

Animal Physiology: Systems

Code: 100993
ECTS Credits: 6

Degree	Type	Year	Semester
2500502 Microbiology	OT	4	2

Contact

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Teaching groups languages

You can check it through this [link](#). To consult the language you will need to enter the CODE of the subject.
Please note that this information is provisional until 30 November 2023.

Prerequisites

It is advisable that the student has attained basic skills and knowledge on the structure and organization of animals.
It is important that the student has acquired the basic skills and knowledge of the different functional systems of the organism.

Objectives and Contextualisation

The general objectives of the course are:

Learn the basics of physiology of different functional systems of the organism.
Acquire a comprehensive and integrated interrelationships of the various functional systems.
Integrate the knowledge of the physiology acquired in other core subjects.
To train students to apply knowledge in physiological deduction of the organism.

Competences

- Act with ethical responsibility and respect for fundamental rights and duties, diversity and democratic values.
- Display a capacity for analysis, synthesis, organisation, planning and decision-making.
- Recognise the different levels of organization of living beings, especially animals and plants, diversity and bases of regulation of vital functions of organisms and identify mechanisms of adaptation to the environment.
- Take sex- or gender-based inequalities into consideration when operating within one's own area of knowledge.
- Work individually or in groups, in multidisciplinary teams and in an international context.

Learning Outcomes

1. Act with ethical responsibility and respect for fundamental rights and duties, diversity and democratic values.
2. Analyse the functional mechanisms of hydrosaline and acid-base equilibrium in the animal organism.
3. Display a capacity for analysis, synthesis, organisation, planning and decision-making.
4. Identify the macroscopic and microscopic structure of the nervous system and relate this to its functioning.
5. Take sex- or gender-based inequalities into consideration when operating within one's own area of knowledge.
6. Understand and interpret the functions and regulation mechanisms of animal systems.
7. Work individually or in groups, in multidisciplinary teams and in an international context.

Content

The program to be followed will be as follows,

SCHEDULE OF THE COURSE

1

-Introduction to Animal Physiology:

- Basic principles of physiology. Internal environment and homeostasis. Feedback mechanisms (feedback).

Compartments liquid composition. Transport through the membrane. Communication intercellular.

2.

Excitability and excitable cells:

- Concept and excitability excitable cells.

- The nervous system: neurons and glia

- Electrical activity in neurons: ion channels. Ionic basis of resting membrane potential and action potentials. Nerv

- Synapse. Basics of Neurochemistry. Neurotransmission.

- Synaptic integration.

3.-

Type of muscle tissues: anatomical and functional characteristics.

- Striated skeletal muscle

- Cardiac muscle

- Visceral smooth muscle

4.

Nervous System

- Anatomical organization of the nervous system. Development of the nervous system

- Protective Structures of the nervous system: bone structure. Meninges. Cerebrospinal fluid.

BHE.

- Structural central nervous system: cerebral hemispheres: histological structure of the cerebral cortex.

Functional organization of the cortex. Basal ganglia. Hippocampus. Amygdala.

- Functional organization of structures diencephalic, mesencephalic and brainstem.

- Spinal cord

5. Sensory Physiology:

- Sensory receptors. Concept. Type. Transduction mechanisms.

- Somatosensory receptors. Touch and pressure. Thermoreceptors. Nociception. Pathways processing somatose

- Special Senses. Chemoreception: smell and taste.

- Photoreception: the human eye

- Hearing and equilibrium: human ear.

6. The autonomic nervous system

- Sympathetic and parasympathetic

7. Somatic motor system

- Organization cord. Muscle organs and spinal reflexes.

- Organization supramedullary. The role of the cerebral cortex, cerebellum and basal ganglia

8. Activation SNC:

- Reticular system. Wakefulness and sleep. Electroencephalogram.

9. Circulatory System:

- Elements of blood forms. Hemostasis.

- Concepts of hemodynamics. Functional organization of the circulatory system.

- Functional structure of the heart, electrical and mechanical events during the cardiac cycle. Electrocardiogram.
- Arterial, venous. Blood pressure. Capillary exchange.
- Control of the cardiovascular system.
- Lymphatic System

10. Respiratory Physiology:

- Functional anatomy of the respiratory system. The lungs of mammals. Functional structure. Exchange gases.
- Regulation of respiration in mammals.

11. Renal Physiology:

- The mammalian kidney. Functional anatomy. Processes involved in the formation of urine. Formation of urine

12. Digestive:

- Anatomy and function of the digestive system in mammals. Gastrointestinal regulatory systems: enteric nervous
- Mouth and esophagus: saliva and swallowing
- Stomach
- Small intestine: Pancreatic Secretion. Bile secretion. Chemical digestion. Absorption. Entero-hepatic circulation
- Large intestine: digestion mechanical and chemical. Absorption. Formation of feces. Defecation

13. Control of body temperature

14. Endocrine system

- Hormones. Mechanisms of action. Regulatory systems.

- The pituitary: Neurohypophysis. Neurohypophysis hormones. Adenohypophysis. Adenohypophysis hormones. (
- Adrenal Glands: adrenocortical tissue: Glucocorticoids. Mineralocorticoid. Chromaffin tissue: Catecholamines
- The thyroid gland. Synthesis and function of thyroid hormones.
- Pancreatic hormones. Insulin and glucagon.
- The metabolism of calcium and phosphorus. Parathyroid hormone, vitamin D and calcitonin

15. Reproduction:

- Testicular function. Control of male reproductive functions
- The ovarian function. The endometrial and ovarian cycle. Player control in the female.

Methodology

Methodology

Theoretical lectures:

Traditional lectures on the contents of the theoretical program imparted by the professor with the support of images obtained mainly from the bibliography that is recommended to the student.

Seminars:

The student works in small groups.

1.-SEMINARS OF CASES AND PROBLEMS (3 hours): discussion and resolution of practical cases and problems

2.-SEMINARS OF THEMES (3 + 3 hours): Students prepare a topic chosen by them, from the list of topics proposed by the teacher. The students will present a written summary (maximum 2 sheets) and at the end, an oral presentation (maximum 15 minutes).

All the students of the group must participate in the written and oral presentation.

Annotation: Within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

Activities

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Type: Directed			

Theoretical lectures	39	1.56	2, 6, 4, 3
seminars	6	0.24	2, 6, 4, 7, 3
Type: Supervised			
preparation of seminars	6	0.24	2, 6, 4, 7, 3
Type: Autonomous			
preparation of works	19	0.76	2, 6, 4, 7, 3
study	66	2.64	2, 6, 4, 7, 3

Assessment

Evaluation

According to current regulations, the continuous evaluation process must include a minimum of three evaluation activities, of two different types, distributed throughout the course, none of which can represent more than 50% of the final grade.

In this subject, the assessment includes 5 assessment activities: three theoretical and two seminars and 3 typologies: written tests, work assignments and oral defense of the work. Below we will detail this evaluation process.

1.- Evaluation of the theory: 75% of the final grade

The theoretical knowledge will be evaluated by means of three partial exams: The value of each partial proportional to the amount of matter evaluated.

1.1.- Theoretical exams: partial: Will be multiple-choice examination, of 4 possible answers, a single correct answer.

To pass by partial the minimum mark of each partial will have to be \geq of 4.3 and the final grade of theory after making the half between the three partials (proportional according to the subject) will have to be \geq 5. Otherwise, there will be to go to recovery of the suspended partials. If partials score exceed 4.3 but do not reach 5 score, the student can choose the partials to recover.

1.2.- Theoretical test: Recovery: To participate in the recovery, the students must have been previously evaluated in a set of activities whose weight equals to a minimum of two thirds of the total qualification of the student. Therefore, students will obtain the "Non-gravable" qualification when the assessment activities carried out have a weighting of less than 67% in the final grade.

There is a recovery test for each partial suspended. The recovery exam, consists of 2-4 short questions to be developed and 10-14 true or false and reason the answer.

1.3.- Theoretical test: To improve the final grade: There is the possibility of a special exam to improve the final grade. The exam is of all theoretical course (you cannot exam of only one of the two partial) the same day of the recovery.

2.- Evaluation of the seminars: 25% of the final grade (problems 10% - subjects 15%)

In the seminars students work in groups (4-5) that are organized at the beginning of the course.

2.1.-Case and problem seminars. They will be two: one half-semester and the other at the end. Written tests

2.2.- Seminars of subjects: (3 + 3)

A: delivery of written report: summary of a chosen subject (5%)

B: Oral defense of the work (5%)

C: Written exam on all seminars presented in the current course (5%) with multiple-choice examination (one question per seminar)

The seminars will not be recoverable.

3. Single evaluation: consists of a THEORY Exam. Seminars are valued in the same way as continuous evaluation.

Evaluation of the theory: a single test in which the contents of the entire theory program of the subject will be evaluated. The test will consist of multiple-choice questions (80%), and a topic question to be developed (20%). The grade obtained in this synthesis test will represent 75% of the final grade of the subject.

Assessment Activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Teoria	75%	8	0.32	1, 5, 2, 6, 4, 7, 3
seminaris	25%	6	0.24	1, 5, 2, 6, 4, 7, 3

Bibliography

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Autor Jesús A. Fernández-Tresguerres ... [et al.]

Títol - Fisiología humana [Recurs electrònic]

Edició 4a ed

Publicació - México, [etc.] : McGraw-Hill Interamericana, cop. 2014

Enllaç en el catàleg de la UAB http://cataleg.uab.cat/record=b1965070~S1*cat

Autor Silverthorn, Dee Unglaub, 1948-

Títol Fisiología humana [Recurs electrònic] : un enfoque integrado / Dee Unglaub Silverthorn, con colaboración de Bruce R. Johnson y William C. Ober

Edició 6a ed.

Publicació/producció Buenos Aires [etc.] : Médica Panamericana, cop. 2014

Enllaç en el catàleg de la UAB: http://cataleg.uab.cat/record=b1942946~S1*cat

Títol: Ganong fisiología médica [Recurs electrònic] /Kim E. Barrett ... [et al.]

Publicació: México : McGraw-Hill Interamericana, cop. 2013

Edició: 24ª ed.

Enllaç en el catàleg de la UAB <http://cataleg.uab.cat/record=b1983899>

Software

No software is used for the development of this subject