

Molecular Microbiology

Code: 100952
ECTS Credits: 6

Degree	Type	Year	Semester
2500253 Biotechnology	OB	2	2

Contact

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Use of languages

Principal working language: catalan (cat)
Some groups entirely in English: No
Some groups entirely in Catalan: Yes
Some groups entirely in Spanish: No

Prerequisites

+ Students are advised to review the scientific-technical content on which this subject is based
+ It is advisable to take this course once all the subjects programmed in the first and second years of the Degree of Microbiology have been studied, especially the subjects of Microbiology, Genetics, Molecular Biology of Eukaryotes and Virology, since it is essential to have reached the competences of all of them to reach those associated to the subject of Prokaryotic Molecular Biology.

Objectives and Contextualisation

It is a compulsory subject of the Biotechnology Bachelor, which introduces students to the knowledge of Molecular Microbiology. This subject is fundamental in the formation of the student since it enables him to understand the functioning of prokaryotes at the molecular level, allowing an understanding of the potential of microorganisms at the productive level as well as their possible applications.

The specific objectives to be achieved in this subject are the following:

- Know how to identify at the molecular level the mechanisms and microbiological processes
- Know how to identify the structure of the prokaryotic genetic material, know its mechanisms of replication and repair as well as the organizational variability they present and the relationship between these mechanisms and the cell cycle.
- Recognize the factors that control gene expression in prokaryotes and relate them to existing environmental conditions.
- To know the molecular mechanisms existing in prokaryotic organisms to control the entry of exogenous genetic material.
- Know the different genetic elements existing in prokaryotes, their distribution capacity and control systems for expression of the genes they include.
- Recognize the molecular basis of antibiotic resistance, its origins, transmission mechanisms and the impact they have on infectious processes.

Skills

- Describe the molecular, cellular and physiological bases of the organisation, functioning and integration of living organisms in the framework of their application to biotechnological processes.
- Interpret experimental results and identify consistent and inconsistent elements.
- Reason in a critical manner

- Work individually and in teams

Learning outcomes

1. Describe the molecular, cellular and physiological bases of the organisation, functioning and integration of microorganisms in the framework of their application to biotechnological processes.
2. Interpret experimental results and identify consistent and inconsistent elements.
3. Reason in a critical manner
4. Work individually and in teams

Content

The subject is organized in two distinct parts

- Participatory theoretical classes
- Resolution of practical cases, in which the theoretical concepts developed in the theoretical classes will be applied for the resolution of problems and real cases of the subject matter.

The content of the subject consists of the following subjects:

Lesson 1. The bacterial chromosome. Structure of the bacterial chromosome. Start replication. Replication, termination and segregation of the bacterial chromosome. Cellular division. The bacterial cell cycle.

Lesson 2. Gene Expression in Prokaryotes I. Structure of bacterial promoters. Monocistronic and polycistronic RNAs. Start and elongation of the bacterial transcript. Bacterial transcription terminators. Degradation of the mRNA. Transcription in archaea. Transcriptional attenuation and regulation of transcription.

Lesson 3. Gene expression in prokaryotes II. Global modulators of gene expression. Multigenic networks. Stressful response. Repression by catabolite. Positive and negative transcriptional regulation. Transcriptional regulators. Bacterial operons. Posttranscriptional regulations. Regulones. Regulatory RNAs.

Lesson 4. Mutagenesis and DNA repair systems in bacteria. Conditional lethal mutations. Suppressor mutations. Mismatch repair. Photoreactivation. Reparation by excision. Adaptive response to alkylating agents. Emergency repair response or SOS system.

Lesson 5. Bacterial Restriction. DNA restriction and modification systems. Types of restriction enzymes. In vivo regulation of restriction-modification. Mcr / Mrr System

Lesson 6. The bacterial-bacteriophage cell system. Attenuated and lytic bacteriophages. Lambda and P22 bacteriophages as attenuated bacteriophage models. Restricted and generalized transduction. Phage conversion.

Lesson 7. Mobile genetic elements in bacteria. Insertion sequences. Transposons. Transposition mechanisms and their regulation. Mutagenesis with transposons. Mobile pathogenicity islands. Integrones. Other Mobile genetic elements.

Lesson 8. Plasmids. Molecular structure and property of plasmids. Mechanisms of maintenance. Aggregation and cointegration of plasmids. Replication. Incompatibility groups.

Lesson 9. Conjugation. Plasmid conjugation in Gram-negative and Gram-positive cells. Mobilization of the bacterial chromosome. Other conjugative elements (ICEs). Importance of the conjugative elements in the evolution of the microbial world.

Lesson 10. Transformation. Natural transformation. Competence state. Molecular mechanisms associated with natural transformation. Induced transformation.

Lesson 11. Mechanisms of antimicrobial resistance. Plasmid resistance. Chromosomal resistance. Mechanisms of antimicrobial inactivation. Synthesis of alternative enzymes. Resistances by alternative metabolic pathways. Modifications of cellular structures by plasmid enzymes. Mechanisms of distribution of plasmid resistances.

Methodology

The subject of Molecular Microbiology consists of two modules of activities:

Theoretical module: composed of participatory master classes.

Case studies module: consisting of sessions in which practical cases and problems will be solved.

These classes are sessions with a reduced number of students with the dual mission of:

A) To facilitate the understanding of the knowledge exposed in the theoretical classes. The resolution of practical cases should enable the student to integrate theoretical knowledge with practical aspects.

B) To train the student to design basic experiments associated with the subject of the subject and to know how to interpret the obtained data.

At the beginning of the course the student will receive a dossier with a proposal of problems that must be developed during the course. The sessions of this module deal with methodological aspects and solve some of the problems of the dossier.

With the aim that the concepts to be used in the sessions of resolution of practical cases are always coordinated with the contents already developed in the theory classes, in certain moments of the course reordering and / or exchanges between the classes of theory and problems. The autonomous activities of this subject are: study, reading of texts and resolution of problems. Finally, the student also has individual tutorials, which will be held in hours previously agreed.

Activities

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning outcomes
Type: Directed			
Participatory master classes	32	1.28	1, 3
Practical cases resolution	18	0.72	1, 2, 3, 4
Type: Supervised			
Individual tutorials	1	0.04	1, 2
Type: Autonomous			
Autonomous practical cases resolution	30	1.2	1, 2, 3, 4
Reading of recommended texts	5	0.2	1
Study	58	2.32	1, 2, 3

Evaluation

The evaluation of the subject will be continuous and individual and will be done through **written tests**, in which the student must demonstrate the degree of achievement of the subject concepts through **theory questions** and with the **resolution of problems**.

At **mid semester**, there will be a **first evaluation block** consisting of two different tests, one based on **theory questions**, with a specific weight of **10%** of the total of the subject, and another of **problems solving**, with a value of **40%**. Both tests will include all concepts developed up to that moment in the theory sessions and in the resolution classes of practical cases.

At the **end of the semester** the **second evaluation block** will be carried out, also composed of a test of **theory questions** (with a value of **10%**) and another based on the **resolution of problems** (with a weight of **40%** of the total of the subject). This second part will include all the concepts worked on the theory classes and in the problem-solving classes that have not been evaluated in the first test.

The **final grade** of the subject will be the **average of the marks** obtained in **both evaluation blocks**, as long as **none of them** has obtained a score **lower than 4**. This **average** must necessarily be **equal to or greater than 5** to pass the course. In the event that it is **lower**, the student must submit to the **recovery test**, which will

only consist of the **problems solving** section and will have a **maximum score** of **8 points out of 10**. The student can **choose** between examining the **whole subject** or only the **evaluation block** in which he has obtained the **lowest mark**. In the latter case, the **final grade** will be determined through the **average** with the mark obtained in the **exam** that has **not** been **repeated**. To pass the subject, this average must be **greater than or equal to 5**.

Those students who have **not passed** the value of **4** in one or in both **evaluation blocks** will have to examine the pending evaluation block or blocks through a **retake process**. In the event that the recovery of a **single block** is made, the grade obtained in this test will **average** with the mark achieved in the previously **passed block**, being necessary that this average is greater **than or equal to 5** to pass the subject. If it is necessary to retake the **two evaluation blocks**, the **final grade** will be the one obtained in this **recovery test** and that must be **at least 5** to pass the course, but it will have a **maximum score** of **8 points out of 10**. To be eligible to participate in the retake process, the student should have been **previously evaluated** in a set of activities equaling **at least two-thirds** of the final score of the course.

Students who have passed the two evaluation blocks can take a **test to improve the final grade** that will take place on the date scheduled for the recovery test. The presentation to the improvement exam can be for the subject corresponding to a single evaluation block or both and implies the **rejection of the preliminary qualification** in the block or blocks that will be reevaluated. If the **two blocks** are reevaluated, the **final grade** of the subject **will be the score achieved in this improvement test** and must be **greater than or equal to 5**. If only **one block** is reevaluated, the final grade of the subject will be the **average** of the mark obtained in this improvement test with the one obtained in **the block that has not been reevaluated**. In this case, the average should also be **equal to or greater than 5** to pass the course.

Students who wish **to take the improvement test** for one or both blocks must **inform the teacher responsible** for the subject **in writing** at least **72 hours before** the scheduled day for the recovery test.

Students will be graded as "Non-Evaluable" if the weight in of all conducted evaluation activities is lower than 67% of the final score.

Evaluation activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning outcomes
Problems exam	80% of the total of the subject	4.5	0.18	1, 2, 3, 4
Theory written exam	20% of the total of the subject	1.5	0.06	1, 2, 3, 4

Bibliography

Larry Snyder & Wendy Champness. **Molecular Genetics of Bacteria (4th Edition)**. ASM press (ISBN: 978-1-55581-627-8)

Jeremy W. Dale & Simon F. Park. **Molecular Genetics of Bacteria, (5th Edition)** Wiley- Blackwell (ISBN: 978-0-470-74184-9)

All bibliography related with the matter will be available through the Campus Virtual.