

| Degree | Type | Year |
|--|------|------|
| Management of Smart and Sustainable Cities | OB | 2 |

Contact

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Teachers

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Teaching groups languages

You can view this information at the [end](#) of this document.

Prerequisites

Although there are no strict prerequisites, it is recommended to have some knowledge about math, computer science and geoinformation.

Objectives and Contextualisation

The general goals of this subject are:

- To know the different models of the earth's surface and its components.
- To identify the types, properties and distortions of the main cartographic projections.
- To know the basics and the applications of the main existing localization systems.

The specific goals of this subject are:

- To introduce the student in the tools for the analysis of georeferenced data.
- To correctly identify the map projection and datum of a georeferenced base.
- To calculate measures of distance, perimeter and area accurately.
- To know the methods and tools for map projection changes.
- To know the operating principles of location systems based on terrestrial signals and their advantages / disadvantages.
- To know the operating principles of satellite location systems and their advantages / disadvantages.
- To be able to decide which location system is the most appropriate according to the user requirements, the work scenario and the associated complexity / cost.

Learning Outcomes

1. CM09 (Competence) Relate knowledge and skills in geomatics with those provided by other technicians in interdisciplinary teams.
2. KM15 (Knowledge) Identify different primary and secondary sources, models and databases of information generated by urban activity, as well as their operating principles, access policies and standards.
3. SM13 (Skill) Develop management platforms, integration of citizen services and governance based on the use of geoinformation.

Content

Part I. Geodesy and projections

G-1. Earth surface modeling

- Geoid
- Ellipsoid / sphere
- Measures, distortions, uncertainties

G-2. Reference systems

- Composed reference systems
- Horizontal reference systems
- Vertical reference systems and altimetry
- Frameworks
- Components of a cartographic reference system
- Non-cartographic systems

G-3. Datums and ellipsoids

- Datums and global ellipsoids
- Datums and local ellipsoids
- Transformations between datums

G-4. Standards and geoservices

- Introduction
- Visualization (WMS) and download (WCS, WFS) standards
- Positional Accuracy and Quality

G-5. Cartographic projections

- Types of projections
- Properties of the projections
- Distortions in projections (area, distance, shape)
- Methods of cartographic reprojection

Part II. Location systems

SL-1. Introduction to localization systems

- Motivations and applications
- Types of location systems
- Location technologies (satellite and terrestrial)

SL-2. Fundamentals and principles of operation

- Location techniques based on time of arrival measurements (TOA)
- Location techniques based on time difference of arrival measurements (TDOA)
- Location techniques based on angle of arrival measurements (AOA)
- Location techniques based on received signal strength measurements (RSS)

SL-3. Satellite location systems

- Introduction to global satellite positioning systems (GNSS)
- Architecture of GNSS systems
- Characteristics of GNSS signals
- Architecture of GNSS receivers
- Performance and sources of errors
- Fundamentals of differential systems
- Integration with inertial sensors

SL-4. Location systems with terrestrial signals

- Location with cellular network signals (4G and 5G)
- Location with broadcast signals (DVB-T, DAB, FM)
- Location with proximity signals (RFID, Bluetooth)

Activities and Methodology

| Title | Hours | ECTS | Learning Outcomes |
|--------------------------------|-------|------|-------------------|
| Type: Directed | | | |
| Laboratory sessions | 10.5 | 0.42 | |
| Problem-solving lectures | 10 | 0.4 | |
| Theory lectures | 24 | 0.96 | |
| Type: Autonomous | | | |
| Individual work of the student | 88 | 3.52 | |

Classroom activities

- Theory lectures (TE): presentation of the theoretical contents of the subject.
- Problem-solving lectures (PAUL): solving practical exercises related to theory, with student participation.
- Laboratory sessions (PLAB): application of the theoretical concepts presented in theory and exercises to real practical cases and contact with planning, analysis and simulation software.

Autonomous activities

- Study of the theoretical and practical contents of the subject. Preparation of exercises, laboratory practices and exams.
- Practical works: realization and deepening of laboratory practices. Preparation of the final report of each practice.

Annotation: Within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

Assessment

Continous Assessment Activities

| Title | Weighting | Hours | ECTS | Learning Outcomes |
|--------------------|-----------|-------|------|-------------------|
| Exam Part I | 25 | 2 | 0.08 | CM09, KM15 |
| Exam Part II | 25 | 2 | 0.08 | CM09, KM15 |
| Laboratory reports | 35 | 12 | 0.48 | KM15 |
| Practical sessions | 15 | 1.5 | 0.06 | SM13 |

Evaluation activities

The evaluation activities are the following:

- [45%] Partial exams [ExP]
 - [25%] Exam Part I (Geodesy) [ExP1] (individual)
 - [20%] Exam Part II (Location Systems) [ExP2] (individual)
- [35%] Laboratory practices [Lab]: delivery of reports and/or knowledge tests of the practices carried out at the laboratory
 - [20%] Reports/Tests Part I (Geodesy) [Lab1] (in pairs)
 - [15%] Reports/Tests Part II (Location Systems) [Lab2] (in pairs)
- [20%] Practical sessions [Pr]: development of practical sessions to evaluate the knowledge acquired
 - [5%] Sessions Part I (Geodesy) [Pr1] (individual)
 - [15%] Sessions Part II (Location Systems) [Pr2] (in pairs)

Grades computation

The Final Grade (NF) of the subject will be calculated according to the activities indicated above, applying the next equation:

$$NF = (0.5 \times NF1) + (0.5 \times NF2)$$

Where:

- $NF1 = (0.5 \times ExP1) + (0.4 \times Lab1) + (0.1 \times Pr1)$
- $NF2 = (0.4 \times ExP2) + (0.3 \times Lab2) + (0.3 \times Pr2)$

Each activity will be evaluated under the scale of 0 to 10.

To pass the subject, the final grade must be equal to or greater than 5 ($NF \geq 5.0$) and fullfil all the following conditions:

- $ExP1 \geq 3$
- $ExP2 \geq 3$

- NF1 >=3
- NF2 >=3

If any of the prerequisites are not met (and the "averagegrade cannot not be computed"), the student will be assigned a "fail" with a maximum grade of 4.5.

Synthesis examination

In accordance with the academic regulations, students who do not pass the subject but who have been evaluated for more than two thirds of this, can be submitted to a synthesis examination.

This exam will allow to recover the part of evaluation corresponding to the partial exams (50% of the final grade), but not the part corresponding to the laboratory activities. The latter, due to their eminently practical nature, can not be recovered.

Repeating students

The repeating students need to be re-evaluated of all the evaluation activities planned for the subject. The note of tests carried out in past courses will not be maintained.

Consideration of "Not Evaluable"

Students who do not attend either of the two exams, or the final synthesis test, will be considered "Not Evaluable".

Consideration in case of copy or plagiarism

Without prejudice to other disciplinary measures deemed appropriate, and in accordance with the regulations in force, the irregularities committed by the student that may lead to a variation of the grade of an evaluation act will be graded with a zero. Therefore, copying or allowing to copy a practice or any other evaluation activity will involve suspending it with a zero and can not be recovered in the same academic year. Additionally, cases of copying will be communicated to the graduate coordination so that they can apply the corresponding measures.

Uses of Artificial Intelligence

Restricted use of Artificial Intelligence: For this subject, the use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) technologies is permitted exclusively in support tasks, such as bibliographic or information searches, text correction or translations. The student must clearly identify which parts have been generated with this technology, specify the tools used and include a critical reflection on how these have influenced the process and the final result of the activity. The lack of transparency in the use of AI in this assessable activity will be considered a lack of academic honesty and may lead to a partial or total penalty in the grade of the activity, or greater sanctions in serious cases.

Honor grades

Granting an Honor qualification is a decision of the faculty responsible for the subject. Honors will be awarded only to students who have shown a great level of excellence in the subject, and not by default to those who have removed the highest marks. The regulations of the UAB indicate that Honors can only be awarded to students who have obtained a final grade of 9.00 or more. It can be granted up to 5% of MH of the total number of students enrolled.

Communication

The Virtual Campus will be the preferred communication platform with the students. After publishing the grades for each evaluable activity, the review mechanism will be communicated through the virtual campus.

Single evaluation

If it is requested at the begining of the semester, a single global exam will be offered for both partsof the subject (G and SL) which will add questions related to the practices (PAUL and PLAB). The same recovery system will be applied as for the continuous assessment.

Bibliography

Part I

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- D. Li, J. Shan, Z. Shao, X. Zou, Y. Yao, 2013. "Geomatics for Smart Cities - concept, key techniques and applications". *Geo-Spatial Information Sciences*, Taylor&Francis, Vol.16, No.1, March, 13-24 (<https://doi.org/10.1080/10095020.2013.772803>)
- D.F. Maune, *Digital Elevation Model Technologies and Applications: The DEM Users Manual*, American Society for Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing. Bethesda, 2007. [https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C__Rb1611686]
- J. Nogueras-Isò, F.J. Zarazaga-Soria i P.R. Muro-Medrano, *Geographic Information Metadata for Spatial Data Infrastructures: Resources, Interoperability and Information Retrieval*, Ed. Springer. 264 pp., 2005. [https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C__Rb1845430]
- J. P.Snyder, **Map Projections, A Working Manual**, U.S. Geological Survey professional paper 1395, 1997. [https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C__Rb2038409]

Part II

- C. Gentile, N. Alsindi, R. Raulefs, C. Teolis, *Geolocation techniques. Principles and applications*, Springer, 2013. [https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C__Rb2024208]
- S. A. Zekavat, R. M. Buehrer (Eds.), *Handbook of position location. Theory, practice and advances*, IEEE Press Series, John Wiley & Sons, 2012. [https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C__Rb2083164]
- P. J.G. Teunissen, O. Montenbruck (Eds.), *Handbook of Global Navigation Satellite Systems*, Springer, 2017. [https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/plus/C__SHandbook%20of%20Global%20Navigation%20Satellite%20Sy]

Software

During the practical sessions, next software could be used: MiraMon, ArcGisPro, QGIS, Web apps and MATLAB.

Groups and Languages

Please note that this information is provisional until 30 November 2025. You can check it through this [link](#). To consult the language you will need to enter the CODE of the subject.

| Name | Group | Language | Semester | Turn |
|-------------------------------|-------|----------|-----------------|---------------|
| (PAUL) Classroom practices | 611 | Catalan | second semester | afternoon |
| (PAUL) Classroom practices | 612 | Catalan | second semester | afternoon |
| (PLAB) Practical laboratories | 611 | Catalan | second semester | morning-mixed |
| (PLAB) Practical laboratories | 612 | Catalan | second semester | morning-mixed |
| (PLAB) Practical laboratories | 613 | Catalan | second semester | morning-mixed |
| (TE) Theory | 61 | Catalan | second semester | afternoon |