



Food Technology

Code: 102610 ECTS Credits: 6

Degree	Туре	Year	Semester
2502445 Veterinary Medicine	ОВ	2	Α

The proposed teaching and assessment methodology that appear in the guide may be subject to changes as a result of the restrictions to face-to-face class attendance imposed by the health authorities.

Contact

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Teachers

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Use of Languages

Principal working language: catalan (cat)
Some groups entirely in English: No
Some groups entirely in Catalan: Yes
Some groups entirely in Spanish: No

Prerequisites

There are no prerequisites for taking this course. However, in order to ensure the proper achievement of the learning aims, it is recommended that students have basic knowledge about physics, chemistry, mycrobiology, and food science.

It is common to use sources of information in English and it is recommended that students have a good knowledge of this language.

Objectives and Contextualisation

Objectives and Contextualisation

The subject (materia) Food Science and Technology, which is taught in the 2nd year of the degree, provides a part of the specific competences that veterinarians have to acquire during their training, since, according to Order ECI /333/2008; which establishes the requirements for the verification of official university degrees that qualify for the exercise of the Veterinary profession. The first competence that graduates in Veterinary Medicine must have acquired, is the control of the hygiene, the inspection and the technology of the production and elaboration of foods for human consumption, from the primary production to the consumer.

The contents of "Food Technology" is made up of two courses. In the first semester, Food Science is studied, in which the student must acquire the knowledge, theoretical and practical, about the characteristics, composition and alteration of foodstuffs for human consumption. In the second semester, Food Technology is studied, which acquires the foundations and principles of the technologies used to obtain healthy and safe foods.

Training objectives

At the end of the subject of Food Technology, students will be able to:

- Describe basic operations applied to food industries.
- Establish flow diagrams typical of the food industry.
- Describe the main process of transformation and / or conservation of foods, the consequences they have on the
- Identify the main characteristics of food industries derived from raw materials of animal origin.

Competences

- Apply food technology to the preparation of food for human consumption.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the rights and duties of the veterinarian, with a special focus on ethical principles
- Seek and manage information related with professional activity
- Work effectively in single or multidisciplinary teams and show respect, appreciation and sensitivity for the work of others.

Learning Outcomes

- 1. Analyse the processes used in the food industry for the conservation, transformation, storage and transport of foods.
- 2. Apply knowledge of basic sciences to food technology.
- 3. Identify and interpret the basic operations used in food industries to be able to program food conservation and/or transformation processes.
- 4. Seek and manage information related with professional activity
- 5. Specify quality criteria while taking into account the real functions of the food industry.
- 6. Work effectively in single or multidisciplinary teams and show respect, appreciation and sensitivity for the work of others.

Content

The subject consists of 2 units, whose contents are distributed in activities of theory, practicals and discussion of cases.

UNIT I. Basics of food industries

Theoretical classes

Topic 1. Processes and basic operations in food technology. Flow diagrams. Discontinuous processes. Description of the main processes and equipment used in the food industry.

Topic 2. Introduction to chilled foods. Industrial refrigeration and systems for chilling and freezing in the food industry. Characteristics and selection of cooling agents. Regulation and control elements. Effects of low temperatures on raw materials and processed foods. Speed of reactions and food conservation. Ice crystalization and changes in the food structure.

Topic 3. High temperatures in food preservation. Blanching. Pasteurization and sterilization of packaged products. Continuous treatments. Equipment and processes used in industry. Action on microorganisms: DTT curves, coefficients D and Z. F0 calculation. Other applications: baking, frying, toasting, baking.

Practicals

- Food industries: production systems
- Psychometrics, cooling and freezing
- Heat treatments: DTT curves and Pasteurization

UNIT II. Fundamentals of the industries from raw materials of animal origin

Theoretical classes

Topic 4. Technology of milk and derivatives. Composition and structure of milk. Microbiology of milk. Conservation treatments. Concentrated milk and powdered milk. Cream and butter. Coagulation. Other products.

Topic 5. Technology of meat and derivatives. Transformation of muscle in meat: normal and abnormal post-mortem metabolism in channels. Variability of meat. Cooling and freezing. Microbiology and meat conservation. Main families of emerging and processed derivatives.

Topic 6. Technology of fishery products. Composition and characteristics. Changes postmortem. Cooling and freezing. Fish processing.

Practicals

- Eggs and eggproducts
- Fish industry processing
- Meat industry processing and meat products
- Milk processing: cheese amb milk products
- Food Packaging

Methodology

The methodology used in this course during the learning process combines the following activities:

- Classroom magisterial classes where the student acquires the basic concepts of the subject.
- Practicals: complete and reinforce the knowledge acquired in the master classes.
- Self-learning: in group or individual, preparation and presentation of the proposed cases. This work involves the search and selection of information in various sources of information and the answer to the questions raised

[&]quot;*Unless the requirements enforced by the health authorities demand a prioritization or reduction of these contents."

The teaching material used in the subject will be available in Moodle. Self-assessment material will also be left for the different blocks of the subject, which the student can use to reinforce their knowledge. It will be used as a mechanism for the exchange of information between professors and students.

"*The proposed teaching methodology may experience some modifications depending on the restrictions to face-to-face activities enforced by health authorities."

Annotation: Within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

Activities

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Type: Directed			
Practicals at the Pilot Plant	7	0.28	1, 5, 3, 6
Practicals at the lab	4	0.16	3, 6
Seminars	14	0.56	4, 3, 6
Theory class	27	1.08	1, 2, 5, 3
Type: Autonomous			
Case resolution, problems,	38	1.52	1, 2, 4, 5, 3, 6
Self study	58	2.32	2, 4, 3

Assessment

Continuous evaluation

The subject will be approved with a minimum global score of 5/10. The evaluation will be individual and will be carried out continuously during the different training activities that are taught. The subject is organized in two Units (I and II) that have an identical weight in the final grade. The minimum grade of each Unit to do average is 5/10.

In each Unit, the note will be the sum of the notes of each type of activity in the following way,

- 1.- 70% with the exam, which includes all the information given. The exam has 2 parts: a) multiple choice questions and b) short answer questions. The short answer questions will not be corrected if 4/10 is not reached in the multiple choice questions. minimum to average 5/10
- 2.- 15% with the self-learning activities: minimum to average 5/10
- 3.- Internship activities. Minimum to average: 5/10.

Recovery

Students who have not passed one exam during the course will be eligible for recovery, which will consist of a specific examination for each unit to be recovered. In the recovery exam it will include all the subject taught, questions will be asked about all the contents that have been worked on in each Unit.

It will be necessary to obtain a minimum of 5 in the exam of recovery corresponding to each Unit to be able to make media with the other Unit to pass the subject. The notes obtained in the practices or self-learning part

during the continuous evaluation will not be taken into account. For the final grade the weight of each Unit is maintained (50% U I and 50% U II) as well as the continuous evaluation.

Students who wish may present themselves to upload the note.

It is considered that the student who performs less than 60% of the evaluation activities waives the continuous evaluation.

"*Student's assessment may experience some modifications depending on the restrictions to face-to-face activities enforced by health authorities."

Assessment Activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Exams	70%	2	0.08	1, 2, 5, 3
Practicals aims achievement	15%	0	0	1, 6
Self learning	15%	0	0	1, 2, 4, 5, 3, 6

Bibliography

Books from the Vet's Library

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- Thapon J.-L. i C.-M. Bourgeois (1995) L'oeuf et les ovoproduits. Ed,Tech & Doc, París.
- Walstra, P., Geurts, T.J., Noomen, A., Jellema, A (2001). Ciencia de la leche y tecnología de los productos lácteos. Editorial Acribia S.A. Zaragoza.

online books. For each topic, the teacher will indicate the most interesting.

https://www.sciencedirect.com/browse/journals-and-books?contentType=BK&subject=food-sciencei

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http://www.knovel.com/

Software

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