Code: 42141
ECTS: 15

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Degree</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Semester</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Master in Economics and Business</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
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</table>

Contact

Name (coordinator): Héctor Sala

E-mail: Hector.Sala@uab.cat

Language

English

Instructors

Héctor Sala (Macroeconomics)
Miguel Ángel López-García (Public Finance)
Maite Cabeza (Introduction to Data Analysis and Econometrics)

Objectives

Macroeconomics:

This course aims to familiarize students with key analytical concepts and key analytical tools in macroeconomic analysis and related policies. The course addresses central macroeconomic questions that have arised in the period between the first oil price shock and the current Great Recession in which GDP the unemployment rate has systematically evolved above full-employment levels.

Upon completion, students must be able: (i) to understand fundamental theoretical issues underlying the relationship of some critical macroeconomic variables such as GDP, inflation, unemployment, etc; (ii) to interpret the reasons for, and the effects of, demand and supply-side policies; (iii) to deal with appropriate data and elaborate brief country-specific reports characterizing the macroeconomic situation of any economy.

Public Finance:

Public Finance, or equivalently Public Economics, focuses on the study of the effects of government actions on economic activity. It aims at predicting the effects of these actions and at providing guidance on the choice among different alternatives. By restricting attention on a relatively small number of topics, the objective of the course is to illustrate how economic analysis emerges as an extremely helpful instrument in the design and evaluation of public policy.

Introduction to Data Analysis:

The course main objective is to provide a solid foundation of statistics for the analysis of economic data. Some of the most popular methods for data analysis will be reviewed.

Even if the focus of the course is on the application of these methods, mathematical details will be included to help to properly evaluate the tools presented.

Econometrics:

The course covers basic tools of econometric analysis for the measurement and testing of economic relationships. Special emphasis is placed on the applications and limitations of regression models.

Skills

T1: Understanding academic research in the above areas.
T2: Contextualizing problems using formal models that allow a quantitative analysis.
T3: Arguing and writing in a precise, clear and concise manner reports on the proposed problems, in English.
T4: Using various statistical software to process data.
T5: Conduct empirical studies.

Learning outcomes

E2.1: Identify and analyze the main features of the evolution of economic data.
E2.2: Identify the limitations associated with the available data and the consequences for the empirical analysis.
E2.3: Work with the statistical sources relevant to the object of study (data from companies, surveys of individuals and families, etc.).
E2.4: Choosing the empirical methodology appropriate for the purpose of the study: test of economic assumptions, policy evaluation, prediction, etc.
E2.5: To familiarize students with the basic techniques of analysis of the situation and prediction needed to properly interpret cyclical and trend behavior of aggregate variables in market economies.
E2.6: Confronting different assumptions about the behavior of economic agents in the context of the problem at study.
E2.7: Inferring, in each case, policy implications or business strategies associated with the object of study.
E2.8: Using the main statistical techniques to evaluate the properties of each method of analysis and aligning measures different characteristics measures of data or diagnoses on the adequacy of a model.

Contents

Macroeconomics:

1. Output
   Supply side analysis / Demand side analysis / Income side analysis
2. Economic Growth and the Total Factor Productivity (TFP)
   Production function / (Biased) Technological change / TFP and its determinants
3. Competitiveness
   Unit Labour Costs (ULCs) / Real ULCs / Nominal and Real Effective Exchange Rate
4. External Imbalances
5. Macroeconomic Analysis of “The Great Recession”
   Financial Markets / Monetary Policies / Fiscal Policies / Austerity / Banking Union
6. The Labour Market
   Perfect competition vs. imperfect competition in the product and labour markets

Public Finance:

1. A framework for normative analysis
2. Commodity taxation
3. Income taxation
4. Tax evasion
5. Intertemporal efficiency
6. Social security

Introduction to Data Analysis:

1. Introduction
2. Key concepts for univariate data analysis
3. Key concepts for multivariate data analysis
4. Statistical methods for summarizing data
5. Estimation methods
6. Statistical inference

Econometrics:

1. Introduction to econometric analysis
2. Regression models: estimation
3. Regression models: inference
4. Topics in the analysis of cross sectional data.
5. Topics in the analysis of time series data
6. Regression analysis to model categorical variables

Teaching Methodology

The activities that will allow the students to learn the basic concepts included in this course are:

1. Theory lectures where the instructor will explain the main concepts.
The goal of this activity is to introduce the basic notions and guide the student learning

2. Problem Sets
In some subjects, a problem set which students will have to solve individually or in teams will be included in every unit. The goal of this activity is twofold. On one hand students will work with the theoretical concepts explained in the classroom, and on the other hand through this practice they will develop the necessary skills for problem solving.
3. Practice lectures
The aim of this activity is to comment on and solve any possible doubt that students may have had solving the problem assignment. This way they will be able to understand and correct any errors they may have had during this process.

4. Essay writing
In some subjects students will produce written essays on the topics proposed

5. Tutoring hours
Students will have some tutor hours in which the subject instructors will help them solve any doubts they may have.

Learning activities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title (type activity)</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Learning outcome</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type: Directed</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lectures with ITC support</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>T2, E2.4, E2.5, E2.6, E2.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resolution of exercises</td>
<td>37.5</td>
<td>E2.4 through E2.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type: Supervised</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tutoring and monitoring work in progress</td>
<td>93.75</td>
<td>T3, T4, T5, E2.4 through E2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type: Self learning</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Study, Reading, Exercise solving, Essays writing</td>
<td>168.75</td>
<td>T1, E2.1 through E2.8</td>
</tr>
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Assessment criteria

1. The module consists of a number of different subjects or parts taught by different professors. The **final mark** for the module will consist of the average of the marks of each subject within the module.

   ➢ The module is considered **successfully passed** if:
     - the mark for each subject within the module is higher than or equal to 3.0 (in a 0 to 10 scale), and
     - the **final mark** for that module is higher than or equal to 5.0 (in a 0 to 10 scale).

   ➢ If the module is **not successfully passed** the MEBA coordinators will ask the student to re-take the exams for those subjects that, according to the coordinators and the professors opinions, may help the student to successfully pass the module. If the student passes the re-take exam he or she will obtain a mark of 5 for that subject, otherwise the previous grade will remain valid. The calendar for the re-retake exams will be announced along with the grades report.

2. The mark -between 0 and 10- for each subject will be computed by each professor based on his or her own criteria and on the student's performance. As a general rule, 35% of the mark will correspond to the assessment of the continuous work of the student during the course, and 65% will consist of a comprehensive final examination. The duration and nature of the final examination is decided by each professor.

3. Final exams are compulsory. Re-take exams are only thought for those students having previously written a first exam and failed.

Assessment activities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Weight</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Final exam</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercises and essays</td>
<td>35%</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Bibliography

**Macroeconomics:**
Specific academic papers and/or press articles will be supplied during the course.
Useful databases for empirical exercises/essays and the country reports

1. Eurostat: Several databases

2. OECD: Several databases

3. IMF: Several databases

4. European Commission: AMECO DATABASE

5. The World Bank: DOING BUSINESS DATABASE
   [http://www.doingbusiness.org/data](http://www.doingbusiness.org/data)

Public Finance:


Further, more specialized references, are:


Introduction to Data Analysis:


Some supplemental readings will be recommended for each specific unit.

Software: Stata

Econometrics:


Some supplemental readings will be recommended for each specific unit.

Software: Stata