

HISTÒRIA DE LA PSICOLOGIA

26918

Unitat de Psicologia Bàsica
Departament de Psicologia Bàsica, Evolutiva i de l'Educació

Professors: Annette Mülberger Rogele, Mònica Balltandre Pla, Maribel Díaz

OBJECTIVES

The aim of the subject History of Psychology is to approach the students towards the historical development of his/her field of training. In this vain the transmission of knowledge on the historical evolution of psychology should help the student in the acquisition of a historical, critical and integrative perspective of psychology. Once the semester is finished, the student should be able to show some knowledge and understanding of relevant historical contributions made by different authors in the past, as well as to be able to situate these contributions in their historical contexts.

The teaching of history of psychology also includes some historiographical considerations and the presentation of different epistemological approaches necessary for psychological research. As psychology is not only cultivated in the laboratory we will also take into account contributions made outside the academic environment. In general, the lectures will concentrate on the historical development psychology did undergo during the last five centuries. At the end of the semester the student will have at his disposal a conceptual framework which permits reflection and to situate other learning matters.

CONTENTS

1. ¿What is psychology and how to develop a history of psychology?
2. Natural philosophy and the soul (in the 16th and 17th centuries)
3. Empirism and the observation of the mind (in the 18 and 19th centuries)
4. Naturalism, spiritualism and the mind-body problem (in hte 18th and 19th century)
5. Positivism and the passion for quantification (in the 19th and 20th centuries)
6. Psychology in modern society (20th century)

BIBLIOGRAPHY

MAIN BIBLIOGRAPY:

Leahey, T.H. (1998). *Historia de la psicología: principales corrientes en el pensamiento psicológico*. Madrid: Prentice-Hall.

Hergenhahn, B.R. (2001). *Introducción a la Història de la Psicologia*. España: Paraninfo.

Hothersall, D. (2005). *Historia de la Psicología*. México: Mac Graw Hill.

SPECIFIC BIBLIOGRAPHY:

Gould, S.J. (2003). *La falsa medida del hombre*. Barcelona: Crítica.

- Graumann, C. & Gergen, K. (1996). Historical dimensions of psychological discourse. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Porter, R. (2003). Breve historia de la locura. Madrid: Turner.
- Searle, J. (1994). Mentos, cerebros y ciencia. Madrid: Cátedra.
- Smith, R. (2007). Being human: historical knowledge and the creation of human nature. Manchester: Manchester University Press.

RECOMMENDED BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- Brett, D.; Wayne, V. & Douglas, W. (2008). A history of psychology: ideas and context.(4^a ed.) USA: Allyn & Bacon.
- Carpintero, H. (2004). Historia de la Psicología en España. Madrid: Pirámide.
- Cianciolo, A. & Sternberg, R. (2004). Intelligence: a brief history. USA: Wiley Blackwell.
- Hergenhahn, B.R. (2008). An Introduction to the History of Psychology. USA: (4^a ed.). Wadsworth publ.
- Hock, R. (2008). Forty studies that changed psychology: explorations into the history of psychological research. USA: Prentice-Hall.
- Jansz, J. & Van Drunen, P. (2004). A social history of psychology. Malden: Blackwell.
- Joravsky, D. (1989). Russian Psychology: a critical history. London: Basil Blackwell.
- Mandler, G. (2007). A History of modern experimental psychology: from James and Wundt to Cognitive Science. USA: MIT press.
- Munger, M. (2003). The History of Psychology: Fundamental questions. GB: Oxford University Press.
- O'Boyle, C.G. (2006). History of Psychology: a cultural perspective. USA: Lawrence Erlbaum.
- Pickren, W. & Dewsbury, D. (2002). Evolving perspectives on the history of psychology. USA: APA.
- Sáiz, M.; Sáiz, D. & Mülberger, A. (1995). Historia de la Psicología: Manual de Prácticas. Barcelona: Fabregat.
- Wallace, E. & Gach, J. (2008). History of psychiatry and medical psychology. USA: Springer.