



Biochemistry: Legal and Social Aspects

Code: 100897 ECTS Credits: 3

Degree	Туре	Year	Semester
2500252 Biochemistry	ОВ	3	2

The proposed teaching and assessment methodology that appear in the guide may be subject to changes as a result of the restrictions to face-to-face class attendance imposed by the health authorities.

Contact

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Teachers

Xavier Vallve Sanchez

Use of Languages

Principal working language: catalan (cat)

Some groups entirely in English: ${
m No}$

Some groups entirely in Catalan: Yes

Some groups entirely in Spanish: No

Prerequisites

There are no prerequisites for taking this course. In spite of this, to ensure the proper monitoring of the subject by the student and to achieve the learning outcomes proposed, it is recommended that the student have some basic knowledge about the techniques used in Biomedicine and Genetics as well as associated research, since many of them will appear throughout the development of their content and they will be given as known. On the other hand, in a scientific discipline like Genetics it is frequent to use sources of information, norms and international guidelines, in English. It is therefore recommended that students have some basic knowledge of this language

Objectives and Contextualisation

The subject Bioethics and legislation has a complementary character within the degree and with it, it is intended that the student acquires knowledge about the Ethical and legal aspects related to Genetics and the associated research.

The training objectives are that the student, at the end of the subject, is able to:

- 1. Do diagnoses and genetic counseling and consider their ethical and legal dilemmas.
- 2. Apply and assume the basic principles in bioethics.
- 3. Make preconceptional genetic counseling taking into account its ethical and legal implications.
- 4. Apply the legislation for the protection of individual genetic data.
- To elaborate, direct, execute and advise projects that require knowledge of genetics or genomics.
- 6. Apply the principles of the intellectual and industrial property right in the processes of product development and research.
- 7. Apply the patent regulations.
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- 14.
- 8. Apply the legal principles on research and product development.
- 9. Apply existing legislation to biomedical research in accordance with bioethical principles.
- 10. Develop strategies of analysis, synthesis and communication that allow to transmit the different aspects of genetics in educational environments
- 11. Explain the social perception of science and technology and its importance in communicating appropriately the achievements and the risks associated with the advancement of genetics.
- 12. Be able to communicate effectively, orally and in writing.
- 13. Apply theoretical knowledge to practice.
- 14. Assume an ethical commitment
- 15. the importance of quality and well-done work.
- 16. Demonstrate sensitivity in environmental, health and social issues.

Competences

- Apply general laboratory security and operational standards and specific regulations for the manipulation of different biological systems.
- Apply the legal and ethical principles that govern the development and application of molecular life sciences.
- Combine research and and the generation of knowledge with problem-solving in one's own field, showing sensibility to ethical and social questions.
- Read specialised texts both in English and ones own language.
- Think in an integrated manner and approach problems from different perspectives.
- Use ICT for communication, information searching, data processing and calculations.

Learning Outcomes

- 1. Apply legal stipulations regarding research and development of biotechnological products.
- 2. Apply patent regulations.
- 3. Apply the basic principles of bioethics.
- 4. Apply the principles of intellectual and industrial property law to processes of research and development of biotechnological products.
- 5. Combine research and and the generation of knowledge with problem-solving in one's own field, showing sensibility to ethical and social questions.
- 6. Perform an analysis of biotechnological risk in the area of new foods, medicines, healthcare products and GMOs.
- 7. Read specialised texts both in English and ones own language.
- 8. Think in an integrated manner and approach problems from different perspectives.
- 9. Use ICT for communication, information searching, data processing and calculations.

Content

PART I. PRINCIPLES OF BIOETHICS Definition of Bioethics Fundamental ethical theories in Bioethics Analysis in bioethics Basic principles in Bioethics

Other relevant principles in Bioethics

PART II. THE ETHICS IN RESEARCH

Ethical principles in scientific practice

Obligations of the researchers

Codes of Good Practices in Research

Ethical principles of research in Biomedicine

PART III. THE ETHICAL DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTATION WITH ANIMALS

Ethical aspects of animal research

Legal aspects of the use of experimental animals: RD 53/2013

PART IV. THE ETHICAL DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTATION WITH HUMAN BEEINGS

Ethical principles

Legal aspects of research in human beings, embryos and reproductive cells: Law 14/2007 and 14/2006

PART V: ETHICAL ASPECTS OF THE NEW TECHNOLOGIES

Medicine

General concerns

Regenerative medicine

Personalized medicine

Reproductive medicine

Genetics

General concerns

Genetic modification

Genetic counseling

Genetic tests incapable of consenting

Use of genetic information

Patents

PART VI: OTHER LEGAL ASPECTS

Law 15/1999 Law 9/2003

Part VII: Patents

Intellectual and industrial property rights.

Industrial designs Patents.

Patents and utility models.

Patents in chemistry, pharmacy and biotechnology.

Writing of the patent and infringement.

Patent documentation.

*Unless the requirements enforced by the health authorities demand a prioritization or reduction of these contents.

Methodology

The subject consists of theoretical classes and analysis and commentary of cases proposed in a format of Seminars. Organization and the teaching methodology that will be followed in these two types of training activities is described below

Theory classes:

The content of the theory program will be taught mainly by the teacher in the form of master classes with audiovisual support. Presentations used in class by the teacher will be previously available on the Virtual Campus of the subject. It is advisable that students print this material and take it to class, to use it as a support when taking notes. Although it is not essential to extend the content of the classes taught by the teacher, unless expressly requested by the latter.

It is recommended that students consult on a regular basis the books and recommended normative texts in the Bibliography section of this teaching guide in order to consolidate and clarify, if necessary, the contents explained in class.

On the other hand, the student will have to work individually the content of the legal texts referred to in this guide. We will provide the student with documents where the full text will appear and also a clearance of the normative text in order to facilitate this task.

In addition to the attendance to the classes, the follow-up of the subject will also imply an active role of the

student, who will have to analyze and comment real cases and assumptions related to the contents of the theory program. It is intended that these cases serve to consolidate the previously worked contents in theory classes and also for students to develop a critical spirit in the face of ethical and legal problems related to research in Biomedicine. Anyway, this commentary of the cases will be done in the form of small work groups is intended to promote in the student the habit of teamwork and the critical argumentation between peers. Seminars:

The students will do theanalysis and commentary of 3 cases proposed outside the class schedule, in work groups between 4 and 6 people chosen by students must train at the beginning of the course. This discussion will be reflected in individual work that students will deliver (two deliveries only by group) in the established deadlines, works that will be evaluated by the teacher, sharing all the members of the group the same note (evaluation group).

Subsequently, there will be 3 seminar sessions, which will be devoted to the analysis and commentary of the cases and assumptions between the different groups. Each of these sessions will be attended by half of the set of groups, all the members of the discussion group being present. This will mean about 30 students in 5-6 groups. After reading the case, the teacher will lead the discussion. The interventions of the different students will also be evaluated by the teacher in the sense of highlighting the brightest and most passive students. The subject proposal will be done by the teacher at the beginning of the course and will be assigned to each subset of discussion groups. The proposal will include the guidelines and points to treat.

Activities

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Type: Directed			
Seminars	3	0.12	4, 1, 3, 2, 7, 8, 6, 5
Theoretical sessions	19	0.76	4, 1, 3, 2, 6
Type: Autonomous			
Case study: discussion preparation	3	0.12	4, 1, 9, 3, 2, 7, 8, 6, 5
Case study: general discussion	15	0.6	4, 1, 9, 3, 2, 7, 8, 6, 5
Study	29	1.16	4, 1, 9, 3, 2, 7, 8, 6, 5

Assessment

The evaluation of the module, which will be a continuous assessment throughout the semester, will consist of the following evaluation activities:

1. Proof of the theory contents (individual assessment): During the semester there will be three partial written tests on the contents

Theoreticians of the subject, which students will have to answer individually. There will be a model of these tests on the Virtual Campus of

the subject These tests will consist of a series of objective and semiobjective questions about the corresponding topics of the

theory The objective questions will usually be questions with multiple option response. Semiobjective questions will be questions from

Short answer, but in which it will be necessary for the student to construct his answer and reason.

2. Evaluation of the comments to the proposed cases (group evaluation): The three papers presented by each group will be evaluated. It will be in

Consideration of the fulfillment of the delivery deadlines, so that the work presented later to the discussion of the cases in

^{*}The proposed teaching methodology may experience some modifications depending on the restrictions to face-to-face activities enforced by health authorities.

the seminars

3. Evaluation of the public discussion of cases. Seminars (individual assessment): The interventions will be evaluated individually

Shining that take place during the public discussion of the cases, as well as the attitudes of passivity on the part of the students during this activity.

The relative weight of each of these evaluation activities will be:

Proof of theory contents:

Target test: 46% (23% for each test)

Semi-objective test: 24%

Assessment of case comments: 30% (10% for each case)

Evaluation of the public discussion of cases. Seminars (individual assessment): ± 5%

The objective of these tests is to evaluate not only that students have acquired the conceptual knowledge of the module but, more importantly,

They have bought them and they know how to integrate and interact with each other. On the other hand, it will also be valued that students use terminology

Suitable when dealing with questions raised during the assessment, as well as the ability to work in groups and to argue and discuss critically

and rational the treated subjects.

Recovery test

There will be a recovery test for those students who have not matched or passed a 4, or have not submitted, to 5

There will be a recovery test for those students who have not matched or passed a 4, or have not submitted, to any of the tests

partial theory.

To be eligible for the retake process, the student should have been previously evaluated in a set of activities equaling at least two thirds of the final score of the course or module. Thus, the student will be graded as "No Avaluable" if the weighthin of all conducted evaluation activities is less than 67% of the final score

The student will have the option of renouncing the grade of any theory test and submitting to the recovery exam.

Review of exams

The review of exams will be done by appointment and within the schedule proposed by the teacher.

Final note

In order to pass the subject, students must complete all the tests of the theory contents. On a total of 10 points, it will be necessary

the student obtains a qualification equal or superior to 4 points in each one of the three partial proofs and an overall rating equal or superior to 5

Points for the total of evaluation tests of the subject. Students who do not attain the minimum mark of 4 points in any of them

Partial tests can not pass the subject and receive a maximum final grade of the subject of 4 points.

NOT EVALUABLES: student will be graded as "No Avaluable" if the weighthin of all conducted evaluation activities is less than 67% of the final score

Assessment Activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Case discussion assessment	30%	1	0.04	4, 1, 9, 3, 2, 7, 8, 6, 5
Case public discussion assessment. Seminars (individual assessment)	±5%	2	0.08	1, 9, 3, 7, 8, 6, 5
Theoretical content assessment: Objective test	46%	2	0.08	4, 1, 3, 2, 8, 6, 5

^{*}Student's assessment may experience some modifications depending on the restrictions to face-to-face activities enforced by health authorities.

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Bibliography

Basic Bibliography

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Links:

Disponibles al Campus Virtual de l'assignatura (https://cv2008.uab.cat/)

Boletín Oficial del Estado: http://www.boe.es/

Berman Institute of Bioethics: http://www.bioethicsinstitute.org/

Clinical Trials: http://www.clinicaltrials.gov/

Comissió d'Ètica en Experimentació Animal i Humana de la UAB: http://www.recerca.uab.es/ceeah/

Comité de Bioética de España: http://www.comitedebioetica.es/

Council of Europe. Steering Committee on Bioethics:

http://www.coe.int/t/dg3/healthbioethic/cdbi/default_en.asp

EuroBioBank: http://www.eurobiobank.org/

Fundació Grífols: http://www.fundaciogrifols.org/es/web/fundacio/home

Institut Borja de Bioètica: http://www.ibbioetica.org/es/#&panel1-1

Observatori de Bioètica i Dret: http://www.pcb.ub.es/bioeticaidret/

Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy: http://www.science.uva.nl/%7Eseop/

The European Group on Ethics in Science and New Technologies:

https://ec.europa.eu/research/ege/index.cfm

The Hasting Center: http://www.thehastingscenter.org/ The Hinxston Group: http://www.hinxtongroup.org/ The Nuffield Council: http://www.nuffieldbioethics.org/

UNESCO. International Bioethics Committee:

http://www.unesco.org/new/en/socialand-human-sciences/themes/bioethics/international-bioethicscommittee/