

Neural Networks and Deep Learning

Code: 104407
ECTS Credits: 6

2025/2026

Degree	Type	Year
Computational Mathematics and Data Analytics	OB	3

Contact

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Teaching groups languages

You can view this information at the [end](#) of this document.

Prerequisites

To have completed the subjects of Materia 7: Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, and the subjects of Modelling and Inference (2nd), Complex Data Analysis (2nd), and Information Theory (3rd).

Objectives and Contextualisation

This subject aims to give a practical introduction to neural network models and deep learning.

The students will consolidate and extend their theoretical background, by building on top of previous subjects on machine learning and complementing previous knowledge with new concepts on neural network design, deep learning frameworks, and the training process for such models.

The students should finish this subject, having a broad knowledge of different neural network architectures and their typical use scenarios, and a demonstrated capacity to critically choose the right architecture and training mechanisms for each task.

Finally, the students will receive hands-on training and acquire practical experience on using current deep learning frameworks to solve specific tasks.

Learning Outcomes

1. CM22 (Competence) Apply the most suitable learning techniques to solve computational problems in different case studies.
2. CM23 (Competence) Assess the results and limitations of the most common learning techniques.
3. CM24 (Competence) Apply deep learning mechanisms based on neural networks to be able to design the most suitable architecture for a given problem, checking that fundamental rights and duties and democratic values are not violated.
4. KM20 (Knowledge) Identify the human knowledge representation techniques.
5. KM21 (Knowledge) Define computational solutions in multiple domains to make decisions based on the exploration of alternatives, uncertain reasoning and task planning.
6. SM19 (Skill) Develop optimum search schemes for different problems through knowledge representation and classification.

Content

- Neural networks
 - Perceptron
 - Multi-layer perceptron
 - Backpropagation
- Training process
 - Initialization
 - Optimization algorithms
 - Regularization techniques
 - Tasks and cost functions
- Deep neural network architectures
 - Convolutional networks
 - Recurrent networks
 - Unsupervised learning (autoencoders)
 - Generative Adversarial Networks

Activities and Methodology

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Type: Directed			
Practical session	14	0.56	
Project Sessions	16	0.64	
Theory session	20	0.8	
Type: Supervised			
Tutoring	5	0.2	
Type: Autonomous			
Dedication to practical work	29	1.16	
Project development	16	0.64	
Reading and study of material	45	1.8	

Neural network design is guided by the types of problems that it aims to solve. Throughout this subject it will be that typology of problems that will provide the motivation of each section and will direct the organization of the contents.

There will be three types of sessions:

Theory classes: The objective of these sessions is for the teacher to explain the theoretical background of the subject. For each one of the topics studied, the theory and mathematical formulation is explained, as well as the corresponding algorithmic solutions.

Laboratory sessions: Laboratory sessions aim to facilitate interaction, collaborative work and to reinforce the comprehension of the topics seen in the theory classes. During laboratory sessions the students will work through practical cases that require the design of solutions using the methods studied in theory classes. Problem solving will be initiated in the class and will be complemented by a weekly set of *problems* to work through at home.

Project sessions: towards the end of the course the last sessions will be devoted to a project follow-up. This project will consist of a task that must be solved with the tools and concepts worked on throughout the course.

All the information of the subject and the related documents that the students need will be available at the virtual campus (cv.uab.cat).

Annotation: Within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

Assessment

Continous Assessment Activities

Title	Weighting	Hours	ECTS	Learning Outcomes
Examinations	45	4	0.16	CM22, KM20, KM21, SM19
Problems deliverables	10	0	0	CM22, CM23, CM24
Project Evaluation	45	1	0.04	CM22, CM23, CM24, KM20, KM21, SM19

To assess the level of student learning, a formula is established that combines theoretical and practical knowledge acquisition, and the ability to solve problems.

Final Grade

The final grade is calculated weighted in the following way and according to the different activities that are carried out:

$$\text{Final grade} = 0.45 * \text{Theory Grade} + 0.1 * \text{Problems Portfolio Grade} + 0.45 * \text{Project Evaluation}$$

This formula will be applied whenever the theory grade is greater than or equal to 3.5. There is no restriction on the Final or project grades. If the formula result comes out ≥ 5 , but the theory grades do not reach the minimum required, then the final grade will be the smallest value between the result of applying the previous formula and 4.5.

Theory Grade

The theory grade aims to assess the individual abilities of the student in terms of the theoretical content of the subject, this is done continuously during the course through two partial exams. The overall theory grade is the average of the grades of the two partial exams.

$$\text{Theory Grade} = 0.5 * \text{Exam 1 Grade} + 0.5 * \text{Exam 2 Grade}$$

These exams aim to assess the abilities of each student in an individualized manner, both in terms of solving problems using the techniques explained in class, as well as evaluating the level of conceptualization that the student has made of the techniques seen. If the calculation of the formula yields a theory grade < 3.5, it will be required to pass the 2n chance exam.

Problems Portfolio Grade

The aim of the problems (exercises) is for the student to train with the contents of the subject continuously and become familiar with the application of the theoretical concepts. As evidence of this work, the presentation of a portfolio is requested in which the exercises worked out will be collated. To obtain a problems grade it is required that the student submits a minimum of 70% of the problemsets, in the opposite case, the problems grade will be 0.

Project Evaluation Grade

The most practical training part of this subject is based on the development of a project that is done at the end of the course. It has an essential weight in the overall grade of the subject and it is expected students face the problem of designing a solution to a challenge that is presented in a contextualized way and that, therefore, requires the design of a full solution, from the beginning, processing data to the end, designing and training a neural network model. In addition, students must demonstrate their skills to work as a team and convincingly present the results.

The projects will be evaluated through follow-up sessions, a deliverable, and an oral presentation that the students will give in class. If a group member is unable to attend a follow-up session, they will receive a zero for that session. Although this is a group activity with a shared grade, the grade may be adjusted for individual members if it becomes evident during the evaluation process that contributions were not balanced. In some cases, this adjustment may lead to a failing grade for a member if it is shown that their contribution to the project was zero or virtually none.

If the project is not approved, there will be no 2nd chance of any kind.

2n Chance Exam

If the theory grade does not reach 3.5 or the final grade does not reach 5, students must take a retake exam where all the contents of the subject taken throughout the course will be evaluated. If passed, the maximum grade for the retake exam will be 5.

Important notes

This subject does not foresee the single assessment system.

The use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) technologies is allowed, except in those activities that are otherwise specified, as an integral part of the development of the work, provided that the final result reflects a significant contribution of the student in the analysis and personal reflection. The student should clearly identify which parts have been generated with this technology, specify the tools used, and include critical reflection on how these have influenced the process and the final outcome of the activity. The non-transparency of the use of AI will be considered academic dishonesty and may lead to a penalty in the grade of the activity, or greater sanctions in cases of severity.

Notwithstanding other disciplinary measures deemed appropriate, and in accordance with the academic regulations in force, evaluation activities will be suspended with zero (0) whenever a student commits any academic irregularities that may alter such evaluation (for example, plagiarizing, copying, letting copy, ...). The evaluation activities qualified in this way and by this procedure will not be recoverable. If you need to pass any of these assessment activities to pass the subject, this subject will be failed directly, without opportunity to recover it in the same course.

In case there the student does not deliver any exercise solutions, does not participate in any practical evaluation, and does not take any exam, the corresponding grade will be a "non-evaluable". In any other case, the "no shows" count as a0 for the calculation of the weighted average.

In order to pass the course with honours, the final grade obtained must be equal or higher than 9 points. Because the number of students with this distinction cannot exceed 5% of the total number of students enrolled in the course, it is given to whoever has the highest final marks. In case of a tie, the results of the partial exams will be taken into account.

Bibliography

Books:

- Deep Learning, Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, and Aaron Courville, MIT Press, 1st Ed. 2016
- Deep learning with Python, François Chollet, Manning Publications, 1st Ed., 2017
- Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Christopher Bishop, Springer, 2011
- Neural Networks for Pattern Recognition, Christopher Bishop, Oxford University Press, 1st ed., 1996

Books online

- Michael Nielsen's *Neural Networks and Deep Learning*
<http://neuralnetworksanddeeplearning.com/>
- Zhang, Z.C. Lipton, M. Li, A.J. Smola, "Dive into Deep Learning", 2021
<https://d2l.ai/>

Software

For the practical activities of the course we will use Python (NumPy, Matplotlib, SciKit Learn) and PyTorch

Groups and Languages

Please note that this information is provisional until 30 November 2025. You can check it through this [link](#). To consult the language you will need to enter the CODE of the subject.

Name	Group	Language	Semester	Turn
(PLAB) Practical laboratories	1	Catalan	second semester	morning-mixed
(TE) Theory	1	Catalan	second semester	morning-mixed