

Introduction to Data Processing and to the Communication of Scientific Information

Code: 44710 ECTS Credits: 9

2024/2025

Degree	Туре	Year	
4313792 Neurosciences	ОВ	0	, part

Contact

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Teachers

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Teaching groups languages

You can view this information at the end of this document.

Prerequisites

There is no special requirement for this module, other than those that apply to the master program.

Objectives and Contextualisation

The primary objectives of this course are i) provide with transversal abilities to communicate science efficiently, and ii) acquire some fundamental competences in statistical analysis of experimental results.

Learning Outcomes

- 1. CA07 (Competence) Formulate a hypothesis in the context of neuroscience and propose a work plan to disprove or accept it.
- 2. CA08 (Competence) Interpret the experimental results obtained from an experiment involving the study of the central and peripheral nervous systems.
- 3. CA09 (Competence) Draft scientific articles and summaries using scientific databases and illustrate your text with photographs or drawings to report a finding in the field of neuroscience.

- 4. CA10 (Competence) Apply the knowledge acquired about a specific aspect of neuroscience to reach conclusions and generate new working hypotheses that can be understood by a wide audience, including both specialists and non-specialists.
- 5. KA07 (Knowledge) Work as a team in data processing and in the communication of scientific information, assessing the social, economic, and environmental impact of the data obtained.
- 6. KA07 (Knowledge) Work as a team in data processing and in the communication of scientific information, assessing the social, economic, and environmental impact of the data obtained.
- 7. KA08 (Knowledge) Identify the most appropriate probabilistic model for the analysis and interpretation of experimental data obtained during research in any field of neuroscience.
- 8. SA07 (Skill) Perform accurate statistical analyses in the field of neuroscience, to reach reliable and reproducible conclusions.
- 9. SA08 (Skill) Disseminate the results obtained from neuroscience research through scientific articles, posters, and conferences.
- 10. SA09 (Skill) Develop an experimental design to statistically analyse data obtained from experiments involving the nervous system.
- 11. SA09 (Skill) Develop an experimental design to statistically analyse data obtained from experiments involving the nervous system.

Content

Communication in Science.

A scientist generates products that need to be marketed conveniently. This part of the subject leads the student to realize that the development of skills to communicate scientific results in an effective manner is, at least, as

important as generating them. Being English the lingua franca among scientists, all activities will be conducted in this language.

In essence, the course consists of:

Lecturing: Speaking to an audience about your research is a privilege and a great occasion to know and be known. However your product (your science) may not reach the customer (the audience). Beware of Power Point-induced sleep, make the simplest possible slides, use body language wisely, make eye contact with the audience, respect your time limits, and much more.

Poster design: Effective poster design is much more than merely putting your figures together and fitting some text in between. Consider yourself in the middle of a 400-poster session, competing with every one to attract the attention of that important scientist coming down the hall, with whom you want to talk. Just passing by, the big guy may ask you, "hum, what have you done here?" Unless you say something captivating within 15 seconds, his eyes might be already on the next poster.

Paper writing: What to publish, where, and how. We will emphasize abstract (summary) writing. Abstracts, unlike most beginners may think, is one of the trickiest parts of scientific writing. Most potential readers of your paper will only devote a few seconds to read your abstract from scientific databases. If you don't catch their attention, you have failed. Within this paper writing part, we will get into the peer-review system.

Additionally, we can discuss some science ethics andthe science and art of fundraising.

2. Statistical Analysis of Experimental Data.

Introduction. Statistics is a central issue for experimentalists, both before and after the experiments are performed. In the former case because careful experimental design is needed if we want the experiment yields right answers to the questions we are asking for and in the latter case because data sets resulting from experiments need systematic and accurate analyses in order to produce unbiased and reproducible conclusions. Variability is inherently linked to biology and statistics is responsible for variability modeling, that is, for separating the diverse sources of error to identify trends, associations, correlations helpful for exploring the intricate jungle of life sciences.

Objectives. The subject comprises a basic course on statistics. The fundamental objective is to qualify the students for accurate analysis and interpretation of experimental data.

Contents. 1. An introduction to the statistical package. 2. Working with data in a project. 3. Monovariate and bivariate descriptive statistics. 4. Random variables and probability distributions. 5. Statistical inference: Estimation and hypothesis testing. 6. Analysis of the differences between two groups or conditions: two independent samples and paired data. 7. Analysis of the differences between two or more groups: Analysis of variance (ANOVA). 8. Two-way ANOVA. 9. Linear regression.

Activities and Methodology

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Type: Directed			
Lectures and class seminars	56	2.24	
Type: Supervised			
Work tutoring	17	0.68	
Type: Autonomous			
Preparation and elaboration of works	150	6	

The so called "activitats dirigides" include:

Lectures.

Classroom practices.

Presentations in class.

They are distributed in 30 hours of Biostatistics theory and 26 hours of Communication. Communication hours are in turn divided into 12 hours of theory and 14 hours of seminars. The seminars are held in two class groups with half of the total number of students each.

Note: 15 minutes of a class will be reserved, within the calendar established by the center / degree, for the complementation by the students of the surveys of evaluation of the performance of the teaching staff and of evaluation of the subject / module.

Annotation: Within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

Assessment

Continous Assessment Activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Data processing: Examination	49%	2	0.08	CA07, KA07, KA08, SA07,

				SAU9
Data processing: practical exercise	5%	0	0	CA07, CA08, KA08, SA09
Scientific communication: Presentation and defense of works	46%	0	0	CA07, CA08, CA09, CA10, KA07, SA08

There is a continuous assessment based on class atendance and attitude, timely completion of assignments, performance in oral presentations, a practical exercise and an exam on statistics and data processing. There will be a second examn for students that fail this exam.

Students will receive a grade of "Not Evaluated" when the completed assessment activities account for less than a third of the final grade.

Bibliography

Scientific communication

George M. Hall: How to write a paper. BMJ Books, 2008 (

https://onlinelibrary-wiley-com.are.uab.cat/doi/pdf/10.1002/9781118488713)

Jenny Freeman: How to display data. BMJ Books, 2008

(https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.are.uab.cat/lib/uab/reader.action?docID=428140)

George M. Hall: How to present at meetings. BMJ Books, 2007 (

https://onlinelibrary-wiley-com.are.uab.cat/doi/pdf/10.1002/9781119962120)

Elizabeth Wager: How to survive peer review. BMJ Books, 2002

Ivan Valiela: Doing Science. Design, Analysis, and Communication of Scientific Research. Oxforf U.P., 2001

50 Essentials on Science Communication. Jean Paul Bertemes, Serge Haan and Dirk Hans. 2024. De Gruyter Mounter. https://www.degruyter.com/document/doi/10.1515/9783110763577/html#contents

Data processing

Julien I.E. Hoffman: Basic Biostatistics for Medical and Biomedical Practitioners, Second Edition. Academic Press - Elsevier, 2019. ISBN 978-0-12-817084-7 (DOI https://doi.org/10.1016/C2018-0-02190-8)

Babak Shahbaba: Biostatistics with R - An Introduction to Statistics Through Biological Data. Springer, 2012. ISBN 978-1-4614-1301-1 e-ISBN 978-1-4614-1302-8. (DOI https://doi.org/10.1007/978-1-4614-1302-8)

Software

For the data processing section, it will be used the R-Commander software, a free program publically accessible.

Language list

Name Group Language Semester Turn

(SEMm) Seminars (master)	1	English	first semester	morning-mixed
(SEMm) Seminars (master)	2	English	first semester	morning-mixed
(TEm) Theory (master)	1	English	first semester	morning-mixed

