# UAB Universitat Autônoma de Barcelona

### Game Theory

Code: 107508 ECTS Credits: 6

202	24/2	025

Degree	Туре	Year	
2503852 Applied Statistics	ОТ	4	

# Contact

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Teachers

Marina Bannikova

### **Teaching groups languages**

You can view this information at the <u>end</u> of this document.

### Prerequisites

There are no prerequisites

# **Objectives and Contextualisation**

To learn the basic elements of game theory and to develop an understanding of its applications to economic analysis.

Non-cooperative games: Games in normal form and games in extensive form with perfect and imperfect information.

Solution concepts: Dominance, Nash equilibrium and subgame perfect Nash equilibrium.

Applications: Bargaining, Voting and Cost-sharing.

Cooperative games: Games in characteristic form, the core and the value of a game.

### Learning Outcomes

- 1. CM13 (Competence) Propose solutions to problems that can be modelled like games.
- CM14 (Competence) Propose the statistical model needed to analyse data sets belonging to real studies.

- 3. KM17 (Knowledge) Recognise the statistical models for the analysis of data with different structures and complexities that frequently appear in different fields of application.
- 4. KM18 (Knowledge) Recognise the language of applications of economics and finances, biomedical science and engineering, provided by research and innovation in the field of statistics.
- 5. KM18 (Knowledge) Recognise the language of applications of economics and finances, biomedical science and engineering, provided by research and innovation in the field of statistics.

### Content

Module 1. Introduction to Game Theory and Examples

- The aim of Game Theory
- Decision Theory with one agent
- Decision Theory with at least two agents: Game Theory
- History of Game Theory
- Non-Cooperative Games *versus* Cooperative Games
- Examples

Module 2. Games in Normal Form

- Definition and examples
- Nash equilibrium
- Interpretations and problems of Nash equilibrium
- The mixed extension of a game
- Existence of Nash equilibrium: The Nash Theorem
- Computing Nash Equilibria

#### Module 3. Games in Extensive Form

- Preliminaries
- Perfect information
- Backwards induction, Nash equilibrium and Kuhn's Theorem
- Imperfect information

#### Module 4. Nash equilibrium and related issues

- Introduction
- Dominant strategies
- Elimination of dominated strategies
- Subgame perfect equilibrium

#### Module 5. Cooperative Games

- Preliminaries
- The Core
- The Shapley value

### Module 6. Applications

- Axiomatic and strategic bargaining
- Voting
- Dominant strategy implementation
- Cost-sharing

### **Activities and Methodology**

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes	
Type: Directed				-
Exercises and group discussions	10.5	0.42		-
Lectures	33	1.32		-
Type: Supervised				
Tutorials	15	0.6		
Type: Autonomous				-
Readings	15	0.6		-
Study. Preparation of exercises and discussions	70.5	2.82		_

Teaching will be offered on campus.

This course combines lectures with more applied sessions devoted to the resolution of problem sets and exercises.

Annotation: Within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

### Assessment

### **Continous Assessment Activities**

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Final exam	48%	2	0.08	CM13, CM14, KM17, KM18
Partial exams	32%	2	0.08	CM13, CM14, KM17, KM18
Short tests	20%	2	0.08	CM13, CM14, KM17, KM18

Continuous Evaluation

There will be a continuous assessment of student progress by way of one partial exam, a final exam and two short tests. Final grades will be computed according to the weights of 48% the final exam, 32% the partial exam and 10% each short test.

A student will only be eligible to the "not evaluable" status if he or she has not taken part in any of the assessments.

Calendar of continuous evaluation activities

The dates of the evaluation activities (midterm exams, exercises in the classroom, assignments, ...) will be announced well in advance during the semester.

The date of the final exam is scheduled in the assessment calendar of the Faculty.

"The dates of evaluation activities cannot be modified, unless there is an exceptional and duly justified reason why an evaluation activity cannot be carried out. In this case, the degree coordinator will contact both the teaching staff and the affected student, and a new date will be scheduled within the same academic period to make up for the missed evaluation activity." **Section 1 of Article 115. Calendar of evaluation activities** (Academic Regulations UAB). Students of the Faculty of Economics and Business, who in accordance with the previous paragraph need to change an evaluation activity date must process the request by filling out an Application for exams' reschedule

https://eformularis.uab.cat/group/deganat\_feie/application-for-exams-reschedule

Comprehensive evaluation

By requesting the comprehensive evaluation the student waives the option of continuous evaluation. The comprehensive evaluation must be requested at the Academic Management (Gestió acadèmica) of the Campus where the degree/master's degree is taught. The request must be filed according to the procedure and the deadline established by the administrative calendar of the Faculty of Economics and Business.

Attendance :

Student attendance is mandatory on the day of the comprehensive assessment. The date will be the same as that of the final exam of the semester as per the evaluation calendar published by the Faculty of Economics and Business and approved by the Faculty's Teaching and Academic Affairs Committee. The duration of the comprehensive assessment must be specified in the characteristics of such activity.

100% of the evaluation evidences must be handed in by the student on the day of the comprhensive assessment.

The evaluation evidences carried out in person by the student on the same day of the comprehensive assessment must have a minimum weight of 70%.

Evidence Type: Exam

Weight in the final assessment: 100%

Duration of the activity: 2 hours

Is the activity that corresponds to this evaluation evidence to be carried out in person on the date scheduled for the comprehensive evaluation? YES

Grade revision process

After all grading activities have ended, students will be informed of the date and way in which the course grades will be published. Students will be also be informed of the procedure, place, date and time of grade revision following University regulations.

#### **Retake Process**

All students are required to perform the evaluation activities. If the student's grade is 5 or higher, the student passes the course and it cannot be subject to further evaluation. If the student grade is less than 3.5, the student will have to repeat the course thefollowing year. Students who have obtained a grade that is equal to or greater than 3.5 and less than 5 can take a second chance exam. The lecturers will decide the type of the second chance exam. When the second exam grade is greater than 5, the final grade will be a PASS with a maximum numerical grade of 5. When the second exam grade is less than 5, the final grade will be a FAIL with a numerical grade equal to the grade achieved in the course grade (not the second chance exam grade).

A student who does not perform any evaluative task is considered "not evaluable", therefore, a student who performs a continuous assessment component can no longer be qualified with a "not evaluable".

The date of the retake exam will be posted in the calendar of evaluation activities of the Faculty.

Irregularities in evaluation activities

In spite of other disciplinary measures deemed appropriate, and in accordance with current academic regulations, "in the case that the student makes any irregularity that could lead to a significant variation in the grade of an evaluation activity, it will be graded with a 0, regardless of the disciplinary process that can be instructed. In case of various irregularities occur in the evaluation of the same subject, the final grade of this subject will be 0". Section 10 of Article 116. Results of the evaluation. (UAB Academic Regulations).

The proposed evaluation activities may undergo some changes according to the restrictions imposed by the health authorities on on-campus courses.

### Bibliography

**Basic references** 

- Roy Gardner. Games for Business and Economics. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (1995).
- Robert Gibbons. A Primer in Game Theory. Princeton University Press (1992).
- Martin J. Osborne. An Introduction to Game Theory. Oxford University Press (2004).

#### Advanced references

- Michael Maschler, Eilon Solan, and Shmuel Zamir. *Game Theory*. Cambridge University Press (2013).
- Roger B. Myerson. Game Theory: Analysis of Conflict. Harvard University Press (1991).
- Martin J. Osborne and Ariel Rubistein. A Course in Game Theory. The MIT Press (1994).
- Fernando Vega Redondo. Economics and the Theory of Games. Cambridge University Press (2003).

### Software

There are no prerequisites

# Language list

Name	Group	Language	Semester	Turn
(PAUL) Classroom practices	1	Catalan/Spanish	second semester	morning-mixed
(PAUL) Classroom practices	8	English	second semester	morning-mixed
(PAUL) Classroom practices	14	Catalan/Spanish	second semester	morning-mixed
(PAUL) Classroom practices	51	Catalan/Spanish	second semester	afternoon
(TE) Theory	1	Catalan/Spanish	second semester	morning-mixed
(TE) Theory	8	English	second semester	morning-mixed
(TE) Theory	14	Catalan/Spanish	second semester	morning-mixed
(TE) Theory	51	Catalan/Spanish	second semester	afternoon