

| Degree programme                          | Type | Course |
|-------------------------------------------|------|--------|
| Journalism and Digital Content Innovation | OB   | 1      |

## Contact lecturer

Name : María Rosario Lacalle Zalduendo

Email : rosario.lacalle@uab.cat

## Prerequisites

No requirements

## Group languages

You can consult this information at the [end](#) of the document.

## Objectives

The fast evolution of digital technologies in the 21st century poses continuous challenges to narratives. However, the storytelling in the digital era include the essential elements (themes, motives, stereotypes, etc.) of ancestral myths and tales, which are incessantly recombined in order to adapt them to new formats.

The objective of this course is to provide students with the essential tools and concepts to create and analyze different types of stories made through different platforms, in an effective, interactive, critical and responsible way.

The first part of the course focuses on the elements and structures of narratives. In the second part, the characteristics of the different genres and formats are defined, as well as their evolution in relation to digital storytelling. In the third part, the role of the reader/viewer/user in the construction and interpretation of texts is examined.

## Gender perspective

The study of narratives is particularly useful in the critical analysis of gender representations in the digital media. One of the main objectives of the course is to examine the construction of stereotypes in a critical and reflective way.

Note: The course content will be sensitive to issues related to gender perspective and the use of inclusive language.

## Learning outcomes

1. Analyse and evaluate the narrative characteristics of the placement company's news products.
2. Analyse and evaluate trends in digital narration in news companies and apply alternative production methods that involve systems of narrative cooperation.
3. Understand digital-information architectures and systems and apply them to 21st century news companies.
4. Understand and distinguish between scientific research methodologies and procedures for investigating trends and problem areas in 21st century communicative phenomena.
5. Build a research project whose results propose solutions applied to the management and production of

digital news content.

6. Cooperate in team environments and help to achieve the objectives set.
7. Identify and critically compare the changing contexts of digital narrative in terms of the platforms for producing and consuming news.
8. Identify the tools associated with the positioning of digital content aimed at solving specific problems.
9. Plan the processes for introducing innovation within the newstelling strategies in an editorial team.
10. Plan innovative positioning strategies for the journalistic products created by the simulated editorial team.
11. Propose practical solutions based on developing a news product in a multidisciplinary team.
12. Propose an applied research project to be developed in the master's dissertation.
13. Respect the professional development space, adapting to the needs and routines of working groups within the news company.
14. Take charge of everyday situations in news production and processing, paying strict attention to achieving objectives.
15. Use tools for gathering and processing information and documents needed to construct the theoretical or conceptual framework of the master's dissertation.
16. Use search-engine positioning strategies to communicate news stories effectively.

## Contents

### Digital Narratives

- Concepts of narrative
- Relationship between technology and narrative
- Structure and construction of stories
- Characters and roles

### Genres and discourses of Digital Narratives

- Genres and formats
- The social discourses in digital narratives

### Interpretation and Interaction

- Interpretation in the age of AI

-Intermediality, transmediality, and fandom

## Learning activities and methodology

| Title                          | Hours | ECTS | Learning outcomes  |
|--------------------------------|-------|------|--------------------|
| Master classes                 | 45    | 1.8  | 2, 4, 7, 9         |
| Autonomous training activities | 75    | 3    | 4, 5, 7, 10, 16    |
| Supervised training activities | 30    | 1.2  | 2, 4, 5, 6, 11, 16 |

- Master classes
- Problem solving classes / cases / exercises
- Presentation of works in the classroom
- Tutorials
- Preparation of works
- Individual study
- Reading of articles / chapters / reports of interest, etc.

Fifteen minutes of a class will be used to fill out the teacher and course evaluation survey.

Annotation: within the schedule set by the centre or degree programme, 15 minutes of one class will be reserved for students to evaluate their lecturers and their courses or modules through questionnaires.

## Assessment

### Continuous assessment activities

| Title                                                             | Weight | Hours | ECTS | Learning outcomes                        |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|------|------------------------------------------|
| Exam                                                              | 25%    | 0     | 0    | 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8                         |
| Attendance, active participation and assignments in the classroom | 25%    | 0     | 0    | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14, 16    |
| Work submissions                                                  | 50%    | 0     | 0    | 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 |

### Continued evaluation

The evaluation is the result of the proportional average of the different activities carried out.

Attendance and active participation in the classroom represents 25% of the final grade for the course. The works delivered 50%, while another 25% corresponds to the exam Absences will be penalized with a detriment of the final 10% grade for each 3-hour session or fraction (except documented justifications). Deliveries of works outside the scheduled dates will not be accepted.

The delivery of the results of the work carried out and the exam will include the date and time of the corresponding review. Students who wish to do so may take the review whenever they request it within a maximum period of two days from the delivery of the results. Subsequent requests for review will not be

accepted.

The calendar will be available on the first day of class. Students will find information on the Virtual Campus about the description of the activities, materials, etc.

Recuperation: continued evaluation

According to regulations, in order to be able to participate in the recovery process, students must have previously been assessed for at least 2/3 of the total assessable activities of the subject.

In the period for the reassessment, failed exams may be repeated if the mark is not less than 3.5 (unrealized exams score 0 in the calculation of the mean). The final assignment of the course is an assessable task that cannot be reassigned in case of failure. The reason is that completing a task of this nature is practically impossible within the time available during the reassignment period.

The readings, discussions and exercises carried out in the seminars are linked to work in the classroom, so they can't be re-assessed (unrealized activities score 0 in the calculation of the mean).

Assignments and exercises that have not been previously agreed upon with the course coordinator or that do not follow the established guidelines will be considered NON-ASSESSABLE.

In the case of a second enrollment, students have to make an exam. The grading of the subject will correspond to the grade of the exam.

If a student makes an irregularity (copy, plagiarism, etc.), the corresponding assessment act will be rated with 0. In the event of several irregularities, the final grade for the course would be 0.

The professors teaching the subject can indicate to the students that, for the correct development of the class and to ensure good coexistence in the classroom, it is advised not to use electronic devices or screens during the class, except when indicated otherwise due to a specific teaching situation.

For this course, the use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) technologies is permitted exclusively for specific tasks, such as bibliographic or information searches, text correction, or translation. Teachers will eventually indicate other specific uses of technology in due course. As for the students, they must clearly identify any parts generated with these technologies, specify the tools used, and include a critical reflection on how AI has influenced the process and outcome of the assignment. Failure to disclose the use of AI in this assessed activity will be considered a breach of academic integrity and may result in a partial or total penalty to the assignment grade, or more serious sanctions in severe cases.

## Bibliography

### BASIC REFERENCES

- Bruzzi, Stella (2016) Making a genre: the case of the contemporary true crime documentary, *Law and Humanities*, 10:2, 249-280. doi: 10.1080/17521483.2016.1233741
- Campbell, Joseph (2024[2023]). El ABCD de la mitología. *Mito y sentido*. Atalanta.
- Carter, Angela (2016) Introducción. *Cuentos de hadas*. Editorial Impedimenta.
- Copley, Paul (2014) In the beginning: The end. *Narrative*. Routledge (2<sup>nd</sup> edition).
- García-Avilés, J. A. (2024). Cómo se cuenta la historia: Tipología de las narrativas interactivas en el periodismo. *Estudios sobre el Mensaje Periodístico*, 30(4), pp. doi: <https://dx.doi.org/10.5209/emp.98652>
- Gottschall, Johanttan (2021) The Universal Grammar. *The Story Paradox: How Our Love of Storytelling Builds Societies and Tears them Down* (pp. 97-122). Basic Books.
- Haoran Chu, Sixiao Liu (2024) Can AI tell good stories? Narrative transportation and persuasion with

ChatGPT, *Journal of Communication*, 74(5), 347-358. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1093/joc/jqae029>

- Keven, Nazin (2024) "What is narrativity?" *Ratio. An International Journal of Analytic Philosophy*, 37(2-3), 204-214.

- Lacalle, Charo (2022) Indignidades digitales. *(In)dignidades mediáticas en la sociedad digital* (pp. 139-154). Cátedra.

- Lacalle, Charo (2024) El "regreso" del autor en el true crime: *Tor, tretze cases i tres* (TV3, 2024)". *EU-topias*, 28, 2024, pp. 53-63. Available at: <https://turia.uv.es/index.php/eutopias/index>

- Lambert, Joe (2018) The world of digital storytelling. *Digital Storytelling: Capturing Lives, Creating Community* (pp. 37-49). Routledge.

- López-Cano, Rubén (2024) *De los videomemes a Tom & Jerry. La música cuenta en el audiovisual* (pp. 53-71). Universidad de Jaén.

- Luginbühl, Martin (2024). TV news on Instagram: Affordances, genres, journalistic cultures. *Discourse & Communication*, 19(1), 46-71. <https://doi.org/10.1177/17504813241270395>

- Renner, Karl Nikolaus (2020) Facts and Factual Narration in Journalism. M. Fludernik and M.L. Ryan (eds.) *Narrative Factuality: A Handbook* (pp.465-478). De Gruyter.

- Punnet, I. C. (2018) *Toward a Theory of True Crime Narratives. A Textual Analysis*. Routledge. (pp. 1-22)

- Lacalle, Ch. (2025) El "regreso" del autor en el true crime: *Tor, tretze cases i tres* (TV3, 2024). *EU-topias*, 28, 2024 (pp. 53-63). <https://turia.uv.es/index.php/eutopias/index>

- Rampazzo Gambarato, Renira (2019) TRANSMEDIA JOURNALISM: The Potentialities of Transmedia Dynamics in the News Coverage of Planned Events. M. Freeman &

R. Rampazzo Gambarato (eds.) *The Routledge Companion to Transmedia Studies* (pp. 90-98). Routledge.

- Ryan, Marie-Laure (2004) Will new media produce new narratives? M.-L. Ryan (ed.) *Narrative across Media* (pp. 337-359). University of Nebraska Press.

- Ryan, Marie- Laure. 2013. "Transmedial Storytelling and Transfictionality." *Poetics Today* 13 (3): 361- 388.

- Sorapure, Madeleine (2022) Data Narratives: Visualization and Interactivity in Representations of COVID- 19. P. Dawson & M. Mäkelä (eds.) *The Routledge Companion to Narrative Theory* (pp. 55-68). Routledge.

- Tudor, Andrew (2012) Genre. B. K. Grant (ed.) *Film Genre Reader IV* (pp. 1-11). University of Texas Press.

- Vogler, Christopher (2002[1992]). *El viaje del escritor: Las estructuras míticas para escritores, guionistas, dramaturgos y novelistas*. Ma Non Troppo.

## Software

None

## Course groups and languages

The information provided is provisional until November 30. After this date, you will be able to consult the language of each group through this [link](#). To access the information, you will need to enter the course CODE

| Type of teaching      | Group | Language | Semester        | Shift         |
|-----------------------|-------|----------|-----------------|---------------|
| (TEm) Theory (master) | 60    | Spanish  | second semester | morning-mixed |

PROVISIONAL