

Preparatory techniques for bilateral interpreting B-A-B (English-A-English)

Code: 101440

Credits: 6

2026/2027

Degree programme	Type	Course
Translation and Interpreting	OP	4

Contact lecturer

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Group languages

You can consult this information at the [end](#) of the document.

Prerequisites

This subject requires a native or near-native level of Spanish and a high level of English (CEFR level C1.3).

FOR INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS: Generally, the required level in Spanish for international exchange students is B2 (Common European Framework of Reference for Languages). However, for this subject, the minimum level recommended in Catalan/Spanish and in English is C1.3.

Objectives

The purpose of this subject is to provide students with the theoretical and methodological knowledge needed for bilateral interpreting, as well as to introduce them to the basic techniques of this mode of interpreting, so that they can put them into practice in simple simulated professional situations.

On successfully completing this subject, students will be able to:

- Demonstrate knowledge of the professional aspects of bilateral interpreting.
- Demonstrate that they have assimilated the methodological principles of bilateral interpreting.
- Demonstrate that they have mastered the basic techniques of bilateral interpreting in its most common contexts.

Learning outcomes

1. Students must demonstrate they know the phases of the translation process: Students must demonstrate they know the phases of the translation process.
2. Working effectively in teams: Working effectively in teams.
3. Implementing strategies in order to understand verbal texts from different fields: Implementing strategies in order to understand verbal texts from different fields.
4. Applying lexical, morphosyntactic, textual, rhetorical and linguistic variation related knowledge: Applying phonological, lexical, morphosyntactic, textual, rhetorical and linguistic variation related knowledge.
5. Comprehending the communicative purpose and sense of verbal texts of several fields: Comprehending

- the communicative purpose and sense of verbal texts of several fields.
6. Implementing strategies in order to produce verbal texts from different fields and with specific communicative purposes: Implementing strategies in order to produce verbal texts from different fields with specific communicative purposes.
 7. Producing verbal texts that are appropriate to their context and possess linguistic correctness: Producing verbal texts that are appropriate to their context and possess linguistic correctness.
 8. Producing verbal texts from different fields and with specific communicative purposes: Producing verbal texts from different fields and with specific communicative purposes.
 9. Solving interferences between the working languages: Solving interferences between the working languages.
 10. Formulating the appropriate informative needs in order to interpret: Formulating the appropriate informative needs in order to interpret.
 11. Applying the documentation resources in order to solve interpretation problems: Applying the documentation resources in order to solve interpretation problems.
 12. Comprehending the communicative purpose and sense of verbal texts of several fields: Comprehending the communicative purpose and sense of verbal texts of several fields.
 13. Implementing strategies in order to produce verbal texts from different fields and with specific communicative purposes: Implementing strategies in order to produce verbal texts from different fields and with specific communicative purposes.
 14. Producing verbal texts that are appropriate to their context and possess linguistic correctness: Producing verbal texts that are appropriate to their context and possess linguistic correctness.
 15. Identifying the need to mobilise topic-based knowledge in order to interpret: Identifying the need to mobilise topic-based knowledge in order to interpret.
 16. Implementing strategies to acquire topic-based knowledge in order to interpret: Implementing strategies to acquire topic-based knowledge in order to interpret.
 17. Possessing topic-based knowledge in order to interpret: Possessing topic-based knowledge in order to interpret.
 18. Incorporating topic-based knowledge in order to solve interpretation problems: Incorporating topic-based knowledge in order to solve interpretation problems.
 19. Applying the terminological resources to solve interpretation problems: Applying the terminological resources to solve interpretation problems.
 20. Identifying the interpretation as an act of communication that is addressed to a recipient: Identifying the interpretation as an act of communication that is addressed to a recipient.
 21. Identifying the textual and dynamic nature of the translation equivalence: Identifying the textual and dynamic nature of the translation equivalence.
 22. Students must demonstrate they know the different interpretation methods: Students must demonstrate they know the different interpretation methods.
 23. Students must demonstrate they know the functioning of the interpretation labour market: Students must demonstrate they know the functioning of the interpretation labour market.
 24. Managing problems related to the practice of the profession of interpreter: Managing problems related to the practice of the profession of interpreter.
 25. Identifying the specific translation problems of sight translation: Identifying the specific translation problems of sight translation.
 26. Properly incorporating the different phases of sight translation: Properly incorporating the different phases of sight translation.
 27. Using the appropriate strategies and techniques in order to solve sight translation problems: Using the appropriate strategies and techniques in order to solve sight translation problems.
 28. Finding the most appropriate translation solution in each case: Finding the most appropriate translation solution in each case.
 29. Identifying the specific translation problems of consecutive interpretation: Identifying the specific translation problems of consecutive interpretation.
 30. Properly incorporating the different phases of a consecutive interpretation: Properly incorporating the different phases of a consecutive interpretation.
 31. Using the appropriate strategies and techniques in order to solve problems related to consecutive interpretation: Using the appropriate strategies and techniques in order to solve problems related to consecutive interpretation.

THIS COURSE IS PRACTICE ORIENTED. LEARNING RESULTS BOTH FROM CLASSROOM (GROUP) ACTIVITIES AND FROM RELATED INTROSPECTIVE EXERCISES THAT TAKE PLACE OUTSIDE OF THE CLASSROOM. THE LEARNING THAT HAPPENS AS A RESULT OF CLASSROOM ACTIVITIES CANNOT BE SUBSTITUTED BY PERSONAL INDEPENDENT WORK. ATTENDING CLASS IS ESSENTIAL IN ORDER TO DEVELOP THE SKILLS ASSOCIATED TO THIS COURSE.

- Characteristics specific to bilateral interpreting compared to other modes of interpreting.
- Communication situations specific to bilateral interpreting: liaison interpreting and public service interpreting.
- Contexts of liaison interpreting: business meetings, tourism, interviews, etc.
- Contexts of public service interpreting: schools, social services, healthcare, police and the courts.
- Methodological aspects of bilateral interpreting:
 - Direct contact and shared space between the interpreter and the service users.
 - Visibility of the interpreter.
 - Use of the first or the third person.
 - Bidirectionality.
 - Unpredictability and thematic diversity.
 - Note-taking.
 - Sight translation.
 - Spontaneous speech.
 - Variety of language styles and registers.
 - Cultural differences between users.
- Pre-interpreting practice.
- Proper use of interpreting booths and recording systems.

- Initiation to bilateral interpreting practice through simple role-plays.

Learning activities and methodology

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning outcomes
Independent activities	75.5	3.02	6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31
Supervised activities	22	0.88	6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31
Directed activities	45	1.8	6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31

This subject will be taught with a focus on the following learning activities:

- Problem-solving
- Individual/group presentations in class
- Preparation of interpreting exercises
- Interpreting exercises
- Cooperative learning
- Case studies

At the end of the semester, fifteen minutes of class will be devoted to filling out surveys. Students will answer questions on the professors' teaching performances and on the subject that was taught.

Annotation: within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

Assessment

Continuous assessment activities

Title	Weight	Hours	ECTS	Learning outcomes
3. Second exam: multiple choice	20%	2	0.08	3, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 18, 20, 22, 23, 24, 31
4. Third exam: dialogue interpretation	40%	1	0.04	1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31
1. First exam: sight translation	25%	1	0.04	1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31
2. Assessable assignment: a collection of evaluation sheets	15%	3.5	0.14	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31

CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT

Assessment consists of three exams and one assignment. The first exam is a bilingual rendering of sentences, the second a sight translation exercise, and the third a long dialogue interpreting exercise. The assignment involves submitting three (self-)evaluation forms.

The exams will be assessed based on three criteria:

- Integrity of and faithfulness to the oral text/sight translation in the student's delivery (no omissions, additions or distortions).
- Quality of the student's oral presentation.
- Appropriateness of the student's level of oral expression to the text and its intended audience.

Students may retake assessment activities they have failed or compensate for any they have missed, provided that those they have actually performed account for a minimum of 66.6% (two thirds) of the subject's final mark and that they have a weighted average mark of at least 3.5.

Students may not retake assessment activities in which they are found to have engaged in misconduct (plagiarism, copying, personation, etc.).

The lecturer will inform students of the procedure involved, in writing, when publishing final marks prior to recording them on transcripts. The lecturer may set one assignment per failed or missed assessment activity or a single assignment to cover a number of such activities.

Under no circumstances may an assessment activity worth 100% of the final mark be retaken or compensated for

If retaking an assessment, the maximum mark will be 5.

In the event of the assessment activities a student has performed accounting for just 25% or less of the subject's final mark, their work will be classified as \"not assessable\" on their transcript.

Students who engage in misconduct (plagiarism, copying, personation, etc.) in an assessment activity will receive a mark of \"0\" for the activity in question. In the case of misconduct in more than one assessment activity, the students involved will be given a final mark of \"0\" for the subject.

In this course, the use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) technologies is not permitted at any stage of the assessment activities. Any work that includes AI-generated content will be considered a breach of academic integrity and will be graded a 0, regardless of any disciplinary proceedings that may be initiated.

When publishing final marks prior to recording them on students' transcripts, the lecturer will provide written notification of a date and time for reviewing assessment activities. Students must arrange reviews in agreement with the lecturer.

All information on assessment, assessment activities and their weighting is merely a guide. The subject's lecturer will provide full information when teaching begins.

SINGLE ASSESSMENT

This subject may not be assessed under the single assessment system.

Bibliography

Books

Bancroft, M.; García-Beyaert S.; Allen K.; Carriero-Contreras G.; Socarrás Estrada D. (ed.): *The Community Interpreter: An International Workbook*. Culture & Language Press, 2015.

Collados Ais, Ángela (ed): *Manual de interpretación bilateral*. Granada, Ed. Comares, 2001. [Online book review: http://www.intralinea.org/reviews/item/Manual_de_Interpretacion_bilateral]

Gentile, A.; Ozolins, U.; Vasilakakos, M. (ed). *Liaison Interpreting: a Handbook*. Melbourne: Melbourne University Press, 1995. [Location at UAB: https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C__Rb1416409?lang=cat]

Hale, Sandra: *La Interpretación comunitaria : la interpretación en los sectores jurídico, sanitario y social*, 2010. [Location at UAB: https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C__Rb1911285?lang=cat]

Jiménez Ivars, Amparo: *Primeros pasos hacia la interpretación inglés-español*. Edelsa, 2012. [Location at UAB: https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C__Rb1949067?lang=cat]

Mason, Ian (ed.) *Triadic exchanges: studies in dialogue interpreting*. Manchester, St. Jerome Publishing, 2001. [Location at UAB: https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C__Rb1493746?lang=cat]

Pöchhacker, F. and Miriam Schlesinger: *Healthcare interpreting: Discourse and Interaction*. John Benjamins Publishing, 2007. [Location at UAB: https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C__Rb1754566?lang=cat]

Ugarte i Ballester, Xus: *La pràctica de la interpretació anglès-català*. Vic, EUMO Editorial, 2010. [Location at UAB: https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C__Rb1801789?lang=cat]

Wadensjö, C. (1998): *Interpreting as Interaction*. London: Longman. [Location at UAB: https://cataleg.uab.cat/iii/encore/record/C__Rb2035086?lang=cat]

Other resources

Interpreter Training Resources. <http://interpreters.free.fr/>

Plataforma de recursos per a la interpretació d'ellaç Linketerpreting: <http://webs.uvigo.es/linketerpreting/>

Plataforma virtual de recursos sobre Traducció i Interpretació als Serveis Públics, grup de recerca MIRAS de la UAB: http://pagines.uab.cat/recursos_miras

National Network for Interpreting. <http://www.nationalnetworkforinterpreting.ac.uk/>

Conferència internacional sobre interpretació als serveis públics: <http://www.criticallink.org/>

Software

LMS: Moodle

Text processor: Word (or similar)

Pdf reader: Acrobat Reader (or similar)

Browser: Chrome (or similar)

Audio editor: Audacity (or similar)

Course groups and languages

The information provided is provisional until November 30. After this date, you will be able to consult the language of each group through this [link](#). To access the information, you will need to enter the course CODE

Type of teaching	Group	Language	Semester	Shift
(PLAB) Practical laboratories	1	Spanish	first semester	morning-mixed
(PLAB) Practical laboratories	2	Spanish	first semester	morning-mixed