



## **Temporal Data Analysis**

Code: 104413 ECTS Credits: 6

Degree	Туре	Year	Semester
2503740 Computational Mathematics and Data Analytics	ОТ	4	1

### Contact

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### **Use of Languages**

Principal working language: spanish (spa)

Some groups entirely in English: No Some groups entirely in Catalan: No Some groups entirely in Spanish: No

### Other comments on languages

Class material (slides and practical excercises) will be in english, spanish and/or catalan.

#### **Teachers**

Anna Lopez Ratera

### **Prerequisites**

It is advisable to have knowledge on probability, statistical inference and linear models.

# **Objectives and Contextualisation**

This course aims to introduce students to time series models and their applications. A time series is a set of observations of a random phenomenon evolving over time (or any other ordered magnitude). Time series appear in many fields of application. Therefore, their analysis and the modelling of the underlying random phenomena are of crucial theoretical and applied importance. The ultimate goal is the modelling of the mechanism that generates the data, performing model diagnostics, and predicting future values.

### Competences

- Calculate and reproduce certain mathematical routines and processes with ease.
- Design, develop, maintain and evaluate software systems that allow large volumes of heterogeneous data to be represented, stored and handled in accordance with the established requirements.
- Formulate hypotheses and think up strategies to confirm or refute them.
- Make effective use of bibliographical resources and electronic resources to obtain information.
- Relate new mathematical objects with other known objects and deduce their properties.
- Students must be capable of applying their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way
  and they should have building arguments and problem resolution skills within their area of study.
- Students must be capable of collecting and interpreting relevant data (usually within their area of study) in order to make statements that reflect social, scientific or ethical relevant issues.

- Students must be capable of communicating information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialised and non-specialised audiences.
- Students must develop the necessary learning skills to undertake further training with a high degree of autonomy.
- Using criteria of quality, critically evaluate the work carried out.
- Work cooperatively in a multidisciplinary context assuming and respecting the role of the different members of the team.

## **Learning Outcomes**

- 1. Analyse data using the time-series model.
- 2. Critically analyse distinct models of temporary series.
- 3. Draft the technical report based on a statistical analysis.
- 4. Extract relevant conclusions from applied problems through the application of statistical methods.
- 5. Extract relevant conclusions from applied problems, through the application of advanced statistical methods.
- 6. Identify the most appropriate modeling for a chronological series.
- 7. Identify the special methodological characteristics of statistical analysis according to the distinct areas of application.
- 8. Identify the statistical assumptions associated with each advanced procedure.
- 9. Identify, use and interpret the criteria for evaluating degree of fulfillment of the requirements needed to apply each advanced statistical procedure.
- 10. Interpret results with advanced methodologies, and extract conclusions.
- 11. Make effective use of bibliographical resources and electronic resources to obtain information.
- 12. Plan studies based on time series for real cases.
- 13. Recognize the advantages and disadvantages of distinct statistical methodologies when applied to the various disciplines.
- 14. Students must be capable of applying their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way and they should have building arguments and problem resolution skills within their area of study.
- 15. Students must be capable of collecting and interpreting relevant data (usually within their area of study) in order to make statements that reflect social, scientific or ethical relevant issues.
- 16. Students must be capable of communicating information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialised and non-specialised audiences.
- 17. Students must develop the necessary learning skills to undertake further training with a high degree of autonomy.
- 18. Understand statistical software for programming functions and advanced procedures.
- 19. Use statistical software for the study of temporary series.
- 20. Use temporary-evolution data-summary graphs.
- 21. Using criteria of quality, critically evaluate the work carried out.
- 22. Work cooperatively in a multidisciplinary context, taking on and respecting the role of the distinct members in the team.

### Content

- 1. Introduction. Classical analysis of time series models.
- 2. Stationary Processes. On the concept of stationarity, examples. Simulation.
- 3. Linear models. MA(q) and AR(p). Correlograms. Yule-Walker equations. The difference operator. Relationship between MA and AR models. The autocorrelation and partial autocorrelation functions.
- 4. ARIMA Models. The ARMA(p,q) model. Parameter estimation: method of moments, MLE, unconditional and conditional least squares. The ARIMA(p,d,q) and SARIMA models. The Box-Jenkins method. Segmentation.
- 5. Diagnostic checking and Forecasting. AIC and BIC criteria. Analysis of residuals. Confidence intervals for predictions.
- 6. Models for non-stationary series: ARCH/GARCH, ARMA with covariates.
- 7. Count Time Series: The INAR models.

Unless the requirements enforced by the health authorities demand a prioritization or reduction of these contents.

## Methodology

During the theoretical lessons (2 H/week) the fundamental results will be presented, and computer exercises will be developed. During the lab hours (with laptop) students will solve real data problems. The programing language used is R.

The proposed teaching methodology may experience some modifications depending on the restrictions to face-to-face activities enforced by health authorities

Annotation: Within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

### **Activities**

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Type: Directed			
Practical sessions	26	1.04	
Theoretical sessions	26	1.04	
Type: Autonomous			
Personal work	60	2.4	
Real data analysis	25	1	

### **Assessment**

During the theoretical lessons (2 H/week) the fundamental results will be presented, and computer exercises will be developed. During the lab hours (with laptop) students will solve real data problems. The programing language used is R.

Student's assessment may experience some modifications depending on the restrictions on face-to-face activities enforced by health authorities

### **Assessment Activities**

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Final Exam	0,4	3	0.12	2, 1, 18, 5, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 20
Homework (exercises and computer activities)	0,3	8	0.32	2, 1, 21, 18, 5, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 17, 16, 14, 15, 3, 22, 11, 20, 19
Mid-term exam	0,3	2	0.08	2, 1, 18, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 20

# **Bibliography**

- 1. Bisegard, S. (2011). *Time Series Analysis and Forecasting By Example. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey.* https://onlinelibrary-wiley-com.are.uab.cat/doi/pdf/10.1002/9781118056943
- 2. Brockwell, P.J. and Davis, R.A. (2002). *Introduction to Time Series and Forecasting*. 2nd edit. Springer. https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C\_\_Rb1671241\_\_Sa%3A%28Brockwell%29%20t%3A%28time%2
- 3. Cryer, J.D. and Chan, K.S. (2008). *Time Series Analysis with Applications to R*. 2nd. edit. Springer. https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C\_\_Rb2027637\_\_Sa%3A%28Cryer%29%20t%3A%28time%20ser
- Peña, R.D. A course in time series analysis. https://onlinelibrary-wiley-com.are.uab.cat/doi/book/10.1002/9781118032978
- 5. Peña, D., Tiao, G.C., and Tsay, R.S. (2001). A Course in Time Series Analysis. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. https://onlinelibrary-wiley-com.are.uab.cat/doi/book/10.1002/9781118032978
- 6. Shumway, R.H. and Stoffer, D.S. (2011) *Time Series Analysis and its Applications*. 3rd. edit. Springer. https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C\_\_Rb1784344\_\_Sa%3A%28shumway%29%20t%3A%28time%2
- 7. Tsay., R.S. (2010). Analysis of Financial Time Series, 3rd Edition, Wiley.

### **Software**

R Core Team (2021). R: A language and environment for statistical computing. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria. URL https://www.R-project.org/.

We shall use several R libraries, including forecast, TSA, TSeries, quantmod, fgarch, tscount.