

Biophysics

Code: 102962
ECTS Credits: 7

Degree	Type	Year	Semester
2502442 Medicine	FB	1	A

The proposed teaching and assessment methodology that appear in the guide may be subject to changes as a result of the restrictions to face-to-face class attendance imposed by the health authorities.

Contact

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Use of Languages

Principal working language: catalan (cat)
Some groups entirely in English: No
Some groups entirely in Catalan: Yes
Some groups entirely in Spanish: No

Teachers

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Maria Elena Alvarez Marimon
Alex Peralvarez Marin
Maria Isabel Marin Garcia
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Prerequisites

To profit the most of the course, the student should have the theoretical knowledge and the problem-solving competences corresponding to higher secondary school courses in Physics and Mathematics.

A basic knowledge in trigonometry and geometric optics applied to spherical dioptries and thin spherical lenses is mandatory.

Objectives and Contextualisation

Biophysics is one of the basic, mandatory courses in the first year of the Degree in Medicine. The objective of the course is to offer basic knowledge of the main physical phenomena of relevance to the structure and the function of the human organism in health, as well as some pathological scenarios.

The course examines the application of the laws of physics in the analysis of biological phenomena. In some cases, explanations at the molecular level are offered.

Also, the physical basis is set for other Medical courses such as Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Medical Physiology, and Clinical Radiology.

Finally, tools will be offered to address the resolution of numerical problems and the critical assessment of the obtained results.

Competences

- Communicate clearly, orally and in writing, with other professionals and the media.
- Critically assess and use clinical and biomedical information sources to obtain, organise, interpret and present information on science and health.
- Demonstrate a sufficient command of English, both oral and written, for effective scientific and professional communication.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the principles and physical, biochemical and biological processes that help to understand the functioning of the organism and its disorders.
- Demonstrate understanding of the basic sciences and the principles underpinning them.
- Demonstrate understanding of the mechanisms of alterations to the structure and function of the systems of the organism in illness.
- Demonstrate understanding of the structure and function of the body systems of the normal human organism at different stages in life and in both sexes.
- Demonstrate, in professional activity, a perspective that is critical, creative and research-oriented.
- Formulate hypotheses and compile and critically assess information for problem-solving, using the scientific method.
- Use information and communication technologies in professional practice.

Learning Outcomes

1. Communicate clearly, orally and in writing, with other professionals and the media.
2. Demonstrate a sufficient command of English, both oral and written, for effective scientific and professional communication.
3. Demonstrate, in professional activity, a perspective that is critical, creative and research-oriented.
4. Explain the physical bases of the structure and function of the systems of the human organism.
5. Formulate hypotheses and compile and critically assess information for problem-solving, using the scientific method.
6. Identify alterations to the structure and function of the biomolecules involved in vision.
7. Identify the basic processes of life on various levels of organisation: molecule, tissue, organ and individual.
8. Identify the physical principles that help to understand the functioning of the organism, at both cell and tissue level.
9. Identify the rules that govern energy transfer in the chemical processes of the human organism.
10. Use information and communication technologies in professional practice.
11. Use specific bibliographic sources and databases on biophysics to work independently on acquiring further knowledge.

Content

DISTRIBUTION BLOCKS

A. Biomechanics of the locomotor system.

B. Physico-chemistry of the cellular molecular systems or tissue of living beings (diffusion phenomena, osmosis, dialysis).

C. The physical basis of radiation and radioactivity. Medical applications.

D. Physical bases of the operation of devices and systems of the human organism (vision, voice and hearing, circulation of the blood, breathing)

PROGRAM

Unit 1. INTRODUCTION TO BIOMECHANICS AND TO ELASTICITY

Statics

Balance of a body. Balance conditions. Mechanical advantage of levers.

Gravity and balance

Effects of gravity on the human body. Gravity centre and body balance. Gravitational line and support base.

Action of forces in solids

Elasticity. Hooke's Law. Energy of elastic deformation. Inelastic bodies. Residual deformation. Viscoelasticity. Traction, compression, shearing, torsion and bending.

Physical properties of the bones

Bone elasticity and resistance. Architecture of the bones.

Unit 2. BIOPHYSICS OF VOICE PRODUCTION AND AUDITION

Production and characteristics of the human voice

Phonation. Vocal folds and glottal sound. Aerodynamic-myoelastic theory. Complex sounds. Harmonics. Frequency spectrum and cochlear stimulus. Resonances in the vocal tract. Vocal formants.

Perception of intensity

The scale of decibels. Auditory thresholds. Intensity and loudness. Equal-loudness contours. Frequency and pitch. Timbre.

Biophysical basis of auditory alterations

The audiogram. Long-term damage threshold. Bases of the most prevalent hearing losses. Recruitment.

Mechanisms of auditory transmission

External ear, resonance frequency in the external ear canal. Middle ear, impedance matching. Innerear, tonotopic organization of the basilar membrane and frequency analysis of complex sounds. Signal transduction in the organ of Corti.

Seminar: Simulation of hearing in patients with some of the most prevalent hearing loss.

Unit 3. PHYSICAL FOUNDATIONS OF RADIATION AND RADIOACTIVITY - MEDICAL APPLICATIONS

Nature and properties of electromagnetic waves (OEM)

The electromagnetic spectrum. Production and general properties of X-rays.

Fundamentals of radiology

Radioactive emission. Activity. Types of particles. Interaction with matter.

Ionization. Biological effects. Dose. Survival curves.

Medical applications

Gammagraphy. DXA (Dual energy X-ray absorptiometry). PET (Proton emission tomography).

Unit 4. DIFFUSION PHENOMENA - OSMOSIS AND DIALYSIS

Physical bases of diffusion phenomena

Simple diffusion, kinetic-molecular theory. Fick's Law. Diffusion coefficient. Diffusion through membranes.

Osmosis, characteristics and applications.

Dialysis, features and applications.

Unit 5. BIOPHYSICS OF VISION

The eye as an optical system

Optical parameters of the eye. Lens and mechanism of accommodation. Maximum power and minimum power. Near point and remote point. Amplitude of accommodation. Presbyopia.

Image formation in the retina

Imaging abnormalities. Ametropies: myopia, farsightedness. Correction of the different ametropies. Astigmatism.

Visual acuity

Variation of visual acuity in the retina.

The eye as a sensory receptor and color vision

Distribution of photoreceptors. Organization of the retina. Visual pigments: rhodopsin and iodopsins.

Visual phototransduction. Adaptation to light and to darkness.

Retinal sensitivity in photopic and scotopic vision. Absorption curves of iodopsins. Color vision abnormalities.

Unit 6. BIOPHYSICS OF BLOOD CIRCULATION

Principles of statics and fluid dynamics applied to blood circulation

Pressures. Blood pressure. Viscosity. Flow and continuity equation. Resistance.

Laminar and turbulent flows. Reynolds number. Bernoulli equation.

Real fluids flow

Hydrodynamic resistance. Poiseuille's Law. Characteristics of blood pressure in the circulatory system. Local control of blood flow.

Blood vessels

Vessel wall tension. Laplace's Law and applications in blood vessels. Vascular capacitance, compliance, distensibility. Anomalies.

Seminar: Physical basis of the electrocardiogram (ECG).

Unit 7. BIOPHYSICS OF BREATHING

General aspects of breathing

Structure of the respiratory tract. Lung volumes and capacities. Conditioning of the temperature and relative humidity of the inspired air.

Respiratory mechanics

The basic respiratory cycle.

Pulmonary compliance. Respiratory resistance.

Surface tension. Lung surfactant.

Alveolar diffusion

Partial pressures.

Henry's Law. Fick's Law. Blood oxygenation in health and pathological disorders.

Seminar: Physical bases of mechanical ventilation.

Methodology

The teaching methodology and evaluation proposed in the guide may undergo some modification depending on the restrictions on attendance that the health authorities impose.

Theory classes (TE): Master classes that will be taught either remotely (in the format chosen by each instructor, which will be indicated in advance) or in person, following the indications by the University authorities depending on the health situation throughout the course.

Specialized Seminars (SEM): Learning based on medical cases and problems in groups of 20 students. Preparatory work by the students, either individual or in team, is essential before the face-to-face sessions. Nine 1-hour sessions.

Laboratory practical classes (PLAB): Laboratory practices, in groups of 20 students, where the phenomena studied in the theory classes and seminars are visualized, and the acquired knowledge and skills are integrated and put into practice. 6 sessions.

Activities

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Type: Directed			
Laboratory practices (PLAB)	22	0.88	1, 4, 5, 7, 6, 8
Seminars (SEM)	9	0.36	1, 2, 5, 6, 11, 10
Theory classes (TE)	31	1.24	4, 5, 7, 6, 8
Type: Supervised			
Oral presentations in the seminar sessions	2	0.08	1, 4, 7, 6, 8, 9, 11
Type: Autonomous			
Study	58	2.32	
Work to prepare the cases and problems for the seminar sessions	41	1.64	4, 5, 8, 11

Assessment

Continuous evaluation:

The subject will be evaluated continuously during the course in three partial eliminatory tests (P1, P2, and P3). For each of them a mark equal to or greater than 4.5/10 must be reached.

Partial tests will consist of two parts. In the first part, theoretical knowledge and specialized seminars will be evaluated by means of a multiple-choice test, with 4 possible answers, of which 1, 2 or 3 can be true. Wrong answers will decrease the score. The weight of the first part will be 75% of the test mark. In the second part, lab practice classes will be evaluated by means of a written test that can include numerical calculations. The weight of this part will be 25% of the test mark.

Each of these tests will have the following weight in the final grade of the subject: P1 (30%) + P2 (30%) + P3 (40%). To pass the course, the global mark must be equal to or greater than 5.0/10.

Referral test:

Students who fail to pass the continued evaluation may participate in a referral test for those partial tests with a mark lower than the 4.5 required to calculate the global mark. Students with partial marks higher than 4.5 and lower than 5.0 can also choose to re-evaluate that or those partials of their choice, knowing that the global mark must reach 5.0 to pass the course.

Two conditions must be met to qualify for the referral test: (1) having participated in at least 2 of the 3 previous partial tests, and (2) that the mark resulting from the continued evaluation (P1 (30%) + P2 (30%) + P3 (40%)) is equal to or greater than 2.5/10.

The referral test will evaluate the part or parts not passed by the student and that must be reach at least 4.5 to calculate the global mark. To pass the course the global mark must be equal to or greater than 5.0/10.

Likewise, in those cases in which the three blocks are re-evaluated, the mark of the referral test must be equal to or greater than 5.0/10.

Students who passed the three partials but want to improve their mark, are allowed to participate in the referral test that includes the three blocks. In such case, the final mark for the course will be the one obtained now.

The referral test will consist of a single part in which the theoretical knowledge, specialised seminars and practices will be evaluated by means of an multiple choice test. The questions will include 4 possible answers, of which 1, 2 or 3 can be true. Wrong answers will decrease the score.

Non-assessable

Student who do not qualify to participate in the referral test will be qualified as 'Non-assessable'.

Students in their second or later enrolment:

Students in their second or later enrolment may directly participate in the referral test, at their preference.

Exam reviewing:

One day and time will be announced for those students wishing to review their test. The review will be done individually.

Misconduct:

In case a student undergoes misconduct (cheating, plagiarising...) in an evaluation, that test will be marked 0. If a second irregularity occurs, the final mark will be 0 and the case will be reported to the Coordinator of the Degree.

Assessment Activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Objective tests: Multiple choice and problem solving.	75%	9	0.36	4, 7, 6, 8, 11
Practical evaluation: Written evaluation of the practical competences.	25%	3	0.12	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 10

Bibliography

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