

Degree programme	Type	Course
Prevention and Integral Safety and Security	OB	2

Contact lecturer

Name : Roser Martinez Quirante

Email : roser.martinez@uab.cat

Prerequisites

This subject does not have any pre-requirerments

Group languages

You can consult this information at the [end](#) of the document.

Objectives

It is about showing different aspects of security from the point of view of administrative intervention, whether regulated or self-regulated, in order to prevent risks or dangers to achieve comprehensive prevention. Sectors are chosen as the address, the public domain, the workplace, public and private transport, the hotel trade, etc. and the regulations, legal instruments and obligations of citizens are analyzed so that our specialists in prevention are prepared to face the requirements of Public Administrations.

The concepts of worker, employment, merchant, entrepreneur, mercantile companies, etc. are studied. in order to find appropriate solutions to open administrative procedures.

At the same time, the new rights that protect each situation will be explained: women, environmental, minorities, road safety, occupational risk prevention, food safety, health, anti-smoking, etc. appropriate to the new risk society model.

We will see each session as a right is guaranteed (to life, health, safety, etc.) through the analysis of a specific sector or in a specific area where human beings develop: the address, the university, the place of work, means of transport, hotels, shows, etc.

We will study the administrative intervention in matters of prison regime, the management of the shift of office, and the cooperation between the police courts and the police.

There will be an exhaustive study on the prevention of violence through the regulation of firearms. Exhibit how there are different security models depending on the restriction or freedom granted to the citizen in terms of the possession of weapons. We will analyze the American model of freedom and promotion of the armed individual to achieve a State where the citizen achieves his self-protection or not. At the same time, a comparison will be made with the European security model in which the possession of weapons for the defense of the citizen is a monopoly of the security forces and bodies. Once the two most representative models are exposed, it will be assessed which system offers more integral security.

Training objectives

Know the different aspects of security from the point of view of regulated or self-regulated administrative intervention.

Apply correctly the current legal framework to apply prevention and comprehensive security in every area of life in society.

Knowing how to plan the management of the

Learning outcomes

1. Use the capacity for analysis and synthesis to solve problems.
2. Respond to problems applying knowledge to practice.
3. Be able to adapt to unexpected situations.
4. Students must have and understand knowledge of an area of study built on the basis of general secondary education, and while it relies on some advanced textbooks it also includes some aspects coming from the forefront of its field of study.
5. Students must be capable of applying their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way and they should have building arguments and problem resolution skills within their area of study.
6. Students must be capable of collecting and interpreting relevant data (usually within their area of study) in order to make statements that reflect social, scientific or ethical relevant issues.
7. Students must be capable of communicating information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialised and non-specialised audiences.
8. Students must develop the necessary learning skills to undertake further training with a high degree of autonomy.
9. Critically analyse the principles, values and procedures that govern professional practice.
10. Analyse the sex- or gender-based inequalities and the gender biases present in one's own area of knowledge.
11. Maintain a positive attitude with respect to professional and personal growth.
12. Evaluate how gender stereotypes and roles affect professional practice.
13. Show respect for diversity and the plurality of ideas, people and situations.
14. Communicate using language that is not sexist or discriminatory.
15. Apply the basis of statistics, economics and finance, in the applicable legal framework and the informatics necessary to undertake prevention and security.

Contents

Topic 1. Introduction to the Administrative Intervention and Self-Regulation. Administrative activities

Topic 2. The administrative intervention to prevent and manage the risks.

Topic 3. The statute of workers. The work contract and its classes. The powers of business control. The termination of the work contract. The dismissal, classes and effects. Pacts of non-contractual concurrence. Special analysis on the termination of the contract at the worker's request: assumptions. Special consideration is the harassment of labor and its evidence. Work process Basic procedural scheme. Specificities in the field of test means. Resources and evidence on appeal.

Topic 4. The individual merchant: Legal concept. Legal capacity to engage in trade.

The mercantile societies .. Constitution, requirements, government, obligations. Joint-stock company. Limited society. Other corporate forms.

The administration of mercantile societies. Obligations and civil and criminal liability. The figure of the administrator in fact. The succession of societies. Covert succession and extension of responsibility. The doctrine of lifting the veil. Criminal liability of legal entities: Assumptions. The Commercial Registry. Functions Formal advertising Books of trade and their classes.

Topic 5. Money and other means of payment. The measures of protection of the credit. The securities-securities. Fundamental commercial contracts: Contract of sale, contract of commercial loan, contract of insurance. The simulation of contracts. The crisis of the entrepreneur. The contest. The intellectual property. Concept and legal figures. Intellectual property rights. Actions in the field of intellectual property. Industrial property Patents, trademarks and other legal entities. The protection of industrial property. Actions. Procedural specificities. The protection of competition. The Unfair Competition Law. Assumptions of unfair competition. Actions. Procedural specificities.

Topic 6. Management of security in mass transport companies: The case of TMB. The management model of security: private management, public management, mixed management. The global and integral vision of transport management.

Topic 7. Security in hotel establishments. Types of tourist accommodation: hotels, campsites, tourist apartments, tourist homes, rural tourism, etc ... Security management. Tourist security. Management tools The risks to the tourist activity. Global vision of prevention and safety in the sector.

Topic 8. Administrative intervention and civil protection. Definition The role of volunteering. The civil protection plans of Catalonia. Civil defense The prevention of fires.

Topic 9. Prevention of violence through the regulation of firearms. Security models based on the restriction or freedom granted to the citizen in regard to the possession of weapons. The American model of freedom and promotion of the armed individual. The European model of security in which the possession of weapons for the defense of the citizen is a monopoly of the security forces and bodies.

Learning activities and methodology

Title	Hours	ECTS	Learning outcomes
Class	12	0.48	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15
Evaluation	4	0.16	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15
Discussions in the forums	24	0.96	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15
Individual study	110	4.4	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15

The study methodology will be based mainly on self-employment. There will be sessions in which the teacher will present the topics of study, indicate the most important of each and answer the queries of students. The achievement of the PACs, and the participation in the discussion forums is required.

Annotation: within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

Assessment

Continuous assessment activities

Title	Weight	Hours	ECTS	Learning outcomes
Exams	50%	0	0	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15
Continuous evaluation assessments	50%	0	0	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15

Continuous assessment

The final exam will consist of an oral or written test of the contents of the subject and will correspond to 50%. The result of the 2 tests (20%) (PEC 1 and PEC 2) and 2 continuous assessment tests (30%) (PEC 3 and PEC4) will be added to this grade.

Unique assessment:

Students who opt for the single assessment will take a final synthesis test of the subject (50%), a practical (40%) and an oral defense (10%). The date for this test will be the same scheduled in the schedule for the last continuous assessment exam. The same recovery system as for continuous assessment applies.

Recovery

If you do not pass the subject in accordance with the criteria mentioned above (continuous assessment, minimum 3.5), you can take a make-up test on the scheduled date in the timetable, which will cover all the content of the program.

To participate in the recovery, the student must have previously been evaluated in a set of activities, the weight of which is equivalent to a minimum of two thirds of the total qualification of the subject. However, the grade that will appear in the student's file is a maximum of 5-Pass. If he has not been evaluated in two third parties for not having presented himself for the tests he will obtain the qualification of Not Presented, without having the option of Recovery.

Evaluation of students in the second call or more

It will be necessary to carry out the scheduled assignments, tests and exams and hand in the course assignments on the dates indicated in Moodle.

Warnings

Students who need to change an assessment date must submit the request by filling out the document you will find in the EPSI Tutoring moodle space. Once completed, the document must be sent to the subject's teaching staff and the degree coordinator.

Without prejudice to other disciplinary measures deemed appropriate, and in accordance with current academic regulations, "in the event that the student commits any irregularity that could lead to a significant variation in the grade of an assessment act, this evaluation act will be graded with a 0, regardless of the disciplinary process that may be instituted. In the event that several irregularities occur in the evaluation acts of the same subject, the final grade for this subject will be 0 \".

Tests/exams may be written and/or oral at the faculty's discretion.

At the time of carrying out each assessment activity, the teaching staff will inform the students of the mechanisms for reviewing the qualifications. For single assessment students, the review process will be the same.

If there are unforeseen circumstances that prevent the normal development of the subject, the teaching staff may modify both the methodology and the evaluation system of the subject.

The use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) technologies is permitted as an integral part of the development of the work, provided that the final result reflects a significant contribution by the student in the analysis and personal reflection. The student must clearly identify which parts have been generated with this technology, specify the tools used and include a critical reflection on how these have influenced the process and the final result of the activity. The lack of transparency in the use of AI will be considered a lack of academic honesty and may lead to a penalty in the grade of the activity, or greater sanctions in serious cases. If during the correction there are indications that an activity or work has been done with responses assisted by artificial intelligence, without the student having noticed it, the teacher may complement the activity with a personal interview to corroborate the authorship of the text

Bibliography

Ballbé, M., Martínez, R., "Law and Globalization: Between the United States and Europe", en *Global Administrative law*, Robalino-Orellana i Rodríguez Arana (ed.), Cameron May, 2010.

Broseta Pont, M., Martínez Sanz, F., *Manual de Derecho Mercantil*, Vol I y II, Tecnos, 2014.

Cruz Villalon, J., *Compendio de Derecho del Trabajo*, Tecnos, 2010.

Esteve Pardo, J., *Lecciones de Derecho Administrativo*, Marcial Pons, 2019.

Gómez de Hinojosa, A. *Seguridad privada global ¿Amenaza u oportunidad?*, Atelier, 2024.

Martínez Quirante, R. , *Armas: ¿Libertad Americana o Prevención Europea?*, Editorial académica española, 2019.

Martínez Quirante, R., Rodríguez, J., *Inteligencia Artificial y armas letales autónomas*, Trea, 2018.

Trayter Jiménez, J.M., *Derecho administrativo. Parte general*, Atelier, 2019.

Software

This subject will use the basic software of the Office 365 package.

Course groups and languages

The information provided is provisional until November 30. After this date, you will be able to consult the language of each group through this [link](#). To access the information, you will need to enter the course CODE

Type of teaching	Group	Language	Semester	Shift
(TE) Theory	1	Spanish	first semester	afternoon