

Biophysics

Code: 100996
ECTS Credits: 6

Degree	Type	Year	Semester
2500502 Microbiology	OT	4	1

Contact

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Teaching groups languages

You can check it through this [link](#). To consult the language you will need to enter the CODE of the subject. Please note that this information is provisional until 30 November 2023.

Teachers

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Bruna Calsina Pla-Giribert

Mario Lopez Martin

Nuria Benseny Cases

Prerequisites

Students should have achieved a basic knowledge in general Physics, mastering concepts such as pressure, energy, power and intensity. It is important to have a previous knowledge of mechanical waves and optics. That is, to have acquired the theoretical knowledge and problem solving capacity as it is implemented for Physics in the 'Batxillerat' (Spanish/Catalan) program.

Objectives and Contextualisation

First year Biophysics for Biomedical Sciences students aims at explaining the structure-function of living organisms, especially the human body in its health and disease states, from the point of view of the application of the fundamental laws and principles of Physics. Emphasis is made on the use of tools to solve numerical problems and for the acquisition of a critical capacity to evaluate scientific results.

Competences

- Communicate orally and in writing.
- Develop critical reasoning skills in the field of study and in relation to the social context.
- Interpret, on a molecular scale, microbial mechanisms and processes.
- Obtain, select and manage information.
- Recognise the different levels of organization of living beings, especially animals and plants, diversity and bases of regulation of vital functions of organisms and identify mechanisms of adaptation to the environment.
- Use bibliography or internet tools, specific to microbiology or other related disciplines, both in English and in the first language.
- Work individually or in groups, in multidisciplinary teams and in an international context.

Learning Outcomes

1. Communicate orally and in writing.
2. Describe the fundamental physical principles that throw light on the functioning of the organism, both on the cell scale and the tissue scale.
3. Develop critical reasoning skills in the field of study and in relation to the social context.
4. Display knowledge of the biophysical principles behind molecular interactions and equilibria in health and in pathologies.
5. Know and understand the physical principles behind the functioning of organs and systems of the human organism in health, such as vision, speech and hearing, respiration and blood circulation.
6. Know the effects of the interaction of radiation and particles with living beings and relate these to their physical bases.
7. Know underlying physiopathological causes of the most prevalent non-infectious diseases in the human population.
8. Obtain, select and manage information.
9. Use bibliography or internet tools, specific to microbiology or other related disciplines, both in English and in the first language.
10. Work individually or in groups, in multidisciplinary teams and in an international context.

Content

1. RADIATIONS I. FUNDAMENTALS (5 hours theory + 1 hour classroom practicals)

1.1. Nature and some properties.

1.2. X-rays.

1.3. Radioactive emission.

1.4. Interactions with living beings.

1.5. Biological effects.

1.6. Dose.

2. VOICE PRODUCTION AND AUDITION (5 H THEORY + 1 h numerical problems)

2.1. Sound quality: intensity, tone and timbre.

2.2. Voice production.

2.3. Auditory transmission mechanisms. The middle ear as an impedance adaptor. Frequency discrimination and localization in the inner ear. Sound sensation thresholds.

3. BIOPHYSICS OF VISION (5 H THEORY + 1 h numerical problems + 3.5 h lab teaching)

3.1 The eye as an optical system. Ocular Dioptric. Resting eye power. Accommodation. The crystalline. Image formation in the retina. Presbyopia. Refraction defects: Myopia, hypermetropia. Correction. Visual acuity.

3.2 The eye as a sensory receptor.

Visual phototransduction. Cones and rods. Rhodopsin and iodopsins. Transduction and signal amplification. Membrane hyperpolarization. Retina sensibility. Photopic and Scotopic vision. Sensibility curve. Light/darkness adaptation.

3.3 Color vision. Visual trivariance. Iodopsins absorption curves. Color vision anomalies.

4. BIOPHYSICS OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM (5 h theory + 1 h classroom practices + 2.5 h laboratory)

4.1. Fundamental principles of fluid statics and dynamics.

4.2. Energetics of laminar flow. Bernoulli equation.

4.3 Laws of circulation of real liquids. Traffic regimes. Viscosity. Pressure loss. Poiseuille Law. Hydrodynamic resistance.

4.4. Tension in the vascular wall. Laplace's law.

4.5. Effect of gravity on blood circulation.

5. BIOPHYSICS OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM. (5 hours of theory + 1 hour of classroom practices)

5.1 Structure of the respiratory tract.

5.2 Types of breathing. Effects of the external environment on respiration. Temperature and relative humidity regulation.

5.4 Respiratory mechanics.

5.5 The pulmonary surfactant.

5.6 Alveolar diffusion. Henry's law. Fick's law. Oxygenation of the blood in the states of health and disease.

6. RADIATIONS II. DIAGNOSTIC IMAGING (4 hours theory + 2 hours classroom practicals)

6.1. Tomographies.

6.2. Gammagraphy.

6.3. Positron Emission Tomography (PET).

6.4. Dual-Energy X-ray Absorptiometry (DXA).

6.5. Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI).

7. TRANSPORT PHENOMENA (6h theory + 2h numerical problems + 4h lab teaching)

7.1. Simple diffusion

7.2. Diffusion through membranes.

7.3 Osmosis and dialysis phenomena.

7.4. Biomedical examples.

Laboratory teaching program.

Practice 1.- Optics of the eye. Formation of images in an eye model. Ametropic simulation: myopia, hypermetropia, presbyopia.

Practice 2.- Application of the laws of circulation of real liquids and elasticity to the blood circulation. Check for the loss of pressure throughout the circulatory system, blood pressure and venous, effect of the elasticity of the vessels on the arterial and venous pressures. Establish the relationships between the elasticity of the vessels, flow, pressure and hemodynamic resistance.

Practice 3.- Diffusion through membranes: dialysis and osmosis. Experimental verification of the laws of diffusion and osmosis.

Methodology

The student acquires the knowledge of the subject attending the theory lectures where it will be also guided on how and where to look for the formative complements to reach the objectives of the subject.

Through the seminars the student will be able to solve exercises and problems previously presented, with a close interaction with the teacher.

Finally, the abilities related to this knowledge will be carried out in the practical teaching in the laboratory.

The theory lectures will be given with the whole group. Partitions of the group will be made for problem seminars (2 groups) and for laboratory teaching (3 groups).

Annotation: Within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

Activities

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Type: Directed			
Laboratory teaching	35	1.4	6, 5, 4, 2
Theory lectures	10	0.4	5, 4, 2, 3, 1, 10
Type: Supervised			
Problem resolution	9	0.36	6, 5, 4, 3, 8, 1, 10, 9
Type: Autonomous			
Individual study.	8	0.32	6, 5, 8, 10, 9
Preparation of practical sessions and bibliography handling	38	1.52	6, 5, 8, 1, 10, 9
Problem resolution	50	2	6, 5, 7, 4, 2, 8, 9

Assessment

Evaluation and qualification of the course

The course will be evaluated continuously throughout the course in two partial exams (P1 and P2) eliminatory of matter. It is necessary to obtain a grade equal to or greater than 4.5 in each partial to be able to do average. Each of these exams will have the same weight in the final grade of the course: 50% P1 + 50% P2. To pass the course, an average score of the 2 partial exams equal to or greater than 5.0 is required.

The characteristics of these exams will be similar and will consist of two different types: a multiple choice test where theoretical knowledge and short-resolution problems will be evaluated; and another written part where the knowledge acquired in laboratory practices and problem solving will be evaluated. The qualification of each of these parts will be:

- *Evaluation of the multiple-choice typology: 60%. It will consist of multiple-choice questions, with 4 answers, of which 1, 2 or 3 may be true. The wrong answers will subtract proportionally.*

- *Evaluation of the written typology of the knowledge acquired in the laboratory and in problem solving: 40%.*

Final recovery exam: In the case of not passing the course through continuous evaluation, there will be a final recovery evaluation of the partial exam with a grade lower than 4.5, mandatory to make average. Students with a mark higher than 4.5 and lower than 5.0 may choose to make the partial (or partials) they consider, knowing that, to pass the course, the final average must reach a minimum mark of 5.0. This exam will have similar characteristics to the ones carried out during the course. The student can perform this recovery exam as long as he has been previously evaluated for at least one of the partial exams. In this recovery exam, a score equal to or greater than 4.5 is necessary to average P1 and P2. In the case of recovering the entire course (P1 and P2), a grade ≥ 5.0 must be achieved to pass it. Students, who have passed the two eliminatory tests and want to improve their grade, will be able to take a final exam of the entire course (P1 and P2). In this case, the final grade will always be the one obtained in the last exam.

Evaluation result: Numerical note with one decimal, from 0 to 10. Qualification: failed, approved, remarkable, outstanding, honors.

Non-evaluable student: the student who does not meet the requirements to recover will be classified as "non-evaluable". The qualifications of "not evaluable" will be obtained when the student has not taken any of the partial evaluation exams (P1 or P2).

From the second enrollment: the student has the option of taking the final recovery exam directly, with no partials.

Exam review procedure: one day will be scheduled after each exam to review it. The review will be done individually with the students who request it.

Single evaluation.

The single evaluation will consist of a synthesis test that will have two parts: (1) an objective test-type exam that will assess theoretical knowledge and short problem-solving; and (2) a written part that will assess the knowledge acquired in laboratory practices and problem-solving. The grading for each of these parts will be as follows:

Evaluation of the objective test-type section: 60%. It will consist of multiple-choice questions, with 4 possible answers, of which 1, 2, or 3 may be correct. Incorrect answers will be penalized proportionally.

Evaluation of the written section on the knowledge acquired in laboratory practices and problem-solving: 40%.

To pass the subject, an average score of 5.0 or higher is required for both sections combined.

The single evaluation will take place on the same date as the scheduled second partial exam of the continuous evaluation.

Students who have not passed the subject through the single evaluation will have the opportunity to take a final recovery exam that will have the same characteristics as the recovery exam of the continuous evaluation.

Assessment Activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Partial and final practical teaching tests	40%	0	0	6, 5, 4, 8, 10, 9
Partial and final theory tests	60%	0	0	6, 5, 7, 4, 2, 3, 8, 1

Bibliography

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- BIOFÍSICA (3a edició) A.S. Frumento. (1995), Mosby/Doyma Libros.
- FÍSICA J.N.Kane, M.M.Sternheim. (1994), Ed. Reverté.
- QUÍMICA PER A LES CIÈNCIES DE LA NATURALES I DE L'ALIMENTACIÓ J. Saña. (1993), Ed. Vicens Vives.
- FÍSICA PARA CIENCIAS DE LA VIDA (llibre de problemes) D. Jou, J.E. Llebot, C.Perez-García. (1994), Ed. McGraw-Hill.
- SPEECH SCIENCE PRIMER L.J. Raphael. (2007), Ed. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- RADIOBIOLOGY FOR RADIOLOGIST E.J. Hall, A.J.Giaccia. (2006) Ed. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

Software

No specific software is needed