balance sheet as follows:

	2004	2003	2002
Deferred tax asset within other assets	783.2	1,726.8	2,139.6
Deferred tax liability within other liabilities	1,535.0	2,257.0	2,517.9
	(751.8)	(530.2)	(378.3)

15 Earnings per share

The following table specifies the calculation of earnings per share (EPS):

	2004	2003	2002
Net operating profit	3,197.3	2,247.5	430.1
Non-operating items after taxation	161.2	(50.1)	101.5
Income available to ordinary stockholders for EPS	3,358.5	2,197.4	531.6
Interest saved on convertible securities	33.1	33.2	
Profit used for calculating diluted EPS	3,391.6	2,230.6	531.6
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding			
applicable to basic EPS (in thousands)	1,298,288	1,295,387	1,294,417
Effect of dilutive securities:			
Options	755	124	82
Warrants			28
Convertible securities	43,237	43,239	3
Adjusted weighted average ordinary shares outstanding			
applicable to diluted EPS (in thousands)	1,342,280	1,338,750	1,294,530
Coming and the second			
Earnings per share: Net operating profit	2.46	1.74	0.33
Non recurring items	0.13	(0.04)	0.08
Net profit	2.59	1.70	0.41
iot prom	2.00		0111
Earnings per share fully diluted:			
Net operating profit	2.41	1.71	0.33
Non-operating items	0.12	(0.04)	0.08
Net profit	2.53	1.67	0.41

In 2004 weighted average options on 18,136,767 shares (2003: 35,497,019; 2002: 20,014,692) with weighted average exercise prices of EUR 32.59 per share (2003: EUR 32.22; 2002: EUR 32.50) were excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS because the exercise price of the options was higher than the average market price of the shares. During 2004 no shares arising from convertible securities were excluded from the calculation of earnings per share because the interest saved on these securities was lower than the earnings per share.

16 Non-operating items

The following table gives an overview of non-operating items after taxation:

	2004	2003	2002
Non-operating items	87.2	(117.6)	72.4
Taxation on non-operating items	74.0	67.5	29.1
Non-operating items after taxation	161.2	(50.1)	101.5
Non recurrent capital gains:			
- Assurant, Inc. (Insurance)	118.6	(84.8) 1)	
- Seguros Bilbao (Insurance)	144.6		
- Fortis Bank Asia (Banking)	19.8		
- Theodoor Gilissen (Banking)		90.8	
- Arbed (Banking)			18.7
- TOPLease (Banking)			72.6
- Cedel (Banking)			92.3
Reorganisation provisions:			
- Insurance	(5.0)	(14.6)	(17.9)
- Banking	(134.8)	(41.5)	(52.7)
Change tax rate Belgium			(11.5)
Change tax rate Netherlands	18.0		
Non-operating items after taxation	161.2	(50.1)	101.5

¹⁾ This mainly concerns interest expense, after taxation, due to premature redemption of a number of loans in preparation of the Initial Public Offering of Assurant, Inc.

17 Influence of translation differences

Currency movements affected operating result before taxation and net equity. Operating result before taxation grew by 72.6% (2003: down 11.0%; 2002: down 27.1%); after adjustment for currency effects this increase was 75.7% (2003: down 8.0%; 2002: down 28.7%). Net equity went up by 20.8% (2003: up 9.0%; 2002: down 21.5%), from EUR 11,894.2 million to EUR 14,364.6 million (2003: from EUR 10,870.9 million to EUR 11,894.2 million; 2002: from EUR 13,844.5 million to EUR 10,870.9 million). After adjustment for currency effects the increase in net equity was 21.7% (2003; up 12.0%; 2002: down 25.2%).

18 Audit fees

The audit fees as accounted for in the profit and loss account in 2004 are as follows:

Total	38.1
Non-audit fees	17.3
Tax fees	1.4
Audit-related fees	1.2
Audit fees	18.2

19 Remuneration of Board members and Executive Managers

For all proposals, recommendations and decisions relating to the remuneration of Board members and Executive Managers, the Board and the Nomination & Remuneration Committee act in conformity with the Fortis Governance Statement, which includes the Fortis remuneration policy.

The terms below have the following meanings:

- 'Board members': the non-executive and executive members of the Board of Directors. The CEO is the only executive member;
- 'Executive Managers': the CEO and the members of the Executive Committee.

Remuneration of Fortis Board members

Remuneration Policy

The remuneration of the Fortis Board members is determined by the Board of Directors in compliance with the prerogatives of the General Meetings of Shareholders. Detailed proposals for remuneration of Non-executive Board members are formulated by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, based upon advice from outside experts.

For the Non-executive Board members, the levels and structure of remuneration are determined in view of their general and specific responsibilities and general international market practice. The remuneration of Non-executive Board members includes both regular basic remuneration for board membership and board committee meeting attendance fees. The Non-executive Board members do not receive annual incentive awards or stock options and are not entitled to pension rights. Non-executive Board members are not entitled to any termination indemnity. The remuneration of the Executive Board member, the CEO, is related exclusively to his position as CEO.

Board members are generally appointed for a three-year term with a maximum of 4 years. They can serve for a maximum of 12 years. In the interest of Fortis, the Board may grant exceptions to this policy, on condition that the reasons for the exception are explained to the General Meetings of Shareholders.

Remuneration data 2004

For the 2004 financial year, total remuneration of the Non-executive Board members amounted to EUR 1.7 million (2003: EUR 1.9 million; 2002: EUR 2.3 million). This amount includes both regular basic remuneration for board membership and board committee meetings attendance fees.

Remuneration of the CEO, who is also a member of the Board of Directors, is explained below under 'Remuneration of the Executive Managers'.

For each Board member the details of remuneration and shares held are shown in the table below. No credits and loans granted by Fortis are outstanding on 31 December 2004. Mr. Lippens holds 55.900 Fortis stock options pursuant to his former executive position at Fortis, and is also entitled to pension benefits for the period during which he held this executive position.

	Function	Total	
	(Except the CEO	remuneration	Fortis shares
	all Board members are	in 2004	held on
	Non-executives)	(EUR)	31-12-2004
Jaap Glasz	Chairman 1)	93,250 ²⁾	
Count Maurice Lippens	Chairman	309,000	725,000
Viscount Etienne Davignon	Deputy-Chairman 3)	70,083	
Jan Slechte	Deputy-Chairman	149,000	
Jean-Paul Votron	CEO 4)	_ 7)	
Baron Philippe Bodson	Board member ⁶⁾	70,083	90,000
Baron Valère Croes	Board member 5)	59,917	
Richard Delbridge	Board member ⁶⁾	73,083	
Jan-Michiel Hessels	Board member	125,000	
Baron Daniel Janssen	Board member	127,000 ⁸⁾	70,855
Jacques Manardo	Board member ⁶⁾	70,083	
Annemieke Roobeek	Board member	127,000	
Ronald Sandler	Board member ⁶⁾	70,083	
Philippe Speeckaert	Board member 5)	56,917	
Rana Talwar	Board member ⁶⁾	70,083	
Baron Piet van Waeyenberge	Board member	124,000 8)	
Klaas Westdijk	Board member	135,000	

Board member and Chairman until 26 May 2004.

²⁾ Amount subject to VAT (19%).

³⁾ Board member and Deputy Chairman until 26 May 2004.

⁴⁾ Board member from 11 October 2004.

⁵⁾ Board member until 26 May 2004.

Board member from 26 May 2004.

⁷⁾ Mr. Votron is not remunerated as Board member but as CEO (see page 75 below, which gives the details of the CEO's remuneration).

³⁾ Total remuneration is paid out to a company outside Fortis, where the Board member exercises a function.

Remuneration of the Fortis Executive Managers

Remuneration Policy

The remuneration of Executive Managers is determined by the Board of Directors, upon proposals by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, in compliance with the prerogatives of the General Meetings of Shareholders.

Both the levels and structure of remuneration for Fortis Executive Managers are analysed on an annual basis. At the initiative of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Fortis's remuneration competitive positioning is regularly reviewed by and discussed with a leading international firm of compensation and benefits consultants, in light of the practices of other major Europe-based international financial services groups and other organisations operating on a global basis.

The remuneration of Executive Managers is designed to:

- ensure the organisation's continued ability to attract, motivate and retain high-calibre and high-potential executive talent for which Fortis competes in an international market place;
- promote achievement of demanding performance targets in order to align the interests of executives and shareholders in the short, medium and long term;
- stimulate, recognise and reward both strong individual contribution and solid team performance.

The reward package for the Executive Managers reflects a concept of integrated total direct compensation, combining the following three major components of pay: base salary, annual incentive (short-term performance-related bonus) and long-term incentive.

In calibrating the various remuneration components, the objective is to position the overall remuneration levels in line with compensation practices of other leading multinational firms. The reference market is a combination of the financial industry on the one hand and all sectors taken together on the other hand, both at European level and at the level of Belgium and the Netherlands. The variable, performance-related pay components are the dominant portion of the total compensation package of Executive Managers, i.e. total 'pay-at-risk' in terms of targeted short and long-term incentives compensation levels represent at least 60% of the Executive Managers total compensation.

Base salary

Base salary levels are intended to compensate the Executive Managers for their position responsibilities and their particular set of competencies. These levels are set in line with general prevailing market rates for equivalent-type positions and are subject to regular annual reviews. There is, however, no mechanism for automatic adjustment. Base salary levels have remained unchanged since 1999.

Annual incentive

The annual incentive is designed to stimulate, recognise and reward strong individual contribution by the Executive Managers as well as solid performance as head of or as team members within the Executive Committee. Payout under the annual incentive scheme is directly linked to the actual performance against a set of predetermined qualitative and quantitative performance objectives. The objectives are set on the basis of the overall Fortis and specific business strategy and annual objectives. The existing performance management system has three sets of objectives, each contributing a specific proportion to the Executive Manager's overall performance rating at the end of the year. These objectives cover the general and the leadership responsibility of the Executive Managers and the specific results to be achieved by each of them. For each set of objectives, the performance is rated between one (does not meet expectations) and five (exceptional). Based on these ratings and the overall outcome of the appraisal process, the actual individual annual incentive ranges between one third (33%) and five thirds (167%) of the target incentive. Target annual incentive payouts are expressed as percentages of base salary and range between 70% and 100%, depending upon the position within the Executive Committee.

Long-term incentive

The long-term incentive plan is designed to:

- encourage and support the creation of shareholder value and to ensure that the Executive Managers, like the shareholders, share in the company's successes and setbacks;
- provide the opportunity for Executive Managers to receive, within their overall package, competitive rewards for performance as a result of sustained group performance over a longer period of time, enable the organisation to outperform a group of Fortis's peers in the international market, and also take into account the growth potential of the Fortis share.

Key features of the current long-term incentive plan are as follows:

- the initial target long-term incentive level is set by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee. It is determined as a percentage of annual base salary and ranges between 70% and 100%;
- actual long-term incentive is recommended by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee on the basis of Fortis's actual share performance relative to a peer group of Europe's top 30 financial institutions (as determined by market capitalisation ¹⁾). The share performance of Fortis and the companies in the peer group is divided into quartiles. Based on this relative performance position at the end of December, the Nomination & Remuneration Committee establishes a multiplier which varies between zero and two and depends on the quartile in which the Fortis share performance falls. Actual long-term incentive level recommended by the Committee is equal to the initial target long-term incentive multiplied by the multiplier. Actual long-term incentives may not exceed 200% of the target long-term incentive.

For 2004 the peer group was composed of the following financial institutions:

ABN AMRO Holding NV, Aegon NV, Allianz AG, Assicurazioni Generali SpA, Aviva Plc, AXA, Banca Intesa SpA, Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria SA,
Banco Santander Central Hispano SA, Barclays PLC, BNP Paribas, Crédit Agricole SA, Crédit Suisse Group, Deutsche Bank AG, Dexia, HBOS PLC,
HSBC Holdings PLC, ING Groep NV, Lloyds TSB Group Plc, Münchener Rückversicherungs AG, Nordea Bank AB, Prudential PLC,
RSyal Bank of Scotland Group Plc, Sanpaolo IMI SpA, Société Générale, Standard Chartered Plc, Swiss Reinsurance, UBS AG, UniCredito Italiano SpA,
Zurich Financial Services AG.

The long-term incentive is delivered as a mix of options, cash and/or restricted shares:

- the grant of options stipulates a strike price of 100% of the Fortis share market value at the time they are granted and an option term of six years. Options can be exercised during predetermined 'open periods' falling within a time frame ranging from the first day of the year following the third anniversary of the grant until the end of the option term. Neither the strike price nor the other conditions regarding the granted options can be modified during the term of the options, except in certain exceptional circumstances in accordance with established market practice;
- the grant of restricted shares consists of the commitment, taken by Fortis, to grant a number of Fortis shares at the end of a three year period, provided the professional relationship with Fortis has not been terminated prematurely, unless the Board of Directors decides otherwise. At the date of grant, the Executive Manager will be allowed to sell a maximum of 50% of those shares within 10 days in order to finance the tax liabilities associated with the grant. The unsold shares will remain unsalable until six months after termination of the professional relationship between Fortis and the Executive Manager, which emphasizes the Executive Manager's long-term commitment.

Other remuneration components

The Executive Managers participate in Fortis's pension schemes in either Belgium or the Netherlands. These schemes are in line with predominant market practices in the respective geographic environments. For the CEO it is a defined contribution plan. For the other Executive Managers it is a non-contributory defined benefit plan. They provide retirement and pre and post-retirement survivors' pensions or their lump sum equivalent. Target defined pensions, including state pension, are set at percentages of base salary and may not exceed 80% of the latter salary. Other benefits, such as medical and other insurance coverage, are provided in line with competitive practices in the market where the Executive Manager is employed.

Approval of Remuneration Policy

In accordance with the Dutch law, entered into force on 1 October 2004, the Remuneration Policy for Fortis Board members was approved by the General Shareholders Meeting of Fortis N.V. on 11 October 2004. This meeting also determined the maximum number of options and restricted shares that can be attributed to the CEO under the long-term incentive scheme. Any amendments to this policy that the Board might consider important to make, will in the future be subject to the approval of the General Meeting of Shareholders of Fortis N.V.

With respect to the Executive Managers who are not members of the Board, the Board has decided to adopt the same Remuneration Policy as the one applicable for Board members. The Board has the authority to amend the Remuneration Policy for these Executives as it sees fit, on the basis of recommendations made by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee. In the event of any such amendments, appropriate commentaries on them will be drawn up and included, at the latest, in the first annual report published after the amendments were adopted.

Compensation data 2004 of the CEO and Executive Committee

CEO

Compensation of the CEO, who is also a Board member, is related exclusively to his position as CEO.

Mr van Rossum was CEO of Fortis until 11 October 2004. For 2004 his total remuneration was EUR 2.4 million (2003: EUR 2.1 million; 2002: EUR 2.1 million). This total remuneration was composed of a base salary of EUR 750,000 (the same as in 2003 and 2002), an annual incentive of EUR 1,050,000 million (2003: EUR 732,000 million; 2002: EUR 525,000 million) and an amount of EUR 607,000 million (2003: EUR 586,000 million; 2002: EUR 800,000) representing the value of the other remuneration components (net periodic pension cost, long-term incentive paid in cash and other costs). Based on the relative performance of the Fortis share in 2003, the long-term incentive for 2004 consisted of the grant of 16,840 options and 11,020 restricted shares. The contract between Fortis and Mr van Rossum had an expiration date of 31 August 2005. At the request of Fortis and in agreement between both parties, this contract was terminated in October 2004. Fortis' contractual commitments towards Mr van Rossum were not affected by this early termination.

Mr van Rossum will receive an amount of EUR 1.1 million in 2005. The pension commitments, amounting to EUR 2.4 million, were also financed. Entitlements to Share Appreciation Rights granted to Mr van Rossum in 2000, on the other hand, were cancelled and no long-term incentive is nor will be granted for 2005.

As from 11 October 2004, Mr Votron has assumed the duty of CEO of Fortis. Mr Votron's contract came into effect on 11 October 2004 and will expire after the 2008 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, but no later than 31 May 2008. Mr Votron's remuneration was established in accordance with the remuneration policy described above.

Mr Votron's annual base salary amounts to EUR 750,000. Both his target annual incentive and long-term incentive amount to 100% of this base salary. Fortis does not publish specific annual performance targets because it views this information as market-sensitive. The exercise of Stock Appreciation Rights at the end of Mr Votron's initial contract will entitle him to an amount between EUR 1.0 million and EUR 2.75 million, depending on the performance of the Fortis share during the term of this initial contract. Mr Votron participates in the pension schemes and in the medical and other insurance coverages available at Fortis. Fortis's contribution is limited to EUR 500,000 annually. Should Fortis terminate the contract prematurely, Mr Votron will receive a gross sum equal to no more than twice the amount of his base remuneration. Mr Votron will receive no payment if the contract is terminated prematurely due to gross negligence or an intentional act. Based on the above compensation package, Mr Votron received a total remuneration of EUR 316,000 in 2004. This is composed of a base salary of EUR 187,500 and of other costs amounting to EUR 128,500. The 2004 annual incentive will be settled upon establishment and payment of the 2005 annual incentive in 2006.

Executive Committee

For 2004 total remuneration for the seven members of the Executive Committee was EUR 8.1 million (2003: EUR 7.4 million; 2002: EUR 8.0 million). Total remuneration was composed of an aggregate total base salary of EUR 3.6 million (2003: EUR 3.6 million; 2002: EUR 3.6 million), ranging from EUR 505,000 to EUR 613,000 per member, depending upon the position within the Executive Committee; an aggregate total annual incentive of EUR 3.5 million (2003: EUR 2.7 million; 2002: EUR 2.7 million), ranging, on an individual basis, from EUR 400,000 to EUR 746,000, and an aggregate total of other remuneration components of EUR 1.0 million (2003: EUR 1.1 million; 2002: EUR 1.6 million) for net periodic pension costs, long-term incentive paid in cash and other costs. Based on the relative performance of the Fortis share in 2003, the long-term incentive for 2004 was set at one-third of the target long-term incentive (compared with 80% in 2003). For 2005 the relative performance of the Fortis share will result in a grant of 180% of the target long-term incentive, with the exception of the CEO, to whom the target long-term incentive will be attributed.

Details of the stock options and restricted shares granted to and held by the CEO and former and current members of the Executive Committee are reflected in the table below.

		Total			Options			
		Options			exercised	Options	Options	
		granted	Exercise	Expiry	before	exercised	outstanding	Restricted
	Year	number	price	date	2004	in 2004	31/12/2004	shares
M. Lippens								
	1997	15,300	18.60	20-11-2007	0	0	15,300	0
	1999	7,650	31.75	31-12-2012	0	0	7,650	0
	1999	7,500	29.81	03-10-2009	0	0	7,500	0
	2000	25,450	38.40	14-04-2009	0	0	25,450	0
H. Verwilst								
	1997	15,300	18.60	20-11-2007	0	0	15,300	0
	1999	7,650	31.75	31-12-2012	0	0	7,650	0
	1999	7,500	29.81	03-10-2009	0	0	7,500	0
	2000	18,950	38.40	14-04-2009	0	0	18,950	0
	2001	26,750	37.57	18-04-2007	0	0	26,750	0
	2002	52,300	32.23	28-04-2008	0	0	52,300	0
	2003	22,890	14.86	27-04-2009	0	0	22,890	19,845
	2004	11,705	18.29	12-04-2010	0	0	11,705	7,660
G. Mittler								
	1997	10,350	18.60	20-11-2007	0	0	10,350	0
	1999	7,650	31.75	31-12-2012	0	0	7,650	0
	1999	7,500	29.81	03-10-2009	0	0	7,500	0
	2000	13,350	38.40	14-04-2009	0	0	13,350	0
	2001	18,000	37.57	18-04-2007	0	0	18,000	0
	2002	35,500	32.23	28-04-2008	0	0	35,500	0
	2003	15,525	14.86	27-04-2009	0	0	15,525	13,460
	2004	7,940	18.29	12-04-2010	0	0	7,940	5,195

		Total			Options			
		Options			exercised	Options	Options	
		granted	Exercise	Expiry	before	exercised	outstanding	Restricted
	Year	number	price	date	2004	in 2004	31/12/2004	shares
K. De Boeck								
	1997	15,300	18.60	20-11-2007	0	0	15,300	0
	1999	7,650	31.75	31-12-2012	0	0	7,650	0
	1999	7,500	29.81	03-10-2009	0	0	7,500	0
	2000	12,000	38.40	14-04-2009	0	0	12,000	0
	2001	18,000	37.57	18-04-2007	0	0	18,000	0
	2002	35,500	32.23	28-04-2008	0	0	35,500	0
	2003	15,525	14.86	27-04-2009	0	0	15,525	13,460
	2004	7,940	18.29	12-04-2010	0	0	7,940	5,195
J. De Mey								
	1997	15,300	18.60	20-11-2007	0	0	15,300	0
	1999	7,650	31.75	31-12-2012	0	0	7,650	0
	1999	7,500	29.81	03-10-2009	0	0	7,500	0
	2000	12,000	38.40	14-04-2009	0	0	12,000	0
	2001	18,000	37.57	18-04-2007	0	0	18,000	0
	2002	35,500	32.23	28-04-2008	0	0	35,500	0
	2003	15,525	14.86	27-04-2009	0	0	15,525	13,460
	2004	7,940	18.29	12-04-2010	0	0	7,940	5,195
F. Dierckx	1000	7.050	04.75	01 10 0010	0	0	7.050	0
	1999	7,650	31.75	31-12-2012	0	0	7,650	0
	1999 2000	7,500 12,000	29.81 38.40	03-10-2009 14-04-2009	0	0	7,500 12,000	0
	2000	18,000	37.57	18-04-2009	0	0	18,000	0
	2001	35,500	32.23	28-04-2008	0	0	35,500	0
	2002	15,525	14.86	27-04-2009	0	0	15,525	13,460
	2004	7,940	18.29	12-04-2010	0	0	7,940	5,195
	2001	7,010	10.20	12 01 2010	· ·	O	7,010	0,100
J. Feilzer								
	1999	7,500	29.81	03-10-2004	0	0	0	0
	2000	13,350	38.40	14-04-2006	0	0	13,350	0
	2001	18,000	37.57	18-04-2007	0	0	18,000	0
	2002	35,500	32.23	28-04-2008	0	0	35,500	0
	2003	15,525	14.86	27-04-2009	0	0	15,525	13,460
	2004	7,940	18.29	12-04-2010	0	0	7,940	5,195
J. van Ek	1000	27 200	10.06	24 05 2004	0	27 000	^	0
	1999	37,298	19.26	24-05-2004	0	37,298	0	0
	2000	37,298	17.47	22-09-2005	0	37,298	13 500	0
	2001 2002	13,500 22,000	37.57 32.23	18-04-2007 28-04-2008	0	0	13,500 22,000	0
	2002	15,525	14.86	27-04-2009	0	0	15,525	13,460
	2003	7,940	18.29	12-04-2010	0	0	7,940	5,195
	2004	1,040	10.23	12 04-2010	U	U	1,340	0,180

20 Dividend

Shareholders may choose to receive a dividend from Fortis SA/NV (Belgium) or from Fortis N.V. (the Netherlands). The dividend of Fortis SA/NV is equal to the dividend of Fortis N.V.

If no express choice is made by the shareholders for a Fortis share, the following will apply:

- If the Fortis share is held by a paying agent that has an account with a CSD member of a central securities custody office established in Belgium or the Netherlands respectively, or if the Fortis share is held by a shareholder whose residence as stated in the shareholders' register is in Belgium or the Netherlands respectively, the shareholder will be deemed to have chosen the dividend of Fortis SA/NV or Fortis N.V. respectively.
- If the shareholder has received physical bearer shares, the shareholder will be deemed to have chosen the dividend of Fortis SA/NV.
- In all other cases, 50% of the relevant shares will be assigned the Fortis SA/NV dividend and 50% of the relevant shares will be assigned the Fortis N.V. dividend.

The companies comprising Fortis are subject to legal restrictions regarding the amount of dividend they may pay to their shareholders. The Netherlands Civil Code stipulates that dividends may be paid out by a Dutch company only if the net equity of the company exceeds the total of the paid-up and called-up capital and the reserves required by law or by the company's Articles of Association.

Under the Belgian Companies Code, 5% of the net profit of a company must be used annually for the formation of a reserve fund. This obligation no longer applies once the reserve fund has reached a minimum of 10% of the authorised share capital. Dividends may not be paid if the level of net assets of the company falls below, or following payment of a dividend would fall below, the sum of its paid-up capital and non-distributable reserves.

The Belgian and Dutch subsidiaries are also subject to dividend restrictions arising from minimum capital and solvency requirements imposed by regulators in the countries in which the subsidiaries operate.

21 Regulatory matters and solvency

The banking and insurance regulators in Belgium and the Netherlands have agreed to coordinate the implementation of their respective supervisory powers. The agreement stipulates that each of the four authorities continue to supervise the relevant activities of Fortis in its jurisdiction. The authority that supervises the greatest volume of activities (measured in terms of capital adequacy requirements) of Fortis coordinates the activities of all Dutch and Belgian supervisory authorities with respect of Fortis. On the basis of this criterion, the Belgian regulator for banking, securities firms and public offering (the Banking, Financing and Insurance Commission ('BFIC')) acts as the coordinating authority. Fortis reports to the BFIC on a consolidated level.

Fortis banking subsidiaries are subject to various regulatory guidelines administered by Belgian and Dutch banking supervisors. These guidelines are in accordance with the directives of the European Union directives and the Basle Committee on Banking Regulations and Supervisory Practices. The guidelines require Fortis banking subsidiaries to maintain a minimum qualifying capital relative to the on- and off-balance sheet lending. Loans are weighted according to their inherent risk. Capital must also be maintained for the market risk involved in the bank's trading activities. The requirement for the core capital (Tier 1 ratio) is 4%; for the total qualifying capital this is 8%. The table below reflects the solvency ratios of the banking business.

	Minimum			
	requirements	2004	2003	2002
Credit risks		163,042.3	150,213.1	142,021.7
Market risks	_	9,349.1	11,294.2	9,282.8
Risk-weighted assets		172,391.4	161,507.3	151,304.5
Tier 1 ratio	4.0%	8.3%	7.9%	8.2%
Total capital ratio	8.0%	12.3%	12.4%	13.0%

In accordance with European Union Directives, insurance companies located in European Union member countries are required to maintain minimum solvency requirements. The minimum solvency requirements must be at least 16% of gross premiums written in the prior year for non-life and generally 4% of technical provisions (1% if investments are for the account of policyholders) plus 0.3% of the amount at risk under the insurance policies for life insurers.

As of 31 December 2004, the solvency surplus of Fortis's insurance operations computed in accordance with this directive amount to EUR 4,993.0 million (2003: EUR 6,455.1 million; 2002: EUR 5,773.2 million). The minimum required solvency is EUR 3,444.5 million at 31 December 2004 (2003: EUR 3,651.6 million; 2002: EUR 3,645.6 million).

Solvency

Fortis has formulated a framework for solvency which defines an upper and a lower limit of core capital. The minimum limit is based on the sum of 6% of the bank's risk-weighted assets and 1.75 times the statutory minimum requirements for the insurance sector. The maximum limit comprises 7% of the bank's risk-weighted assets and 2.5 times the statutory minimum requirements for the insurance industry.

Fortis's solvency position at 31 December is:

<u>-</u>		2004		2003		2002
Group equity		15,821.3		14,014.9		13,101.7
Fund for general banking risks		2,198.4		2,209.1		2,215.0
Tier 1 loans	_	3,250.0		2,250.0		2,250.0
Net core capital		21,269.7		18,474.0		17,566.7
	Floor	Cap	Floor	Cap	Floor	Cap
Solvency requirement	16,371.4	20,678.6	16,080.8	20,434.6	15,458.0	19,705.2
Surplus / (deficit)	4,898.3	591.1	2,393.2	(1,960.6)	2,108.7	(2,138.5)
Core capital as multiple of Floor / Cap	1.30	1.03	1.15	0.90	1.14	0.89

Balance sheet insurance

	Note	31-12-2004	31-12-2003	31-12-2002
Assets				
Cash	A1	2,945.3	1,870.1	1,970.7
Investments	A2	55,088.7	54,093.1	49,999.1
Loans and advances to credit institutions		3,479.8	3,518.1	2,297.6
Loans and advances to customers	А3	8,273.6	10,657.6	16,530.2
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions		1,428.2	5,486.6	6,131.6
Deferred acquisition costs	A4	1,479.7	2,788.5	2,810.1
Prepayments and accrued income		1,214.8	1,283.7	1,248.2
Investments on behalf of policyholders	A5	18,702.6	19,946.2	18,390.6
Other assets	A6	6,112.7	6,323.7	6,026.0
Total assets		98,725.4	105,967.6	105,404.1
Liabilities				
Amounts owed to credit institutions		5,607.8	1,821.7	1,159.3
Debt certificates		1,073.5	2,071.8	6,718.3
Technical provisions	A7	57,846.2	64,410.1	61,735.9
Technical provision related to investments on behalf of policyholders	A 5	18,822.7	20,379.9	18,563.5
Accruals and deferred income		431.4	692.9	1,325.1
Other liabilities	A8	6,017.8	8,021.5	7,358.8
Convertible notes	A9	0.0	0.0	0.3
Subordinated liabilities	A10	1,234.8	1,336.8	2,261.2
		91,034.2	98,734.7	99,122.4
Minority interests in group equity	A11	722.5	750.6	752.0
Net equity		6,968.7	6,482.3	5,529.7
Group equity	-	7,691.2	7,232.9	6,281.7
Total liabilities	-	98,725.4	105,967.6	105,404.1

Profit and loss account insurance

	Note	2004	2003	2002
Revenues:				
Insurance premiums	A13	13,396.1	18,142.0	18,494.7
Interest income		2,791.6	3,468.0	3,291.4
Results from financial transactions				
- on behalf of policyholders	A14	1,017.2	1,022.3	(3,419.0)
- other 1)	A14	62.2	(993.4)	(701.6)
Other revenues				
- on behalf of policyholders		369.9	322.6	460.6
- other	A15	1,212.0	1,503.0	1,541.5
Total revenues		18,849.0	23,464.5	19,667.6
Interest expense	_	(420.3)	(766.3)	(749.2)
Total revenues, net of interest expense		18,428.7	22,698.2	18,918.4
Technical charges insurance	A16	(14,218.9)	(16,952.1)	(12,896.1)
Value adjustments	_	(38.2)	(22.0)	(58.6)
Net revenues		4,171.6	5,724.1	5,963.7
Operating expenses	A17	(2,712.0)	(5,140.8)	(5,112.6)
Operating result before taxation		1,459.6	583.3	851.1
Taxation	_	(421.2)	(127.0)	(367.3)
Operating group profit		1,038.4	456.3	483.8
Minority interests	_	41.7	51.5	64.4
Net operating profit before value differences		996.7	404.8	419.4
Value differences on the equity portfolio 2)	_	483.4	592.1	(1,035.4)
Net operating profit		1,480.1	996.9	(616.0)
Non-operating items after taxation	_	119.6	(99.4)	(70.9)
Net profit	_	1,599.7	897.5	(686.9)

Including the results of hedging transactions and total realised gains.
 Including the unrealised value differences on the equity portfolio.

The following table reflects the insurance operations profit and loss account broken down into life insurance and non-life insurance.

Value adjustments (31.3) (6.9) (38.2) Net revenues 2,200.8 1,970.8 4,171.6 Acquisition costs (530.9) (1,110.1) (1,641.0) Administrative expenses (499.4) (386.3) (885.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 5.3 133.8 139.1				2004
Insurance premiums 9,034,9 4,361,2 13,366,1 Interest income 2,340,4 451,2 2,791,6 Results from financial transactions 1,917,2 1,017,2 62,2 - other 78,4 (16,2) 62,2 Other revenues 369,9 369,9 369,9 - on behalf of policyholders 3,09,9 202,1 1,212,0 - other 1,009,9 202,1 1,212,0 Total revenues 13,850,7 4,998,3 18,849,0 Interest expense (380,4) (59,9) (420,3) Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,490,3 4,938,4 18,428,7 Technical charges insurance (11,258,2) (2,960,7) (14,218,9) Value adjustments (33,3) (6,9) (38,2) Net revenues (30,4) (39,4) (31,11,1) Acquisition costs (530,9) (1,110,1) (1,641,0) Acquisition costs (530,9) (31,11,1) (1,641,0) Administrative expenses (293,5) (Life	Non-life	Total
Interest income 2,340,4 451.2 2,791.6 Results from financial transactions - on behalf of policyholders 1,017.2 1,017.2 - other 78.4 (16.2) 62.2 Other revenues 369,9 369,9 369,9 - other 1,009,9 202.1 1,212,0 Total revenues 13,860.7 4,998.3 18,849,0 Interest expense (360.4) (59.9) (420.3) Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,490.3 4,938.4 18,282.7 Technical charges insurance (11,258.2) (2,960.7) (14,218.9) Value adjustments (31.3) (6.0) (38.2) Net revenues 2,200.8 1,970.8 4,171.6 Acquisition costs (590,9) (1,110.1) (1,611.0) Administrative expenses (499.4) (386.3) (885.7) Reinsurance commission and profil participation 5.3 133.8 139.1 Other charges (293.5) (30.9) (324.4) Operating expenses <t< td=""><td>Revenues:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Revenues:			
Pasults from financial transactions	Insurance premiums	9,034.9	4,361.2	13,396.1
- on behalf of policyholders 1,017.2 1,017.2 1,017.2 1,017.2 62.2 Other revenues 78.4 (16.2) 62.2 20.2 1.000.9 369.9 369.9 369.9 369.9 1,212.0 <	Interest income	2,340.4	451.2	2,791.6
- other 78.4 (16.2) 62.2 Other revenues 369.9 369.9 369.9 - other 1,009.9 202.1 1,212.0 Total revenues 13,850.7 4,988.3 18,849.0 Interest expense (360.4) (59.9) (420.3) Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,490.3 4,988.4 18,428.7 Technical charges insurance (11,258.2) (2,960.7) (14,218.9) Value adjustments (31.3) (6.9) (382.2) Net revenues 2,200.8 1,970.8 4,171.6 Acquisition costs (530.9) (1,110.1) (1,641.0) Acquisition costs (499.4) (386.3) (885.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 5.3 133.8 139.1 Other charges (293.5) (30.9) (324.4) Operating expenses (1,318.5) (1,393.5) (2,712.0) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,098.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1	Results from financial transactions			
Other revenues 369.9 369.9 369.9 369.9 369.9 369.9 369.9 369.9 369.9 369.9 369.9 369.9 369.9 369.9 369.9 1,212.0	- on behalf of policyholders	1,017.2		1,017.2
- on behalf of policyholders 369.9 369.9 - other 1,009.9 202.1 1,212.0 Total revenues 13,850.7 4,998.3 18,849.0 Interest expense (360.4) (59.9) 420.3 Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,490.3 4,938.4 18,428.7 Technical charges insurance (11,258.2) (2,960.7) (14,218.9) Value adjustments (31.3) (6.9) (382.2) Net revenues 2,200.8 1,970.8 4,171.6 Acquisition costs (530.9) (1,110.1) (1,641.0) Administrative expenses (499.4) (386.3) (885.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 5.3 133.8 139.1 Other charges (293.5) (30.9) (324.4) Operating expenses (1,318.5) (1,393.5) (2,712.0) Operating groupses (1,318.5) (1,393.5) (2,712.0) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,384.4 Minority interests 40.6	- other	78.4	(16.2)	62.2
- other 1,009.9 202.1 1,212.0 Total revenues 13,850.7 4,998.3 18,849.0 Interest expense (360.4) (59.9) (420.3) Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,490.3 4,938.4 18,428.7 Technical charges insurance (11,258.2) (2,960.7) (14,218.9) Value adjustments (31.3) (6.9) (38.2) Net revenues 2,200.8 1,970.8 4,171.6 Acquisition costs (530.9) (1,110.1) (1,641.0) Administrative expenses (499.4) (386.3) (885.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 5.3 133.8 139.1 Other charges (293.5) (30.9) (324.4) Operating expenses (1,318.5) (1,333.5) (2,712.0) Operating proses (1,318.5) (1,333.5) (2,712.0) Operating result before taxation 882.3 577.3 1,459.6 Taxation (265.1) (156.1) (421.2) Operating group profit	Other revenues			
Total revenues 13,850.7 4,998.3 18,849.0 Interest expense (360.4) (59.9) (420.3) Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,490.3 4,938.4 18,428.7 Technical charges insurance (11,258.2) (2,960.7) (14,218.9) Value adjustments (313.3) (6.9) (38.2) Net revenues 2,200.8 1,970.8 4,171.6 Acquisition costs (530.9) (1,110.1) (1,641.0) Administrative expenses (499.4) (386.3) (885.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 5.3 133.8 139.1 Other charges (293.5) (30.9) (324.4) Operating expenses (1,318.5) (1,393.5) (2,712.0) Operating result before taxation 882.3 577.3 1,459.6 Taxation (265.1) (156.1) (421.2) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,038.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1 41.7 Net operating profit before v	- on behalf of policyholders	369.9		369.9
Interest expense (360.4) (59.9) (420.3) Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,490.3 4,938.4 18,428.7 Technical charges insurance (11,258.2) (2,960.7) (14,218.9) Value adjustments (31.3) (6.9) (38.2) Net revenues 2,200.8 1,970.8 4,171.6 Acquisition costs (530.9) (1,110.1) (1,641.0) Administrative expenses (499.4) (386.3) (885.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 5.3 133.8 139.1 Other charges (293.5) (30.9) (324.4) Operating expenses (1,318.5) (1,393.5) (2,712.0) Operating group profit 882.3 577.3 1,499.6 Taxation (265.1) (156.1) (421.2) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,038.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1 417.7 Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value difference	- other	1,009.9	202.1	1,212.0
Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,490.3 4,938.4 18,428.7 Technical charges insurance (11,258.2) (2,960.7) (14,218.9) Value adjustments (31.3) (6.9) (38.2) Net revenues 2,200.8 1,970.8 4,171.6 Acquisition costs (530.9) (1,110.1) (1,641.0) Administrative expenses (499.4) (386.3) (885.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 5.3 133.8 139.1 Other charges (293.5) (30.9) (324.4) Operating expenses (1,318.5) (1,393.5) (2,712.0) Operating result before taxation 882.3 577.3 1,459.6 Taxation (265.1) (156.1) (421.2) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,038.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1 41.7 Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value differences on the equity portfolio 40.2 81.2 483.4	Total revenues	13,850.7	4,998.3	18,849.0
Technical charges insurance (11,258.2) (2,960.7) (14,218.9) Value adjustments (31.3) (6.9) (38.2) Net revenues 2,200.8 1,970.8 4,171.6 Acquisition costs (530.9) (1,110.1) (1,641.0) Administrative expenses (499.4) (386.3) (885.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 5.3 133.8 139.1 Other charges (293.5) (30.9) (324.4) Operating expenses (1,318.5) (1,393.5) (2,712.0) Operating result before taxation 882.3 577.3 1,459.6 Taxation (265.1) (156.1) (421.2) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,038.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1 41.7 Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value differences on the equity portfolio 402.2 81.2 483.4 Net operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Interest expense	(360.4)	(59.9)	(420.3)
Value adjustments (31.3) (6.9) (38.2) Net revenues 2,200.8 1,970.8 4,171.6 Acquisition costs (530.9) (1,110.1) (1,641.0) Administrative expenses (499.4) (386.3) (885.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 5.3 133.8 139.1 Other charges (293.5) (30.9) (324.4) Operating expenses (1,318.5) (1,393.5) (2,712.0) Operating result before taxation 882.3 577.3 1,459.6 Taxation (265.1) (156.1) (421.2) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,038.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1 41.7 Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value differences on the equity portfolio 402.2 81.2 483.4 Net operating profit 978.8 501.3 1,480.1 Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Total revenues, net of interest expense	13,490.3	4,938.4	18,428.7
Net revenues 2,200.8 1,970.8 4,171.6 Acquisition costs (530.9) (1,110.1) (1,641.0) Administrative expenses (499.4) (386.3) (885.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 5.3 133.8 139.1 Other charges (293.5) (30.9) (324.4) Operating expenses (1,318.5) (1,393.5) (2,712.0) Operating result before taxation 882.3 577.3 1,459.6 Taxation (265.1) (156.1) (421.2) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,038.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1 41.7 Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value differences on the equity portfolio 402.2 81.2 483.4 Net operating profit 978.8 501.3 1,480.1 Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Technical charges insurance	(11,258.2)	(2,960.7)	(14,218.9)
Acquisition costs (530.9) (1,110.1) (1,641.0) Administrative expenses (499.4) (386.3) (885.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 5.3 133.8 139.1 Other charges (293.5) (30.9) (324.4) Operating expenses (1,318.5) (1,393.5) (2,712.0) Operating result before taxation 882.3 577.3 1,459.6 Taxation (265.1) (156.1) (421.2) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,038.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1 41.7 Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value differences on the equity portfolio 402.2 81.2 483.4 Net operating profit 978.8 501.3 1,480.1 Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Value adjustments	(31.3)	(6.9)	(38.2)
Administrative expenses (499.4) (386.3) (885.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 5.3 133.8 139.1 Other charges (293.5) (30.9) (324.4) Operating expenses (1,318.5) (1,393.5) (2,712.0) Operating result before taxation 882.3 577.3 1,459.6 Taxation (265.1) (156.1) (421.2) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,038.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1 41.7 Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value differences on the equity portfolio 402.2 81.2 483.4 Net operating profit 978.8 501.3 1,480.1 Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Net revenues	2,200.8	1,970.8	4,171.6
Reinsurance commission and profit participation 5.3 133.8 139.1 Other charges (293.5) (30.9) (324.4) Operating expenses (1,318.5) (1,393.5) (2,712.0) Operating result before taxation 882.3 577.3 1,459.6 Taxation (265.1) (156.1) (421.2) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,038.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1 41.7 Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value differences on the equity portfolio 402.2 81.2 483.4 Net operating profit 978.8 501.3 1,480.1 Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Acquisition costs	(530.9)	(1,110.1)	(1,641.0)
Other charges (293.5) (30.9) (324.4) Operating expenses (1,318.5) (1,393.5) (2,712.0) Operating result before taxation 882.3 577.3 1,459.6 Taxation (265.1) (156.1) (421.2) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,038.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1 41.7 Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value differences on the equity portfolio 402.2 81.2 483.4 Net operating profit 978.8 501.3 1,480.1 Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Administrative expenses	(499.4)	(386.3)	(885.7)
Operating expenses (1,318.5) (1,393.5) (2,712.0) Operating result before taxation 882.3 577.3 1,459.6 Taxation (265.1) (156.1) (421.2) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,038.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1 41.7 Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value differences on the equity portfolio 402.2 81.2 483.4 Net operating profit 978.8 501.3 1,480.1 Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Reinsurance commission and profit participation	5.3	133.8	139.1
Operating result before taxation 882.3 577.3 1,459.6 Taxation (265.1) (156.1) (421.2) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,038.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1 41.7 Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value differences on the equity portfolio 402.2 81.2 483.4 Net operating profit 978.8 501.3 1,480.1 Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Other charges	(293.5)	(30.9)	(324.4)
Taxation (265.1) (156.1) (421.2) Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,038.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1 41.7 Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value differences on the equity portfolio 402.2 81.2 483.4 Net operating profit 978.8 501.3 1,480.1 Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Operating expenses	(1,318.5)	(1,393.5)	(2,712.0)
Operating group profit 617.2 421.2 1,038.4 Minority interests 40.6 1.1 41.7 Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value differences on the equity portfolio 402.2 81.2 483.4 Net operating profit 978.8 501.3 1,480.1 Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Operating result before taxation	882.3	577.3	1,459.6
Minority interests 40.6 1.1 41.7 Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value differences on the equity portfolio 402.2 81.2 483.4 Net operating profit 978.8 501.3 1,480.1 Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Taxation	(265.1)	(156.1)	(421.2)
Net operating profit before value differences 576.6 420.1 996.7 Value differences on the equity portfolio 402.2 81.2 483.4 Net operating profit 978.8 501.3 1,480.1 Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Operating group profit	617.2	421.2	1,038.4
Value differences on the equity portfolio 402.2 81.2 483.4 Net operating profit 978.8 501.3 1,480.1 Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Minority interests	40.6	1.1	41.7
Net operating profit 978.8 501.3 1,480.1 Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Net operating profit before value differences	576.6	420.1	996.7
Non-operating items after taxation 87.5 32.1 119.6	Value differences on the equity portfolio	402.2	81.2	483.4
	Net operating profit	978.8	501.3	1,480.1
Net profit 1,066.3 533.4 1,599.7	Non-operating items after taxation	87.5	32.1	119.6
	Net profit	1,066.3	533.4	1,599.7

Other revenues 322.6 322.6 - other 1,120.3 382.7 1,503.0 Total revenues 13,722.7 9,741.8 23,464.5 Interest expense (665.4) (100.9) (766.3) Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,057.3 9,640.9 22,698.2 Technical charges insurance (11,475.6) (5,476.5) (16,952.1) Value adjustments 15.5 (37.5) (22.0) Net revenues 1,597.2 4,126.9 5,724.1 Acquisition costs (688.4) (2,841.6) (3,530.0) Administrative expenses (610.6) (1,358.1) (1,968.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 13.2 734.1 747.3 Other charges (341.1) (48.3) (389.4)				2003
Insurance premiums		Life	Non-life	Total
Interest income 2,750.5 717.5 3,488.0 Results from financial transactions	Revenues:			
Pesults from financial transactions	Insurance premiums	9,405.2	8,736.8	18,142.0
- on behalf of policyholders 1,022.3 1,022.3 - other (888.2) (95.2) (993.4) Other revenues 322.6 322.6 322.6 - other 1,120.3 382.7 1,503.0 Total revenues 13,722.7 9,741.8 23,464.5 Interest expense (665.4) (100.9) (766.3) Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,067.3 9,640.9 22,698.2 Technical charges insurance (11,475.6) (5,476.5) (16,921.1) Value adjustments 15.5 (37.5) (22.0) Net revenues 1,597.2 4,126.9 5,724.1 Acquisition costs (688.4) (2,841.6) (3,530.0) Administrative expenses (610.6) (1,358.1) (1,968.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 13.2 754.1 747.3 Other charges (1,626.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Operating expenses (1,626.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Operating group profit 18.7	Interest income	2,750.5	717.5	3,468.0
other (898.2) (95.2) (998.4) Other revenues 322.6 322.6 322.6 - other 1,120.3 382.7 1,503.0 Total revenues 13,722.7 9,741.8 23,464.5 Interest expense (665.4) (100.9) (766.3) Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,057.3 9,640.9 22,698.2 Technical charges insurance (11,475.6) (5,476.5) (16,952.1) Value adjustments 15.5 (37.5) (22.0) Net revenues 1,597.2 4,126.9 5,724.1 Acquisition costs (610.6) (1,358.1) (1,968.7) Administrative expenses (610.6) (1,358.1) (1,968.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 13.2 734.1 747.3 Other charges (341.1) (48.3) (398.4) Operating expenses (1,826.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Taxation 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437	Results from financial transactions			
Other revenues 322.6 323.4	- on behalf of policyholders	1,022.3		1,022.3
- on behalf of policyholders 322.6 322.6 - other 1,120.3 382,7 1,503.0 1,030.0 1,000.0	- other	(898.2)	(95.2)	(993.4)
1,120.3 382.7 1,503.0 Total revenues 13,722.7 9,741.8 23,464.5 Interest expense (665.4) (100.9) (766.3) Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,057.3 9,640.9 22,698.2 Technical charges insurance (11,475.6) (5,476.5) (16,952.1) Value adjustments 15.5 (37.5) (22.0) Net revenues 1,597.2 4,126.9 5,724.1 Acquisition costs (688.4) (2,841.6) (3,530.0) Administrative expenses (610.6) (1,358.1) (1,968.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 13.2 734.1 747.3 Other charges (341.1) (48.3) (3,894.3) Operating expenses (1,626.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Operating result before taxation (29.7) 613.0 583.3 Taxation 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.3 Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating items after taxation (44.1) (553.) (994.8) On-operating items after taxation (44.1	Other revenues			
Total revenues 13,722.7 9,741.8 23,464.5 Interest expense (665.4) (100.9) (766.3) Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,067.3 9,640.9 22,698.2 Technical charges insurance (11,475.6) (5,476.5) (16,952.1) Value adjustments 15.5 (37.5) (22.0) Net revenues 1,597.2 4,126.9 5,724.1 Acquisition costs (688.4) (2,841.6) (3,530.0) Administrative expenses (610.6) (1,358.1) (1,968.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 13.2 734.1 747.3 Other charges (341.1) (48.3) (3894.1) Operating expenses (1,626.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Operating group profit 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.3 Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net op	- on behalf of policyholders	322.6		322.6
Interest expense (665.4) (100.9) (766.3) Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,057.3 9,640.9 22,698.2 Technical charges insurance (11,475.6) (5,476.5) (16,952.1) Value adjustments 15.5 (37.5) (22.0) Net revenues 1,597.2 4,126.9 5,724.1 Acquisition costs (688.4) (2,841.6) (3,530.0) Administrative expenses (610.6) (1,358.1) (1,968.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 13.2 734.1 747.3 Other charges (341.1) (48.3) (389.4) Operating expenses (1,626.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Operating result before taxation (29.7) 613.0 583.3 Taxation 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1	- other	1,120.3	382.7	1,503.0
Total revenues, net of interest expense 13,057.3 9,640.9 22,698.2 Technical charges insurance (11,475.6) (5,476.5) (16,952.1) Value adjustments 15.5 (37.5) (22.0) Net revenues 1,597.2 4,126.9 5,724.1 Acquisition costs (688.4) (2,841.6) (3,530.0) Administrative expenses (610.6) (1,358.1) (1,968.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 13.2 734.1 747.3 Other charges (341.1) (48.3) (389.4) Operating expenses (1,626.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Operating result before taxation (29.7) 613.0 583.3 Taxation 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.3 Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1	Total revenues	13,722.7	9,741.8	23,464.5
Technical charges insurance (11,475.6) (5,476.5) (16,952.1) Value adjustments 15.5 (37.5) (22.0) Net revenues 1,597.2 4,126.9 5,724.1 Acquisition costs (688.4) (2,841.6) (3,530.0) Administrative expenses (610.6) (1,358.1) (1,968.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 13.2 734.1 747.3 Other charges (341.1) (48.3) (389.4) Operating expenses (1,626.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Operating result before taxation (29.7) 613.0 583.3 Taxation 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.3 Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Interest expense	(665.4)	(100.9)	(766.3)
Value adjustments 15.5 (37.5) (22.0) Net revenues 1,597.2 4,126.9 5,724.1 Acquisition costs (688.4) (2,841.6) (3,530.0) Administrative expenses (610.6) (1,358.1) (1,968.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 13.2 734.1 747.3 Other charges (341.1) (48.3) (389.4) Operating expenses (1,626.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Operating result before taxation (29.7) 613.0 583.3 Taxation 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.3 Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating profit 500.9 496.0 996.9	Total revenues, net of interest expense	13,057.3	9,640.9	22,698.2
Net revenues 1,597.2 4,126.9 5,724.1 Acquisition costs (688.4) (2,841.6) (3,530.0) Administrative expenses (610.6) (1,358.1) (1,968.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 13.2 734.1 747.3 Other charges (341.1) (48.3) (389.4) Operating expenses (1,626.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Operating result before taxation (29.7) 613.0 583.3 Taxation 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.3 Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating profit 500.9 496.0 996.9 Non-operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Technical charges insurance	(11,475.6)	(5,476.5)	(16,952.1)
Acquisition costs (688.4) (2,841.6) (3,530.0) Administrative expenses (610.6) (1,358.1) (1,968.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 13.2 734.1 747.3 Other charges (341.1) (48.3) (389.4) Operating expenses (1,626.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Operating result before taxation (29.7) 613.0 583.3 Taxation 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.3 Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating profit 500.9 496.0 996.9 Non-operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Value adjustments	15.5	(37.5)	(22.0)
Administrative expenses (610.6) (1,358.1) (1,968.7) Reinsurance commission and profit participation 13.2 734.1 747.3 Other charges (341.1) (48.3) (389.4) Operating expenses (1,626.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Operating result before taxation (29.7) 613.0 583.3 Taxation 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.3 Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating profit 500.9 496.0 996.9 Non-operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Net revenues	1,597.2	4,126.9	5,724.1
Reinsurance commission and profit participation 13.2 734.1 747.3 Other charges (341.1) (48.3) (389.4) Operating expenses (1,626.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Operating result before taxation (29.7) 613.0 583.3 Taxation 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.3 Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating profit 500.9 496.0 996.9 Non-operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Acquisition costs	(688.4)	(2,841.6)	(3,530.0)
Other charges (341.1) (48.3) (389.4) Operating expenses (1,626.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Operating result before taxation (29.7) 613.0 583.3 Taxation 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.3 Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating profit 500.9 496.0 996.9 Non-operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Administrative expenses	(610.6)	(1,358.1)	(1,968.7)
Operating expenses (1,626.9) (3,513.9) (5,140.8) Operating result before taxation (29.7) 613.0 583.3 Taxation 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.3 Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating profit 500.9 496.0 996.9 Non-operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Reinsurance commission and profit participation	13.2	734.1	747.3
Operating result before taxation (29.7) 613.0 583.3 Taxation 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.3 Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating profit 500.9 496.0 996.9 Non-operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Other charges	(341.1)	(48.3)	(389.4)
Taxation 48.4 (175.4) (127.0) Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.3 Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating profit 500.9 496.0 996.9 Non-operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Operating expenses	(1,626.9)	(3,513.9)	(5,140.8)
Operating group profit 18.7 437.6 456.3 Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating profit 500.9 496.0 996.9 Non-operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Operating result before taxation	(29.7)	613.0	583.3
Minority interests 49.4 2.1 51.5 Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating profit 500.9 496.0 996.9 Non-operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Taxation	48.4	(175.4)	(127.0)
Net operating profit before value differences (30.7) 435.5 404.8 Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating profit 500.9 496.0 996.9 Non-operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Operating group profit	18.7	437.6	456.3
Value differences on the equity portfolio 531.6 60.5 592.1 Net operating profit 500.9 496.0 996.9 Non-operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Minority interests	49.4	2.1	51.5
Net operating profit 500.9 496.0 996.9 Non-operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Net operating profit before value differences	(30.7)	435.5	404.8
Non-operating items after taxation (44.1) (55.3) (99.4)	Value differences on the equity portfolio	531.6	60.5	592.1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Net operating profit	500.9	496.0	996.9
Net profit 456.8 440.7 897.5	Non-operating items after taxation	(44.1)	(55.3)	(99.4)
	Net profit	456.8	440.7	897.5

			2002
	Life	Non-life	Total
Revenues:			
Insurance premiums	9,599.1	8,895.6	18,494.7
Interest income	2,523.5	767.9	3,291.4
Results from financial transactions			
- on behalf of policyholders	(3,419.0)		(3,419.0)
- other	(550.8)	(150.8)	(701.6)
Other revenues			
- on behalf of policyholders	460.6		460.6
- other	1,108.6	432.9	1,541.5
Total revenues	9,722.0	9,945.6	19,667.6
Interest expense	(630.4)	(118.8)	(749.2)
Total revenues, net of interest expense	9,091.6	9,826.8	18,918.4
Technical charges insurance	(7,220.3)	(5,675.8)	(12,896.1)
Value adjustments	(53.9)	(4.7)	(58.6)
Net revenues	1,817.4	4,146.3	5,963.7
Acquisition costs	(670.4)	(2,872.9)	(3,543.3)
Administrative expenses	(615.4)	(1,590.0)	(2,205.4)
Reinsurance commission and profit participation	19.9	862.0	881.9
Other charges	(213.8)	(32.0)	(245.8)
Operating expenses	(1,479.7)	(3,632.9)	(5,112.6)
Operating result before taxation	337.7	513.4	851.1
Taxation	(213.2)	(154.1)	(367.3_)
Operating group profit	124.5	359.3	483.8
Minority interests	61.9	2.5	64.4
Net operating profit before value differences	62.6	356.8	419.4
Value differences on the equity portfolio	(907.3)	(128.1)	(1,035.4)
Net operating profit	(844.7)	228.7	(616.0)
Non-operating items after taxation	(51.4)	(19.5)	(70.9)
			(686.9)

Notes to the balance sheet and profit and loss account insurance

A1 Cash

Cash only includes balances that may be withdrawn immediately, such as credit balances with banking institutions and deposits. At 31 December 2004, there were no amounts subject to withdrawal and usage restrictions (2003: EUR 0.4 million; 2002: EUR 0.7 million).

A2 Investments

The composition of investments at 31 December is as follows:

	2004	2003	2002
Debt securities and other fixed-income securities	43,429.1	42,940.1	35,489.3
Equity securities	6,322.0	5,887.7	7,963.5
Total investment securities	49,751.1	48,827.8	43,452.8
Participations in investment pools	398.7	403.7	361.6
Investments in land and buildings	4,651.9	4,669.8	4,603.3
Other investments	287.0	191.8	1,581.4
Total investments	55,088.7	54,093.1	49,999.1

Equity securities in 2004 include amounts of EUR 152.7 million in Fortis shares (2003: EUR 244.3 million; 2002: EUR 315.5 million). Of this amount, EUR 46.0 million (2003: EUR 43.5 million) concerns Fortis shares held in relation to classic Belgian life insurance products with a minimum return guaranteed. These shares are valued at cost.

The following table shows the movements in investments.

			Partici-		
			pations in		Other
	Debt		investment	Land and	invest-
	securities	Shares	pools	buildings	ments
Balance at 31 December 2002	35,489.3	7,963.5	361.6	4,603.3	1,581.4
Purchases and sales group companies	466.9	1.1		3.7	
Purchases	23,141.8	3,471.8	42.2	306.3	83.6
Book value of sales and					
redemptions	(16,327.0)	(6,249.8)	(0.1)	(265.2)	(71.0)
Revaluations	10.6	20.0		45.5	(2.1)
Unrealised capital gains / losses included in P&L		727.7		0.8	
Exchange differences	(1,283.7)	(59.4)		(26.7)	(18.0)
Other movements	1.9			(1.0)	
Reclassifications	1,440.3	12.8		3.1	(1,382.1)
Balance at 31 December 2003	42,940.1	5,887.7	403.7	4,669.8	191.8
Purchases and sales group companies	(6,306.9)	(529.8)	16.3	(182.2)	(101.4)
Purchases	12,891.6	3,575.8	8.2	363.3	433.8
Book value of sales and					
redemptions	(6,192.3)	(3,193.1)	(7.4)	(227.5)	(249.9)
Revaluations		152.7		56.1	
Unrealised capital gains / losses included in P&L		414.0		(19.6)	
Exchange differences	79.3	5.4		2.2	1.4
Other movements	1.9		0.9	(0.3)	1.0
Reclassifications	15.4	9.3	(23.0)	(9.9)	10.3
Balance at 31 December 2004	43,429.1	6,322.0	398.7	4,651.9	287.0
2002					
Purchase price		9,093.5	361.6	3,673.2	
Fair value	37,673.7				1,675.8
Redemption value	34,230.8				
2003					
Purchase price		6,269.4	403.7	3,735.5	
Fair value	44,955.3				203.5
Redemption value	41,255.7				
2004					
Purchase price		6,156.5	398.7	3,721.0	
Fair value	46,700.6				300.5
Redemption value	42,711.8				

Investment securities

The following table presents the purchase price less amortised cost (cost price in the case of equity securities) and the fair values at 31 December of investments in debt securities and other fixed-income securities and equity securities.

				2004
		Gross	Gross	
	Amortised cost	unrealised	unrealised	
	or cost	gains	losses	Fair value
Belgian government	7,599.4	768.9	(1.9)	8,366.4
Dutch government	1,721.1	112.1	(0.0)	1,833.2
U.S. government	204.9	20.0	(0.1)	224.8
German government	777.9	41.0	(0.3)	818.6
Spanish government	3,201.9	309.3	(0.0)	3,511.2
Italian government	3,458.0	234.8	(0.3)	3,692.5
French government	1,318.4	90.8	(0.1)	1,409.1
Other governments	4,801.7	419.9	(0.8)	5,220.8
Companies	6,351.7	404.7	(0.0)	6,756.4
Banks	9,187.0	643.3	(8.4)	9,821.9
Mortgage-backed securities	390.2	14.4	(0.1)	404.5
Other asset-backed securities	426.7	17.5	(0.7)	443.5
Other debt securities and fixed-income securities	3,990.2	208.3	(0.8)	4,197.7
Total debt securities and other fixed-income securities	43,429.1	3,285.0	(13.5)	46,700.6
Equity securities	6,156.5	450.4	(284.9)	6,322.0
Total investment securities	49,585.6	3,735.4	(298.4)	53,022.6

				2003
		Gross	Gross	
	Amortised cost	unrealised	unrealised	
	or cost	gains	losses	Fair value
Belgian government	7,496.7	595.0	(6.9)	8,084.8
Dutch government	1,878.7	71.0	(3.0)	1,946.7
U.S. government	811.1	59.6	(0.9)	869.8
German government	847.2	22.9	(1.6)	868.5
Spanish government	2,857.3	147.1	(0.2)	3,004.2
Italian government	1,760.7	63.2	(11.7)	1,812.2
French government	2,268.7	59.5	(20.6)	2,307.6
Other governments	4,192.1	195.1	(28.9)	4,358.3
Companies	8,355.2	400.2	(9.0)	8,746.4
Banks	6,573.3	324.3	(8.5)	6,889.1
Mortgage-backed securities	2,780.4	72.9	(11.6)	2,841.7
Other asset-backed securities	86.7	0.7	(0.8)	86.6
Other debt securities and fixed-income securities	3,032.0	108.1	(0.7)	3,139.4
Total debt securities and other fixed-income securities	42,940.1	2,119.6	(104.4)	44,955.3
Equity securities	6,269.4	317.1	(698.8)	5,887.7
Total investment securities	49,209.5	2,436.7	(803.2)	50,843.0
	Amortised cost	Gross unrealised	Gross unrealised	2002
	or cost	gains	losses	Fair value
Belgian government	8,212.1	759.4	(0.9)	8,970.6
Dutch government	1,595.3	83.3		1,678.6
U.S. government	979.0	70.7		1,049.7
German government	522.4	33.7		556.1
Spanish government	2,709.4	232.9	(1.0)	2,941.3
Italian government	1,016.3	87.4		1,103.7
French government	693.6	82.2		775.8
Other governments	2,680.5	132.0	(13.2)	2,799.3
Companies	8,299.1	434.9	(152.8)	8,581.2
Banks				0.700.0
Mortgage-backed securities	6,324.6	479.3	(13.3)	6,790.6
	6,324.6 1,663.8	479.3 39.0	(13.3) (88.7)	6,790.6 1,614.1
Other asset-backed securities				
Other asset-backed securities Other debt securities and fixed-income securities	1,663.8	39.0		1,614.1
	1,663.8 324.1	39.0 11.5	(88.7)	1,614.1 335.6
Other debt securities and fixed-income securities	1,663.8 324.1 469.1	39.0 11.5 10.9	(88.7)	1,614.1 335.6 477.1
Other debt securities and fixed-income securities Total debt securities and other fixed-income securities	1,663.8 324.1 469.1 35,489.3	39.0 11.5 10.9 2,457.2	(2.9)	1,614.1 335.6 477.1 37,673.7

Gross realised gains and gross realised losses on the sale of investment securities (whether deferred or recognised in the profit and loss account) in 2004 are EUR 422.4 million and EUR 436.2 million, respectively (2003: EUR 958.0 million and EUR 2,047.0 million; 2002: EUR 514.0 million and EUR 1,022.3 million, respectively).

The following table reflects the maturities of investments in debt securities and other fixed-income securities and the related carrying and fair values at 31 December 2004.

		Carrying	Fair
		value	value
Due in one year or less		2,243.7	2,314.8
Due from one year to five years		11,642.1	12,340.0
Due from five years to ten years		15,580.8	16,701.8
Due after ten years		13,962.5	15,344.0
Total		43,429.1	46,700.6
Investments in land and buildings			
The following table is a summary of investments in land and buildin	gs.		
Ç			
	2004	0000	
		2003	2002
		2003	2002
Land and buildings in company use	641.7	784.3	2002 760.5
Land and buildings in company use Other land and buildings	641.7 4,010.2		
		784.3	760.5
Other land and buildings	4,010.2 4,651.9	784.3 3,885.5	760.5 3,842.8
	4,010.2 4,651.9	784.3 3,885.5	760.5 3,842.8
Other land and buildings	4,010.2 4,651.9	784.3 3,885.5	760.5 3,842.8
Other land and buildings	4,010.2 4,651.9 ion date.	784.3 3,885.5 4,669.8	760.5 3,842.8 4,603.3

1,134.4

1,474.5

272.0

342.9

4,651.9

2,019.8

1,571.8

651.9

269.9

156.4

4,669.8

1,722.1

1,057.5

916.6

310.8

596.3

4,603.3

2003

2002

2001

2000

1999

1998

A3 Loans and advances to customers

The following table provides information on loans and advances to customers.

	2004	2003	2002
Mortgage loans	4,452.7	5,399.0	10,728.4
Policyholder loans	121.5	180.3	191.9
Other private loans	3,699.4	5,078.3	5,609.9
	8,273.6	10,657.6	16,530.2

The amount of loans and advances to customers includes an allowance for doubtful debts of EUR 87.8 million (2003: EUR 131.4 million; 2002: EUR 118.9 million). Mortgage loans decreased in 2003 due to the transfer of mortgages by the insurance segment to the banking segment.

A4 Deferred acquisition costs

Deferred acquisition costs refers to:

	2004	2003	2002
Life insurance	1,206.7	1,510.9	1,376.4
Non-life insurance	273.0	1,277.6	1,433.7
Deferred acquisition costs	1,479.7	2,788.5	2,810.1

The table below shows the movements in deferred acquisition costs.

	2004	2003
Balance at 1 January	2,788.5	2,810.1
Recognised items	446.1	1,578.1
Amortisation	(472.0)	(1,576.6)
Purchases and sales group companies	(1,190.0)	0.0
Other adjustments including exchange rate differences	(92.9)	(23.1)
Balance at 31 December	1,479.7	2,788.5

A5 Investments on behalf of policyholders

The following table presents the composition of investments on behalf of policyholders at 31 December.

	2004	2003	2002
Cash	164.6	98.3	33.8
Interest-bearing deposits in other banks	60.7	61.6	53.6
Debt securities	3,635.7	3,287.0	3,173.5
Shares	13,384.4	15,863.2	14,494.1
Land and buildings	594.7	446.6	413.9
Loans	59.5	72.3	97.1
Other	803.0	117.2	124.6
Total investments	18,702.6	19,946.2	18,390.6
Add: Other assets	121.4	435.2	364.0
Less: Other liabilities	(1.3)	(1.5)	(191.1)
Liability related to investments on behalf of policyholders	18,822.7	20,379.9	18,563.5

Investments on behalf of policyholders include EUR 82.6 million in Fortis shares (2003: EUR 26.5 million; 2002: EUR 28.8 million). Other assets and other liabilities relate to timing differences in the cash flows.

The table below provides information about the technical liability related to investments on behalf of policyholders.

	2004	2003	2002
Net of reinsurance	18,709.7	20,263.9	18,449.0
Reinsurance	113.0	116.0	114.5
Gross	18 892 7	20 379 9	18 563 5

A6 Other assets

Other assets consists of the following:

	2004	2003	2002
Double to a big or independent			
Participating interests:			
- Valued by equity method	815.4	81.5	99.9
- Other	3.6	10.6	28.4
Receivable from participating interest	40.0	100.9	142.6
Other tangible fixed assets	93.1	199.9	226.6
Receivables arising from insurance operations:			
- Policyholders	321.6	225.8	223.2
- Intermediaries	597.9	581.4	887.9
Receivables arising from reinsurance operations	76.2	54.6	99.4
Other insurance receivables	2,874.6	2,761.2	1,749.4
Deposits with ceding companies	198.6	193.9	184.9
Deferred tax assets	648.7	1,352.0	1,690.7
Other	443.0	761.9	693.0
Total	6,112.7	6,323.7	6,026.0

In 2004 participating interests valued by equity method includes the participating interests in Assurant, Inc. and Muang Thai.

Other insurance receivables include EUR 2,490.6 million (2003: EUR 1,314.8 million; 2002: EUR 550.5 million) receivables from group companies. Other tangible fixed assets primarily consist of data processing systems, office equipment and motor vehicles.

The item other includes EUR 15.1 million of Fortis shares held by Fortis ASR to hedge the option and SAR plans (2003: EUR 44.1 million; 2002: EUR 51.2 million).

A7 Technical provisions

The following table reflects the composition of the insurance technical provisions own account.

			2004
			Net of
	Gross	Reinsurance 1)	reinsurance
Life insurance	50,120.4	233.8	49,886.6
Non-life insurance:			
- Unearned premiums	1,378.6	161.8	1,216.8
- Claims outstanding	5,924.4	916.4	5,008.0
Provision for bonuses and rebates 2)	145.5		145.5
Equalisation provision 3)	135.9		135.9
Other technical provisions 4)	141.4	3.3	138.1
	57,846.2	1,315.3	56,530.9

			2003
			Net of
	Gross	Reinsurance 1)	reinsurance
Life insurance	50,828.2	2,227.7	48,600.5
Non-life insurance:			
- Unearned premiums	3,659.5	902.4	2,757.1
- Claims outstanding	9,471.9	2,235.8	7,236.1
Provision for bonuses and rebates ²⁾	174.1		174.1
Equalisation provision ³⁾	130.0		130.0
Other technical provisions 4)	146.4	4.7	141.7
	64,410.1	5,370.6	59,039.5
			2002
			Net of
	Gross	Reinsurance 1)	reinsurance
	47.070.0	0.004.0	45.000.4
Life insurance	47,673.3	2,364.2	45,309.1
Non-life insurance:			
- Unearned premiums	4,069.9	1,312.3	2,757.6
- Claims outstanding	9,578.3	2,335.4	7,242.9
Provision for bonuses and rebates ²⁾	162.7		162.7
Equalisation provision ³⁾	119.6		119.6
Other technical provisions 4)	132.1	5.2	126.9
	61,735.9	6,017.1	55,718.8

¹⁾ Excluding reinsurance for investments on behalf of policyholders of EUR 113.0 million (2003: EUR 116.0 million; 2002: EUR 114.5 million).

Life insurance technical provisions includes EUR 4,653.7 million (2003: EUR 4,403.1 million; 2002: EUR 4,136.3 million) in respect of pension commitments to Fortis employees.

As is stated in the principles of valuation, calculation of the insurance provision deviates from the rating principles if expectations of future developments in investment yields, withdrawals, mortality, costs or other assumptions give cause to increase the provision.

²⁾ Provisions for bonuses and rebates consisted of EUR 141.1 million at 31 December 2004 (2003: EUR 170.4 million; 2002: EUR 148.8 million) related to life insurance and EUR 4.4 million (2003: EUR 3.6 million; 2002: EUR 13.9 million) related to non-life insurance.

³⁾ Equalisation provision relates entirely to non-life insurance business.

⁴⁾ Other technical provisions at 31 December 2004 consisted of EUR 57.7 million (2003: EUR 55.3 million; 2002: EUR 53.6 million) related to life insurance and EUR 80.4 million (2003: EUR 86.4 million; 2002: EUR 73.3 million) related to non-life insurance.

The table below reflects the roll-forward of technical provisions life, for own account.

	2004	2003
Balance at 1 January	48,600.5	45,309.1
Acquisitions and sale group companies	(2,270.9)	456.2
Increase to profit & loss account through change in technical provision	3,383.6	3,327.9
Increase to profit & loss account included in other items	(1.6)	40.1
Exchange rate differences in favour of profit & loss account	11.1	(592.8)
Other changes	125.8	41.8
Changes due to reclassification	38.1	18.2
Balance at 31 December	49,886.6	48,600.5

Technical provisions insurance, net of reinsurance by region is listed below.

_							2004
		The			United	Rest of	
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Total
Life							
- for own account	23,887.1	17,375.4	339.3	41,601.8		8,483.6	50,085.4
- for account of policyholders	7,048.5	8,440.2	2,405.6	17,894.3		815.4	18,709.7
Non-life	2,653.9	2,653.1	10.7	5,317.7		1,127.9	6,445.6
Total	33,589.5	28,468.7	2,755.6	64,813.8		10,426.9	75,240.7
_							2003
		The			United	Rest of	
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Total
Life							
- for own account	21,207.9	16,806.6	363.9	38,378.4	2,908.4	7,539.4	48,826.2
- for account of policyholders	6,728.7	7,636.9	1,760.8	16,126.4	3,011.2	1,126.2	20,263.8
Non-life	2,619.1	2,393.1	8.6	5,020.8	3,869.6	1,322.9	10,213.3
Total	30,555.7	26,836.6	2,133.3	59,525.6	9,789.2	9,988.5	79,303.3
_							2002
		The			United	Rest of	
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Total
Life							
- for own account	18,729.0	16,508.8	381.4	35,619.2	3,290.7	6,601.6	45,511.5
- for account of policyholders	6,529.1	6,437.7	1,159.4	14,126.2	3,236.7	1,086.1	18,449.0
Non-life	2,560.2	2,145.5	17.3	4,723.0	4,255.3	1,229.0	10,207.3
Total	27,818.3	25,092.0	1,558.1	54,468.4	10,782.7	8,916.7	74,167.8

Technical provisions of non-life insurance, net of reinsurance by line of business and by region is listed below.

					2004
	Accident				
	and health	Motor	Fire	Other	Total
Belgium	1,158.3	602.2	408.2	485.2	2,653.9
The Netherlands	1,215.2	744.2	215.6	478.1	2,653.1
Luxembourg	0.5	0.0	5.3	4.9	10.7
Benelux	2,374.0	1,346.4	629.1	968.2	5,317.7
United States					
Rest of the world	18.0	811.5	161.9	136.5	1,127.9
Total	2,392.0	2,157.9	791.0	1,104.7	6,445.6
					2003
	Accident				
	and health	Motor	Fire	Other	Total
Belgium	1,102.9	625.3	413.0	477.9	2,619.1
The Netherlands	1,114.5	670.6	210.5	397.5	2,393.1
Luxembourg	0.3		5.5	2.8	8.6
Benelux	2,217.7	1,295.9	629.0	878.2	5,020.8
United States	1,702.2			2,167.4	3,869.6
Rest of the world	30.1	940.0	195.5	157.3	1,322.9
Total	3,950.0	2,235.9	824.5	3,202.9	10,213.3
					2002
	Accident				
	and health	Motor	Fire	Other	Total
Belgium	1,062.2	618.8	402.4	476.8	2,560.2
The Netherlands	1,000.7	624.7	207.0	313.1	2,145.5
Luxembourg	0.3		5.0	12.0	17.3
Benelux	2,063.2	1,243.5	614.4	801.9	4,723.0
United States	1,900.0			2,355.3	4,255.3
Rest of the world	23.2	887.5	172.7	145.6	1,229.0
Total	3,986.4	2,131.0	787.1	3,302.8	10,207.3

The roll-forward of the non-life provisions (claims outstanding), net of reinsurance is listed below.

	2004	2003
Balance at 1 January	7,236.1	7,242.9
Purchases and sales group companies	(2,474.7)	
Adjusted net opening balance	4,761.4	7,242.9
Claims and claims expense, net of reinsurance:		
- Provision attributable to prior years	(441.4)	(179.7)
- Provision attributable to current year	2,283.8	3,655.4
- Interest accrual of provision for disability losses	7.1	6.8
Total claims and claims expenses	1,849.5	3,482.5
Payment for claims and claims expense:		
- Attributable to the prior years	(574.4)	(1,092.0)
- Attributable to the current year	(855.1)	(1,785.0)
Total payment, net of reinsurance	(1,429.5)	(2,877.0)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(179.8)	(506.2)
Other charges	6.4	(106.1)
Balance at 31 December	5,008.0	7,236.1

A8 Other liabilities

Other liabilities consists of:

	2004	2003	2002
Pensions and early retirement benefits	410.8	407.1	629.5
Taxes and other social security charges	599.5	437.7	390.7
Deferred tax liabilities	912.2	1,682.4	2,095.5
Deposits from reinsurers	331.8	413.1	433.6
Creditors arising from direct insurance operations 1)	843.2	630.3	462.6
Creditors arising from reinsurance operations 1)	182.0	102.7	140.8
Other provisions	62.2	136.1	144.2
Other ²⁾	2,676.1	4,212.1	3,061.9
Total	6,017.8	8,021.5	7,358.8

¹⁾ Liabilities arising from direct insurance and reinsurance operations have terms primarily of five years or less.

²⁾ Other includes EUR 1,119.1 million (2003: EUR 884.4 million; 2002: EUR 1,040.0 million) payable to group companies.

A9 Convertible notes

This concerns convertible notes granted by Fortis ASR to Fortis ASR employees. Outstanding notes amounted to EUR 34,805 at year-end 2004 (2003: EUR 45,741).

A10 Subordinated liabilities

The table below gives a description of subordinated liabilities.

	2004	2003	2002
Loan from Fortis Insurance N.V. (General sector)			
Capital USD 499,850; 26-04-1999 / 27-04-2009; 7.892%			476.6
Capital Proceeds Trust I; 01-03-2000 / 01-03-2030; 8.48%			143.0
Capital Proceeds Trust II; 01-03-2000 / 01-03-2030; 8.40%			381.4
Loan from Fortis Finance N.V.: Perpetual cumulative			
subordinated bonds 2001; 6.625%.	540.0	540.0	540.0
Loan from Fortis Finance N.V. and maturing on 16-09-2006; 2.33%	50.0		
Perpetual loan from Fortis Brussels SA/NV with a coupon of 5.76%			
and 6.76% from 2005 onwards.	150.0	150.0	150.0
Mandatory redeemable preferred shares issued by Fortis			
for USD 200 million (200,000 shares with a par value of USD 1,000).			
The securities mature at 27-04-2009.		155.5	190.7
Third-party loan, convertible in Fortis shares at a price of EUR 33.56			
and maturing on 15-07-2005.	123.5	123.5	123.5
Loan from Fortis Bank SA/NV with a coupon of 4.10% and maturing on 30-06-2008	100.0	100.0	
Loan from Necigef and maturing on 31-12-2005; 3.00%	124.9		
Other subordinated liabilities denominated in various currencies with			
various interest rates and maturities.	146.4	267.8	256.0
Total subordinated liabilities	1,234.8	1,336.8	2,261.2

A11 Minority interests in group equity

Minority interest in group equity includes EUR 650.0 million of Trust Capital Securities issued by a Special Purpose Vehicle. This matter is described in detail in note 7 'Minority interests in group equity'.

A12 Off-balance-sheet transactions

To hedge interest rate exposure, the insurance operations have entered into a number of swap contracts. The nominal value of all contracts is EUR 480.0 million (2003: EUR 1,568.6 million; 2002: EUR 621.1 million) and the positive replacement value is EUR 128.5 million (2003: EUR 95.0 million; 2002: EUR 33.9 million).

A13 Insurance premiums

The table below reflects the insurance premiums broken down into life insurance and non-life insurance.

	2004	2003	2002
Life insurance:			
Gross premiums	9,089.5	9,531.1	9,754.3
Ceded reinsurance premiums	(54.6)	(125.9)	(155.1)
Net premiums	9,034.9	9,405.2	9,599.2
Non-life insurance:			
Gross premiums written	5,176.1	11,286.2	11,858.5
Ceded reinsurance premiums	(746.2)	(2,302.0)	(2,706.8)
Net premiums	4,429.9	8,984.2	9,151.7
Change in provision for unearned premiums	(105.7)	(201.2)	(170.8)
Change in provision for ceded unearned premiums	37.0	(46.2)	(85.4)
Net premiums earned	4,361.2	8,736.8	8,895.5
Total net premiums earned	13,396.1	18,142.0	18,494.7
Life insurance			
The table below provides information on life insurance premiums.			
	2004	2003	2002
Individual premiums	7,260.6	7,659.0	7,192.2
Premiums under group contracts	1,828.9	1,872.1	2,562.1
Gross premiums	9,089.5	9,531.1	9,754.3
Periodic premiums	3,957.5	4,284.6	4,291.8
Single premiums	5,132.0	5,246.5	5,462.5
Gross premiums	9,089.5	9,531.1	9,754.3
Premiums from:			
Non-bonus contracts	1,561.5	2,211.8	2,919.4
Bonus contracts	5,031.5	4,963.8	4,562.5
Contracts where policyholders bear			
investment risk	2,496.5	2,355.5	2,272.4
Gross premiums	9,089.5	9,531.1	9,754.3

Gross premiums	9,089.5	9,531.1	9,754.3
Investment-linked premiums	2,496.5	2,355.5	2,272.4
Premiums group contracts	1,511.4	1,564.4	2,319.3
- Single premiums	3,004.4	3,486.3	2,912.3
- Periodic premiums	2,077.2	2,124.9	2,250.3
Individual contracts:			

Non-life insurance

The table below provides details by region of earned net non-life insurance premiums.

				2004
	Accident			
	and health	Motor	Fire	Other
Belgium	294.4	357.7	331.0	144.7
The Netherlands	759.9	519.1	341.1	374.4
Luxembourg	0.8	0.0	7.8	1.8
Benelux	1,055.1	876.8	679.9	520.9
United States	209.0			165.6
Rest of the world	58.2	538.4	182.6	74.7
Total	1,322.3	1,415.2	862.5	761.2
				2003
	Accident			
	and health	Motor	Fire	Other
Belgium	292.7	349.2	312.5	141.2
The Netherlands	699.0	523.8	316.9	367.2
Luxembourg	0.7		7.6	2.0
Benelux	992.4	873.0	637.0	510.4
United States	2,731.0			2,001.9
Rest of the world	71.6	637.9	200.6	81.0
Total	3,795.0	1,510.9	837.6	2,593.3
				2002
	Accident			
	and health	Motor	Fire	Other
Belgium	286.4	304.3	294.7	132.1
The Netherlands	644.5	485.1	292.3	308.8
Luxembourg	0.4		6.9	2.3
Benelux	931.3	789.4	593.9	443.2
United States	3,064.3			2,096.1
Rest of the world	57.2	676.1	181.5	62.5
Total	4,052.8	1,465.5	775.4	2,601.8

A14 Results from financial transactions

The table below provides information on net results from financial transactions.

	2004	2003	2002
Gains from investments on behalf of			
policyholders (realised and unrealised)	1,255.6	1,365.2	96.3
Loss from investments on behalf of			
policyholders (realised and unrealised)	(238.4)	(342.9)	(3,515.3)
Total	1,017.2	1,022.3	(3,419.0)
	2004	2003	2002
Realised gains on sale of investments	505.8	1,107.8	539.1
Realised losses on sale of investments	(443.6)	(2,101.2)	(1,240.7)
Total	62.2	(993.4)	(701.6)

A15 Other revenues

The table below provides information on other revenues.

	2004	2003	2002
Dividends from equity securities	171.7	245.5	348.4
Rental income land and buildings	528.5	510.5	419.6
Participations in investment pools	4.8	4.9	16.1
Other investments	9.5	15.3	82.1
Revenues from participating interests	108.3	25.5	15.6
Sales revenue project development	189.1	211.0	125.9
Other	200.1	490.3	533.8
Total	1,212.0	1,503.0	1,541.5

Land and buildings include rental income related to land and buildings rented to third parties amounting to EUR 487.3 million (2003: EUR 469.3 million; 2002: EUR 375.1 million). The remaining EUR 41.1 million (2003: EUR 41.2 million; 2002: EUR 44.6 million) relates to real estate in company use of which EUR 31.5 million (2003: EUR 31.8 million; 2002: EUR 35.4 million) relates to land and buildings in use by insurance companies and EUR 9.6 million (2003: EUR 9.4 million; 2002: EUR 9.1 million) relates to land and buildings in use by other Fortis companies.

Revenues from participating interests includes EUR 96.1 million, positive (2003: EUR 0.2 million, negative; 2002: EUR 4.4 million, positive) related to the share in the result of participating interest valued by the equity method held by the insurance operations.

A16 Technical charges insurance

The following table summarises the technical charges insurance.

	2004	2003	2002
Life insurance			
Benefits and surrenders, net of reinsurance:			
- Gross	5,816.6	6,119.9	6,474.6
- Reinsurers' share	(53.5)	(96.7)	(155.5)
	5,763.1	6,023.2	6,319.1
Changes in life insurance technical provisions:			
- Gross	4,976.2	5,289.6	1,234.3
- Reinsurers' share	355.4	(24.2)	(414.7)
- Other changes, net of reinsurance	0.9	12.8	(17.4)
	5,332.5	5,278.2	802.2
Bonuses and rebates, net of reinsurance	145.2	167.7	92.8
Other	17.4	6.5	6.2
Total life insurance	11,258.2	11,475.6	7,220.3
Non-life insurance			
Claims and claims paid:			
- Gross	2,835.4	6,098.1	6,536.2
- Reinsurers' share	(290.3)	(1,173.5)	(1,306.5)
	2,545.1	4,924.6	5,229.7
Changes in non-life insurance technical provisions:			
- Gross	436.0	665.2	664.8
- Reinsurers' share	(49.9)	(149.2)	(221.8)
- Other changes, net of reinsurance	6.8	1.1	1.0
	392.9	517.1	444.0
Bonuses and rebates, net of reinsurance	2.6	4.8	6.4
Change in equalisation provision	6.1	10.4	(20.5)
Other	14.0	19.6	16.2
Total non-life insurance	2,960.7	5,476.5	5,675.8
Total technical charges insurance	14,218.9	16,952.1	12,896.1

The net effect of reinsurance items associated with the life insurance operations are charged or credited to the profit and loss account. In 2004, the net effect amounts to EUR 352.2 million, positive (2003: EUR 8.5 million, negative; 2002: EUR 434.3 million, negative).

A17 Operating expenses

The following table provides information on operating expenses.

	2004	2003	2002
Wages and salaries	554.6	1,070.5	1,124.3
Social charges:			
- Pension and early retirement	82.1	121.2	146.0
- Other social charges	107.4	155.7	170.8
Depreciation and amortisation	45.7	80.1	88.8
Investment management	343.7	356.5	298.0
Commissions:			
- Life insurance	394.6	492.3	515.6
- Non-life insurance	907.7	2,654.1	2,809.1
Change in deferred acquisition costs	26.0	(29.8)	(137.0)
Reinsurance commission and profit participation	(139.1)	(747.3)	(881.9)
Project development costs	137.6	181.9	104.8
Other	251.7	805.6	874.1
Total	2,712.0	5,140.8	5,112.6

Wages and salaries include an amount of EUR 12.3 million (2003: EUR 18.9 million; 2002: EUR 18.9 million) in respect of commissions paid to salaried agents.

Investment management and technical charges insurance (see A16) include EUR 68.6 million related to salaries and social charges (2003: EUR 118.6 million; 2002: EUR 118.9 million).

A18 Reconciliation of technical accounts

In compliance with statutory requirements, the tables below present the technical result life, technical result non-life and non-technical accounts.

Technical result life

	2004	2003	2002
Insurance premiums	9,034.9	9,405.1	9,599.1
Allocated investment result, from non-technical account	3,681.6	3,856.2	(589.9)
Other technical income, net of reinsurance	7.2	6.9	1.6
Other income	305.2	384.6	322.6
	3,994.0	4,247.7	(265.7)
Benefits and surrenders, net of reinsurance	5,763.1	6,023.2	6,319.1
Changes in technical provisions	5,332.5	5,278.2	802.2
Bonuses and rebates, net of reinsurance	145.2	167.8	92.8
Operating expenses:			
- Acquisition costs	494.1	640.6	675.5
- Change in deferred acquisition costs	36.8	47.7	(5.1)
- Administrative expenses	335.7	461.6	508.1
- Reinsurance commissions and profit participation	(5.3)	(13.1)	(19.9)
	861.3	1,136.8	1,158.6
Other technical charges, net of reinsurance	17.4	6.5	6.2
Other charges	171.8	218.8	137.6
Result technical account life insurance before taxation	737.6	821.5	816.9

Technical result non-life

	2004	2003	2002
Insurance premiums	4,361.2	8,736.8	8,895.5
Allocated investment result from non-technical account	334.2	488.3	558.5
Other technical income, net of reinsurance	11.4	12.1	13.9
Other income	65.5	297.8	316.8
	411.1	798.2	889.2
Claims, net of reinsurance:			
- Claims paid, gross	2,835.4	6,098.1	6,536.2
- Reinsurers' share	(290.3)	(1,173.5)	(1,306.5)
	2,545.1	4,924.6	5,229.7
- Change in provision for claims, gross	436.0	665.2	664.8
- Reinsurers' share	(49.9)	(149.1)	(221.8)
	2,931.2	5,440.7	5,672.7
Change in other technical provisions, net of reinsurance	6.8	1.1	1.0
Bonuses and rebates, net of reinsurance	2.6	4.8	6.4
Operating expenses:			
- Acquisition costs	1,120.9	2,919.2	3,004.8
- Change in deferred acquisition costs	(10.8)	(77.5)	(131.9)
- Administrative expenses	359.4	1,317.3	1,558.3
- Reinsurance commissions and profit participation	(133.8)	(734.2)	(862.0)
	1,335.7	3,424.8	3,569.2
Other technical charges, net of reinsurance	14.0	19.5	16.1
Change in equalisation provision	6.1	10.4	(20.5)
Other charges	10.0	16.8	7.1
Result technical account non-life insurance before taxation	465.9	616.9	532.7

The following table presents the technical result by region.

							2004
		The			United	Rest of	
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Total
Life	428.6	289.4	7.9	725.9	4.3	7.4	737.6
Non-life	185.0	184.0	1.4	370.4	22.1	73.4	465.9
Total	613.6	473.4	9.3	1,096.3	26.4	80.8	1,203.5
							2003
		The			United	Rest of	
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Total
Life	413.7	264.7	2.5	680.9	118.2	22.4	821.5
Non-life	199.0	56.4	1.1	256.5	282.7	77.7	616.9
Total	612.7	321.1	3.6	937.4	400.9	100.1	1,438.4
							2002
		The			United	Rest of	
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Total
Life	372.9	278.5	7.1	658.5	167.7	(9.3)	816.9
Non-life	104.3	49.5	1.5	155.3	300.6	76.8	532.7
Total	477.2	328.0	8.6	813.8	468.3	67.5	1,349.6

The following table reflects the technical result non-life by line of business and by region.

					2004
	Accident				
	and health	Motor	Fire	Other	Total
Belgium	35.8	78.6	52.6	18.0	185.0
The Netherlands	135.4	1.5	53.5	(6.4)	184.0
Luxembourg	0.1	0.0	1.9	(0.6)	1.4
Benelux	171.3	80.1	108.0	11.0	370.4
United States	10.0			12.1	22.1
Rest of the world	2.1	41.3	26.1	3.9	73.4
Total	183.4	121.4	134.1	27.0	465.9
					2003
	Accident				
	and health	Motor	Fire	Other	Total
Belgium	59.6	68.4	59.4	11.6	199.0
The Netherlands	90.6	(23.4)	10.0	(20.8)	56.4
Luxembourg	0.2	0.0	0.9	0.0	1.1
Benelux	150.4	45.0	70.3	(9.2)	256.5
United States	184.9			97.8	282.7
Rest of the world	3.8	56.2	6.9	10.8	77.7
Total	339.1	101.2	77.2	99.4	616.9
					2002
	Accident				
	and health	Motor	Fire	Other	Total
Belgium	40.2	27.5	29.2	7.4	104.3
The Netherlands	69.0	(14.6)	2.1	(7.0)	49.5
Luxembourg	0.0	(0.0)	0.7	0.8	1.5
Benelux	109.2	12.9	32.0	1.2	155.3
United States	180.0			120.6	300.6
Rest of the world	5.7	80.6	(7.7)	(1.8)	76.8
Total	294.9	93.5	24.3	120.0	532.7

Ratios
The ratios by region are:

							2004
		The			United	Rest of	
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Total
Claims ratio	59.0	63.1	37.2	61.6	53.3	72.0	62.9
Expense ratio	36.8	33.9	48.9	35.0	48.5	28.7	34.9
Combined ratio	95.8	97.0	86.1	96.6	101.8	100.7	97.8
							2003
		The			United	Rest of	
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Total
Claims ratio	57.3	65.5	39.9	62.4	55.0	71.3	59.4
Expense ratio	36.8	34.7	52.1	35.5	49.0	28.9	42.1
Combined ratio	94.1	100.2	92.0	97.9	104.0	100.2	101.5
							2002
		The			United	Rest of	
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Total
Claims ratio	66.5	66.5	27.0	66.4	55.2	71.9	60.5
Expense ratio	38.2	36.3	62.1	37.1	49.7	28.0	43.4
Combined ratio	104.7	102.8	89.1	103.5	104.9	99.9	103.9

Claims ratio: the cost of claims, net of reinsurance in non-life, as a percentage of the earned premiums, excluding the internal costs of handling non-life claims.

Expense ratio: expenses, i.e. costs plus net commissions charged to the financial year, less internal investment costs as a percentage of the earned premiums, net of reinsurance. The expense ratio is used for non-life insurance companies only.

Combined ratio: the sum of the claims ratio and the expense ratio. The combined ratio does not take account of commissions received.

Non-technical account

	2004	2003	2002
Investment income:			
- Land and buildings	528.5	510.5	419.6
- Participating interests	108.3	25.5	15.6
- Other investments	2,977.5	3,733.7	3,737.9
- Investments on behalf of policyholders	369.9	322.6	460.6
Value re-adjustments on investments	0.6	7.1	3.6
Realised gains on investments	505.8	1,107.8	539.1
Realised / unrealised gains on investments			
on behalf of policyholders	1,255.7	1,365.2	96.3
	5,746.3	7,072.4	5,272.7
Administrative expenses and interest charges	772.0	1,132.6	1,047.1
Value adjustments on investments	20.2	6.3	2.5
Realised losses on investments	443.6	2,101.2	1,240.7
Realised / unrealised losses on investments			
on behalf of policyholders	238.6	342.9	3,515.3
	1,474.4	3,583.0	5,805.6
Result on investment	4,271.9	3,489.4	(532.9)
Allocated investment result,			
to technical accounts:			
- Life insurance	3,681.6	3,856.2	(589.9)
- Non-life insurance	334.2	488.3	558.4
	4,015.8	4,344.5	(31.5)
Result on investment non-technical account	256.1	(855.1)	(501.4)
Other income			4.8
Other charges			1.9
			2.9
Result non-technical account before taxation	256.1	(855.1)	(498.5)

A19 Financial information about non-life insurance

The table below provides financial information on the non-life insurance business activities by line of business.

	Gross	Gross	Gross	Gross	Rein-
	premiums	premiums	claims	operating	surance
	written	earned	incurred	expenses	balance 1)
2004					
Accident and health	1,670.0	1,628.8	1,170.4	357.7	(45.0)
Motor, third-party	775.1	776.0	551.3	211.4	(4.7)
Motor, other lines	659.6	657.8	470.1	171.3	(7.3)
Marine, aviation and transport	215.5	202.3	141.0	46.5	(6.5)
Fire and other damage to property	998.0	987.1	459.6	367.4	(92.5)
Liability	309.0	302.2	205.0	102.1	(22.6)
Legal aid	50.6	50.0	33.1	15.8	(6.9)
Assistance	19.5	20.5	15.0	3.2	0.6
Miscellaneous	478.9	445.6	225.9	196.1	(48.4)
Total	5,176.2	5,070.3	3,271.4	1,471.5	(233.3)
2003					
Accident and health	4,308.7	4,284.4	3,109.2	1,171.4	15.6
Motor, third-party	820.0	813.8	615.3	214.7	1.4
Motor, other lines	722.1	719.0	490.9	203.6	0.8
Marine, aviation and transport	189.8	191.5	147.6	43.3	(10.4)
Fire and other damage to property	1,038.0	1,010.2	519.5	387.6	(76.7)
Liability	284.5	272.1	181.5	95.7	(17.0)
Legal aid	41.7	41.5	23.7	10.6	(8.9)
Assistance	19.4	19.3	14.4	3.1	0.6
Miscellaneous 2)	3,862.0	3,733.2	1,661.1	2,023.4	(202.4)
Total	11,286.2	11,085.0	6,763.2	4,153.4	(297.0)
2002					
Accident and health	4,614.2	4,599.1	3,378.9	1,272.3	(24.6)
Motor, third-party	777.1	775.1	590.1	202.8	(5.1)
Motor, other lines	742.8	731.0	529.4	201.1	7.9
Marine, aviation and transport	169.6	161.0	130.2	40.5	0.4
Fire and other damage to property	963.2	949.2	593.5	364.5	(42.0)
Liability	249.3	242.3	187.6	87.1	3.9
Legal aid	40.2	40.6	22.2	10.0	(6.0)
Assistance	18.1	18.3	14.8	3.0	0.6
Miscellaneous 2)	4,284.0	4,171.2	1,754.2	2,259.2	(327.6)
Total	11,858.5	11,687.8	7,200.9	4,440.5	(392.5)

¹⁾ Represents net effect of reinsurance items recorded in the profit and loss account. A negative number means a charge to Fortis.

^{2) &#}x27;Miscellaneous' concerns mainly credit-related insurance in the United States.

Balance sheet banking

	Note	31-12-2004	31-12-2003	31-12-2002
Assets				
Cash	B1	4,144.7	6,890.0	3,290.7
Trading securities	B2	37,870.9	23,458.2	14,518.2
Investments	ВЗ	108,565.5	103,799.7	89,978.6
Loans and advances to credit institutions	B4	71,721.0	77,980.9	82,282.8
Loans and advances to customers	B5	206,400.5	174,402.0	158,591.1
Prepayments and accrued income		38,639.6	27,000.7	26,652.2
Other assets	B6	16,816.3	10,447.4	10,067.5
Total assets		484,158.5	423,978.9	385,381.1
Liabilities				
Amounts owed to credit institutions	В7	118,119.1	109,036.2	98,772.6
Amounts owed to customers	B8	227,550.4	201,805.2	179,566.4
Debt certificates	B10	42,141.6	37,938.5	40,230.3
Accruals and deferred income		37,343.4	26,628.3	25,299.7
Other liabilities	B11	36,135.6	27,195.6	20,565.1
Subordinated liabilities	B12	10,233.9	9,566.7	9,524.1
		471,524.0	412,170.5	373,958.2
Fund for general banking risks	B13	2,198.4	2,209.1	2,215.0
Minority interest in group equity	B14	734.2	934.7	954.3
Net equity		9,701.9	8,664.6	8,253.6
Group equity	•	10,436.1	9,599.3	9,207.9
Total liabilities		484,158.5	423,978.9	385,381.1

Profit and loss account banking

	Note	2004	2003	2002
Revenues:				
Interest income		38,878.8	23,751.0	23,373.3
Commissions and fees	B18	1,977.6	1,801.6	1,860.7
Results from financial transactions 1)	B19	612.2	852.4	809.9
Other revenues	B20	880.1	749.6	726.7
Total revenues		42,348.7	27,154.6	26,770.6
Interest expense	B21	(34,291.3)	(19,370.9)	(18,961.5)
Total revenues, net of interest expense	B17	8,057.4	7,783.7	7,809.1
Value adjustments	B22	(227.2)	(761.7)	(732.3)
Net revenues		7,830.2	7,022.0	7,076.8
Operating expenses	B23	(5,167.7)	(5,128.1)	(5,168.2)
Operating result before taxation		2,662.5	1,893.9	1,908.6
Taxation		(680.0)	(448.9)	(591.5)
Operating group profit	-	1,982.5	1,445.0	1,317.1
Minority interests		54.0	55.2	64.6
Net operating profit before value differences	_	1,928.5	1,389.8	1,252.5
Value differences on the equity portfolio ²⁾		41.4	56.2	(97.7)
Net operating profit	_	1,969.9	1,446.0	1,154.8
Non-operating items after taxation		(114.9)	49.2	138.0
Net profit	-	1,855.0	1,495.2	1,292.8
Net interest income		4,587.5	4,380.1	4,411.8

Including the results of hedging transactions and total realised gains.
 Including the unrealised value differences on the equity portfolio.

Notes to the balance sheet and profit and loss account banking

B1 Cash

Cash includes legal tender and balances at central banks that are repayable on demand. Certain cash balances are subject to restrictions, including reserve requirements set by the European Central Bank. At 31 December 2004 an amount of EUR 2,103.5 million was subject to withdrawal and usage restrictions (2003: EUR 5,711.6 million; 2002: EUR 1,795.6 million).

B2 Trading securities

The table below reflects the composition of trading securities.

	2004	2003	2002
Debt securities	22,065.6	19,282.0	10,886.0
Equity securities	15,805.3	4,176.2	3,632.2
Total	37,870.9	23,458.2	14,518.2

As per 31 December 2004 equity securities include EUR 122.2 million of Fortis shares (2003: EUR 73.3 million; 2002: EUR 83.3 million). Nearly all securities of the trading portfolio are listed.

B3 Investments

The composition of investments at 31 December is as follows:

	2004	2003	2002
Treasury bills	30.0	27.0	225.2
Debt securities	105,106.2	100,546.4	85,978.6
Equity securities	1,483.5	1,267.0	1,820.5
	106,619.7	101,840.4	88,024.3
Investments in real estate	1,945.8	1,959.3	1,954.3
Total	108,565.5	103,799.7	89,978.6

Debt securities and other fixed-income securities can be further analysed as follows:

	2004	2003	2002
Public bodies issued	71,806.9	73,889.3	62,951.2
Other borrowers	33,299.3	26,657.1	23,027.4
Total	105,106.2	100,546.4	85,978.6
Listed 1)	77,692.0	78,728.5	70,864.3
Unlisted	27,414.2	21,817.9	15,114.3
Total	105,106.2	100,546.4	85,978.6

¹⁾ Fair value is EUR 79,564.0 million (2003: EUR 80,238.6 million; 2002: EUR 73,256.6 million).

Of the debt securities and other fixed-income securities an amount of EUR 19,381.2 million is due next year (2003: EUR 18,610.9 million; 2002: EUR 23,098.3 million). Debt securities and other fixed-income securities include an amount of EUR 1,637.9 million of subordinated loans (2003: EUR 351.3 million; 2002: EUR 227.6 million).

Equity securities can be further detailed as follows:

Total	1,483.5	1,267.0	1,820.5
Unlisted	1,021.3	801.7	849.8
Listed	462.2	465.3	970.7
	2004	2003	2002

Equity securities do not include Fortis shares in 2004 (2003: EUR 12.4 million; 2002: EUR 14.1 million).

The table below reflects the roll-forward of investments in banking.

			2004			2003
	Debt			Debt		
	securities			securities		
	and other			and other		
	fixed income	Equity	Land and	fixed income	Equity	Land and
	securities	securities	buildings	securities	securities	buildings
Opening balance at 1 January	100,546.4	1,267.0	1,959.3	85,978.6	1,820.5	1,954.3
Acquisitions and sales						
group companies	(298.8)	(2.9)	(7.9)	(118.9)	(427.4)	(11.3)
Purchases	40,030.6	428.7	41.7	67,673.0	445.1	34.7
Book value of sales and redemptions	(34,533.4)	(246.7)	(40.2)	(51,194.8)	(566.0)	(67.2)
Revaluations		63.0	(15.8)		1.0	74.8
Unrealised capital gains / losses						
included in P&L		(14.4)	(2.8)		13.4	
Exchange rate differences	(824.9)	(18.8)	0.9	(1,786.9)	(29.5)	(28.7)
Reclassifications	186.3	7.6	10.6	(4.6)	9.9	2.7
Closing balance at 31 December	105,106.2	1,483.5	1,945.8	100,546.4	1,267.0	1,959.3
Purchase price		1,415.6	1,843.6		1,271.9	1,841.4
Fair value	107,949.9			102,128.6		
Redemption value	104,319.4			99,285.5		

Investment securities

The following table reflects the amortised cost (cost in the case of equity securities) and the approximate fair value at 31 December of investments in debt securities and other fixed-income securities and equity securities.

				2004
		Gross	Gross	
	Amortised cost	unrealised	unrealised	
	or cost	gains	losses	Fair value
Belgian government	17,071.2	700.1	(4.1)	17,767.2
Dutch government	7,891.3	225.7	(1.5)	8,115.5
U.S. government	641.6	2.0	(0.1)	643.5
German government	5,693.6	166.0	(0.4)	5,859.2
Spanish government	2,895.4	191.0	(0.3)	3,086.1
Italian government	19,617.2	442.7	(0.1)	20,059.8
French government	4,709.8	253.2	(0.3)	4,962.7
Other governments	13,287.0	527.5	(17.7)	13,796.8
Companies	4,723.4	123.8	(6.2)	4,841.0
Banking	13,799.0	194.5	(9.7)	13,983.8
Mortgage-backed securities	7,440.8	28.9	(1.3)	7,468.4
Other asset-backed securities	6,043.5	22.8	(14.1)	6,052.2
Other debt securities and fixed income securities	1,292.4	25.0	(3.7)	1,313.7
Total debt securities and other fixed-income securities	105,106.2	2,903.2	(59.5)	107,949.9
Equity securities	1,415.6	116.3	(48.5)	1,483.4
Total investment securities	106,521.8	3,019.5	(108.0)	109,433.3

				2003
		Gross	Gross	
	Amortised cost	unrealised	unrealised	
	or cost	gains	losses	Fair value
Belgian government	18,519.1	660.6	(38.9)	19,140.8
Dutch government	6,827.1	172.6	(38.1)	6,961.6
U.S. government	3,285.0	16.0	(11.4)	3,289.6
German government	4,984.0	43.4	(52.9)	4,974.5
Spanish government	3,583.5	121.5	(14.4)	3,690.6
Italian government	23,721.1	300.9	(63.9)	23,958.1
French government	4,059.3	101.8	(34.2)	4,126.9
Other governments	8,910.3	241.9	(63.8)	9,088.4
Companies	5,758.6	95.3	(14.4)	5,839.5
Banking	10,453.9	217.7	(17.2)	10,654.4
Mortgage-backed securities	5,179.7	8.5	(9.9)	5,178.3
Other asset-backed securities	4,352.4	9.0	(42.8)	4,318.6
Other debt securities and fixed income securities	912.4	21.1	(26.2)	907.3
Total debt securities and other fixed-income securities	100,546.4	2,010.3	(428.1)	102,128.6
Equity securities	1,261.5	79.3	(73.8)	1,267.0
Total investment securities	101,807.9	2,089.6	(501.9)	103,395.6
				2002
		Gross		
		GIUSS	Gross	
	Amortised cost	unrealised	unrealised	
	Amortised cost or cost			Fair value
Belgian government		unrealised	unrealised	Fair value 20,566.4
Belgian government Dutch government	or cost	unrealised gains	unrealised losses	
	or cost 19,634.4	unrealised gains 939.3	unrealised losses	20,566.4
Dutch government	or cost 19,634.4 8,120.9	unrealised gains 939.3 239.3	unrealised losses (7.3)	20,566.4 8,360.2
Dutch government U.S. government	or cost 19,634.4 8,120.9 2,365.4	unrealised gains 939.3 239.3 13.9	unrealised losses (7.3)	20,566.4 8,360.2 2,378.3
Dutch government U.S. government German government	or cost 19,634.4 8,120.9 2,365.4 3,596.3	unrealised gains 939.3 239.3 13.9 59.0	(7.3) (1.0) (0.1)	20,566.4 8,360.2 2,378.3 3,655.2
Dutch government U.S. government German government Spanish government	or cost 19,634.4 8,120.9 2,365.4 3,596.3 7,422.7	unrealised gains 939.3 239.3 13.9 59.0 159.2	(7.3) (1.0) (0.1) (0.9)	20,566.4 8,360.2 2,378.3 3,655.2 7,581.0
Dutch government U.S. government German government Spanish government Italian government	or cost 19,634.4 8,120.9 2,365.4 3,596.3 7,422.7 12,301.1	unrealised gains 939.3 239.3 13.9 59.0 159.2 347.9	(7.3) (1.0) (0.1) (0.9) (0.5)	20,566.4 8,360.2 2,378.3 3,655.2 7,581.0 12,648.5
Dutch government U.S. government German government Spanish government Italian government French government	or cost 19,634.4 8,120.9 2,365.4 3,596.3 7,422.7 12,301.1 2,779.3	unrealised gains 939.3 239.3 13.9 59.0 159.2 347.9 57.7	(7.3) (1.0) (0.1) (0.9) (0.5) (0.6)	20,566.4 8,360.2 2,378.3 3,655.2 7,581.0 12,648.5 2,836.4
Dutch government U.S. government German government Spanish government Italian government French government Other governments	or cost 19,634.4 8,120.9 2,365.4 3,596.3 7,422.7 12,301.1 2,779.3 6,731.3	unrealised gains 939.3 239.3 13.9 59.0 159.2 347.9 57.7 295.5	(7.3) (1.0) (0.1) (0.9) (0.5) (0.6) (20.9)	20,566.4 8,360.2 2,378.3 3,655.2 7,581.0 12,648.5 2,836.4 7,005.9
Dutch government U.S. government German government Spanish government Italian government French government Other governments Companies	or cost 19,634.4 8,120.9 2,365.4 3,596.3 7,422.7 12,301.1 2,779.3 6,731.3 8,004.2	unrealised gains 939.3 239.3 13.9 59.0 159.2 347.9 57.7 295.5 98.2	(7.3) (1.0) (0.1) (0.5) (0.6) (20.9)	20,566.4 8,360.2 2,378.3 3,655.2 7,581.0 12,648.5 2,836.4 7,005.9 8,079.6
Dutch government U.S. government German government Spanish government Italian government French government Other governments Companies Banking	or cost 19,634.4 8,120.9 2,365.4 3,596.3 7,422.7 12,301.1 2,779.3 6,731.3 8,004.2 7,697.0	unrealised gains 939.3 239.3 13.9 59.0 159.2 347.9 57.7 295.5 98.2 273.2	unrealised losses (7.3) (1.0) (0.1) (0.9) (0.5) (0.6) (20.9) (22.8) (12.8)	20,566.4 8,360.2 2,378.3 3,655.2 7,581.0 12,648.5 2,836.4 7,005.9 8,079.6 7,957.4
Dutch government U.S. government German government Spanish government Italian government French government Other governments Companies Banking Mortgage-backed securities	or cost 19,634.4 8,120.9 2,365.4 3,596.3 7,422.7 12,301.1 2,779.3 6,731.3 8,004.2 7,697.0 3,485.6	unrealised gains 939.3 239.3 13.9 59.0 159.2 347.9 57.7 295.5 98.2 273.2 0.8	unrealised losses (7.3) (1.0) (0.1) (0.9) (0.5) (0.6) (20.9) (22.8) (12.8) (0.3)	20,566.4 8,360.2 2,378.3 3,655.2 7,581.0 12,648.5 2,836.4 7,005.9 8,079.6 7,957.4 3,486.1
Dutch government U.S. government German government Spanish government Italian government French government Other governments Companies Banking Mortgage-backed securities Other asset-backed securities	or cost 19,634.4 8,120.9 2,365.4 3,596.3 7,422.7 12,301.1 2,779.3 6,731.3 8,004.2 7,697.0 3,485.6 2,303.3	unrealised gains 939.3 239.3 13.9 59.0 159.2 347.9 57.7 295.5 98.2 273.2 0.8 0.6	unrealised losses (7.3) (1.0) (0.1) (0.9) (0.5) (0.6) (20.9) (22.8) (12.8) (0.3) (30.6)	20,566.4 8,360.2 2,378.3 3,655.2 7,581.0 12,648.5 2,836.4 7,005.9 8,079.6 7,957.4 3,486.1 2,273.3
Dutch government U.S. government German government Spanish government Italian government French government Other governments Companies Banking Mortgage-backed securities Other asset-backed securities Other debt securities and fixed income securities	or cost 19,634.4 8,120.9 2,365.4 3,596.3 7,422.7 12,301.1 2,779.3 6,731.3 8,004.2 7,697.0 3,485.6 2,303.3 1,537.1	unrealised gains 939.3 239.3 13.9 59.0 159.2 347.9 57.7 295.5 98.2 273.2 0.8 0.6 10.9	unrealised losses (7.3) (1.0) (0.1) (0.9) (0.5) (0.6) (20.9) (22.8) (12.8) (0.3) (30.6) (5.2)	20,566.4 8,360.2 2,378.3 3,655.2 7,581.0 12,648.5 2,836.4 7,005.9 8,079.6 7,957.4 3,486.1 2,273.3 1,542.8
Dutch government U.S. government German government Spanish government Italian government French government Other governments Companies Banking Mortgage-backed securities Other asset-backed securities Other debt securities and fixed income securities Total debt securities and other fixed-income securities	or cost 19,634.4 8,120.9 2,365.4 3,596.3 7,422.7 12,301.1 2,779.3 6,731.3 8,004.2 7,697.0 3,485.6 2,303.3 1,537.1 85,978.6	unrealised gains 939.3 239.3 13.9 59.0 159.2 347.9 57.7 295.5 98.2 273.2 0.8 0.6 10.9 2,495.5	unrealised losses (7.3) (1.0) (0.1) (0.9) (0.5) (0.6) (20.9) (22.8) (12.8) (0.3) (30.6) (5.2)	20,566.4 8,360.2 2,378.3 3,655.2 7,581.0 12,648.5 2,836.4 7,005.9 8,079.6 7,957.4 3,486.1 2,273.3 1,542.8

The following table presents the maturities and related carrying and fair value of debt securities and other fixed-income securities and treasury bills at 31 December 2004.

		Carrying	Fair
		value	value
Due in one year or less		19,411.2	19,793.7
Due from one year to five years		39,015.2	39,835.4
Due from five years to ten years		29,491.0	30,592.4
Due after ten years		17,218.9	17,758.2
Total		105,136.3	107,979.7
Investments in land and buildings			
The table below is a summary of investments in land and buildings.			
	2004	2003	2002
Land and buildings in company use	1,883.7	1,927.6	1,854.0
Other land and buildings	62.1	31.7	100.3
Investments in land and buildings	1,945.8	1,959.3	1,954.3
Costprice land and buildings	1,843.6	1,841.4	1,934.1
The following table provides information on land and buildings by valua	ation date.		
	2004	2003	2002
2004	565.2		
2003	833.7	1,190.2	
2002	546.9	769.1	1,465.4
2001			488.9
2000			
1999			
1998			
	1,945.8	1,959.3	1,954.3

B4 Loans and advances to credit institutions

The following table provides information on loans and advances to credit institutions in the balance sheet.

_				2004
	Belgium	The Netherlands	Other	Total
Current and other bank accounts	103.2	209.6	10,131.1	10,443.9
Interest bearing deposits	1,176.7	706.5	7,468.7	9,351.9
Securities purchased under resale agreements	1,812.0	319.4	47,625.8	49,757.2
Other	6.5	1,260.1	937.8	2,204.4
Gross amount	3,098.4	2,495.6	66,163.4	71,757.4
Allowance for credit losses	(18.3)	(0.9)	(17.2)	(36.4)
Net amount	3,080.1	2,494.7	66,146.2	71,721.0
_				2003
	Belgium	The Netherlands	Other	Total
Current and other bank accounts	158.8	858.4	3,664.0	4,681.2
Interest bearing deposits	587.5	4,185.7	14,865.0	19,638.2
Securities purchased under resale agreements	2,148.2	59.2	45,540.9	47,748.3
Other	2,185.5	221.5	3,554.3	5,961.3
Gross amount	5,080.0	5,324.8	67,624.2	78,029.0
Allowance for credit losses	(22.4)	(1.3)	(24.4)	(48.1)
Net amount	5,057.6	5,323.5	67,599.8	77,980.9
_				2002
	Belgium	The Netherlands	Other	Total
Current and other bank accounts	165.3	1,999.2	8,242.1	10,406.6
Interest bearing deposits	1,547.1	1,244.5	19,071.3	21,862.9
Securities purchased under resale agreements	1,837.3	250.4	46,672.7	48,760.4
Other	11.2	332.8	1,057.0	1,401.0
Gross amount	3,560.9	3,826.9	75,043.1	82,430.9
Allowance for credit losses	(114.8)		(33.3)	(148.1)
Net amount	3,446.1	3,826.9	75,009.8	82,282.8

The geographic analysis of loans and advances to credit institutions is primarily based on the domicile of the operating company.

B5 Loans and advances to customers

The following table provides information on loans and advances to customers.

				2004
	Belgium Th	ne Netherlands	Other	Total
Gross amount	76,361.5	72,335.2	60,056.0	208,752.7
Allowance for credit losses	(1,087.1)	(511.4)	(753.7)	(2,352.2)
Net amount	75,274.4	71,823.8	59,302.3	206,400.5
Public sector	4,547.0	615.1	399.9	5,562.0
Private sector:				
- Corporate				
- Guaranteed by government authorities	570.4		275.6	846.0
- Other receivables	48,091.5	31,287.4	52,955.9	132,334.8
Subtotal	48,661.9	31,287.4	53,231.5	133,180.8
- Retail				
- Secured by mortgages	19,486.2	37,173.0	2,731.3	59,390.5
- Other receivables	2,579.3	2,748.3	2,939.6	8,267.2
Subtotal	22,065.5	39,921.3	5,670.9	67,657.7
Net amount	75,274.4	71,823.8	59,302.3	206,400.5
				2003
	Belgium Th	ne Netherlands	Other	Total
Gross amount	79,028.0	57,946.3	40,302.6	177,276.9
Allowance for credit losses	(1,293.1)	(695.4)	(886.4)	(2,874.9)
Net amount	77,734.9	57,250.9	39,416.2	174,402.0
Public sector	3,896.9	200.4	436.2	4,533.5
Private sector:				
- Corporate				
- Guaranteed by government authorities	456.1		214.7	670.8
- Other receivables	50,833.4	19,866.0	34,107.1	104,806.5
Subtotal	51,289.5	19,866.0	34,321.8	105,477.3
- Retail				
- Secured by mortgages	18,565.2	34,077.4	3,214.7	55,857.3
- Other receivables	3,983.3	3,107.1	1,443.5	8,533.9
Subtotal	22,548.5	37,184.5	4,658.2	64,391.2
Net amount	77,734.9	57,250.9	39,416.2	174,402.0

				2002 1)
	Belgium	The Netherlands	Other	Total
Gross amount	73,559.0	50,077.3	37,747.0	161,383.3
Allowance for credit losses	(1,174.3)	(636.0)	(981.9)	(2,792.2)
Net amount	72,384.7	49,441.3	36,765.1	158,591.1
Public sector	4,219.8	454.4	101.1	4,775.3
Private sector:				
- Corporate				
- Guaranteed by government authorities	470.2		189.6	659.8
- Other receivables	46,301.6	21,291.6	32,141.4	99,734.6
Subtotal	46,771.8	21,291.6	32,331.0	100,394.4
- Retail				
- Secured by mortgages	17,550.1	24,521.6	2,852.7	44,924.4
- Other receivables	3,843.0	3,173.7	1,480.3	8,497.0
Subtotal	21,393.1	27,695.3	4,333.0	53,421.4
Net amount	72,384.7	49,441.3	36,765.1	158,591.1

¹⁾ Loans and advances to customers are recorded for the full gross amount as from 2003. Comparable figures for gross amounts and the provision for loan losses have been adjusted accordingly.

The geographic analysis of loans and advances to customers is primarily based on the domicile of the Fortis operating company.

The table below presents analysis of the change in the allowance for loan losses.

	2004	2003
Balance at 1 January	2,923.0	2,940.3
Purchases and sales group companies	2.0	19.7
Write-offs	(518.9)	(515.9)
Value adjustments on loans	165.4	676.9
Exchange rate and other adjustments	(182.9)	(198.0)
Balance at 31 December	2,388.6	2,923.0
Composed of:		
- Loans and advances to credit institutions	36.4	48.1
- Loans and advances to customers	2,352.2	2,874.9
	2,388.6	2,923.0

The provision for loan losses includes an amount of EUR 141.4 million related to country risks (2003: EUR 189.6 million; 2002: EUR 215.0 million).

The total amount of loans and advances to customers and credit institutions at 31 December 2004 which may be impossible to collect fully is EUR 5,587.8 million (2003: EUR 6,788.4 million; 2002: EUR 7,118.8 million). The related amount of provisions is EUR 2,240.2 million (2003: EUR 2,735.1 million; 2002: EUR 2,501.7 million). The difference between the outstanding amount and the provision is covered by the value of the collateral or expected cash flows.

B6 Other assets

Other assets consists of the following:

	2004	2003	2002
Participating interests valued by equity method	576.2	271.3	312.3
Other participating interests:			
- Participating interests	842.6	513.4	497.5
- Receivable from participating interests	9.5	10.5	9.3
Total participating interests	1,428.3	795.2	819.1
Other tangible fixed assets	747.3	793.5	806.2
Receivables arising from banking operations	10,585.9	5,453.3	5,661.2
Assets held for lease	2,625.8	1,885.0	1,562.3
Deferred tax	133.6	373.7	447.1
Other	1,295.4	1,146.7	771.6
Total	16,816.3	10,447.4	10,067.5

Other tangible fixed assets consists mainly of data processing systems, office equipment and motor vehicles.

B7 Amounts owed to credit institutions

The following table provides information on amounts owed to credit institutions in the balance sheet at 31 December.

				2004
	Belgium	The Netherlands	Other	Total
Demand deposits	3,465.5	609.2	918.9	4,993.6
Time deposits	31,828.7	000.2	11,188.2	43,016.9
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	58,228.3	10,298.4	10.8	68,537.5
Other short-term borrowings	1,137.2	26.2	285.6	1,449.0
Other long-term debt	9.3	66.8	46.0	122.1
Other				
Total	94,669.0	11,000.6	12,449.5	118,119.1

				2003
	Belgium	The Netherlands	Other	Total
Demand deposits	4,761.7	3,366.5	1,100.8	9,229.0
Time deposits	27,739.4	2,914.5	8,876.1	39,530.0
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	53,127.3	4,617.5	1,220.7	58,965.5
Other short-term borrowings	796.5	0.8	311.1	1,108.4
Other long-term debt	56.9	124.0	22.4	203.3
Other				
Total	86,481.8	11,023.3	11,531.1	109,036.2
				2002
	Belgium	The Netherlands	Other	Total
Demand deposits	3,090.0	1,258.1	2,613.2	6,961.3
Time deposits	25,378.9	2,324.6	10,601.5	38,305.0
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	44,706.8	3,337.0	173.3	48,217.1
Other short-term borrowings	438.1	12.6	425.6	876.3
Other long-term debt	355.9	3,804.7	236.1	4,396.7
Other		16.2		16.2
Total	73,969.7	10,753.2	14,049.7	98,772.6

The geographic analysis of amounts owed to credit institutions is based on the location of the Fortis operating company.

B8 Amounts owed to customers

The following table provides information on amounts owed to customers at 31 December.

				2004
	Belgium	The Netherlands	Other	Total
Demand deposits - non-interest bearing	1,906.4	33.8	1,324.7	3,264.9
Demand deposits - interest bearing	24,852.3	13,793.2	19,394.7	58,040.2
Savings deposits accounts	44,911.1	10,633.0	47.8	55,591.9
Time deposits	30,336.0	6,523.4	17,872.5	54,731.9
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	23,564.3		20,031.1	43,595.4
Other short-term borrowings		1,723.8	1,942.8	3,666.6
Long-term debt	20.4	7,793.3	2.1	7,815.8
Other	544.7	76.5	222.5	843.7
Total	126,135.2	40,577.0	60,838.2	227,550.4

				2003
	Belgium	The Netherlands	Other	Total
Demand deposits - non-interest bearing	1,833.8	259.3	644.8	2,737.9
Demand deposits - interest bearing	23,925.9	13,637.8	17,259.1	54,822.8
Savings deposits accounts	40,688.8	10,466.0	31.0	51,185.8
Time deposits	24,180.3	5,679.4	19,573.9	49,433.6
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	24,512.2		3,618.0	28,130.2
Other short-term borrowings	80.9	1,576.7	488.9	2,146.5
Long-term debt	21.2	10,134.9	2.2	10,158.3
Other	2,538.6	135.5	516.0	3,190.1
Total	117,781.7	41,889.6	42,133.9	201,805.2
				2002
	Belgium	The Netherlands	Other	Total
Demand deposits - non-interest bearing	1,549.2	32.9	356.6	1,938.7
Demand deposits - interest bearing	22,111.9	13,396.9	17,170.2	52,679.0
Savings deposits accounts	33,442.4	10,342.2	23.1	43,807.7
Time deposits	24,743.7	5,611.1	18,335.1	48,689.9
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	21,976.5		2,591.6	24,568.1
Other short-term borrowings	212.2	1,027.1	1,866.8	3,106.1
Long-term debt	32.5	358.8	2.6	393.9
Other	3,675.5	253.0	454.5	4,383.0
Total	107,743.9	31,022.0	40,800.5	179,566.4

The geographic analysis of amounts owed to customers is based on the location of the Fortis operating company.

B9 Securities purchased under resale agreements and securities sold under repurchase agreements

Securities purchased under resale agreements are included in loans and advances to credit institutions and loans and advances to customers. Securities sold under repurchase agreements are included in amounts owed to credit institutions and amounts owed to customers.

The following table provides information on Fortis's securities purchased under resale agreement activities.

	2004	2003	2002
Maximum amount outstanding at any month-end	172,367.1	74,450.0	68,795.3
Average amount outstanding	118,967.4	49,942.3	57,797.5

Securities underlying these agreements are managed by Fortis.

The following table provides information on Fortis's securities sold under repurchase agreement activities.

	2004	2003	2002
Maximum amount outstanding at any month-end	185,463.0	84,552.5	80,429.1
Average amount outstanding	131,689.5	64,708.5	69,491.1

Securities underlying these agreements are managed by the counterparties.

B10 Debt certificates

Debt certificates consist of debt securities and other fixed-income securities. As of 31 December 2004, of these securities an amount of EUR 26,209.6 million (2003: EUR 24,571.7 million; 2002: EUR 24,037.1 million) is repayable during the next financial year.

The following table provides information on debt certificates by nature of instrument and country of origin.

				2004
	Belgium	The Netherlands	Other	Total
Time deposits	14,825.7	5,347.0	13,206.3	33,379.0
Commercial paper			5,647.1	5,647.1
Long-term debt	79.3	472.5	2,563.7	3,115.5
Total	14,905.0	5,819.5	21,417.1	42,141.6
				2003
	Belgium	The Netherlands	Other	Total
Time deposits	17,760.2	1,353.1	9,628.1	28,741.4
Commercial paper			6,149.8	6,149.8
Long-term debt	120.3	567.2	2,359.8	3,047.3
Total	17,880.5	1,920.3	18,137.7	37,938.5
				2002
	Belgium	The Netherlands	Other	Total
Time deposits	21,562.5	901.3	4,524.4	26,988.2
Commercial paper			8,320.7	8,320.7
Long-term debt	3.2	1,893.0	3,025.2	4,921.4
Total	21,565.7	2,794.3	15,870.3	40,230.3

The geographic analysis of debt certificates is based on the location of the operating company.

B11 Other liabilities

Other liabilities consists of the following at 31 December:

	2004	2003	2002
Pensions and early retirement benefits	245.3	182.8	270.6
Taxes and other social security charges	621.6	576.6	735.8
Other provisions	1,250.0	1,226.2	1,418.2
Short position trading portfolio	22,390.4	17,148.0	10,645.2
Option premiums received in advance	7,744.7	5,914.1	5,043.5
Other	3,883.6	2,147.9	2,451.8
Total	36,135.6	27,195.6	20,565.1

Other provisions include an amount of EUR 83.2 million (2003: EUR 97.5 million; 2002: EUR 395.9 million) for the integration of banking activities and a provision of EUR 433.8 million (2003: EUR 385.5 million; 2002: EUR 273.5 million) for deferred taxes. Other liabilities include EUR 16.3 million of payables to group companies (2003: EUR 6.3 million; 2002: EUR 4.8 million).

B12 Subordinated liabilities

The following table gives a description of subordinated liabilities.

	2004	2003	2002
Notes (not covered by collateral)			
denominated in various currencies with an average interest rate			
of 5.53% (2003: 5.73%; 2002: 5.92%) and maturities through 2031	7,572.7	7,127.4	6,856.2
Perpetual loans denominated in various currencies with an average interest rate			
of 6.05% (2003: 6.02%; 2002: 5.76%)	661.2	679.3	907.9
Perpetual loan from Fortis Brussels SA/NV with a coupon of 6 month			
EURIBOR + 1.25% and + 2.75% from 2005 onwards.		760.0	760.0
Redeemable perpetual loan (Tier 1 loan), with an interest of 6.50%			
untill 26 September 2011 and Euro Reference Rate + 2.37% thereafter	1,000.0	1,000.0	1,000.0
Redeemable perpetual loan (Tier 1 loan), with an interest of 4.63%			
untill 27 October 2014 and three month Euro Reference Rate + 1.70% thereafter	1,000.0		
	10,233.9	9,566.7	9,524.1

In September 2001 Fortis Bank issued Redeemable Perpetual Cumulative Coupon Debt Securities for an amount of EUR 1 billion. The regulator considers the securities to be part of the Tier 1 capital of Fortis Bank and of Fortis Bank's shareholders' equity on a consolidated basis.

The securities are governed by a Support Agreement, in which Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V. jointly and severally agree to contribute to Fortis Bank any additional funds necessary for Fortis Bank to pay the coupon in the event of a dividend payment by Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V. on their ordinary or preference shares in the same period.

In order to accept the securities as constituting Tier 1 capital of Fortis Bank, the regulator requires that the sum of the dividend paid by Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V. on their ordinary and preference shares and of all amounts payable under the Support Agreement and similar agreements may not exceed the level of the aggregate distributable reserves of Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V.

To meet this condition, the Board of Directors has decided that dividend will not be paid on the ordinary shares, preference shares or other capital instruments (if applicable) unless the sum of the distributable reserves of both companies is sufficient to cover all dividend payments relating to their respective ordinary shares, preference shares and other capital instruments, as well as any amounts payable in the same financial year pursuant to their obligations under the Support Agreement.

B13 Fund for general banking risks

The following table reflects the movements in the fund for general banking risks.

Balance at 31 December	2,198.4	2,209.1
Exchange rate differences	(1.3)	(4.5)
Acquisition and sale group companies	(9.4)	(1.4)
Balance at 1 January	2,209.1	2,215.0
	2004	2003

B14 Minority interests in group equity

Minority interests in group equity includes preferred shares issued for financing purposes of EUR 450.0 million. More details can be found in note 7 'Minority interests in group equity'.

B15 Off-balance sheet items

The following table reflects the notional amount of derivative financial instruments outstanding at 31 December 2004, by term.

				2004
		Five years		
		or less and		
	One year	more than	More than	
	or less	one year	five years	Total
Interest rate contracts				
OTC:				
- swaps	1,749,764.8	390,690.2	239,668.2	2,380,123.2
- forwards	16,576.1	25,859.6	636.6	43,072.3
- options	38,754.9	295,338.2	416,372.3	750,465.4
Exchange-traded:				
- forwards	13,914.2	2,903.5	5,374.9	22,192.6
- options	3,000.0	30.0	1,566.1	4,596.1
Subtotal	1,822,010.0	714,821.5	663,618.1	3,200,449.6
Currency contracts				
OTC:				
- swaps	188,202.0	10,873.1	1,882.1	200,957.2
- forwards	2,301.5			2,301.5
- options	27,253.8	7,776.9		35,030.7
Subtotal	217,757.3	18,650.0	1,882.1	238,289.4
Other contracts				
OTC	4,678.6	22,462.3	11,573.6	38,714.5
Exchange-traded	9,802.8	2,743.6	105.9	12,652.3
Subtotal	14,481.4	25,205.9	11,679.5	51,366.8
Total	2,054,248.7	758,677.4	677,179.7	3,490,105.8

Trading derivatives

Fortis uses derivative financial instruments on behalf of customers or for its own account. The following table reflects the notional amounts, positive fair values and negative fair values of trading derivative financial instruments at 31 December. All significant intercompany contracts have been excluded.

			2004
	Notional	Positive	Negative
	amount	fair value	fair value
Interest rate contracts			
OTC:			
- swaps	1,059,482.7	11,004.5	(12,817.3)
- forwards	36,593.8	65.5	(45.2)
- options	750,134.9	7,483.4	(7,123.1)
Exchange-traded:			
- forwards	21,954.7	0.5	(6.6)
- options	4,596.1		
Subtotal	1,872,762.2	18,553.9	(19,992.2)
Currency contracts			
OTC:			
- swaps	180,870.5	1,458.1	(1,669.5)
- forwards	2,301.5	13.0	(9.6)
- options	34,291.7	539.7	(459.9)
Subtotal	217,463.7	2,010.8	(2,139.0)
Other contracts			
OTC	33,544.0	3,501.8	(2,111.8)
Exchange-traded	12,652.3	146.7	(265.6)
Subtotal	46,196.3	3,648.5	(2,377.4)
Total	2,136,422.2	24,213.2	(24,508.6)

			2003
	Notional	Positive	Negative
	amount	fair value	fair value
Interest rate contracts			
OTC:			
- swaps	611,483.7	6,372.2	(6,373.6)
- forwards	35,082.2	400.3	(611.8)
- options	649,254.8	5,404.6	(5,201.9)
Exchange-traded:			
- forwards	23,589.1	40.1	(0.2)
- options	52,190.5	14.0	(15.3)
Subtotal	1,371,600.3	12,231.2	(12,202.8)
Currency contracts			
OTC:			
- swaps	153,298.7	1,329.3	(1,543.9)
- forwards	1,791.2	57.6	(70.9)
- options	27,674.4	571.6	(46.4)
Subtotal	182,764.3	1,958.5	(1,661.2)
Other contracts			
OTC	25,932.4	1,782.2	(2,634.6)
Exchange-traded	44,904.3	531.1	(93.8)
Subtotal	70,836.7	2,313.3	(2,728.4)
Total	1,625,201.3	16,503.0	(16,592.4)

			2002
	Notional	Positive	Negative
	amount	fair value	fair value
Interest rate contracts			
OTC:			
- swaps	431,201.2	6,259.7	(6,454.7)
- forwards	26,390.0	40.7	(57.2)
- options	500,089.4	2,908.1	(3,826.0)
Exchange-traded:			
- forwards	20,905.2	41.7	(1.2)
- options	18,856.5	12.6	(9.8)
Subtotal	997,442.3	9,262.8	(10,348.9)
Currency contracts			
OTC:			
- swaps	121,606.0	1,185.7	(1,196.2)
- forwards	2,128.9	155.4	(154.6)
- options	17,065.5	250.3	(97.0)
Subtotal	140,800.4	1,591.4	(1,447.8)
Other contracts			
OTC	29,268.1	2,027.7	(1,943.6)
Exchange-traded	38,467.4	161.7	(218.4)
Subtotal	67,735.5	2,189.4	(2,162.0)
Total	1,205,978.2	13,043.6	(13,958.7)

Gains/losses on derivative financial instruments represent the net amount earned from trading activities. The profitability of these trading activities depends largely on the volume and diversity of the transactions, the level of risk it is willing to assume and the volatility of price and rate movements.

Risk management derivatives

The following table reflects the notional amounts and fair values at 31 December of derivative financial instruments used for risk management. All significant intercompany contracts have been excluded.

			2004
	Notional	Positive	Negative
	amount	fair value	fair value
Interest rate contracts			
OTC:			
- swaps	1,320,640.5	1,094.6	(1,653.6)
- forwards	6,478.5	1.8	(0.8)
- options	330.5	0.2	(2.6)
Exchange-traded:			
- forwards	237.9	0.4	(0.3)
- options			
Subtotal	1,327,687.4	1,097.0	(1,657.3)
Currency contracts			
OTC:			
- swaps	20,086.7	300.5	(255.6)
- forwards			
- options	739.0	11.8	(0.0)
Subtotal	20,825.7	312.3	(255.6)
Other contracts			
OTC	5,170.5	30.5	(22.6)
Exchange-traded			
Subtotal	5,170.5	30.5	(22.6)
Total	1,353,683.6	1,439.8	(1,935.5)

			2003
	Notional	Positive	Negative
	amount	fair value	fair value
Interest rate contracts			
OTC:			
- swaps	646,232.8	892.8	(1,459.7)
- forwards	18,286.1	13.3	(14.1)
- options	257.3		(0.5)
Exchange-traded:			
- forwards			
- options			
Subtotal	664,776.2	906.1	(1,474.3)
Currency contracts			
OTC:			
- swaps	12,908.2	232.6	(234.4)
- forwards	15.2		(0.1)
- options	701.4	11.8	(0.0)
Subtotal	13,624.8	244.4	(234.5)
Other contracts			
OTC	7,527.6	340.8	(329.5)
Exchange-traded	20.7	2.3	(0.5)
Subtotal	7,548.3	343.1	(330.0)
Total	685,949.3	1,493.6	(2,038.8)

			2002
	Notional	Positive	Negative
	amount	fair value	fair value
Interest rate contracts			
OTC:			
- swaps	200,229.3	916.5	(1,403.4)
- forwards	14,417.8	9.5	(21.7)
- options	614.1	0.5	(1.1)
Exchange-traded:			
- forwards	374.5		
- options	45.8		
Subtotal	215,681.5	926.5	(1,426.2)
Currency contracts			
OTC:			
- swaps	16,979.4	316.7	(212.3)
- forwards			
- options	6.5	0.1	(0.1)
Subtotal	16,985.9	316.8	(212.4)
Other contracts			
OTC	9,476.2	184.0	(244.7)
Exchange-traded	20.9	1.0	(2.4)
Subtotal	9,497.1	185.0	(247.1)
Total	242,164.5	1,428.3	(1,885.7)

B16 Maturities

The following table reflects the maturities of debts and receivables as at 31 December.

						2004
	Repayable		3 months -			
	on demand	< 3 months	1 year	1 - 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Loans and advances to credit institutions	32,451.3	31,031.3	7,565.9	585.1	87.4	71,721.0
Loans and advances to customers	27,595.4	50,381.6	19,496.2	22,796.7	86,130.6	206,400.5
Amounts owed to credit institutions	4,993.7	105,792.0	6,845.0	282.5	205.9	118,119.1
Amounts owed to customers	132,404.2	68,071.6	12,753.8	7,855.7	6,465.1	227,550.4
						2003
	Repayable		3 months -			
	on demand	< 3 months	1 year	1 - 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Loans and advances to credit institutions	31,096.5	29,205.4	16,601.0	770.0	308.0	77,980.9
Loans and advances to customers	30,000.5	31,182.2	15,130.8	22,276.4	75,812.1	174,402.0
Amounts owed to credit institutions	9,239.2	86,581.2	12,442.7	304.4	468.7	109,036.2
Amounts owed to customers	129,976.3	39,447.1	21,240.6	7,447.8	3,693.4	201,805.2
						2002
	Repayable		3 months -			
	on demand	< 3 months	1 year	1 - 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Loans and advances to credit institutions	23,029.7	50,539.5	7,726.6	807.2	179.8	82,282.8
Loans and advances to customers	34,722.2	27,558.9	12,522.8	25,570.6	58,216.6	158,591.1
Amounts owed to credit institutions	6,779.7	74,796.4	12,871.4	2,472.0	1,853.1	98,772.6
Amounts owed to customers	115,947.9	45,922.4	10,106.5	5,109.2	2,480.4	179,566.4

The following table provides information about subordinated debt and long-term debt instruments.

							2004	2003
Maturity	< 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 year	3-4 year	4-5 year	> 5 year	Total	Total
Subordinated liabilities:								
- Fixed rate	1,234.4	539.1	1,106.8	810.8	1,370.1	5,078.9	10,140.1	7,271.7
- Variable rate	·		1.0			92.8	93.8	2,295.0
	1,234.4	539.1	1,107.8	810.8	1,370.1	5,171.7	10,233.9	9,566.7
Debt certificates:								
- Fixed rate	145.1	232.4	73.2	245.1	129.2	709.2	1,534.2	2,924.0
- Variable rate	621.2	204.1	73.4	102.9	25.9	553.8	1,581.3	123.3
	766.3	436.5	146.6	348.0	155.1	1,263.0	3,115.5	3,047.3
Amounts owed to								
customers	4,381.6	416.7	629.4	575.1	214.5	1,598.5	7,815.8	10,158.3
Amounts owed to								
credit institutions	63.8	40.6	4.4	4.7	4.8	3.9	122.1	203.3
Total	6,446.1	1,432.9	1,888.2	1,738.6	1,744.5	8,037.1	21,287.3	22,975.6

B17 Revenues

The following table provides information on banking revenues based on the country in which the Fortis company is located.

							2004
		The			United	Rest of	
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Total 1)
Net interest income	2,188.6	1,381.1	384.8	3,954.5	76.6	556.4	4,587.5
Commissions and fees	622.8	461.7	371.7	1,456.2	27.3	494.1	1,977.6
Results from financial							
transactions	(9.2)	191.8	18.5	201.1	21.6	389.5	612.2
Other revenues	299.5	181.0	104.1	584.6	25.7	269.8	880.1
Total revenues,							
net of interest expense	3,101.7	2,215.6	879.1	6,196.4	151.2	1,709.8	8,057.4
							2003
		The			United	Rest of	
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Total 1)
Net interest income	2,005.5	1,253.1	372.9	3,631.5	133.1	615.5	4,380.1
Commissions and fees	541.8	469.9	275.9	1,287.6	36.1	477.9	1,801.6
Results from financial							
transactions	583.8	21.1	(14.8)	590.1	6.4	255.9	852.4
Other revenues	274.4	139.3	92.1	505.8	2.0	241.8	749.6
Total revenues,							
net of interest expense	3,405.5	1,883.4	726.1	6,015.0	177.6	1,591.1	7,783.7

¹⁾ Including eliminations

							2002
		The			United	Rest of	
	Belgium	Netherlands	Luxembourg	Benelux	States	the world	Total 1)
Net interest income	2,090.5	1,178.6	386.0	3,655.1	166.7	590.0	4,411.8
Commissions and fees	560.9	468.2	285.4	1,314.5	43.8	502.4	1,860.7
Results from financial							
transactions	667.5	(22.3)	9.2	654.4	(0.4)	155.9	809.9
Other revenues	229.3	171.0	109.4	509.7	12.9	204.1	726.7
Total revenues,							
net of interest expense	3,548.2	1,795.5	790.0	6,133.7	223.0	1,452.4	7,809.1

¹⁾ Including eliminations.

Movements in net interest income are as follows:

			2004
	Average		Interest
	balance	Interest	in %
Assets:			
- Loans and advances to credit institutions	83,052.4	3,029.2	3.65
- Loans and advances to customers	196,996.5	8,333.0	4.23
- Interest-bearing securities	102,945.7	3,790.1	3.68
Total interest-bearing assets	382,994.6	15,152.3	3.96
Liabilities:			
- Amounts owed to credit institutions	117,912.6	3,663.4	3.11
- Amounts owed to customers	220,608.2	5,418.2	2.46
- Debt certificates and subordinated liabilities	49,886.8	1,807.9	3.62
Total interest-bearing liabilities	388,407.6	10,889.5	2.80
Other interest on balance (mainly from hedging transactions via derivatives)		324.6	
Net interest income		4,587.4	
Net interest income / interest-bearing assets			1.20

			2003
	Average		Interest
	balance	Interest	in %
Assets:			
- Loans and advances to credit institutions	82,126.6	2,143.7	2.61
- Loans and advances to customers	163,495.4	7,348.8	4.49
- Interest-bearing securities	91,831.5	3,601.1	3.92
Total interest-bearing assets	337,453.5	13,093.6	3.88
Liabilities:			
- Amounts owed to credit institutions	100,597.6	2,347.0	2.33
- Amounts owed to customers	188,386.1	4,631.8	2.46
- Debt certificates and subordinated liabilities	47,360.0	1,905.4	4.02
Total interest-bearing liabilities	336,343.7	8,884.2	2.64
Other interest on balance (mainly from hedging transactions via derivatives)		170.7	
Net interest income		4,380.1	
Net interest income / interest-bearing assets			1.30
			2002
	Average		Interest
	balance	Interest	in %
Assets:			
- Loans and advances to credit institutions	88,195.4	3,243.2	3.68
- Loans and advances to customers	162,531.6	8,154.0	5.02
- Interest-bearing securities	88,094.0	4,016.2	4.56
Total interest-bearing assets	338,821.0	15,413.4	4.55
Liabilities:			
- Amounts owed to credit institutions	109,987.9	3,669.6	3.34
- Amounts owed to customers	178,330.0	5,428.6	3.04
- Debt certificates and subordinated liabilities	50,814.9	2,313.0	4.55
Total interest-bearing liabilities	339,132.8	11,411.2	3.36
Other interest on balance (mainly from hedging transactions via derivatives)		409.6	
Net interest income		4,411.8	
Net interest income / interest-bearing assets			1.30

B18 Commissions and fees

The following table provides information on commission income and commissions paid.

	2004	2003	2002
Commission income			
- issuance	67.0	49.0	64.9
- securities transactions	485.4	472.6	519.1
- insurance	171.7	154.3	139.4
- asset management	763.1	638.4	675.3
- payment services	382.7	372.2	346.1
- miscellaneous	665.8	608.6	615.3
Total commission income	2,535.7	2,295.1	2,360.1
Commission paid	558.1	493.5	499.4
Net commission income	1,977.6	1,801.6	1,860.7

B19 Results from financial transactions

The following table provides information on net results from financial transactions.

	2004	2003	2002
Gains / losses on trading derivative financial instruments	(687.7)	(217.9)	227.5
Realised gains on sale of investments	438.6	443.0	366.1
Realised gains on participating interest	38.5	16.2	0.6
Foreign exchange gains and losses	286.8	249.2	242.0
Gains / losses on trading securities	536.0	361.9	(26.3)
Total	612.2	852.4	809.9

B20 Other revenues

The following table provides information on other revenues.

	2004	2003	2002
Dividends from equity securities	56.6	28.1	62.0
Rental income land and buildings	143.7	137.0	138.5
Revenues from participating interests	101.2	35.0	27.4
Income from leasing activities	444.1	396.2	380.9
Other revenues	134.5	153.3	117.9
Total	880.1	749.6	726.7

Revenues from land and buildings include rental income related to land and buildings in company use amounting to EUR 122.5 million (2003: EUR 118.8 million; 2002: EUR 129.6 million) and EUR 21.2 million (2003: EUR 18.1 million; 2002: EUR 9.0 million) rented to third parties. Revenues from participating interests include EUR 58.3 million, positive (2003: EUR 14.2 million, positive; 2002: EUR 6.5 million, negative) related to the share in profits of participating interests valued by the equity method.

B21 Interest expense

The following table summarises interest expenses.

	2004	2003	2002
Amounts owed to credit institutions	3,663.4	2,347.1	3,669.6
Amounts owed to customers	5,418.2	4,631.8	5,428.6
Interest expense risk management derivatives contracts	23,385.4	10,469.9	7,543.7
Debt certificates	1,306.9	1,375.6	1,755.7
Subordinated liabilities	500.9	529.8	557.3
Other	16.5	16.7	6.6
Total	34,291.3	19,370.9	18,961.5

B22 Value adjustments

The following table summarises value adjustments.

	2004	2003	2002
Value adjustments on receivables and debt securities	167.2	713.1	577.8
Change in provisions contingent liabilities	57.2	25.6	34.6
Value (re)adjustments land and buildings	2.8	23.0	119.9
Total	227.2	761.7	732.3

B23 Operating expenses

The following table summarises operating expenses.

	2004	2003	2002
Wages and salaries	2,153.3	2,099.6	2,193.5
Social charges:			
- Pension and early retirement	309.1	311.0	232.7
- Other social charges	482.8	484.7	488.8
Depreciation and amortisation	244.0	258.5	263.9
Cost of assets held for lease	336.6	296.4	296.8
Other charges	1,641.9	1,677.9	1,692.5
Total	5,167.7	5,128.1	5,168.2

Balance sheet general

	Note	31-12-2004	31-12-2003	31-12-2002
Assets				
Cash		12.4	421.3	11.5
Investments	C1	96.0	102.0	121.0
Loans and advances to credit institutions				
Loans and advances to customers	C2	7,869.7	10,300.1	8,530.2
Prepayments and accrued income		320.6	430.4	476.7
Other assets	C3	2,534.9	3,180.7	3,816.5
Total assets		10,833.6	14,434.5	12,955.9
Liabilities				
Amounts owed to credit institutions		0.0	1.9	7.2
Debt certificates	C4	9,581.7	12,947.6	10,434.7
Accruals and deferred income		378.5	752.4	511.3
Other liabilities	C5	924.5	1,294.9	879.7
Convertible notes	C6			1,255.9
Subordinated convertible note	C7	1,250.0	1,250.0	1,250.0
Subordinated liabilities	C8	1,004.9	1,005.0	1,005.0
		13,139.6	17,251.8	15,343.8
Minority interests in group equity	C9		435.4	524.5
Net equity		(2,306.0)	(3,252.7)	(2,912.4)
Group equity		(2,306.0)	(2,817.3)	(2,387.9)
Total liabilities		10,833.6	14,434.5	12,955.9
Allocation of net equity to segments				
Net equity Insurance operations		6,968.7	6,482.3	5,529.7
Net equity Banking operations		9,701.9	8,664.6	8,253.6
Net equity of the holding activities and not related				
to Insurance or Banking		(2,306.0)	(3,252.7)	(2,912.4)
Net equity Fortis Group		14,364.6	11,894.2	10,870.9

Profit and loss account general

	Note	2004	2003	2002
Revenues:				
Interest income		787.2	1,012.2	567.0
Results from financial transactions		6.2	3.1	(21.2)
Other revenues	C10	10.1	4.9	12.3
Total revenues		803.5	1,020.2	558.1
Interest expense		(905.2)	(1,138.0)	(646.5)
Total revenues, net of interest expense		(101.7)	(117.8)	(88.4)
Operating expenses	C11	(129.9)	(105.5)	(125.6)
Operating result before taxation		(231.6)	(223.3)	(214.0)
Taxation		68.8	76.5	48.6
Operating group profit		(162.8)	(146.8)	(165.4)
Minority interests	_		36.9	44.9
Net operating profit before value differences		(162.8)	(183.7)	(210.3)
Value differences on the equity portfolio		(89.9)	(11.7)	101.6
Net operating profit		(252.7)	(195.4)	(108.7)
Non-operating items after taxation		156.5	0.1	34.4
Net profit	_	(96.2)	(195.3)	(74.3)

Notes to the balance sheet and profit and loss account general

The general segment consists of activities not related to the core banking and insurance business, such as group treasury and finance and other holding activities. Primary assets in the general sector relate to convertible notes and receivables from group companies, while primary liabilities relate to convertible notes, commercial paper and other short-term borrowings held by Fortis's finance companies.

C1 Investments

Investments of the general sector consist solely of equity securities. The purchase price is EUR 18.2 million (2003: EUR 12.1 million; 2002: EUR 19.3 million).

C2 Loans and advances to customers

Loans and advances to customers includes EUR 7,868.6 million (2003: EUR 10,299.0 million; 2002: EUR 8,529.0 million) of loans issued to group companies, including subordinated loans of EUR 765.0 million (2003: EUR 565.0 million; 2002: EUR 1,691.1 million) for insurance companies and EUR 465.0 million (2003: EUR 1,055.0 million; 2002: EUR 1,225.0 million) for banking companies.

C3 Other assets

Other assets include the Fortis shares purchased for the account of Fortis in connection with Fortis' issuance commitments. In 2004 this amounts to EUR 23.5 million (2003: EUR 23.5 million; 2002: EUR 31.1 million). Otherwise it relates almost entirely to receivables with a term of less than one year. EUR 2,352.2 million (2003: EUR 2,886.1 million; 2002: EUR 3,322.0 million) of these receivables consists of receivables from group companies.

C4 Debt certificates

Debt certificates represent primarily commercial paper and European Medium Term programmes by Fortis Finance with maturities up to a maximum of ten years and included in 2004 no loans from group companies (2003: EUR 116.1 million; 2002: EUR 794.3 million).

C5 Other liabilities

Other liabilities at 31 December consist of:

	2004	2003	2002
Deferred taxation	189.2	189.1	189.1
Other provisions	9.5	10.4	11.5
Other	725.8	1,095.4	679.1
	924.5	1,294.9	879.7

C6 Convertible notes

The convertible notes were redeemed prematurely in 2003.

C7 Subordinated convertible note

Further information on subordinated convertible notes can be found on page 33.

C8 Subordinated liabilities

These are mainly subordinated loans on behalf of banking and insurance businesses. These loans are also accounted for under subordinated loans by these companies and have therefore been eliminated in the consolidated balance sheet. This also includes a subordinated loan provided by the directors of Fortis SA/NV and its subsidiaries and subsubsidiaries. A total of 25,180 warrants are connected to the loan. Exercise of a warrant entitles the holder to 9 Fortis shares. The warrants may be exercised until 20 November 2007 and have a conversion price of EUR 167.58 (EUR 18.62 per share). The outstanding warrants are included in the options overview in note 13 'Employee stock and option plans'.

C9 Minority interests in group equity

Minority interests in group equity in 2003 and 2002 relate to a hybrid financing instrument issued in March 2000, and that was redeemed in early 2004 in conjunction with the IPO of Assurant, Inc. Further details can be found in note 7 'Minority interests in group equity'.

C10 Other revenues

The following table provides information on other revenues.

	2004	2003	2002
Dividends from equity securities	1.2	1.3	1.1
Other revenues	8.9	3.6	11.2
Total	10.1	4.9	12.3

C11 Operating expenses

The following table summarises operating expenses.

	2004	2003	2002
Wages and salaries Social costs:	25.1	26.1	25.4
- Pension and early retirement	4.4	4.5	5.5
- Other social costs	5.2	3.3	1.4
Depreciation and amortisation	3.2	4.2	4.4
Other charges	92.0	67.4	88.9
Total	129.9	105.5	125.6

Brussels/Utrecht, 9 March 2005

Board of Directors

Count M. Lippens (Chairman)

J.J. Slechte (Vice-Chairman)

J.P. Votron (Chief Executive Officer)

J.M. Hessels

Baron D. Janssen

Mrs A.J.M. Roobeek

Baron P. Van Waeyenberge

N.J. Westdijk

Baron P. Bodson

R. Delbridge

J. Manardo

R. Sandler

R. Talwar

Post-balance sheet date events

On 28 January 2005, Fortis and Banco Comercial Portugues (BCP) entered into an agreement on the establishment of a bancassurance joint venture. The new joint venture, Millenniumbcp Fortis, is Portugal's market leader in life insurance. In 2004 BCP's bancassurance operations reported premium income of EUR 1.4 billion, of which EUR 1.2 billion stemmed from life insurance (market share of 20%) and EUR 0.2 billion from non-life insurance. Millenniumbcp Fortis has an attractive position in non-life insurance (3.5% share of total market and 30% share of bancassurance channel), including a leading position in health insurance. Technical reserves for life insurance amounted to EUR 6.6 billion at year-end 2004. Fortis acquired a 51% stake in the joint venture at a cost of EUR 510 million.

On 26 January 2005, Fortis sold 27.2 million shares of Assurant, Inc. by means of a secondary offering. The price was USD 30.60 per share. Fortis realised a book profit of EUR 0.25 billion on this transaction (based on IFRS accounting principles).

On the same date, Fortis issued a mandatory exchangeable bond on Assurant, Inc. shares via its subsidiary, Fortis Insurance N.V. The bond can be redeemed at Fortis's discretion via a maximum of 23.0 million shares of Assurant, Inc. or the cash value thereof on the maturity date of the bonds. The bond has a principal sum of USD 774.1 million and a coupon of 7.75%. The maturity date is 26 January 2008.

Fortis realised a book profit of EUR 0.2 billion on this transaction (based on IFRS accounting principles).

Report of the Board of Directors Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V.

Board of Directors, Statutory Auditor and Auditor

Chairmen Count Maurice Lippens

Jaap Glasz (until 26 May 2004)

Vice-Chairmen Viscount Etienne Davignon (until 26 May 2004)

Jan Slechte

Chief Executive Officer Anton van Rossum (until 11 October 2004)

Jean-Paul Votron (from 11 October 2004)

Directors Baron Philippe Bodson (from 26 May 2004)

Baron Valère Croes (until 26 May 2004) Richard Delbridge (from 26 May 2004)

Jan-Michiel Hessels Baron Daniel Janssen

Jacques Manardo (from 26 May 2004)

Annemieke Roobeek

Ronald Sandler (from 26 May 2004)
Philippe Speeckaert (until 26 May 2004)
Rana Talwar (from 26 May 2004)

Baron Piet Van Waeyenberge

Klaas Westdijk

Statutory Auditor for Fortis SA/NV PricewaterhouseCoopers

Réviseurs d'Enterprises S.C.C.R.L. Represented by Yves Vandenplas and

Luc Discry

Auditor for Fortis N.V. KPMG Accountants N.V.

Report of the Board of Directors of Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V.

General

Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V. are the two parent companies of Fortis. They head the Fortis group, which in turn comprises a large number of group companies that are active in the fields of banking and insurance.

Structure of the Fortis group

The current structure of the Fortis group was established in 1998, when the group's two parent companies adopted an identical management structure and converted Fortis into a consortium. In the following years, several initiatives were taken to unify the group further: the establishment of a single Board of Directors in September, launch of the Fortis share, a new financial instrument composed of the shares of each of the parent companies (in December 2001), amendment of the parent companies' Articles of Association in 2004 with a view to creating a more internationally-oriented Board of Directors, which is now headed by a single chairman.

A detailed description of the structure of Fortis, the rights of its shareholders, the organisation of its Board of Directors, the directors' committees and the Executive Management, as well as the policy guidelines applicable within Fortis, are included in the Fortis Governance Statement. This statement can be downloaded from the Fortis website or obtained from the company's registered offices.

All factual information on the composition and activities of the Board of Directors and its committees, remuneration of the directors and the Executive Managers, and application of Corporate Governance as prescribed by the prevailing codes and regulations, as well as all amendments in the course of the previous financial year, are included elsewhere in the consolidated Fortis Annual Report.

Share Capital

The number of outstanding and paid-up shares as on 31 December 2004 was 1,340,786,545.

During the financial year under review, the Boards of Directors of Fortis SA/NV and of Fortis N.V. decided to issue a maximum of 3,300,000 options in favour of selected Senior Executives and Professionals of Fortis, 2,793,300 of which were effectively issued. The option premiums received EUR 4.3 million by Fortis SA/NV and EUR 4,3 million by Fortis N.V., were recorded under share premium reserve.

The Board of Directors also issued 2,903,911 new shares in favour of the personnel of companies within the Fortis group. 2,568,365 of these shares were accompanied by VVPR strips. The authorised capital of Fortis SA/NV was thus increased by EUR 12.4 million, whereby EUR 10.3 million was recorded under share premium reserve. The capital of Fortis N.V. was increased by EUR 1.2 million, whereby EUR 21.5 million was recorded under share premium reserve.

Dividend

The Board of Directors proposes a dividend of EUR 1.04 per Fortis share for 2004, payable from 16 June 2005.

Composition of the Fortis Board of Directors

Significant changes were made to the composition of the Board of Directors in the year under review. Jaap Glasz, Etienne Davignon, Valère Croes and Philippe Speeckaert stepped down at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of 26 May 2004.

Jaap Glasz had previously announced his intention to resign due to health reasons. Jaap Glasz brought extensive experience and expertise to his position as member of the Board of Directors and, during his co-chairmanship with Maurice Lippens, made his mark on the change processes that helped strengthen and internationalise the Fortis Board.

Valère Croes, who reached the maximum age specified for his position by the Board of Directors, joined the current Fortis AG in 1963 and was appointed chairman of the Management Committee in 1985. He helped to set up Fortis and – while holding several major management positions within the group, including chairman of the Executive Committee – markedly influenced the further development of the company. Valère Croes became a non-executive director of Fortis in 1997.

Etienne Davignon, who also reached the maximum age for his position, was a member of the Board of Directors of the current Fortis AG since 1989 and was a non-executive director since 1990 and vice-chairman of the Fortis Board since 1998.

Philippe Speeckaert declined to stand for reappointment. Philippe Speeckaert became a director of the current Fortis AG in 1989 and joined the Supervisory Board of N.V. AMEV in 1990. He became a non-executive director of Fortis in 1998.

The Board of Directors is tremendously indebted to Jaap Glasz, Valère Croes, Etienne Davignon and Philippe Speeckaert for their contributions to the growth of Fortis in general and for their work as directors in particular.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of 26 May 2004 appointed Philippe Bodson, Richard Delbridge, Jacques Manardo, Ronald Sandler and Rana Talwar as new directors.

Anton van Rossum resigned as CEO of Fortis on 11 October 2004. Fortis is extremely grateful to Anton van Rossum for his unflagging energy and efforts in streamlining the company's management structures - which paved the way for the unification of the Fortis share – and in further streamlining and integrating the Fortis group.

Anton van Rossum was succeeded as CEO by Jean-Paul Votron, who was appointed a director of Fortis N.V. by the Extraordinary General Meeting of Fortis N.V. of 11 October 2004. Jean-Paul Votron also became a director of Fortis SA/NV on 11 October 2004 through co-optation by the Board of Directors. It will be proposed to the Annual General Meeting of Fortis SA/NV to approve the appointment of Jean-Paul Votron for a period of three years, until the Annual General Meeting in 2008. It will also be proposed to the Annual General Meetings of Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V. to reappoint Daniel Janssen for a period of one year, until the Annual General Meeting in 2006, the date on which he will reach the age limit determined by the Board, and to reappoint Maurice Lippens for a period of three years, until the Annual General Meeting in 2008.

The Board has decided not to propose the reappointment of Annemieke Roobeek, applying the new policy adopted by the Board regarding the maximum duration of a mandate as non-executive member. The Board expresses its deep gratitude for Annemieke Roobeek's strong commitment and contribution to the Board work and to Fortis development.

Remuneration of directors and combined shareholdings

In 2004 the total remuneration paid to the non-executive members of the Board of Directors for their mandate as directors of Fortis amounted to EUR 1.7 million (2003: EUR 1.9 million; 2002: EUR 2.3 million). The remuneration paid to the CEO in 2004 (Anton van Rossum until 11 October 2004; Jean-Paul Votron from 11 October 2004) amounted to EUR 2.7 million (2003: EUR 2.1 million; 2002: EUR 2.1 million). A specification of the remuneration paid to individual members of the Board of Directors is included in note 19 of the Fortis Annual Accounts.

At the end of the year under review, the total number of Fortis shares held by members of the Board of Directors amounted to 885,855 (2003: 811,146; 2002: 780,846). The non-executive members did not receive any options on Fortis shares. Maurice Lippens, a non-executive member, holds options pursuant to his previous position as executive member of the Board of Directors.

CEO Anton van Rossum was awarded options on Fortis shares, Share Appreciation Rights (SARs) and restricted shares as part of his remuneration package. Further information on the stock option plan, the exercise of options and the restricted shares can be found in note 19 of the Fortis Annual Accounts.

Outlook

As we will start reporting under IFRS in 2005, the volatility of our results will increase. We will therefore not give any guidance for full-year 2005.

Brussels, 9 March 2005

Board of Directors

 $Annual\ Accounts\ 2004\ Fortis\ /\ Report\ of\ the\ Board\ of\ Directors\ Fortis\ SA/NV\ and\ Fortis\ N.V.$

Annual Accounts 2004 Fortis SA/NV

Fortis SA/NV Rue Royale 20 1000 Brussels, Belgium On 29 March 2005 the Banking, Finance and Insurance Commission authorised the use of this Annual Report of Fortis as a reference document for any market call made by Fortis SA/NV until publication of its next Annual Report, pursuant to chapter IV of the Act of 22 April 2003 relating to public offering of securities, via the separate publication procedure.

Under this procedure, this reference document must be accompanied by an issue note in order to be considered as a prospectus in accordance with article 14 of the Act of 22 April 2003.

Such prospectus must be submitted to the Banking, Finance and Insurance Commission for approval in accordance with the Act of 22 April 2003.

General information

1. Foreword

Most of the 'General information' contained in the Annual Accounts of Fortis SA/NV in previous years is now included in the Report of the Board of Directors of Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V. Please see page 149 of the Annual Accounts. This section of general information contains solely unique information of Fortis SA/NV that has not been provided elsewhere.

2. Identification

The company is a public limited company bearing the name 'Fortis SA/NV'. Its registered office is at Rue Royale 20, 1000 Brussels. This office may be transferred anywhere else in Belgium by resolution of the Board of Directors. The company is registered in the Brussels commercial register under no. 577.615.

3. Incorporation and publication

The company was incorporated on 6 November 1993 under the name of 'Fortis Capital Holding'.

4. Places where the public can verify company documents

The Articles of Association of Fortis SA/NV can be verified at the office of the Registry of the Commercial Court at Brussels and at the companies' registered offices.

The Annual Accounts are filed with the National Bank of Belgium. Decisions on the appointment and withdraw of Board members of the companies are published, among other places, in the annexes to the Belgian Law Gazette. Financial reports on the companies and notices convening General Meetings are published in the financial press, newspapers and periodicals. The Annual Report of the company is available from the registered office and is also filed with the National Bank of Belgium. They are sent each year to registered shareholders and to others on request.

5. Amounts

All amounts stated in tables of these Annual Accounts are denominated in thousands of euros, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Balance sheet before profit appropriation

		31-12-2004	31-12-2003
	ASSETS		
	FIXED ASSETS	19,531,309	19,532,333
- 1	Incorporation expenses (note I)	1,076	2,100
Ш	Intangible fixed assets		
Ш	Tangible fixed assets		
IV	Financial fixed assets (notes IV and V)	19,530,233	19,530,233
	A. Affiliated companies	19,530,233	19,530,233
	Participating interests	19,530,233	19,530,233
	CURRENT ASSETS	3,512	1,096
v	Amounts receivable after more than one year		
VI	Stocks and contracts in progress		
VII	Amounts receivable within one year	145	74
	A. Trade accounts receivable	125	
	B. Other amounts receivable	20	74
VIII	Short-term investments		
IX	Liquid assets	3,367	1,022
Х	Prepayments and accrued income		
	TOTAL ASSETS	19,534,821	19,533,429

		31-12-2004	31-12-2003
	LIABILITIES		
	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	19,402,153	18,600,919
- 1	Capital (note VIII)	5,743,731	5,731,291
	A. Subscribed capital	5,743,731	5,731,291
П	Share premium reserve	5,538,932	5,524,342
Ш	Capital gains due to revaluations		
IV	Reserves	7,345,286	7,345,286
	A. Legal reserve	573,129	573,129
	B. Reserves not available for distribution	556,063	556,063
	1. For own shares		
	2. Other	556,063	556,063
	C. Tax-free reserves		
	D. Reserves available for distribution	6,216,094	6,216,094
٧	Profit carried forward	774,204	
	PROVISIONS AND DEFERRED TAXES		
VII	A. Provisions for risks and charges		
	1. Pensions and similar commitments		
	2. Taxes		
	3. Major renovation and maintenance projects		
	4. Other risks and charges		
	B. Deferred taxes		
	AMOUNTS PAYABLE	132,668	932,510
VIII	Amounts payable after more than one year (note X)		
IX	Amounts payable within one year (note X)	132,668	932,510
	A. Current portion of amounts payable after more than one year		
	B. Financial debts		
	C. Commercial debts	16	1,450
	1. Suppliers	16	1,450
	D. Advance payments received on account of contracts in progress		
	E. Amounts payable in respect of taxes, remuneration and social charges	1,033	2,379
	1. Taxes	1,033	2,379
	2. Remuneration and social charges		
	F. Other amounts payable	131,619	928,681
X	Accruals and deferred income		
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	19,534,821	19,533,429

2. Profit and loss account

			2004	2003
ı	One	erating income	125	149
	Α.	Turnover (note XII, A)	120	110
	В.	Increase (+) or decrease (-) in stocks of work		
	υ.	and contracts in progress		
		and of finished goods		
	C.	Own construction capitalised		
	D.	Other operating income (note XII, B)	125	149
	υ.	Catal operating moonto (toto Att, B)	120	110
II	Ope	erating expenses	(3,668)	(3,222)
	Α.	Goods for resale, raw and ancillary materials		
		1. Purchases		
		2. Increase (-), decrease (+) in stocks		
	В.	Services and miscellaneous goods	2,644	3,396
	C.	Remuneration, social charges and pensions		
		(note XII, C2)		
	D.	Depreciation and amounts written		
		down on formation expenses and		
		intangible and tangible fixed assets	1,024	1,025
	E.	Increase (+), decrease (-) in amounts written down on stocks,		
		contracts in progress and trade		
		accounts receivable (note XII, D)		
	F.	Increase (+),decrease (-) in provisions for risks and charges		
		(note XII, C3 and E)		(1,239)
	G.	Other operating expenses (note XII, F)		40
	Н.	Operating expenses capitalised as restructuring costs		
Ш	Ope	erating loss	(3,543)	(3,073)
IV	Fina	ancial income	788,692	320,160
	A.	Income from financial fixed assets	780,000	320,000
	В.	Income from current assets	8,671	159
	C.	Other financial income (note XIII, A)	21	1
v	Fina	ancial charges	(9,411)	(23,019)
	Α.	Interest in respect of amounts payable (note XIII, B and C)	3,035	13,031
	В.	Increase (+), decrease (-) in amounts written down on current	,	-,
		assets other than those referred to		
		under II. E (note XIII, D)		
	C.	Other financial charges (note XIII, E)	6,376	9,988
VI	Pro	fit on ordinary activities, before taxes	775,738	294,068

		2004	2003
VII	Extraordinary income		
VIII	Extraordinary charges		
IX	Profit for the financial year before taxes	775,738	294,068
x	Tax on profits A. Taxes (note XV) B. Adjustment of taxes and write-back of tax provisions	(1,534) (1,534)	(79) (79)
ΧI	Profit for the financial year	774,204	293,989
	Transfer from tax-exempt reserves Transfer to tax-exempt reserves		
XIII	Profit for the financial year available for appropriation	774,204	293,989
	APPROPRIATION OF PROFIT	2004	2003
A.	Profit to be appropriated 1. Profit for the financial year available for appropriation 2. Profit carried forward from the previous financial year	774,204 774,204	692,635 293,989 398,646
В.	Transfers from shareholders' equity		83,906
	 from the capital and share premium reserves from the reserves 		83,906
C.	Transfer to shareholders' equity 1. To the capital and share premium reserves		(1,208)
	2. To the legal reserves 3. To the other reserves		(1,208)
D.	Result to be carried forward		
E.	Shareholders' contribution in respect of losses		
F.	Profit to be distributed		(775,333)
	1. Dividends		(775,333)
	2. Director entitlements		

3. Other allocations

3. Notes

2004 I STATEMENT OF INCORPORATION EXPENSES (item 20 of the assets) Net book value as at the end of the preceding financial year 2,100 Change during the financial year: - New expenses incurred - Depreciation (1,024) - Other Net book value as at the end of the financial year 1.076 Comprising: Incorporation expenses and capital increase expenses, loan issuance expenses 1,076 and other formation expenses Restructuring costs 2. Companies in which participating 3. Other IV. STATUS OF FINANCIAL FIXED ASSETS (item 28 of the assets) 1. Affiliated companies interests are held companies (item 280) (item 282) (item 284) 1. Participating interests and equity securities a) ACQUISITION VALUE As at the end of the preceding financial year 19,530,233 Changes during the financial year: - Acquisitions - Disposals and asset retirements - Reclassification As at the end of the financial year 19,530,233 b) CAPITAL GAINS c) DEPRECIATION AND AMOUNTS WRITTEN OFF d) UNCALLED AMOUNTS e) NET BOOK VALUE AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR 19,530,233 (a)+(b)-(c)-(d) 2. Receivables NET BOOK VALUE AT THE END OF THE PRECEDING **FINANCIAL YEAR** NET BOOK VALUE AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR ACCUMULATED AMOUNTS WRITTEN DOWN ON

RECEIVABLES AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

V. A. PARTICIPATING INTERESTS AND ENTITLEMENTS IN OTHER COMPANIES

The following list comprises the companies in which Fortis SA/NV holds a participating interest (recorded in items 280 and 282 of the assets), as well as the other companies in which Fortis SA/NV holds entitlements (recorded in items 284 and 51/53 of the assets) representing at least 10% of the capital issued.

					Information	derived from the	atest available
		Entit	lements held by	Annual		nual Accounts	
	The co	ompany				Shareholders	,
Name, full address of the REGISTERED	(0	directly)	subsidiaries			equity	Net result
OFFICE							(+) of (-)
In case of a company governed by Belgian				Annual Accounts	Currency	(in thousand	ds of monetary
law, the V.A.T. or NATIONAL NUMBER	Number	%	%	as at	Code		units)
Fortis Brussels SA/NV Rue Royale, 20 1000 Brussels, BELGIUM BE 476.301.276 ordinary shares	500,000,001	50.00		31/12/2003	EUR	19,547,098	400,538
Fortis Utrecht N.V. Archimedeslaan 6 3584 BA Utrecht, THE NETHERLANDS ordinary shares	500,000,001	50.00		31/12/2003	EUR	20,836,441	395,680

VIII.	SPECIFICATION OF EQUITY	Amounts	Number of shares
A.	AUTHORISED CAPITAL		
1.	Subscribed capital (item 100 of the liabilities)		
	- At previous year-end	5,731,291	xxxxxxxxx
	- Changes during the financial year:		
	Capital increase	12,440	2,903,911
	- At year-end	5,743,731	xxxxxxxxx
2.	Capital represented by:		
	2.1. Ordinary shares	5,743,731	1,340,786,545
	2.2. Registered and bearer shares		
	Registered shares	XXXXXXXXX	159,788,510
	Bearer shares	xxxxxxxxx	1,180,998,035
В.	UNPAID CAPITAL		
	Shareholders who have not yet paid up in full		
C.	OWN SHARES held by:		
	- the company itself		
	- its subsidiaries	396,144	19,346,631
D.	COMMITMENTS TO ISSUE SHARES		
E.	CAPITAL AUTHORISED BUT NOT SUBSCRIBED	1,689,076	
		1. Number of shares	2. Attached voting rights

F. SHARES ISSUED NOT REPRESENTING CAPITAL

G. STRUCTURE OF THE SHAREHOLDER GROUP OF THE COMPANY AS AT THE CLOSING DATE OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR,

as shown by the notices received by the company: see page 167.

x.	STATUS OF LIABILITIES		2004
A.	AMOUNTS PAYABLE ORIGINALLY DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR, ACCORDING TO THEIR REMAINING TERM TO MATURITY		
В.	GUARANTEED AMOUNTS PAYABLE		
C.	(included in items 17 and 42/48 of the liabilities) AMOUNTS PAYABLE IN RESPECT OF TAXES, REMUNERATION AND SOCIAL CHARGES		
0.	AMOUNTS PATABLE IN TESPEST OF TAXES, NEMIONEITATION AND SOCIAL GHANGES		
	1. Taxes (item 450/3 of the liabilities)		
	a) Taxes due		
	b) Taxes not yet due		
	c) Estimated taxes payable		1,033
	2. Remuneration and social charges (item 454/9 of the liabilities)		
		2004	2003
XII.	RESULTS OF OPERATIONS		
A.	NET TURNOVER (item 70)		
В.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME (item 74)		
C1.	EMPLOYEES LISTED IN THE STAFF REGISTER		
C2.	STAFF COSTS (item 62)		
С3.	PENSION PROVISIONS (included in item 635/7)		
D.	DOWNWARD VALUE ADJUSTMENTS (item 631/4)		
E.	PROVISIONS FOR RISKS AND CHARGES (item 635/7)		(1,239)
	Formed		
	Used and reversed		(1,239)
F.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (item 640/8)		
	Taxes and levies on business operations		40
	Other		
G.	TEMPORARY STAFF AND PERSONS AVAILABLE TO THE COMPANY		
	1. Total number on balance sheet date		
	2. Average number of FTEs:		
	Number of hours actually worked	53	46
	Costs for the company	1	1

XIII.	FINANCIAL RESULTS	2004	2003
	OTHER FINANCIAL INCOME (from 750/0)		
A.	OTHER FINANCIAL INCOME (item 752/9)		
В.	AMOUNTS WRITTEN DOWN ON LOAN ISSUANCE COSTS AND FROM RISKS		
c.	CAPITALISED INTEREST		
D.	AMOUNT WRITTEN DOWN ON CURRENT ASSETS (item 651)		
E.	OTHER FINANCIAL CHARGES (item 652/9)		
F.	PROVISIONS OF A FINANCIAL NATURE		
	Breakdown of other financial income, if significant amounts are involved:		
	- Exchange rate result		2
	- Banking expenses	2	6
	- Dividend payment expenses	6,374	9,979
			2004
XV.	INCOME TAXES		
	A. BREAKDOWN OF ITEM 670/3		
	1. Taxes on the result for the financial year		
	2. Taxes on the result for previous years		1,534
	a. Additional charges for income taxes due or paid		1,534
	b. Estimated additional charges for income taxes (included in item 450/3 of the liabilities) or		
	additional charges for income taxes for which a provision was made (included in item 161 of the liabilities	3)	
	B. INSOFAR AS TAXES FOR THE CURRENT PERIOD ARE MATERIALLY AFFECTED BY DIFFERENCES		
	BETWEEN THE PROFIT BEFORE TAXES, as stated in the annual account, AND THE ESTIMATED TAXAB	3LE	
	PROFIT, the main source for such differences with special mention of differences due to timing differences bet	ween.	
	the determination of the book profit and the profit for tax purposes.		
	Dividends of subsidiaries of which 95% is not taxable		741,000
	C. IMPACT OF THE EXTRAORDINARY RESULTS ON THE LEVEL OF TAXATION ON THE RESULT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		

D. SOURCES OF DEFERRED TAXES

		2004	2003
XVI.	TAXES ON VALUE ADDED AND TAXES TO THE DEBIT OF THIRD PARTIES		
	A. Amount of value added tax charged during the financial year:		
	B. Amounts withheld to the debit of third parties in the form of:		
	1. advance levy withheld from wage, salaries and benefits	60	91
	2. withholding tax	163,436	157,139
XVII.	RIGHTS AND COMMITMENTS NOT REFLECTED IN THE BALANCE SHEET	2004	
	Personal security provided or irrevocably pledged by the company by way of surety for amounts payable		
	by or commitments of third parties, of which:	24,978,993	
	- Outstanding bills of exchange endorsed by the company		
	- Bills drawn or guaranteed by the company		
	- Maximum amount for which other debts or commitments of third parties are guaranteed		
	by the company	24,978,993	

XVIII. RELATIONSHIPS WITH AFFILIATED COMPANIES AND COMPANIES IN WHICH THE COMPANY HOLDS PARTICIPATING INTERESTS

	PARTICIPATING INTERESTS				
		2. COMPANIES IN WHICH THE COMPANY			
		1. AFFILIAT	TED COMPANIES	HOLDS PARTICIPATII	NG INTERESTS
		2004	2003	2004	2003
1.	FINANCIAL FIXED ASSETS	19,530,233	19,530,233		
	Participating interests	19,530,233	19,530,233		
2.	AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE				
	Within one year				
3.	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS				
4.	AMOUNTS PAYABLE	114,956	140,372		
	Within one year	114,956	140,372		

AFFILIATED COMPANIES

2004 2003

5. PERSONAL AND COLLATERAL SECURITY provided or irrevocably pledged by the company

by way of surety for amounts payable by or commitments of affiliated companies 24,978,993 24,674,165

PERSONAL AND COLLATERAL SECURITY provided or irrevocably pledged by affiliated companies by way of surety for amounts payable by or commitments of the company

6. OTHER SIGNIFICANT FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

7. FINANCIAL RESULTS

Income from financial fixed assets	780,000	320,000
Income from current assets	8,671	159
Other financial income		
Interest in respect of amounts payable	2,914	13,031
Other financial charges		

8. REALISATION OF FIXED ASSETS

XIX. FINANCIAL RELATIONSHIPS WITH

- A. managing directors and managers.
- B. persons or legal entities who/which control the company directly or indirectly but who are not affiliated companies.
- C. other companies that are controlled directly or indirectly by the persons or entities mentioned under b.

2004

- 1. Amounts receivable from these persons or entities
- 2. Sureties provided on their behalf
- 3. Other significant commitments undertaken on their behalf

Main conditions concerning items 9500, 9501 and 9502

- 4. Direct and indirect remuneration and pensions charged to the profit and loss account, to the extent that this disclosure does not exclusively or mainly relate to the situation of a single identifiable person:
 - managing directors and managers

223

- former managing directors and former managers

SHAREHOLDER STRUCTURE

As far as known by Fortis SA/NV, the structure of the company's stable shareholdership at 31 December 2004 was as follows:

Number of shares 1. Group SUEZ 81.190.104 6.06 2. Stichting VSB Fonds 74,020,696 5.52

On 31 December 2004, the members of the Board of Directors of Fortis SA/NV jointly held 885,855 shares and 55,900 options.

APPROPRIATION OF PROFIT

Shareholders of Fortis may choose to receive a dividend from Fortis SA/NV or Fortis N.V. In January 2005 a request was sent to the Ministery of Economic Affairs to obtain authorisation to prepare statutory annual accounts before profit appropriation as from accounting year 2004. No approval has yet been obtained. Nevertheless as in previous years and as per IAS standard 10 § 12 and 13 (presentation of dividends), the accounts were drawn up prior to the appropriation of profit.

COMMITMENTS TO ISSUE OR TRANSFER SHARES

2004

1.340.786.545 Number of shares at 31 December

- in connection with option plans, including warrants (see note 13 'Employee stock and option plans) 1)

These are references to the relevant note in the Fortis Annual Accounts.

Shares potentially to be issued: 30,097,774 - in connection with convertible notes (see notes A9 and A10) 1) 3,554,615 1,374,438,934 Potential number of shares at 31 December

The potential number of shares per 31 December include 39,682,540 shares that were issued for the FRESH transaction. These shares are held by a group company and do not confer voting rights or dividend as long as they are in the possession of the group company (see page 33 of the Annual Accounts).

INFORMATION ON THE CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS

Together with Fortis N.V. the company is part of the Fortis consortium. The two companies will together publish consolidated accounts.

The Fortis consortium Annual Accounts are available from the group's two registered offices, at Rue Royale 20, 1000 Brussels (Belgium) and Archimedeslaan 6, 3584 BA Utrecht (The Netherlands).

SUMMARY OF VALUATION PRINCIPLES

I. Incorporation expenses

Expenses relating to a capital increase or an issue of shares and convertible and non-convertible notes are amortised over a maximum period of five years.

IV. Financial fixed assets

Financial fixed assets consist only of ownership interests in Fortis companies. They are accounted for at their acquisition price, exclusive of acquisition costs.

VII. and X. Amounts receivable and liquid assets

Amounts receivable and liquid assets are accounted for at face value or acquisition price.

These items are reduced in value if, at the balance sheet date, and taking into account the value of any guarantees attached to each receivable or liquid asset, recovery is uncertain or doubtful.

VIII. Short-term investments

Securities are recorded at their acquisition value.

Reductions in value are recorded to the amount of the long-term capital losses incurred. If these reductions in value subsequently diminish, they will be reversed in the amount of such diminution. Profits on the sale of securities are determined on the basis of the average acquisition value of the securities.

Conversion of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of the financial year. Gains or losses arising from these conversions and exchange rate differences in connection with transactions in the course of the financial year are taken to the profit and loss account.

SOCIAL BALANCE

Fortis SA/NV does not employ any staff as of 31 December 2004.

Statutory auditor's report for the year ended 31 December 2004 to the Shareholders' Meeting of the company Fortis SA/NV

In accordance with legal and regulatory requirements, we are pleased to report to you on the performance of the audit mandate, which you have entrusted to us.

We have audited the financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2004 which have been prepared under the responsibility of the Board of Directors and which show a balance sheet total of EUR '000' '19,534,821' and a profit for the year of EUR '000' '774,204'. We have also carried out the specific additional audit procedures required by law.

Unqualified audit opinion on the financial statements

We conducted our audit in accordance with Belgian auditing standards, as issued by the 'Institut des Reviseurs d'Entreprises/Instituut der Bedrijfsrevisoren'. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, taking into account the legal and regulatory requirements applicable to financial statements in Belgium.

In accordance with those standards, we considered the company's administrative and accounting organisation, as well as its internal control procedures. Company officials have responded clearly to our requests for explanations and information. We examined, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts in the financial statements. We assessed the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the company, as well as the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, taking into account the applicable legal and regulatory requirements in Belgium, the financial statements present fairly the company's net worth and financial position as of 31 December 2004 and the results of its operations for the year then ended, and the information given in the notes to the financial statements is adequate.

Additional statements

We supplement our report with the following statements, which do not have any impact on our audit opinion on the financial statements:

- The directors' report contains information required by law and is consistent with the financial statements.
- Without prejudice to certain formal aspects of minor importance, the accounting records are maintained and the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the legal and regulatory requirements applicable in Belgium.
- There are no transactions undertaken or decisions taken in violation of the company's statutes or company law, which we have to report to you. As disclosed in the notes to the statutory accounts, these accounts have been presented before appropriation of the result of the year.

Brussels, 9 March 2005

 $\label{thm:continuous} Statutory\ auditor \\ Price waterhouse Coopers\ Reviseurs\ d'Entreprises\ S.C.C.R.L. \\ Represented\ by$

Yves Vandenplas

Luc Discry

Annual Accounts 2004 Fortis N.V.

Fortis N.V.
Archimedeslaan 6
3584 BA Utrecht, The Netherlands

Balance sheet

(before appropriation of profit)

	31-12-2004	31-12-2003
Assets		
Intangible fixed assets		
- Share issue expenses	0.6	0.7
Financial fixed assets		
- Participating interests in group companies	18,779.0	18,779.0
Current assets		
- Receivables from group companies	70.4	56.1
Liquid assets	2.8	1.7
	18,852.8	18,837.5
Liabilities		
Shareholders' equity		
- Capital paid-up and called-up	563.1	561.9
- Legal reserve	0.6	0.7
- Share premium reserve	6,169.4	6,143.5
- Other reserves	11,711.3	12,138.7
- Retained profit current financial year	408.3	(7.5)
	18,852.7	18,837.3
Short-term liabilities		
- Tax and social insurance premiums	0.1	0.1
- Other debts		0.1
	18,852.8	18,837.5

Fortis N.V.

Profit and loss account

	2004	2003
Income:		
- Dividend from group companies	400.0	
- Interest income	9.1	0.7
- Other income	0.1	
	409.2	0.7
Expenses:		
- Interest expense		7.8
- Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	0.2	0.2
- General management costs	0.7	0.2
	0.9	8.2
Result before taxation	408.3	(7.5)
Taxes		
Result after taxation	408.3	(7.5)

Explanatory notes to the balance sheet and profit and loss account

General

The Annual Report of Fortis N.V. should be seen in connection with the Annual Accounts of Fortis.

Due in part to the unification of the shares of Fortis N.V. and Fortis SA/NV in 2001, the Boards of Directors of Fortis N.V. has decided to harmonize the principles of valuation and profit determination of these two companies. The Board of Directors is of the opinion that harmonisation will provide greater insight into the financial position of Fortis N.V. in relation to the single share of Fortis N.V. and Fortis SA/NV.

Under section 2: 362, subsection 1, second sentence of the Netherlands Civil Code, the principles of valuation and profit determination of Fortis N.V. have therefore been harmonised in 2003 with the accounting principles that apply in Belgium.

All amounts stated in the following notes are in millions of euros, unless otherwise indicated.

Balance sheet

The following pages contain explanatory notes to the various balance sheet items, including explanation of the principles of valuation applied. Where no valuation principle is stated, the assets and liabilities are included at nominal value, less provisions where necessary.

Intangible fixed assets

Share issue expenses

This item concerns the capitalised capital tax related to capital increases in 2001, 2002, 2003 and 2004. The capitalised expenses are carried at cost, and depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over five years.

Movements in the balance sheet items are as follows:

Balance at 1 January 2004	0.7
Capitalisation in financial year	0.1
Depreciation in financial year	(0.2_)
Balance at 31 December 2004	0.6
Purchase cost at 1 January 2004	1.1
Capitalisation in financial year	0.1
Accumulated depreciation	(0.6_)
Book value at 31 December 2004	0.6

Fortis N.V.

Financial fixed assets

Participating interests in group companies

This item is made up of the 50% share in Fortis Brussels SA/NV and the 50% share in Fortis Utrecht N.V. as of year-end 2004 and year-end 2003. Participating interests in group companies are carried at cost. The cost price is based on the value of the assets and liabilities transferred to Fortis N.V. as of 1 July 2001 in connection with the unification of the shares of Fortis (NL) and Fortis (B) into a new listed Fortis share. Unification entailed the merger of Fortis (NL) with Fortis N.V. and Fortis (B) with Fortis SA/NV and the cessation of the companies Fortis (NL) and Fortis (B), leaving Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V. to become the new parent companies of Fortis.

Movements in the items are as follows:

	2004	2003
Balance at 1 January	18,779.0	19,187.0
Repayment of capital by Fortis Brussels SA/NV		(408.0)
Balance at 31 December	18,779.0	18,779.0

Receivables from group companies

Receivables from group companies are carried at nominal value, where appropriate net of a provision. All receivables have a term shorter than one year.

Liquid assets

Liquid assets are carried at nominal value and are at the full disposal of the company.

Shareholders' equity

Movements in shareholders' equity are as follows:

	2004	2003
Balance at 1 January	18,837.3	19,222.4
Capital increases	22.7	17.0
Result	408.3	(7.5)
Dividend	(420.0)	(394.6)
Other changes	4.4	
Balance at 31 December	18,852.7	18,837.3

The consolidated Annual Accounts of Fortis include the participating interests of Fortis N.V. at net asset value. Consequently, shareholders' equity of Fortis N.V. differs from the consolidated shareholders' equity of Fortis, as Fortis N.V. values its participating interests at cost.

Capital paid-up and called-up

Movements in paid-up and called-up capital are as follows:

Capital paid-up and called-up at 1 January 2004: 1,337,882,634 shares	561.9
Issue of 2,903,911 shares	1.2
Capital paid-up and called-up at 31 December 2004: 1,340,786,545 shares	563.1

The nominal value of the ordinary shares at 31 December 2004 is EUR 0.42 per share. The shares are fully paid up. On 7 May 2002 39,682,540 shares were issued due to the issuance of Floating Rate Equity-linked Subordinated Hybrid (FRESH) Capital Securities. These shares were then repurchased by the group company Fortfinlux SA. As these shares carry no voting rights and no dividend rights, this repurchase is considered to be economically cancelled. Further information on FRESH securities is provided in note 4 of the Fortis Annual Accounts.

On 20 December 2004 a total of 2,903,911 shares was issued under the 2004 Share Purchase Programme. More information on employee stock options and share plans is provided in note 13 'Employee stock and option plans' of the Fortis Annual Accounts.

An option was granted to Stichting Continuïteit Fortis N.V. to acquire preference shares. More information about preference shares can be found in note 8 of the Fortis Annual Accounts.

Legal reserve

This concerns the legal reserve held for capitalised costs of share issues. Movements in the legal reserve are as follows:

Opening balance at 1 January 2004	0.7
Change in 2004	(0.1)
Closing balance at 31 December 2004	0.6

Share premium reserve

Movements in share premium reserve are as follows:

Opening b	alance at 1 January 2004	6,143.5
Amounts f	rom group companies received for options	4.3
Issue of 2,	903,911 shares	21.5
Other char	nges	0.1
Closing ba	alance at 31 December 2004	6,169.4

In 2004 a number of group companies of Fortis has granted options on Fortis shares to employees. The options have been covered by Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V. The amount received from the group companies for the options has been recorded under share premium reserve.

Other reserves

Movements in other reserves are as follows:

Opening balance at 1 January 2004	12,138.7
From profit appropriation 2003	(7.5)
Final dividend 2003	(420.3)
Changes in legal reserve	0.1
Other changes	0.3
Closing balance at 31 December 2004	11,711.3

Short-term liabilities

Taxes and other social security charges

This item concerns capital tax to be paid.

Option plans

A description of the option plans on the shares of Fortis N.V. is included in the Annual Accounts of Fortis, notes 13 and 19.

Commitments not reflected in the balance sheet

Fortis N.V. has extended a guarantee to the Institute of London Underwriters on behalf of Bishopsgate Insurance Limited. Bishopsgate Insurance Limited terminated its membership of the Institute of London Underwriters on 31 December 1991. Fortis N.V.'s guarantee concerns the current commitments arising out of policies issued by the previously mentioned Institute on behalf of Bishopsgate, and for Bishopsgate's commitments to the Institute.

Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V. have each undertaken to stand surety for liabilities and credit facilities of Fortis companies in various currencies, in total equivalent to EUR 24,979.0 million (2003: EUR 24,674.2 million).

Profit and loss account

General

The result is made up, among other, of income from financial fixed assets and interest income and expenses on the financial fixed assets.

Operating income

Dividends from group companies

This item concerns the dividends received from participating interests.

	2004	2003
Fortis Utrecht N.V. Fortis Brussels SA/NV	165.0 235.0 400.0	
Interest income		
This item includes the interest income from receivables.		
	2004	2003
Other interest income	9.1	0.7
	9.1	0.7
Operating expenses		
Interest expenses		
	2004	2003
Other interest expenses		7.8

If the dividend yield on Fortis shares is higher than 5% of the share price on the day that the dividend is proposed then the FRESH-bond holders are entitled to an additional payment. Because Fortis N.V. and Fortis SA/NV are the two issuers of the FRESH, 50% of the extra payment in 2003 has been charged to Fortis N.V. and was recorded as interest expense.

7.8

In 2004 it was decided to rebill these interest charges to Fortis Insurance N.V. because the amount that was received through the issue of the FRESH was made available to Fortis Insurance N.V. This amount was recorded as interest income.

General management expenses

	2004	2003
This concerns primarily costs of dividend payments,		
shareholders' meetings and the listing of the Fortis shares	0.7	0.2

An explanation of the total remuneration of the Board of Directors is included in note 19 of the Fortis Annual Accounts.

Fortis N.V.

Tax

2004 2003

Taxes

No tax charge was recorded for 2004, as the tax result for 2004 can be fully set off against losses from previous years.

Utrecht, 9 March 2005

Board of Directors

Other information

Auditor's report

Introduction

We have audited the Annual Accounts for the year 2004 of Fortis N.V., as included in this report. These Annual Accounts are the responsibility of the company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Annual Accounts based on our audit.

Scope

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the Netherlands. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Annual Accounts are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Annual Accounts. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Annual Accounts. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Annual Accounts give a true and fair view of the financial position of the company as of 31 December 2004 and of the result for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Belgium, applied pursuant to article 2: 362 (1) of the Dutch Civil Code, and comply with the financial reporting requirements included in Part 9, Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

Amstelveen, 9 March 2005

KPMG Accountants N.V.

Provisions of the Articles of Association concerning profit appropriation

These provisions are contained in Article 32, clauses 1-22 of the Articles of Association. The provisions concerning the dividend paid out on the cumulative preference shares A and B do not apply, as no such shares are outstanding. The Board of Directors determines which part of the profit is to be retained. The remainder of the profit is at the disposal of the General Meeting of Shareholders.

Profit appropriation

The Board of Directors proposes fixing the dividend for 2004 at EUR 1.04 (2003: EUR 0.92) per share. Shareholders may choose to receive either a Dutch- or a Belgian-sourced dividend. The final amount to be charged or allocated to the other reserves of Fortis N.V. in connection with the proposed dividend payment will be calculated once shareholders have indicated the source from which they wish to receive the dividend. Shareholders must state their choice by filling in a 'dividend election form'. If no express choice is made by the shareholders, automatic election rules (the so-called Default Rules) will be applicable. More information about these rules is contained in note 20 of the Fortis Annual Accounts.

Stichting Continuïteit Fortis

The objective of the Stichting Continuïteit Fortis is to ensure the continuity such that the interests of Fortis and all parties involved are guaranteed as fully as possible. The Stichting Continuïteit Fortis has been granted an option to acquire preference shares of Fortis N.V. for a maximum total value equalling the nominal amount of the ordinary (twinned) shares issued at that time. The Stichting Continuïteit Fortis has been granted the option to – in the event of a hostile takeover bid – hold the same number of voting rights as attached to the ordinary shares issued. If the option is exercised the General Meeting of Shareholders is given once every two years the opportunity to consider the purchase or cancellation of preference shares issued by Fortis N.V.

The Board of the Stichting Continuïteit Fortis consists of six members, four of whom are independent and two of whom are appointed from among the non-executive members of the Board of Directors. All Board members are appointed by the Boards of Directors of Fortis N.V. and Fortis SA/NV. In the year under review M.W. den Boogert and H.T. Bouma were appointed as independent directors, thus filling the vacancies left by the resignation of J.A. Steenmeijer and J.M.M. Maeijer. The other two independent members are R.V.D. Mannekens and H.J.H.M. Santens. P. van Waeyenberge succeeded V. Croes as a director in 2004. P. van Waeyenberge and J.J. Slechte are currently the two directors appointed from among the Board of Directors of Fortis.

Declaration of independence

The Board of Directors of Fortis N.V. and the Board of the Stichting Continuïteit Fortis declare that in their joint opinion the requirements of the Stichting Continuïteit Fortis, as formulated by Euronext Amsterdam N.V., have been met.

Utrecht, 9 March 2005

Fortis N.V. Stichting Continuïteit Fortis

Board of Directors The Board

R.V.D. Mannekens (chairman) M.W. den Boogert (chairman)

J.J. Slechte H.J.H.M. Santens

P. van Waeyenberge

H.T. Bouma

Caution with respect to forward-looking statements

Some of the statements contained in this Annual Report, including, without limitation, certain statements made in the sections hereof entitled 'Message to the Shareholders', 'Description of activities', 'Report of the Executive Committee' and 'Note 10, Risk management' are statements of future expectations and other forward-looking statements that are based on management's current views, estimates and assumptions about these future events. These forward looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results, performance or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements, including, without limitation, our expectations regarding cost and revenue synergies associated with the integration of our banking operations, including branch closures and levels of restructuring costs, the impact of recent acquisitions and the levels of provisions relating to our credit and investment portfolios. Other factors, more generally, which may impact our results, include, without limitation:

- general economic conditions, including in particular economic conditions in our core markets of Belgium and the Netherlands.
- changes in interest rates and the performance of financial markets,
- the frequency and severity of insured loss events,
- mortality, morbidity and persistency levels and trends,
- currency exchange rates, including euro-U.S. dollar exchange rate,
- changes in competition and pricing environments, including increasing levels of competition in Belgium and the Netherlands.
- changes in domestic and foreign laws, regulations and taxes,
- regional or general changes in asset valuations,
- the occurrence of significant natural or other disasters,
- the inability to reinsure certain risks economically,
- the adequacy of loss reserves,
- regulatory changes relating to the banking, insurance, investment and/or securities industries,
- changes in the policies of central banks and/or foreign governments, and
- general competitive factors, in each case on a global, regional and/or national basis.

Places where the public can inspect company documents

The Articles of Association of Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V. can be inspected at the office of the Registry of the Commercial Court at Brussels (Fortis SA/NV), at the Chamber of Commerce in Utrecht (Fortis N.V.) and at the companies' registered offices.

The Annual Accounts are filed with the National Bank of Belgium (Fortis SA/NV) and the Chamber of Commerce in Utrecht (Fortis N.V.). Decisions on the appointment and removal of Board members of the companies are published, among other places, in the annexes to the Belgium Law Gazette (Fortis SA/NV) and the Euronext Amsterdam Daily Official List (Fortis N.V.).

Financial reports on the companies and notices convening General Meetings are published in the financial press, newspapers and periodicals. The annual reports of both companies are available from their registered offices and are also filed with the National Bank of Belgium and the Chamber of Commerce in Utrecht. They are sent each year to registered shareholders and to others on request.

Provision of information to shareholders and investors

Listed shares

At present the Fortis shares are listed on Euronext Brussels, Euronext Amsterdam and on the Luxembourg stock exchange. Furthermore, Fortis has a sponsored ADR programme in the United States. The Fortis SA/NV VVPR are listed only on Euronext Brussels.

Ways in which shares can be held

Shares in Fortis may be registered or bearer shares.

Nominative subscription for and depositing of bearer shares

Fortis offers its shareholders the possibility of depositing their bearer shares. Once deposited, these shares remain bearer shares and are administered at no cost. Holders of bearer shares may, on request and at no cost, have their shares converted into registered shares. Holders of registered shares may, on request and at no charge, have their shares delivered in the form of bearer shares. Fortis has worked out a procedure for the rapid conversion of bearer shares, facilitating rapid delivery.

All information about the various procedures may be obtained from:

Fortis SA/NV, Corporate Administration Rue Royale 20, 1000 Brussels, Belgium Tel. +32 (0)2 510 54 13 or +32 (0)2 510 54 14 Fax +32 (0)2 510 56 31

Or:

Fortis N.V.
Secretariat Board of Directors
P.O. Box 2049, 3500 GA Utrecht, The Netherlands
Tel. +31 (0)30 226 62 22
Fax +31 (0)30 226 98 38

Information and communication

The company sends its communiqués, including those relating to the quarterly and annual results, as well as the Annual Report, free of charge to holders of registered shares which have been given to it in custody. The company invites all holders of deposited registered shares to attend the General Meeting personally, and sends them the agenda, the resolution proposals and a proxy form which they can use to have themselves represented at the Meeting and to enable them to take part in voting. When the dividend is made payable, the company automatically credits the bank accounts which have been given to it by the holders of deposited shares, with the amount of dividend accruing to them.

Together with the 2004 Fortis Annual Review these Annual Accounts constitute the Annual Report of Fortis. The Annual Accounts contain the Annual Accounts of Fortis, statutory Annual Accounts of Fortis SA/NV and the company Annual Accounts of Fortis N.V. The report of the Executive Committee is contained in the 2004 Annual Review.

Fortis and Fortis SA/NV, Rue Royale 20, 1000 Brussels, Belgium Telephone +32 (0)2 510 52 11, Fax +32 (0)2 510 56 30

Fortis and Fortis N.V., Archimedeslaan 6, 3584 BA Utrecht, the Netherlands Telephone +31 (0)30 226 62 22, Fax +31 (0)30 226 98 38

Internet address: www.fortis.com E-mail address: info@fortis.com