

2020/2021

Foreign language and translation C3 (Chinese)

Code: 101393 ECTS Credits: 9

Degree	Туре	Year	Semester
2500249 Translation and Interpreting	ОВ	3	1

The proposed teaching and assessment methodology that appear in the guide may be subject to changes as a result of the restrictions to face-to-face class attendance imposed by the health authorities.

Contact

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Use of Languages

Principal working language: (chi)

Some groups entirely in English: No

Some groups entirely in Catalan: Yes

Some groups entirely in Spanish: Yes

Other comments on languages

Classes will be taught in Catalan, Spanish and Chinese.

Teachers

Shu-Ching Liao Pan

Leonor Sola Comino

Maria Carmen Espin Garcia

Prerequisites

At the beginning of the course students should be able to:

- Understand written texts about everyday topics. (MCRE-FTI A2.2.)
- Produce written texts on everyday topics. (MCRE-FTI A2.2.)
- Understand information of short and simple oral texts on topics related to the concrete and immediate environment. (MCRE-FTI A1.2.)
- Produce very short and simple oral texts on topics related to the concrete and immediate environment. (MCRE-FTI A1.2.)
- For translation, they should also have good writing skills in the target language.

Objectives and Contextualisation

The two main objectives of this subject are:

- to continue the development of the communicative competences of the students in the C Language.
- to initiate students in the fundamental contrastive aspects and in the specificity of the practice of professional translation (Chinese-Spanish/Chinese-Catalan)

In this course, 6 credits will be dedicated to Chinese language and 3 to translation.

- At the end of the course, students should be able to: Understand written texts on personal topics and general topics of familiar areas. (MCRE-FTI B1.1.)
- Produce written texts on personal topics and general topics of known areas. (MCRE-FTI B1.1.)
- Reflect on fundamental contrastive aspects between Chinese and Spanish/Catalan.
- Resolve basic translation problems.

Competences

- Mastering the main methodological principles of translation.
- Producing oral texts in a foreign language in order to interpret.
- Producing written texts in a foreign language in order to translate.
- Producing written texts in language A in order to translate.
- Solving translation problems of non-specialised texts.
- Understanding written texts in a foreign language in order to translate.
- Using documentation resources in order to translate.
- Using technological resources in order to translate.

Learning Outcomes

- 1. Applying lexical, morphosyntactic, textual, rhetorical and linguistic variation related knowledge: Applying graphic, lexical, morphosyntactic and textual related knowledge.
- 2. Applying lexical, morphosyntactic, textual, rhetorical and linguistic variation related knowledge: Applying graphical, lexical, morphosyntactic, textual, rhetorical and linguistic variation related knowledge.
- Applying technological resources in order to solve translation problems: Applying the basic technological resources in order to solve different types of translation problems of non-specialised written texts in standard language.
- Applying the documentation resources in order to solve translation problems: Applying the
 documentation resources in order to translate different types of non-specialised written texts in standard
 dialect.
- 5. Appropriately following the different phases for the creation of a translation and carrying out the assigned tasks: Appropriately following the different phases for the translation of different types of basic (narrative and descriptive) non-specialised written texts in standard dialect.
- Assessing the obtained results in the information retrieval process in order to translate: Assessing the obtained results in the information retrieval process in order to translate different types of non-specialised written texts in standard dialect.
- Comprehending the communicative purpose and sense of written texts of several fields:
 Comprehending the communicative purpose and sense of different types of non-specialised written texts in standard dialect.
- 8. Comprehending the communicative purpose and sense of written texts of several fields:

 Comprehending the communicative purpose and sense of non-specialised written texts from different fields and of different functions with problems of linguistic variation and cultural references.
- 9. Finding the most appropriate translation solution in each case: Finding the most appropriate translation solution in each case.
- Formulating the appropriate informative needs in order to translate: Formulating the appropriate
 informational needs in order to translate different types of non-specialised written texts in standard
 dialect
- 11. Identifying the existing (digital and analogue) information sources in order to translate: Identifying the existing (digital and analogue) information sources in order to translate different types of non-specialised written texts in standard dialect.
- 12. Identifying the specific translation problems of non-specialised texts: Identifying the basic translation problems of different types of non-specialised written texts in standard dialect.
- 13. Identifying the translation as an act of communication that is addressed to a recipient: Identifying the translation as an act of communication that is addressed to a recipient.

- 14. Implementing strategies in order to produce written texts of different fields and with specific communicative purposes: Implementing strategies in order to produce non-specialised written texts from different fields and of different functions, with problems of linguistic variation and cultural references.
- 15. Implementing strategies in order to understand written texts from different fields: Implementing strategies in order to comprehend different kinds of non-specialised written texts from different fields and of different functions, with problems of linguistic variation and cultural references.
- 16. Implementing strategies in order to understand written texts from different fields: Implementing strategies in order to comprehend different kinds of non-specialised written texts in standard dialect.
- 17. Producing written texts from different fields and with specific communicative purposes: Producing different kinds of non-specialised written texts in standard dialect with specific communicative purposes.
- 18. Producing written texts that are appropriate to their context and possess linguistic correctness: Producing non-specialised written texts with problems of linguistic variation and cultural references, from several fields and with several functions, that are appropriate to their context and possess linguistic correctness.
- 19. Solving interferences between the working languages: Solving interferences between the working languages.
- 20. Students must demonstrate they know the technological resources needed to translate: Students must demonstrate they know the basic technological resources needed to edit different types of non-specialised written texts in standard dialect.
- 21. Successfully interrogating the documentation sources in order to translate: Successfully interrogating the documentation sources in order to translate different types of non-specialised written texts in standard dialect.
- 22. Using the appropriate strategies and techniques in order to solve translation problems: Using the fundamental strategies and techniques in order to solve basic translation problems of different types of non-specialised written texts in standard dialect.

Content

Chinese language

- Study of new lexicon and review of the lexicon learnt in previous courses.
- Study of new grammar points and review of some of the grammar points studied in previous courses.
- Production of texts in Chinese of diverse typology.
- Cultural topics related to the texts studied.

Translation

- 1. Students of the Degree in Translation and Interpreting
- Basic principles for the practice of Chinese-Spanish/Chinese-Catalan translation.
- · Resolution of contrastive difficulties: differences in writing conventions, lexicon, morphosyntax, etc.
- Use of technological resources and basic documentation techniques relevant to the translation of Chinese texts.
- Resolution of translation problems of texts on personal topics and general topics of known areas.
- 2. Chinese exchange students
- Basic principles for the practice of Chinese-Spanish translation.
- · Resolution of contrastive difficulties: differences in writing conventions, lexicon, morphosyntax, etc.
- Use of technological resources and basic documentation techniques relevant to the translation of Chinese texts.
- Resolution of translation problems of texts of diverse typology.

Methodology

In order to achieve the objectives of the subject, the methodology chosen is as follows:

- Learning by tasks: under the supervision of the teacher and also independently, students perform tasks
 and projects to reflect on the problems they may have in reading and translating texts in Chinese and
 find a way to solve them.
- Case study: Students analyze professional situations presented by the teacher in order to conceptualize the experience and search for effective solutions.
- Cooperative learning: students are encouraged to build knowledge socially; use of small groups for students to work together in order to optimize their and their classmates' learning.

The formative activities that will be carried out in this subject are divided into directed activities, supervised activities, autonomous work and evaluation activities.

- The directed activities consist of working different types of simple non-specialized texts from the point of view of translation and oral and written production.
- The supervised activities consist in carrying out activities proposed by the teacher.
- Autonomous work: it requires about 70 hours of autonomous work. Students must autonomously
 prepare the vocabulary, texts, exercises and grammar points indicated by the teacher, in this way in
 class the teacher can direct the study to solve issues in the fields of interculturality, phonetics, lexicon,
 the syntax, the translation and the production of oral and written texts.
- The evaluation activities are tests and tasks that allow both the teacher and the students to evaluate the progress of learning and reflect on the teaching-learning process.

Activities

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Type: Directed			
Language activities	51	2.04	1, 19
Translation tasks	28	1.12	
Type: Supervised			
Language activities	12	0.48	1, 19
Translation tasks	20	0.8	1, 19
Type: Autonomous			
Language activities	30	1.2	1, 19
Translation activities	75	3	1, 19

Assessment

1. Students of the Degree in Translation and Interpreting

The course is distributed as follows:

a) Language (60% of the final mark)

Oral and written tests (minimum 2 tests) - 60%

Teaching portfolio (The teaching portfolio includes dictations, compositions, reading exercises, etc.) - 40%

b) Translation (40% of the final mark)

Midterm test and final test or final translation task (60%)

- Midterm tests (minimum 1 test) 25%
- Final test or final translation task 35%

Teaching portfolio (40%)

- Submit all translations activities discussed and/or corrected along the semester 15%
- Activities assessed individually by the teacher (minimum 1 activity) 25%

2. Chinese exchange students

Chinese exchange students will only attend translation courses and they will only be assed in translation. There will be 3 assessment activities that will represent 90% (each activity represents 30%), and 10% of the translations and exercises along the semester.

All information on assessment, assessment activities andtheir weighting is merely a guide. The subject's lecturer will provide full information when teaching begins.

Review

When publishing final marks prior to recording them on students' transcripts, the lecturer will provide written notification of a date and time for reviewing assessment activities. Students must arrange reviews in agreement with the lecturer.

Missed/failed assessment activities

Students may retake assessment activities they have failed or compensate for any they have missed, provided that those they have actually performed account for a minimum of 66.6% (two thirds) of the subject's final mark and that they have a weighted average mark of at least 3.5. Under no circumstances may an assessment activity worth 100% of the final mark be retaken or compensated for.

The lecturer will inform studentsof the procedure involved, in writing, when publishing final marks prior to recording them on transcripts. The lecturer may set one assignment per failed or missed assessment activity or a single assignment to cover a number of such activities.

Classification as "not assessable"

In the event of the assessment activities a student has performed accounting for just 25% or less of the subject's final mark, their work will be classified as "not assessable" on their transcript.

Misconduct in assessment activities

Students who engageinmisconduct (plagiarism, copying, personation, etc.) in an assessment activity will receive a mark of "0" for the activity in question. In the case of misconduct in more than one assessment activity, the students involved will be given a final mark of "0" for the subject.

Students may not retake assessment activities in which they are found to have engaged in misconduct. Plagiarism is considered to mean presenting all or part of an author's work, whether published in print or in digital format, as one's own,i.e. without citing it. Copying is considered to mean reproducing all or a substantial part of another student's work. In cases of copying in which it is impossible to determine which of two students has copied the work of the other, both will be penalised.

Assessment Activities

Title Weighting Hours ECTS Learning Outcomes

Language (Oral and written test and teaching porfolio. See detailed description above.)	60%	5.4	0.22	1, 2, 4, 3, 15, 16, 14, 6, 8, 7, 20, 10, 12, 13, 11, 21, 18, 17, 5, 19, 9, 22
Translation (Tests and/ or assessed translation tasks and teaching portfolio. See detailed description above.)	40%	3.6	0.14	1, 2, 4, 3, 15, 16, 14, 6, 8, 7, 20, 10, 12, 13, 11, 21, 18, 17, 5, 19, 9, 22

Bibliography

1. Language

Textbook and exercise book:

3rd volume of the New practical Chinese book.

2. Translation

The bilbiography of this part of the subject will be given throughout the semester.