

Spanish Foreign Policy

Code: 101094
ECTS Credits: 6

Degree	Type	Year	Semester
2500259 Political Science and Public Management	OT	3	0
2500259 Political Science and Public Management	OT	4	0
2503778 International Relations	OT	4	1
2504216 Contemporary History, Politics and Economics	OT	3	2
2504216 Contemporary History, Politics and Economics	OB	4	0
2504216 Contemporary History, Politics and Economics	OT	4	1
2504216 Contemporary History, Politics and Economics	OT	4	2

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Teaching groups languages

You can check it through this [link](#). To consult the language you will need to enter the CODE of the subject. Please note that this information is provisional until 30 November 2023.

Teachers

Francesc Serra Massansalvador

Eduard Soler Lecha

Prerequisites

No previous language requirements needed for this subject. However, although there is an English language group and classes will be provided to it in that language, a basic passive understanding of Spanish will be required, since due to the nature and contents of the subject, a big part of the bibliography and sources to follow it, both primary and secondary, are solely in Spanish. Lack of knowledge of this language will not be accepted as a reason to avoid doing works, seminars or readings.

In any case, for this group in English, all essays, exams and seminars should be done in English, as it is the communication language of the group.

Objectives and Contextualisation

- Provide the student with analytical, introductory instruments to apply to the study of Spanish foreign policy.
- To place the study of Spanish foreign policy in a historical perspective, in order to find out the factors of change and continuity and assess the intensity of the changes and the solidity of their inhibitors.
- Analyze the characteristics of the process of elaboration (values, interests, decisions), execution (instruments, actions) and control of foreign policy, with special attention to the interaction between domestic and foreign policy
- Identify the thematic and geographical priorities of Spanish foreign policy, identifying the relevant actors, the evolution of the agenda, the instruments, the alliances and the impacts of the policies developed by the governments of the democratic period.
- Compare the characteristics of Spanish foreign policy with foreign policies of other actors, especially those of other European states.
- Stimulate discussion among students about the ability of Spanish foreign policy to adapt to international and internal transformations.

Competences

Political Science and Public Management

- Applying theoretical and analytical knowledge of International Relations to practical and professional cases, in particular to the areas of conflict and cooperation between actors.
- Arguing from different theoretical perspectives.
- Assessing specific distinctive aspects and conceptual and methodological instruments of the different tendencies and analytical approximations of International Relations.
- Demonstrating good writing skills in different contexts.
- Demonstrating they know theoretical tendencies and classical and recent analytical approximations of International Relations.
- Designing data collection techniques, coordinating the information processing and meticulously applying hypothesis verification methods.
- Distinguishing the discipline's main theories and different fields: conceptual developments, theoretical frameworks and theoretical approaches underlying the discipline's knowledge and different areas and sub-areas, as well as their value for the professional practice through concrete cases.
- Identifying sources of data and conducting bibliographic and documentary searches.
- Interpreting and applying English texts in an academic way.
- Managing the available time in order to accomplish the established objectives and fulfil the intended task.
- Producing and planning researches or analytical reports.
- Realising effective oral presentations that are suited to the audience.
- Synthesizing and critically analysing information.
- Using the main information and documentation techniques (ICT) as an essential tool for the analysis.
- Working autonomously.
- Working by using quantitative and qualitative analysis techniques in order to apply them to research processes.
- Working in teams and networking, particularly in interdisciplinary conditions.

International Relations

- Analyse international society and its structure and understand its importance for real-life problems and professional practice.
- Analyse the production and implementation of public policies related to the international sphere, in particular foreign policy and security and defence policy.
- Apply quantitative and qualitative analysis techniques in research processes.
- Identify data sources and carry out rigorous bibliographical and documentary searches.

- Identify the main theories of international relations and their different fields (international theory, conflicts and security, international politics, etc.) to apply them in professional practice.
- Students must be capable of applying their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way and they should have building arguments and problem resolution skills within their area of study.
- Students must be capable of collecting and interpreting relevant data (usually within their area of study) in order to make statements that reflect social, scientific or ethical relevant issues.
- Students must develop the necessary learning skills to undertake further training with a high degree of autonomy.
- Use different tools for analysing the contemporary international system and its functional and regional or geographical subsystems.
- Use metatheoretical data to argue and establish plausible relation of causality and establish ways of validating or rejecting them.

Learning Outcomes

1. Analyse processes of decision-making, drawing up and implementing Spanish foreign and security policies.
2. Analyse the historical and comparative roles of the different actors in the large regional areas.
3. Apply quantitative and qualitative analysis techniques in research processes.
4. Applying theoretical and analytical knowledge of International Relations to practical and professional cases, in particular to the areas of conflict and cooperation between actors.
5. Arguing from different theoretical perspectives.
6. Assessing specific distinctive aspects and conceptual and methodological instruments of the different tendencies and analytical approximations of International Relations.
7. Critically assessing the impacts of globalization in several areas: safety, environment, human rights, migrations and peace.
8. Demonstrate knowledge of theoretical trends and classical and recent analytical approaches to international relations.
9. Demonstrating good writing skills in different contexts.
10. Demonstrating they know theoretical tendencies and classical and recent analytical approximations of International Relations.
11. Describing the international order: anarchy versus order, society of states and transnational society.
12. Describing the main characteristic elements of the international society as a whole (1945-2000).
13. Designing data collection techniques, coordinating the information processing and meticulously applying hypothesis verification methods.
14. Explaining the major approximations to the international relations (realism, transnationalism and structuralism).
15. Identify data sources and carry out rigorous bibliographical and documentary searches.
16. Identify the factors of change and continuity and the main trends in Spanish foreign and security policies, and their relationship with the international, European and Atlantic organisations with which they interact.
17. Identifying sources of data and conducting bibliographic and documentary searches.
18. Interpreting and applying English texts in an academic way.
19. Make a brief comparison of national and/or regional cases within the same international and/or regional framework.
20. Managing the available time in order to accomplish the established objectives and fulfil the intended task.
21. Producing and planning researches or analytical reports.
22. Properly using the theory and concepts of international relations (traditions of Hobbesian, Grotian or Kantian thought).
23. Realising effective oral presentations that are suited to the audience.
24. Students must be capable of applying their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way and they should have building arguments and problem resolution skills within their area of study.
25. Students must be capable of collecting and interpreting relevant data (usually within their area of study) in order to make statements that reflect social, scientific or ethical relevant issues.
26. Students must develop the necessary learning skills to undertake further training with a high degree of autonomy.
27. Synthesizing and critically analysing information.

28. Use metatheoretical data to argue and establish plausible relation of causality and establish ways of validating or rejecting them.
29. Using the main information and documentation techniques (ICT) as an essential tool for the analysis.
30. Working autonomously.
31. Working by using quantitative and qualitative analysis techniques in order to apply them to research processes.
32. Working in teams and networking, particularly in interdisciplinary conditions.

Content

Block I: AN ANALYTICAL FRAMEWORK FOR THE STUDY OF SPANISH FOREIGN POLICY

Theme 1. The Conceptual framework

1. Taxonomy: Foreign policy, diplomacy, foreign action, paradiplomacy and public diplomacy
2. Historical Developments: Foreign Policy and Society of States)
3. Foreign policy vs. domestic policy (two-level game): foreign policy as interrelation between decision makers, international system (structural factors) and domestic context (internal factors)
4. The study of the factors and intensity of change in foreign policies and their inhibitors.

Theme 2. Instruments of analysis

1. Preparation of foreign policy: agenda (priorities) and decision-making process
2. Development of foreign policy: values, identity and interests.
3. Execution of foreign policy: objectives, instruments
4. Instruments (coercion vs. persuasion): diplomatic, military, economic, cultural

Theme 3. Guidelines for reflection in the Spanish case

1. Democracy: a democratic foreign policy?
2. Ethics: an ethical foreign policy?
3. Gender: a feminist foreign policy?
4. Multilateralism: a europeanised foreign policy?

Block II. SPANISH FOREIGN POLICY IN HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE

Theme 4. Spain in 20th century international society. The Pre-Franco Period (1898-1936)

1. Impact of the "98": decadence of Spain in the international context
2. The question of Morocco as the center of the agenda (effects on domestic policy)
3. Spanish neutrality and nascent multilateralism (Society of Nations)
4. Internationalist Thought (Second Republic)

Theme 5. Civil War and First Francoism (1936-1957): internationalization, from isolation to reintegration

1. Processes and actors of the internationalization of the civil war
2. World War II: From Non-Belligerence to Neutrality
3. International isolation from the Franco regime and relations that break this blockade (Latin America, the Arab world, Portugal, the Vatican and the United States)
4. Spain in the context of the First Cold War and the building of the United Nations system.

Theme 6. Francoism and Late Francoism (1957-1975):

1. New principles (autonomy), new instruments (modernization of the Ministry) and personalities (Castiella)
2. The insertion and impact of global processes: multilateralism, détente, decolonization and European construction

3. The impact of the transformations of Spanish society: economic growth, emigration, modernization and political mobilization
4. Agenda: agreements with the United States and the EEC, conflicts of sovereignty (Gibraltar) and decolonization (Morocco, Equatorial Guinea and Sahara).

Theme 7. Beginnings of Transition and Foreign Policy

1. Democratic Transition and External Transition
2. Legacy of Francoism: system penetrating the United States, substitution policies (Latin America, Arab world), syndrome of isolation in Europe
3. Themes in international relations: standardization (Human Rights), homologation with Europe, multilateralization and globalization
4. Consensus and dissension in foreign policy: European integration and transatlantic relations

Block III. ACTORS AND DECISION-MAKING

Theme 8. Constitutional framework and institutional structure

1. The legal framework: Spanish Constitution (1978) and Law of Action and Foreign Service (2014)
2. Spanish foreign policy actors (head of state, government, legislature and judiciary) and the decision-making process
3. Processes: Coordination and Presidentialization
4. Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Foreign Service

Theme 9. Political control, politicization and social debate

1. Actors and Instruments of Parliamentary Control
2. Political parties and foreign policy
3. Consensus, dissension and politicization of foreign policy
4. Other forms of control: public opinion and social movement

Theme 10. The role of sub-state entities in Spanish foreign policy

1. Taxonomy: paradiplomacy and protodiplomacy
2. Evolution of the legal framework and jurisprudence
3. The Autonomous Communities in foreign policy: the case of Catalonia in comparative perspective
4. The external action of local entities: the case of Barcelona in comparative perspective

Block IV: AGENDA AND EVOLUTION OF SPANISH FOREIGN POLICY

Theme 11. General considerations on the transformation of Spanish foreign policy into democracy

1. Discussion on what kind of actor Spain is: the concept of average power
2. The triangle of priorities (Europe, Latin America and the Mediterranean and the factors of continuity (the geographical determinants and historical legacies in the shaping of Spanish foreign policy)
3. Factors of change: democratization, Europeanization and changes in the international system
4. Change of government and leadership and impact on foreign policy.

Theme 12: The European policy of Spain

1. Negotiation and accession to the EEC
2. Spanish contributions to European integration and common foreign and security policy
3. The European Alliances
4. Positioning of Spain, its parties and its citizens, in the European fracture lines (cleavages).

Theme 13: Ibero-American/Latinamerican policy of Spain

1. Historical Legacies and Social Links
2. Actors: companies, civil society, diasporas
3. Two proposals for Latin America: Ibero-Americanization and Europeanization
4. Cases of politicization: Cuba and Venezuela.

Theme 14: The Mediterranean policy of Spain

1. Geographical Conditioners and Historical Legacies
2. The Maghreb and bilateral relations with Morocco
3. The impetus of Euro-Mediterranean policy
4. Middle East: Regional conflicts and business relations.

Theme 15: The (re)discovery of East Asia and sub-Saharan Africa

1. Historical ties and new international realities
2. Relations with the People's Republic of China and other Asian powers
3. The Africa Plans
4. Agenda: technology, connectivity, migration and development

Theme 16: The security agenda and transatlantic relations

1. Modernization and internationalization of security and defence policy
2. Actors: Armed forces, industrial-military complex and social movements
3. Spain and the international and European security crises: Balkans, Iraq and Ukraine
4. The internal-external security nexus: Cooperation in the fight against terrorism

Theme 17: Policy of development cooperation

1. Internationalization, modernization and professionalization of the policy of international development cooperation
2. The Actors: AECID, social movements and sub-state actors
3. Changes in Legislation and Budgets
4. Thematic priorities: business promotion, gender equality and migration agenda

Theme 18: The trade policy

1. Modernisation, internationalisation and Europeanisation of the Spanish economy
2. Evolution in sectors, customers and suppliers
3. Instruments of commercial promotion at the state level (ICEX) and autonomous (Action)
4. Political and ethical debates.

Theme 19: Soft Power: Public Diplomacy, Cultural and Sports Diplomacy

1. Adapting to Global and Internal Change
2. Spanish public diplomacy: actors, instruments and changes of priorities
3. Linguistic, cultural and scientific diplomacy.
4. Sports Diplomacy

Methodology

The methodology of the course consists in a part of approximately 35% of the total hours that the student must dedicate essentially to the assistance to lectures, as well as to group discussions. Also as directed activities there are planned discussions on the readings and seminars in which students will have to evaluate specific parts of the course. In addition, about 10% of the total hours will be dedicated to support supervised tutorials, which are included within the hours of supervision of group work and comments and reviews of assignments and exams. Finally, students should spend about 50% of the hours provided for independent study work, reading and preparation.

Annotation: Within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

Activities

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Type: Directed			
Reading and supervised preparation of texts	2	0.08	10, 6
Tutorials to comment exams, projects and other activities	45	1.8	12, 7
Writing a supervised group work	4	0.16	17, 18, 27, 32
Type: Supervised			
Reading texts	8	0.32	10, 20, 18, 27, 6
Study of topics	4	0.16	4, 17, 18, 27, 32
complementary activities	3	0.12	5, 13, 23, 29
Type: Autonomous			
Evaluable seminars	30	1.2	13, 20, 17, 18, 27, 30, 29
Lectures and group discussion	17	0.68	13, 21, 20, 17, 30
Reading debate on compulsory and supplementary articles	30	1.2	13, 20, 17, 18, 30

Assessment

ASSESSMENT:

The evaluation of this subject consists of two modalities: ordinary and single (*única*). In both cases, exchange programme students will have the same assessment conditions as the rest of the students.

Ordinary assessment:

It consists of the following parts:

- A partial exam for the first two blocks of the program (themes 1-7), 20% of the final grade.
- A partial examination of the rest of the syllabus (themes 8-19), 30% of the final grade.
- Two practices, each worth 20% of the final grade
- Continuous evaluation: class participation and debates, text comments, and other activities programmed by the teacher (10% of the final grade)

Important Considerations:

- In order to pass the subject it is necessary that the weighted average of the subject is 5 out of 10 and a result greater than 4/10 in at least three of the four components of the grade.
- The seminars are not recoverable, but the two partial exams are and will take place at the end of the semester, on the dates indicated by the faculty.
- Students who have not submitted less than 50% of the components of the grade will be considered as "no show" (no presentado)

- The first partial exam will be done during the course, the day the teacher sets and will be made public in advance. The second partial exam will be at the end of the semester, the day the Faculty fixes and will be made public in sufficient advance.
- The dates of the seminars and other activities will be specified within the framework of the programming of the subject (see Virtual Campus).

Single assessment:

Students who have requested this in time and form, will be able to pass a unique evaluation that will consist of an exercise composed of an exam (60% of the grade) and a practical activity (40%)

This exercise will take place at the end of the semester, on the day that the Faculty sets for the examination of the ordinary evaluation and will be made public in sufficient advance. In case of not passing this exercise (score below 5 points out of 10), the exercise can be recovered to the semester, on the dates indicated by the faculty.

Assessment Activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Attendance and participation	10%	0	0	5, 28, 9, 23, 20, 15, 18, 26, 24, 30, 32
Final exam	30%	2	0.08	1, 2, 4, 3, 5, 28, 19, 10, 8, 12, 11, 16, 14, 20, 15, 26, 24, 25, 27, 22, 29, 6, 7
Mid-term exam	20%	2	0.08	1, 2, 4, 3, 5, 28, 19, 8, 12, 11, 16, 14, 20, 15, 26, 24, 25, 27, 31, 22, 29, 6, 7
Seminars	40%	3	0.12	4, 5, 10, 9, 13, 21, 23, 20, 17, 18, 27, 31, 30, 32, 29, 6, 7

Bibliography

BIBLIOGRAPHY:

This bibliography includes a selection of books, book chapters, articles and pages that will help the student follow the program. As far as possible, a bibliography has been collected in English, which will be prioritized in the group in which the subject is taught in this language.

The student will have materials (documents, chronologies, articles) for detailed monitoring of the course on the virtual campus. The teaching staff will advise students throughout the course on the specific bibliography most appropriate for each subject.

Basic/Compulsory readings

One of those books (selection of chapters) depending on the linguistic skills of the student:

- Garcia Cantalapiedra, D.i Pacheco Pardo, R. (Eds.) (2014), *Contemporary Spanish Foreign Policy* Routledge
- Muro, D & Lago, I (2020) *The Oxford Handbook of Spanish Politics*, Oxford University Press (especialment el bloc VII: The International arena, cap. 38-41).
- Pereira, J.C., *La política exterior de España. De 1800 hasta la actualidad*, Barcelona: Ariel, 2010

And those articles:

- Gustavsson, J. (1999) "How Should We Study Foreign Policy Change?" *Cooperation and Conflict*, vol. 34, no. 1, 1999, pp. 73-95. <http://www.jstor.org/stable/45083937>.
- Hermann, Charles F. (1990) "Changing Course: When Governments Choose to Redirect Foreign Policy." *International Studies Quarterly*, vol. 34, no. 1, 1990, pp. 3-2, <https://doi.org/10.2307/2600403>.
- Soler i Lecha, E., Barbé, E. (2021). "Spanish Foreign Policy: Navigating Global Shifts and Domestic Crises". In: Joly, J.K., Haesebrouck, T. (eds) *Foreign Policy Change in Europe Since 1991*. Palgrave Macmillan, Cham. https://doi-org.are.uab.cat/10.1007/978-3-030-68218-7_11

Additional bibliography:

General:

Beneyto, J.M. i Pereira, J.C. (2011) *Política exterior española: Un balance de futuro*, Madrid: Biblioteca Nueva: 2011

Gillespie, R., Rodrigo, F., & Story, J. (1995). *Democratic Spain: Reshaping External Relations in a Changing World*. Routledge. (també disponible en castellà amb el títol *Las Relaciones exteriores de la España democrática* publicat per Alianza)

Gillespie, R. i Youngs, R. (eds.) (2001) *Spain: The European and International challenges*, Londres: Frank Cass,

Morán, F. (1980). *Una política exterior para España*. Planeta.

Bibliography for Block I

Hudson, Valerie M. (2005) "Foreign Policy Analysis: Actor-Specific Theory and the Ground of International Relations." *Foreign Policy Analysis*, vol. 1, no. 1, pp. 1-30. JSTOR, <http://www.jstor.org/stable/24907278>. Accessed 15 June 2023.

Putnam, Robert D. (1988) "Diplomacy and Domestic Politics: The Logic of Two-Level Games." *International Organization*, vol. 42, no. 3, pp. 427-60, <http://www.jstor.org/stable/2706785>.

Bibliography for block II

Balfour, S. i Preston, P., (1999) *Spain and the great powers in the XXth century*, Routledge

Barbé, E. (1990). La transición española: Cambio y continuidad en la política exterior y de seguridad. *Papers Revista de Sociologia*, 33, 103-120.

Cortada, J. W. (ed.), *Spain in the Twentieth- Century World. Essays on Spanish Diplomacy, 1898- 1978*. London: Aldrich Press, 1980.

Mesa, R. (1988). *Democracia y Política Exterior*. Ediciones de la Universidad Complutense.

Bibliography for block III

Aixalà, A. (2005). La política exterior española ante los retos de su politización: del consenso a la legitimidad. *Revista CIDOB d'Afers Internacionals*, 69, 89-105.

Del Arenal, C. (2008). Consenso y disenso en la política exterior de España. *Real Instituto Elcano Working Paper Series*, 25, 1-34.

Mesa, R. (1988). *Democracia y Política Exterior*. Ediciones de la Universidad Complutense.

Mesa, R., "El proceso de toma de decisiones en política exterior", *Documentación Administrativa*, núm. 205, 1985, pp.143-162. <https://revistasonline.inap.es/index.php/DA/article/view/4868/4922>.

Molina, I. i Rodrigo, F. "Las transformaciones organizativas de la política exterior española", *Revista de Estudios Políticos*, Nº 17, Julio-Septiembre 2002, pp. 173-220.
<https://dialnet-unirioja-es.ares.uab.cat/servlet/articulo?codigo=272251>.

Bibliography for block IV

Ayuso, A. (2014). The Recent History of Spain-Latin America Relations. In D. Garcia Cantalapiedra & R. Pacheco Pardo (Eds.), *Contemporary Spanish Foreign Policy* (pp. 106-130). Routledge.

Barbé, E. (1999). *La política europea de España*. Ariel.

Barbé, E. (2011). Spain and Europe. Mutual Reinforcement in Foreign Policy. In R. Wong & C. Hill (Eds.), *National and European Foreign Policies* (pp. 131-148). Routledge.

Barbé, E. (2022) "La europeización de la política exterior: Un "buen alumno" en Arregui, J. (ed), *La europeización de las políticas públicas en España. Oportunidades y desafíos* McGraw Hill. Available in English: https://repositori.upf.edu/bitstream/handle/10230/54208/Arregui_euro.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y

Closa, C. (Ed.). (2001). *La europeización del sistema político español*. Istmo

Del Arenal, C. (2011). *Política exterior de España y relaciones con América Latina iberoamericanidad, europeización y atlantismo en la política exterior española*. Fundación Carolina.

Hernando de Larramendi, M. (2009). The Mediterranean Policy of Spain. In I. Schäffer & J.-R. Henry (Eds.), *Mediterranean Policies from Above and Below* (pp. 38-62). Nomos

Hernando de Larramendi, M. & Mañé Estrada, A (Eds.) (2009), *La política exterior española hacia el Magreb. Actores e Intereses* (pp. 37-59). Ariel/Real Instituto Elcano.

Olivé, I., & Pérez, A. (2019a). Dónde está la ayuda española? *Análisis del Real Instituto Elcano*, 49, 21-33.

Olivé, I., & Pérez, A. (2019b). Spain: The Rise and Fall of a Compliant Donor. In I. Olivé & A. Pérez (Eds.), *Aid Power and Politics* (pp. 131-148). Routledge.

Pérez, A. (2018). *La ayuda internacional de gobiernos subnacionales y el caso particular de España*. Real Instituto Elcano Working paper, 3, 1-58.

Piedrafita, S., Steinberg, F., & Torreblanca, J. I. (2007). The Europeanisation of Spain (1986-2006). Real Instituto Elcano Working Paper, 39, 1-12.

Piqué, J. (2001). Nuevas fronteras de la política exterior de España. *Política Exterior*, 15(79), 57-70.

Powell, C. T. (2001). *España en democracia, 1975-2000*. Plaza y Janés.

Powell, C. T. (2012). The Pain in Spain Madrid and the European Financial Crisis. In T. Coulombis et al. (Eds.), *Southern Europe in Trouble Domestic and Foreign Policy Challenges of the Financial Crisis* (pp. 15-39). Istituto Affari Internazionali.

Sanahuja, J. A. (2012). Europeización y preferencia latinoamericana: dilemas y opciones para la cooperación española. *Temas para el Debate*, 215, 18-21.

Sanahuja, J. A. (2013). Spain: Double Track Europeanization, and the Search for Bilateralism. In L. Ruano (Ed.), *The Europeanization of National Foreign Policies Towards Latin America* (pp. 36-61). Routledge.

Soler i Lecha, E., & Morillas, P. (2020). Middle Power with Maghreb Focus: A Spanish Perspective on Security Policy in the Southern Neighbourhood. *Friedrich Ebert Stiftung*. Sotillo, J. Á. (2014). La política exterior y la política de cooperación: paradojas del caso español. *Comillas Journal of International Relations*, 1, 117-131.

Vaquer i Fanés, J. (2014). Spain in the Mediterranean and the Middle East; the Quest for Security and Status. In D. Garcia Cantalapiedra & R. Pacheco Pardo (Eds.), Contemporary Spanish Foreign Policy (pp. 131-150). Routledge.

Strategic documents:

Government of Spain (2021) Foreign Action Strategy 2021-2024 / 2021-2023 Foreign Action Strategy, available in Spanish and English at https://www.exteriores.gob.es/es/Comunicacion/Noticias/Paginas/Noticias/20210128_MINISTERIO13.aspx

Government of Spain (2021). National Security Strategy 2021 (also available in Catalan and English) at: <https://www.dsn.gob.es/es/estrategias-publicaciones/estrategias/estrategia-seguridad-nacional-2017>

Think-tanks and specialized information portals

- Elcano Royal Institute (EN/ES) at <https://www.realinstitutoelcano.org/en/>
- CIDOB (EN/ES/CAT) from <https://www.cidob.org/en/>
- Alternatives Foundation (ES): <https://fundacionalalternativas.org/>
- Foreign policy (ES) at <https://www.politicaexterior.com>
- SGLOBAL (ES) at <https://www.esglobal.org>
- IEEE (ES) at <http://www.ieee.es>
- The World Order (ES) <https://elordenmundial.com>
- The Diplomat in Spain (EN/ES) <https://thediplotainspain.com/en/>

Software

No specific programme is needed to follow and pass the subject, beyond the knowledge of the Moodle tool.