

**Experimental Techniques in Particle Physics**

Code: 44081  
ECTS Credits: 6

Degree	Type	Year	Semester
4313861 High Energy Physics, Astrophysics and Cosmology	OT	0	2

## Contact

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## Teachers

Thorsten Lux

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## Use of languages

Principal working language: english (eng)

## Prerequisites

No specific prerequisites are set for this course.

## Objectives and Contextualisation

The main purpose of this course is to give an overview of the experimental technique used in particle physics. It covers from the basic principles used to the integration of a full complete detector.

## Skills

- Formulate and tackle problems, both open and more defined, identifying the most relevant principles and using approaches where necessary to reach a solution, which should be presented with an explanation of the suppositions and approaches.
- Understand the bases of advanced topics selected at the frontier of high energy physics, astrophysics and cosmology and apply them consistently.

## Learning outcomes

1. Design a detector for a specific problem of physics.
2. Understand the different techniques for particle detection (scintillation, ionisation, Cherenkov light, etc.)
3. Understand the fundamentals of interaction of radiation with matter.

## Content

### Particle Interactions with matter

- General Considerations
- Atomic ionization and excitation
- Small angle multiple difusion

- Photon interactions with matter
- Electromagnetic Cascades
- Interactions of high-energy muons
- Cherenkov radiation and transition radiation

### Review of electronic circuits and other technical aspects

- Circuits with reactive elements
- Propagation of electrical signals in cables

### Detection Techniques

- Overview
- Photon detectors
- Scintillators
- Cherenkov radiation detectors
- Transition radiation detectors
- Thread cameras
- Gas Microdetectors
- Resistive plate chambers
- Time projection chambers
- Semiconductor detectors

### Experimental Design Equipment

- Context: fixed target experiments, in the center of mass, or without beaming • Measures of position, time, quadrumoments; particle identification
- Trace and vertex detectors
- Calorimeters
- Muon spectrometers
- Fixed target Beams: Experiment design
- Colliding beams: Experiment design
- Experiments with neutrinos
- Searching for the proton decay
- Other searches: dark matter, double beta decay

### Methodology

Theory lectures, exercises and expositions by the students. Classwork and Homework.

### Activities

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning outcomes
<b>Type: Directed</b>			
Discussion, Work Group, Group Exercises	20	0.8	1, 2, 3
Particle interactions with matter	25	1	1, 2, 3
<b>Type: Supervised</b>			
Study of real detectors	30	1.2	1, 2, 3

### Evaluation

Homework consisting on three sets of problems addressing sequentially the physics effects used, the detection techniques and the full detectors covers 85% of the evaluation mark. The additional 15% is based on attendance and participations to lectures.

### Evaluation activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning outcomes
Attendance and participation to lectures	15%	45	1.8	1, 2, 3
Homework Detection Techniques	30%	10	0.4	2
Homework Full Detectors	30%	15	0.6	1
Homework Physics Phenomena	25%	5	0.2	3

### Bibliography

W.R. Leo. Techniques for Nuclear and Particle Physics Experiments , Springer-Verlag