



Organic Food Production

Code: 103258 ECTS Credits: 3

Degree	Туре	Year	Semester
2501925 Food Science and Technology	ОТ	4	2

The proposed teaching and assessment methodology that appear in the guide may be subject to changes as a result of the restrictions to face-to-face class attendance imposed by the health authorities.

Contact

Name: Josepa Plaixats Boixadera

Email: Josefina.Plaixats@uab.cat

Teachers

Elena Albanell Trullas
Josepa Plaixats Boixadera
Roser Sala Pallarés
Francesc Xavier Such Martí
Dolors Izquierdo Tugas

Use of Languages

Principal working language: catalan (cat)

Some groups entirely in English: No Some groups entirely in Catalan: Yes Some groups entirely in Spanish: No

Prerequisites

There are no official prerequisites to attend this course. However, it is recommended that students review the contents related toBiology and Production of Raw Materials subjects studied during the first course

Objectives and Contextualisation

Optional subject of 4th course that develops the scientific knowledge and the necessary techniques to achieve a sustainable agricultural activity, respectful with the environment and that allows to obtain food products in accordance with the requirements of consumers and the current agri-food industry, taking into account the legal framework of organic production.

The specific training objectives are:

- 1.- Deepening in the principles of ecological agricultural and livestock production and its environmental and socioeconomic importance.
- 2.- To know the practice of the cultivation and conservation of the main vegetable species for human and animal nutrition.
- 3.- Understand the scientific basis of animal health and welfare and its relationship with organic production.
- 4.- To know the systems of evaluation of the quality of the ecological products.

5.- To know the current regulations on the production and commercialization of organic agricultural products and the certification procedures in Catalonia and the European Union

Competences

- Develop individual learning strategies and planning and organisation skills.
- Identify food hazards, their nature (physical, chemical, biological and nutritional), their origin or causes, their effects, and suitable methods for controlling them throughout the food supply chain so as to reduce risks to consumers.
- Search for, manage and interpret information from different sources.
- Show sensitivity to environmental, sanitary and social issues.
- Work individually or in unidisciplinary and multidisciplinary teams and in international contexts.

Learning Outcomes

- 1. Apply suitable methods for monitoring the entire food supply chain in order to prevent the presence of biotic and abiotic agents in food.
- 2. Develop individual learning strategies and planning and organisation skills.
- 3. Search for, manage and interpret information from different sources.
- 4. Show sensitivity to environmental, sanitary and social issues.
- 5. Work individually or in unidisciplinary and multidisciplinary teams and in international contexts.

Content

THEORY

SECTION I

Chapter 1. Organic Agriculture.

Agroecology: foundations and strategies for sustainable agriculture. Introduction to organic agriculture. Differentiation between organic agriculture and other production systems: biodynamic agriculture, regenerative agriculture

Chapter 2. Soil and Fertilization

The soil is a living environment. Bases of fertilization in organic farming. Nutrient cycles. Organic and inorganic fertilizers.

Chapter 3. Plant Health and Protection.

Introduction. Mechanisms for the defense of plants. Agronomic, physical and biological control. Natural preparations. Other methods of control.

Chapter 4. Organic Production of Mushrooms.

Characteristics of mushrooms. Most important species. Bases of ecological mushroom production: cultivation and wild. Mushrooms and Bioremediation

Chapter 5. Organic Production of Extensive Crops.

Bases of cultivation. Cereals. Grain legumes. Industrial and fodder crops. Importance of native varieties.

Chapter 6. Organic Production of Vegetables

Importance of organic horticulture. Agronomic bases for the cultivation of organic vegetables

Chapter 7. Organic Production of Woody Crops.

Agronomic bases for the ecological management of woody crops. The vineyard and the olive tree. Citrus fruits. Fleshy and dried fruits.

SECTION II

Chapter 8. Introduction to Organic Livestock Production.

Impact of Livestock on the environment. Integration Agriculture-Livestock. Situation of the organic livestock sector.

Chapter 9. Conversion to Organic LivestockProduction.

Administrative and political support. Control of organic production. Animal welfare in organic livestock.

Chapter 10. Organic Production of Ruminants for Meat and Milk

Management and feeding of organic livestock. Conversion of facilities and effluent management.

Chapter 11 (2 h). Organic Production of Pigs and Poultry.

Production cycle. Operating systems and housing. Breeds used. Feed.

Chapter 12. (2 hr). Organic Aquaculture (fish, molluscs and algae).

Situation of the sector. Conversion to organic aquaculture production: regulation. Management and nutrition. Conversion of facilities, effluent management and welfare.

SECTION III

Chapter 13. Quality of Organic Food.

Concept of organic food quality. Nutritional quality. Sensory quality. Environmental quality. Socio-economic quality.

Chapter 14. Organic Foods and Science

Evolution of the consumption of organic foods. Organic versus conventional foods. Conclusions of organic production.

<u>SEMINARS</u>

- S1. (1h). Presentation of the CCPAE
- S2. (2h). Alternation and association of crops
- S3. (1h). Scientific discussion on organic food

PRACTICES

- P1. (3h) Visit to an organic agriculture farm
- P2. (3h) Visit to an organic livestock farm

Methodology

The center of the learning process is student's own work. The teacher's mission to help in this learning process would be twofold. First, providing them with information and second, showing them sources where they can get it. Supervise them is essential.

Following this ideas, and according to the objectives, the development of this course is based on the following methodologies and activities:

The <u>lectures</u> will be the main type of activity and with them the student will acquire the basic scientific and technical knowledge of the subject. The learning contents and concepts explained during the lectures require student's autonomous work in order to assimilate them.

The <u>seminars</u> are sessions with a small number of students where the scientific-technical knowledge exposed to the theoretical classes are worked to complete their comprehension. The specific objective may vary depending on the type of seminar, although always seeking to promote the analysis, reasoning, discussion and resolution capacity by the student.

The objective of the <u>technical visits</u> is to complete, apply and reinforce the knowledge acquired in the lectures and seminars directly. They are basic to see the practical application of the concepts given during theoretical and practical lectures. From each visit students will have to prepare a report which will be given to the corresponding teaching staff for their evaluation.

The <u>tutorial</u> sessions aim to direct and help the students in their training to solve doubts about the contents of the subject.

Annotation: Within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

Activities

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Type: Directed			
Participative lectures	16	0.64	1, 4, 2
Seminars	4	0.16	1, 4, 5
Technical visits	6	0.24	1, 3, 5
Type: Supervised			
Technical visit reports	5	0.2	1, 4, 5
Tutorials	5	0.2	1
Type: Autonomous			
Individual study	37	1.48	1, 2, 5

Assessment

The evaluation of the subject will take place from the evaluations of:

Final Exam: The knowledge acquired in theory lessons and seminars by the student will be evaluated individually with s one-way multiple choice test. In this exam there will be two partial tests (one about organic foods of vegetable origin and the other one of animal origin) with a weight on the final grade of 37.5%, which can be passes if a score is \geq 5. The minimum score in each partial test for averaging the other must be 4.5. Students who do not pass any partial test will have a second recovery test.

Practices Visits are mandatory and attendance, attitude and document delivered will be evaluated. This assessment has a weight of 15% of the total grade.

Seminars. Assessment by means of a test type in relation to the content of each seminar. The tests can be performed at the end of each session or in conjunction with the theory exam. The evaluation of the questionnaires of the seminars has a global weight of 10% of the final grade.

To pass the subject, it is essential to have passed the exam with a mark ≥ 5 and to have attended the practical sessions (visits) and seminars. Only those absences that are due for greater cause and duly justified will be accepted.

Any student who has not been presented to less than 50% of the activities described in the teaching methodology will be sonsiderednon-evaluable.

Assessment Activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Exam of organic animal foods section	37.5%	1	0.04	1, 3, 4, 2
Exam of organic vegetable foods section	37.5%	1	0.04	1, 3, 4, 2
Seminars	10%	0	0	1, 4, 5
Visit reports	15%	0	0	1, 3, 4, 5

Bibliography

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Software

No software is used