



Mathematics and Big Data

Code: 43478 ECTS Credits: 6

Degree	Туре	Year	Semester
4313136 Modelling for Science and Engineering	ОТ	0	2

Contact

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You can check it through this <u>link</u>. To consult the language you will need to enter the CODE of the subject. Please note that this information is provisional until 30 November 2023.

Teachers

Sundus Zafar

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Prerequisites

Students should have a basic knowledge of linear algebra, statistical inference and linear models. We also expect students to have programming skills. Previous experience with R and Python will be helpful.

Objectives and Contextualisation

The aim of this course is to learn and apply different mathematical and statistical methods related for the discovery of relevant patterns in karge data sets. Nowadays, huge amounts of data are being generated in many fields, and the goal of this course is to learn how to extract information from such data.

Competences

- Analyse, synthesise, organise and plan projects in the field of study.
- Apply logical/mathematical thinking: the analytic process that involves moving from general principles to particular cases, and the synthetic process that derives a general rule from different examples.
- Apply techniques for solving mathematical models and their real implementation problems.
- Conceive and design efficient solutions, applying computational techniques in order to solve mathematical models of complex systems.
- Formulate, analyse and validate mathematical models of practical problems in different fields.

- Isolate the main difficulty in a complex problem from other, less important issues.
- Solve complex problems by applying the knowledge acquired to areas that are different to the original ones.

Learning Outcomes

- 1. Analyse, synthesise, organise and plan projects in the field of study.
- 2. Apply Bayesian statistical techniques to predict the behaviour of certain phenomena.
- 3. Apply logical/mathematical thinking: the analytic process that involves moving from general principles to particular cases, and the synthetic process that derives a general rule from different examples.
- 4. Identify real phenomena as models of stochastic processes and extract new information from this to interpret reality.
- 5. Isolate the main difficulty in a complex problem from other, less important issues.
- 6. Solve complex problems by applying the knowledge acquired to areas that are different to the original ones.
- 7. Solve real data analysis problems by identifying them appropriately from the perspective of Bayesian statistics.
- 8. Use appropriate statistical packages and Bayesian methods solutions to solve specific problems.

Content

Text Mining

- Fundamentals of Text Mining From text to numbers
- Data cleaning
- Tokenization
- Stemming
- Lemmatization
- POS,NER
- Data chunking

Statistics

- The problem of multiple testing.
- Linear and Generalized linear methods: LASSO/BigLASSO, Ridge Regression and Elastic Nets.
 Feature Selection.
- Summarising the information of large data sets: sufficient statistics. Application to linear models. The BigIm package.
- Likelihood estimation problems for large data sets. Segmentation, analysis of chunks of data, and methods based on meta-analysis. Applications to Generalised linear models.

Alternative topics:

- Functional Data Analysis: Observed functional data and its computational representation, descriptive statistics and dimensionality reduction, depth measures for FD, the two-sample problem for FD, functional linear models, and classification techniques.
- Gaussian Processes for Machine Learning
- Model Explainability

Deep Learning

- Fully Connected Neural Networks.
- Convolutional Neural Networks.
- Recurrent Neural Networks
- Keras and Tensorflow.

Methodology

Lectures, supervised exercises and individual activities to work on data analysis projects based on statistical and computational tools.

Annotation: Within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

Activities

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Type: Directed			
Homework (problems & computer excercises)	36	1.44	3, 8
Lectures	38	1.52	1, 4
Type: Autonomous			
Homework	44	1.76	3, 1, 5, 4, 6, 8
Personal study, readings	20	0.8	4

Assessment

Homework: Completion and presentation of the proposed exercises.

Final Project: The students must choose one of a series of topics provided by the teaching staff and undertake a data project and prepare a talk. This task can be done in groups.

Due dates will be announced during the course and will be strict.

Assessment Activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Deep Learning	0,25	3	0.12	3, 1, 5, 4, 6, 8
Homework Estadística Part B	0.25	3	0.12	3, 1, 5, 4, 6, 7, 8
Homework Statistics Part A	0,25	3	0.12	3, 1, 2, 5, 4, 6, 7
Homework Text Mining	0,25	3	0.12	3, 1, 5, 6, 8

Bibliography

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Referències Complementàries

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- W Venables, B Ripley, "Modern Applied Statistics with S-PLUS", Springer, New York.
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Software

R Core Team (2021). R: A language and environment for statistical computing. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria. URL https://www.R-project.org/.

Python