# Could Myotis daubentonii be considered as a bioindicator species?

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## Framework & aims

Myotis daubentonii (Daubenton's bat) is a chiropter of Vespertilionidae family with a wide

- 90s: National Bat Monitoring Program (UK) > Daubenton's bat monitorings
- 2007: QuiroRius, Natural Science Museum of Granollers adaptation NBMP in Catalonia

Myotis daubentonii = bioindicator?



- Population rapidly declines → slow reproductive rates
- controlling arthropod and insect

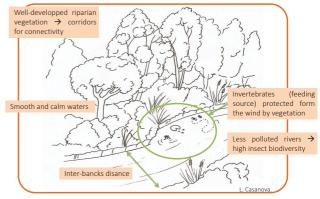


- Abundance 1 in channelized and eutrophicated waters

Jones et al., 2009; Barlow et al., 2015.



### Daubenton's bat habitat requirements



## Methodology

**Study site**: 20 different sampling sections of Catalan rivers (north-eastern Iberian Peninsula). Every section had 4 monitoring points.(Fig.. 2).

River characteristics: depth, wide, section and water speed.

### Bioindicator indexes

- Bat activity: (QuiroRius) Counting sessions during 40 min. in a 1 km
- transect. Data: bat passes /min.

  Macroinvertebrates: data obtained according to IBMWP (Iberian
- Biological Monitoring Working Party) protocol. **Riaprian vegetation** QBR index (index of Riparian Quality) = total riparian cover + cover structure, + cover quality +river channel naturalness. Evaluate quality of riparian forests.

- Wilcoxon test: differences between the presence and absence of bats for each variables
- Spearman's rank order correlations between bat activity and QBR and IBMWP.

GLMM.



Fig. 2. Example of sampling site.

To asses if M. daubentonii is playing the role of bioindicator species of the riparian habitat and river quality in the Mediterranean region





Effect of insect availability upon bat activity



Effect of riparian forest qualiy upon bat activity

## Results



daubentonii prefers deep and slow waters (p<0.005,  $\chi^2$  7.995, n=25).



Daubenton's bat activity did no show relation to IBMWP.

To study the effect of the environmental variables the best fitted model (Akaike Information Criterion) was used (Fig. 5).

cover + river water speed + river width

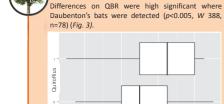
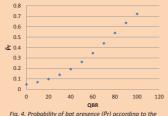
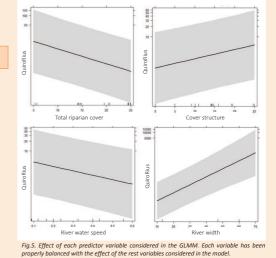


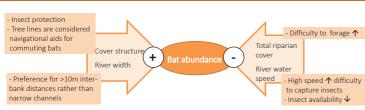
Fig. 3. Box plot between Index of Riparian Quality (QBR) and presence (1) or absence (0) of M. daubento Median + box (Q1, Q3) + whisker (min,max)

made increase a 4% of the bat presence Odds ratio (Fig. 4).





## Discussion



IBMWP index does not consider the flying adults which are the majority of feeding resources for bats.

## Conclusion

- · Positive selection to smooth waters and well developed riparian
- Invertebrate bat activity relationship should be further studied and measured with another specific methodology.
- Relative M. daubentonii abundance is driven by total riparian cover. cover structure, river water speed and river width.
- · Information from QuiroRius and QBR are highly correlated.
- QuiroRius could be used as a complementary bioindicator.
- Information collected will help us to detect changes in bat populations









