

Advanced Cell Biology

Code: 100779 ECTS Credits: 6

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Degree	Туре	Year
2500004 Biology	FB	2

Contact

Name: Maria del Carme Nogues Sanmiquel

Email: carme.nogues@uab.cat

Teaching groups languages

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Prerequisites

There are no prerequisites for taking the subject of Advanced Cell Biology. In spite of this to guarantee a good follow-up of the subject it is recommended to have passed the subject of Cell Biology of first course

Objectives and Contextualisation

The subject of Advanced Cell Biology, is taught in the 1st semester of the 2nd year of the Biology degree. It is a specific subject of the Degree in Biology of the Faculty of Biosciences. It is a subject to extend the knowledge acquired in the subject of Cell Biology that is taught in the first year and that is a basic subject.

Training objectives of the subject:

- 1) Know the techniques most used in the field of cell biology that have not been described in other compulsory subjects of the degree.
- 2) Understand the regulation of the cell cycle and its relation to the processes of proliferation, cell death and cancer. Identify the molecules involved in the different processes (regulation of cell cycle, cell death and cancer)
- 3) To know the mechanisms of intracellular signaling, the components of the signaling and the different signaling pathways used by the cell.
- 4) Integrate and apply the theoretical knowledge acquired to understand and solve experimental problems of Cell Biology

Competences

- Act with ethical responsibility and respect for fundamental rights and duties, diversity and democratic values.
- Be able to analyse and synthesise
- Be able to organise and plan.
- Isolate, culture and modify microorganisms and cells and tissues of multicellular organisms.

- Make changes to methods and processes in the area of knowledge in order to provide innovative responses to society's needs and demands.
- Students must be capable of applying their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way
 and they should have building arguments and problem resolution skills within their area of study.
- Students must be capable of collecting and interpreting relevant data (usually within their area of study)
 in order to make statements that reflect social, scientific or ethical relevant issues.
- Students must be capable of communicating information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialised and non-specialised audiences.
- Students must develop the necessary learning skills to undertake further training with a high degree of autonomy.
- Students must have and understand knowledge of an area of study built on the basis of general secondary education, and while it relies on some advanced textbooks it also includes some aspects coming from the forefront of its field of study.
- Take account of social, economic and environmental impacts when operating within one's own area of knowledge.
- Take sex- or gender-based inequalities into consideration when operating within one's own area of knowledge.
- Understand the processes that determine the functioning of living beings in each of their levels of organisation.
- Work in teams.

Learning Outcomes

- 1. Analyse a situation and identify its points for improvement.
- 2. Analyse the sex- or gender-based inequalities and the gender biases present in one's own area of knowledge.
- 3. Be able to analyse and synthesise.
- 4. Be able to organise and plan.
- 5. Critically analyse the principles, values and procedures that govern the exercise of the profession.
- 6. Describe the processes of cell differentiation, specialisation and death, and the cellular bases of the pathologies associated with functional errors.
- 7. Describe the structure of the different parts of a cell and their functioning.
- 8. Integrate the functions of the different organelles and cell structures with the overall functioning of the cell.
- 9. Propose new methods or well-founded alternative solutions.
- 10. Propose projects and actions that incorporate the gender perspective.
- 11. Propose viable projects and actions to boost social, economic and environmental benefits.
- 12. Relate the methodologies used in cell biology to the knowledge these can provide, handle laboratory tools and make cell cultures.
- 13. Students must be capable of applying their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way and they should have building arguments and problem resolution skills within their area of study.
- 14. Students must be capable of collecting and interpreting relevant data (usually within their area of study) in order to make statements that reflect social, scientific or ethical relevant issues.
- 15. Students must be capable of communicating information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialised and non-specialised audiences.
- 16. Students must develop the necessary learning skills to undertake further training with a high degree of autonomy.
- 17. Students must have and understand knowledge of an area of study built on the basis of general secondary education, and while it relies on some advanced textbooks it also includes some aspects coming from the forefront of its field of study.
- 18. Use the bibliographic sources specific to cell biology and genetics to work independently on acquiring further knowledge.
- 19. Work in teams.

Content

PROGRAM OF THEORY CLASSES

Basic techniques in Cell Biology

- 1. Cell cultures:: Interest and applications. Type of cultures. Characteristics of cell lines.
- 2. Culture techniques (I): Physical conditions of the cultures. Biological conditions of culture. Sterilization, Cellular Criopreservation and Quantification.
- 3. Fluorescence microscopy: Fluorescence, Fluorescence microscope. Confocal laser scanning microscope. Other microscopes used in cell biology.

Transmission of signals

- 4. Signaling pathways: Types of intercellular communications. Bases of intercellular communication. Types of signals. Type of answer. Amplification and distribution of the signal. Regulation of the signal.
- 5. Type of receptors and activation of receptors.
- 6. Hydrophilic and hydrophobic secondary messengers
- 7. Transducers of signal proteins
- 8. Transmission of signals via protein Ras
- 9. Transmission of signals via MAP kinases
- 10. Membrane receptors associated with G proteins
- 11. Membrane receptors associated with enzymes
- 12. Transmission of signals via cell adhesion

Control of the cell cycle

- 13. Cell cycle regulation: Phases of the cell cycle. Control of the cell cycle. Mechanisms of regulation.
- 14. Regulation of the cell cycle: Phase G1. Phase S.
- 15. Regulation of the cell cycle: Phase G2. Phase M
- 16. Apoptosis: Differences between necrosis and apoptosis. Apoptosis in puricellular organisms. Inductors and inhibitors of apoptosis. Genes involved in the apoptosis process. Changes in the nucleus. Apoptosis and cell cycle. Apoptosis and cancer.
- 17. Cancer. Proto-oncogens. Tumor suppresor genes. Cell cycle, apoptosis and cancer.

PROGRAM OF PROBLEM-SOLVING

Tools and description of techniques needed to solve problems. Cellular purification. Techniques of cell separation. Cell characterization. Cell fractionation. Analysis of DNA and proteins.

Resolution of problems related to the subjects taught in the subject of Cell Biology of first year of degree and of the subject of Extension of Cell Biology of the second year of degree

PROGRAM OF LABORATORY

- 1. Subculture from an established cell line (Vero cells)
- 2. Obtaining of the culture curve of a cell culture of Vero cells
- 3. Detection by immunofluorescence of microtubules in Vero cells

- 4. Observation of cultured cells by the confocal laser scanning microscope
- 5. Freezing and defrosting of Vero cells. Evaluation of the use of different cryoprotective concentrations
- 6. Induction of apoptosis in a monocyte culture. Detection of apoptotic cells through Annexina-V-FLUOS
- 7. Induction of apoptosis in a cell culture Vero. Quantification of apoptotic cells thrrough morphology
- 7. Observation of the different cell organelles in rat liver tissue using the electronic transmission microscope (TEM)
- 8. Observation of the morphology of a culture of monocytes differentiated to macrophages (fixation at different times) by the electronic scanning microscope (SEM).
- 9. Discussion of results

Activities and Methodology

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Type: Directed			
Practical classes	22	0.88	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19
Sessions for problem soloving	6	0.24	1, 2, 3, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19
Theoretical classes	22	0.88	2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18
Type: Supervised			
Personalized tutorials	4	0.16	3, 4
Problem preparation	2	0.08	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19
Type: Autonomous			
Preparation of results and discussion of practices	4	0.16	1, 3, 4, 5, 9, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19
Problem solving	20	0.8	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19
Study	62	2.48	3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18

The subject of Advanced Cell Biology consists of master classes using audiovisual media, practical classes in the laboratory and problem classes*.

Master classes:

Lectures will be made using audiovisual material prepared by the teacher, material that the students will have at their disposal in the Virtual Campus (CV) of the UAB before each session. Students will also have in the CV the schedule of the subject and, it is recommended, that the students consult the audio-visual material and the books recommended in the Bibliography section of this teaching guide in order to consolidate the contents explained in class.

Practical laboratories:

The practical classes are designed so that the students learn to use laboratory instruments and complement the theoretical training. The students will complete a week of practices of four and a half hours every day. The students will work in groups of 2, and at the end of the practices will be valued and the results obtained in the different practices will be discussed. Each pair will have to give a report showing and discussing the results obtained by both the couple and the practice group. The objective of this activity is to promote the scientific reasoning as much individual as in team.

Problem solving practices:

The problem solving practics are organized so that the students work in small groups (3 students), and they acquire group work abilities and critical reasoning.

In the first two sessions, the teacher will explain in a very summarized manner different techniques that the student should know to solve the problems. It will also explain the mechanics to follow to solve a problem.

In these sessions the class group is divided into two groups organized from the coordination of the degree (A and B).

The resolution of the problems will be done in groups of 3 students. Each student must belong to a group.

The groups will work the problems outside the class schedule and will elaborate a dossier of answers that they will have to deliver through the CV before the deadline proposed by the professor. There will be 4 issues of problems. Each working group will deliver a single dossier. During the class, the corresponding problems will be discussed and corrected. The teacher will ask, in turns, the different groups to solve and explain to the rest of students one of the problems of the session.

Annotation: Within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

Assessment

Continous Assessment Activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Individual and group tests (problems)	10%	2	0.08	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19
Individual and group tests (laboratory practices))	30%	2	0.08	1, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19
Individual tests (theoretical matter)	60%	4	0.16	5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18

To pass the subject, you must obtain a minimum overall score of 5 points with a maximum of 10 possible points. The scheduled evaluation activities are*:

- 1) First theory exam. It will represent 30% of the value of the subject. In this exam approximately, half of the subject taught in the theoretical classes will be evaluated. An \geq 4 grade in the first theoretical exam allows to do the second theory exam. Qualifications \leq 3.99 oblige to submit to the retake process of this part of theory.
- 2) Second theory exam. It will represent 30% of the mark of the subject. In this exam approximately, half of the subject taught in the theoretical classes will be evaluated. An \geq 4 grade in the first theoretical exam allows to do the second theory exam. Qualifications \leq 3.99 oblige to submit to the retake process of this part of theory.

- 3) Resolution of a problem. It will represent 7,5% of the mark of the subject. The ability to solve a problem of similar difficulty to those given in problem classes will be assessed. The resolution of the problem will be done the same day as the second theoretical exam.
- 4) Correction of the problems presented through the virtual campus. It will represent 7,5% of the mark of the subject. The students will have a dossier with 12 problems. Students will have to solve the problems in groups of 3. Before the completion of each seminar, the students must submit the resolution of 3 problems (the problems and delivery days will be announced on the virtual campus). In addition, the teacher will ask the groups of students to present the resolution of these problems in public. The mark obtained will be the same for all the members of the group, except if a member of the group notifies the professor the presence of a problem. The note will take into consideration both the resolution of the problems presented and the public presentation carried out.
- 5) Laboratory practices. It will represent 12.5% of the mark of the subject. Attendance to practical laboratory sessions is mandatory. Punctuality is very important because during the first 30 minutes of each session the different methodologies that will be used during the practice will be explained. Delays of 10 minutes in the practical sessions reduce the score by 0.1 points for each delay (the questionnaire cannot be done, see below), when the delay exceeds 30 minutes, the penalty will be 0.3 points. Students missing more than 20% of programmed sessions will be graded as "No Avaluable". For the good functioning and understanding of the practices, the student must read the practical's document corresponding to each session, so every day they will have to complete a questionnaire before the start of the session about questions related to the practice of the day. This questionnaire will be evaluated with a maximum score of 0.1 point per day with a maximum of 0.4 points. Values lower than 0.4 will be subtracted into the note in this block.

The practices are done in pairs. The students will have to give a dossier of the results obtained and will have to discuss both their results (couple) and those of the group "class of practices" compared to the expected results. The work will have a maximum value of 10 points. The delivery will be made through the campus virtual.

6) Exam of techniques used in the laboratory. It will represent 12.5% of the mark of the subject. There will be a written exam about the different techniques that have been used throughout the practices. The exam will be held on the same day of the second theoretical exam.

Note of the subject = theory (30% + 30%) + problem(7,5% + 7,5%) + practices (12,5% + 12,5%)

Retake process

To be eligible for the retake process, the student should have been previously evaluated in a set of activities equalling at least two thirds of the final score of the course or module. Thus, the student will be graded as "No Avaluable" if the weighting of all conducted evaluation activities is less than 67% of the final score.

There will be a retake process for students who have not taken more than 3.99 in one of the two theory exams, and for students who, once the average has been done with the other qualifications of the subject, do not receive a qualification equal to or greater than 5. Students will only have to retake the exam not passed. It will not be possible to retake neither the practical exam, nor the examination of the resolution of a problem since both exams have a weight inferior to 15% in the final grade of the subject.

UNIQUE EVALUATION

To pass the subject it will be necessary to obtain a minimum overall score of 5 points out of a maximum of 10 possible points.

The single evaluation will consist of a single test in which the contents of the entire subject program (theory, problems and practicals) will be evaluated. The grade obtained in this synthesis test will account for 87.5% of the final grade of the subject. The single evaluation test will be held on the same day, time and place as the last continuous evaluation test of the subject (second theoretical exam). The synthesis test can be retaken on the day set for the recovery of the subject.

Students who take the single assessment must carry out the laboratory practices (PLAB) in face-to-face sessions. It will represent 12.5% of the final grade of the subject. Attendance at practical laboratory sessions is mandatory. Punctuality is very important since during the first 30 minutes of each session the different methodologies that will be used during practice are explained. Delays of 10 minutes in the practical sessions

reduce the grade by 0.1 points for each delay (you will not be able to complete the questionnaire, see below), when the delay is greater than 30 minutes the penalty will be 0.3 points. The students will obtain the qualification of "Not Evaluable" when the absence is greater than 20% of the sessions. For the good functioning and understanding of the practicals, the students must read the script of practicals and watch the videos corresponding to each session before it is carried out. Therefore, each day you must complete a questionnaire before the start of the session on questions related to the day's practice. This questionnaire will be evaluated with a maximum mark of 0.1 points per day with a maximum of 0.4 points. Values lower than 0.4 will remain in the grade of this blog. Practices are carried out in pairs. Each pair must hand in a paper of the results obtained and discuss both their (pair) results and those of the "practice class" group and compare them with the expected results. The work will have a maximum value of 10 points. The delivery will be made ten days after the end of the internship through the CV.

Course grade = single test (87.5%) + practical work (12.5%)

Bibliography

Textbooks

- * Molecular Biology of the Cell. Alberts B., Johnson A., Lewis J., Morgan, D., Raff M., Roberts K., Walter P. 2022. 7th edition. Garland Science. New York.
- * Molecular Cell Biology. H. Lodish; A. Berk; C. A. Kaiser; M. Krieger; A. Bretscher; H. Ploegh; A. Amon; K. C. Martin. 2023.9th edition. WH. Freeman and Company. NY. (en paper i recurs electrònic (edició 2016))
- * Cell Biology. T. Pollard, W. Earnshaw, J. Lippincott-Schwartz, G. Johnson. 2017. 3d edition. Saunders (ElsevierScience).USA.
- * Becker's world of the cell, Hardin, Becker et al. 2022. 10a ed. Pearson Education, Madrid
- * Biologia Celular y molecular. Conceptos y experimentos. Karp, G. 2020. 8ª edición. Mc Graw Hill.México (en paper i recurs electrònic)

Specialized books

- *Biochemistry of signal transduction and regulation. Gerhard Krauss (5th edition). Wiley-VCH, 2014 (en paper i recurs electrònic)
- *The molecular biology of programmed cell death. MD Jacobson, N McCarthy. Oxford University press, 2002
- *Culture of animal cells. A manual of basic technique (7th ed.) RI Freshney. Wiley-Liss, 2016 (en paper i recurs electrònic)

Electronic journals

- *Current Opinion in Cell Biology. CB Current Biology
- *Trends in Cell Biology. Elsevier Trends Journals
- *Current opinion in structural biology. London: Current Biology

Software

No programmary is used in this course

Language list

Name	Group	Language	Semester	Turn
(PAUL) Classroom practices	121	Catalan	first semester	morning-mixed
(PAUL) Classroom practices	122	Catalan	first semester	morning-mixed
(PLAB) Practical laboratories	121	Catalan	first semester	morning-mixed
(PLAB) Practical laboratories	122	Catalan	first semester	morning-mixed
(PLAB) Practical laboratories	123	Catalan	first semester	morning-mixed
(PLAB) Practical laboratories	124	Catalan	first semester	morning-mixed
(TE) Theory	12	Catalan	first semester	afternoon