

Social Policy, Family and Migration

Code: 102145
ECTS Credits: 12

Degree	Type	Year	Semester
2500262 Sociology	OB	2	A

Contact

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Teaching groups languages

You can check it through this [link](#). To consult the language you will need to enter the CODE of the subject. Please note that this information is provisional until 30 November 2023.

Teachers

Thales Speroni Pereira Da Cruz

Massoud Sharifi Ahmadipour

Romina Paola Tavernelli

Prerequisites

None

Objectives and Contextualisation

The main goal of the course is to introduce students to the study of social conditions that favor or hinder the wellbeing of people, by understanding the processes of production and reproduction and distribution of resources within a society (state, market, family and civil society/community)

The course presents the vertebral axis of the subject "Social Policy" from the articulation of three parts. The first part emphasizes social policy in the most general sense, based on the approach to its history and the international comparison of the different welfare regimes.

The second part is set in the family and in the post-industrial transformations of this institution, paying special attention to family policies, on the basis of a critical look at their impacts from a gender perspective

Finally, the third part focuses on current international migrations and the challenges posed by governability of human mobility, on one hand (which highlight the ineffectiveness of the unilateral policies of states), and by the management of inclusion and cultural diversity in increasingly plural societies, on the other.

Competences

- Analysing the problems arising from the implementation of public policies and conflict situations by recognising the complexity of the social phenomena and political decisions affecting democracy, human rights, social justice and sustainable development.
- Applying the concepts and approaches of the sociological theory, specially the explanations of social inequalities between classes, between genders and between ethnic groups, to the implementation of public policies and to the resolution of conflict situations.
- Assessing the contributions of sociological approaches to the study of culture, education, interaction between society and environment, social policy, and work.
- Demonstrating a comprehension of the analysis of social phenomena presented in English, as well as observing their strengths and weaknesses.
- Demonstrating a comprehension of the approaches of the sociological theory in its different aspects, interpretations and historical context.
- Describing social phenomena in a theoretically relevant way, bearing in mind the complexity of the involved factors, its causes and its effects.
- Developing self-learning strategies.
- Respecting the diversity and plurality of ideas, people and situations.
- Searching for documentary sources starting from concepts.
- Students must be capable of assessing the quality of their own work.
- Students must be capable of managing their own time, planning their own study, managing the relationship with their tutor or adviser, as well as setting and meeting deadlines for a work project.

Learning Outcomes

1. Comparing the reading of social policies from several ideologies of the social reality of Spain and Catalonia.
2. Comprehending the social interpretations of social policy in accordance with these approaches.
3. Defining the sociological concepts that interpret social policy.
4. Defining the underlying social phenomena of social policies and conflicts about social needs.
5. Demonstrating a comprehension of the analysis of social phenomena presented in English, as well as observing their strengths and weaknesses.
6. Developing self-learning strategies.
7. Distinguishing sociological concepts about social policy.
8. Distinguishing the explanations of the access inequalities and the impact of social policies between classes, between genders and between ethnic groups that these actors take for granted.
9. Expressing the debates regarding these approaches, that refer to social policy.
10. Relating the concepts, methods and techniques used to analyse social policy with general theoretical and methodological debates.
11. Relating the debates regarding these approaches, that refer to social policy, with the historical context in which they emerged.
12. Relating them with the debates about state, social change and inequality.
13. Respecting the diversity and plurality of ideas, people and situations.
14. Searching for documentary sources starting from concepts.
15. Students must be capable of assessing the quality of their own work.
16. Students must be capable of managing their own time, planning their own study, managing the relationship with their tutor or adviser, as well as setting and meeting deadlines for a work project.

Content

PART ONE: SOCIAL POLICY

Teacher: Phd. Massoud Sharifi

Block I. Theoretical foundations of social policy

1. What is social policy?
2. Social policy and social structure

Block II. Points of interest

3. Welfare regimes
4. Sociopolitical changes and Welfare States. New social risks
5. From the State of Protective Welfare to the Social Investment Welfare State

Block III. Origin and evolution of social policy and the Welfare State in Spain

6. The "Authoritarian" Welfare State in Spain
7. Social policy in the Constitution and during the transition
8. The deepening of neoliberal policies
9. Social policy in the Autonomous Communities and local administrations

SECOND PART: FAMILIES

Teacher: Phd. Massoud Sharifi

Block I. Substrate of family policies

1. Production regimes, social policies and family models
2. Family diversity and equal opportunities from a gender perspective
3. Concept and dimensions of family policies

Block II. Family policy instruments

4. Economic support policies for families
5. Parental licenses
6. Child care and education for children 0-6 years old

Block III. Results of family policies

7. Fertility guidelines
8. Child welfare and gender equity
9. Intergenerational mobility and sustainability of the welfare state

THIRD PART: MIGRATORY POLICIES

Teacher: Phd. Romina Paola Tavernelli and Phd. Thales Speroni

Block I. Introduction to international migration

1. International migration as a social phenomenon
2. Evolution of migration flows in Spain

Block II. Immigration, Public Policies and Citizenship

3. Migration management in Spain and the EU

4. Integration and recognition policies: debates, models and trends in Europe

5. Political participation and citizenship. The representation policies

Block III. Policies and Governance of migrations: the Catalan case

6. The "Catalan integration model" under discussion

7. The role of local administrations in the implementation of social policies. Local management of migration and diversity

Methodology

The course development is based on the following teaching methodology:

- a) "Master classes", where students can reach the conceptual bases of the subject
- b) Seminars/exercises aimed at the discussion of basic texts.
- c) Teamwork (three people) on three proposals of Problem Based Learning (PBL), to choose one. Group follow-up within the tutorial hours.
- d) Sexist, racist or LGBTQphobic comments or examples should be avoided during the sessions

Annotation: Within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

Activities

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Type: Directed			
Master classes and Seminars	105	4.2	1, 4, 5, 8, 7, 16, 10
Type: Supervised			
Tutoring (individual and groups)	45	1.8	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 7, 9, 16, 10, 11, 12
Type: Autonomous			
Readings. Teamwork. Preparation of written tests (exams)	150	6	2, 3, 9, 11, 12

Assessment

Single evaluation activities

The course will be passed if the final grade of the different evaluation activities reaches the grade of 5. The average grade of the written test and the resolution of the PBL case must have a minimum grade of 4 to be able to make average.

Title

Weight

PBL resolution report delivery

25%

A written exam of the three blocks of the course.

75%

Students who do not reach an average grade of 4, will have the option of repeating the written exam on the day of recovery.

Continuous evaluation activities

The course will be passed if the final grade of the different evaluation activities reaches the grade of 5.

The average grade of the three written tests (individual) and the resolution of the PBL case must have a minimum grade of 4 to be able to make average.

Students who do not reach an average grade of 4 (from the sum of the three written tests), will have the option to repeat only one of the three tests on the day of recovery. The recovery does not contemplate that the student who reaches an average grade, equal or superior to 5 (from the sum of the three written tests) can improve the grade, even if he has failed any of the three tests.

The students that during the course have done an adequate follow-up of the PBL and do not exceed the minimum grade of the group evaluation (lower than 5), may opt for the recovery, and re-deliver the work.

In the evaluation report only those who have not carried out the evaluation activities corresponding to 50% of the grade will have the qualification of "not submitted".

At the beginning of the course, a calendar will be published in the moodle classroom with the course schedule, and the dates of the different evaluation activities.

Assessment Activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Group evaluation (teams of 3 people): Report PBL	25%	0	0	14, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 7, 9, 16, 10, 11, 12, 13
Individual evaluation: 3 written tests/ exams (one for each block)	60% (20% par test)	0	0	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 7, 9, 16, 10, 11, 12
Presential participation: individual and group activity	15%	0	0	15, 14, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 7, 9, 16, 10, 11, 12, 13

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FIRST PART: SOCIAL POLICY

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SECOND PART: FAMILIES AND SOCIAL POLICY

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THIRD PART: MIGRATORY POLICIES

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Software

Not applicable