The role of the veterinarian in the productive sector of pork

Specific case of Ramaderia Siscart (Alcarràs)

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OBJECTIVE

Elaborate a proposal for the improvement of weaknesses detected after a thorough analysis of the productive and reproductive parameters.

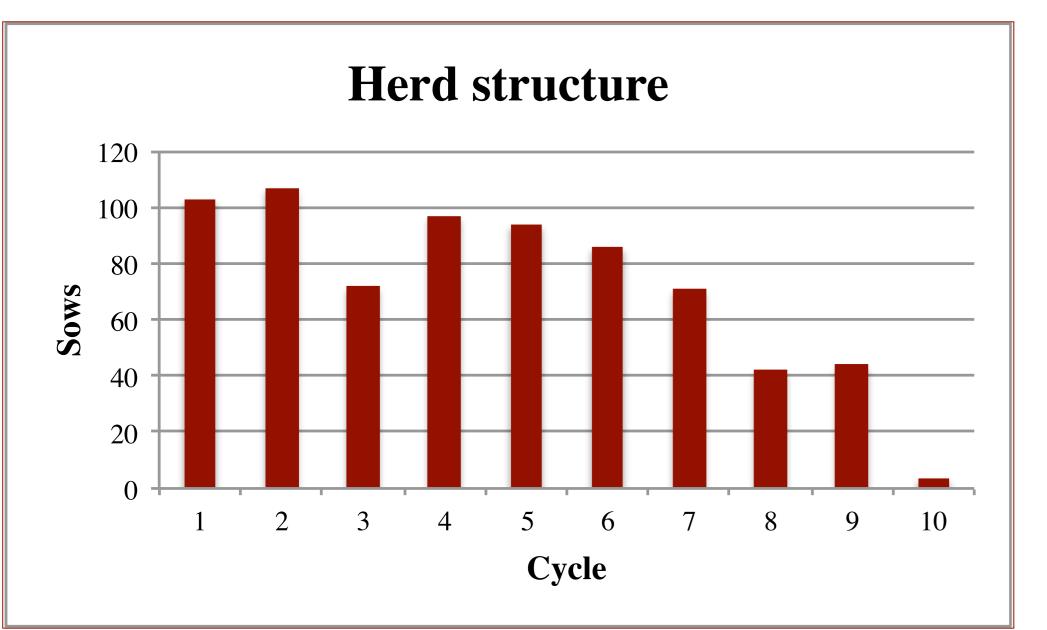


Figure 1: Herd structure. Source: Prepared by the author.

OVERVIEW OF THE FARM

- Founded in 1970
- ✓ 730 productive sows
- \checkmark S1 + S2
- ✓ 28 days of lactation
- 4 weeks of nursery
- External replacement gilts
- Genetics: Large White x Landrace; Pietrain
- ✓ Weekly lots management
- ✓ 3 employees, one of whom is the owner

	2016	2015
Replacement rate (%)	27,6	31,2
Age of sow at 1st breeding (days)	253,3	288,4
Weaning to breeding interval (days)	5	4,9
Weaning to successful breeding interval (days)	9,2	9,2
Fertilization at ultrasound diagnosis (%)	84	82,3
Repetition rate (%)	16,2	17,8
Farrowing rate (%)	78,4	75,4
Litters per sow per year	2,14	2,16
Litter size at birth	13,64	13,14
Weaned per litter	11	10,81
Weaned per sow per year	26,03	25,65

Figure 2: Production and reproduction parameters of 2015 and 2016. Source: Prepared by the author.



STRENGTHS

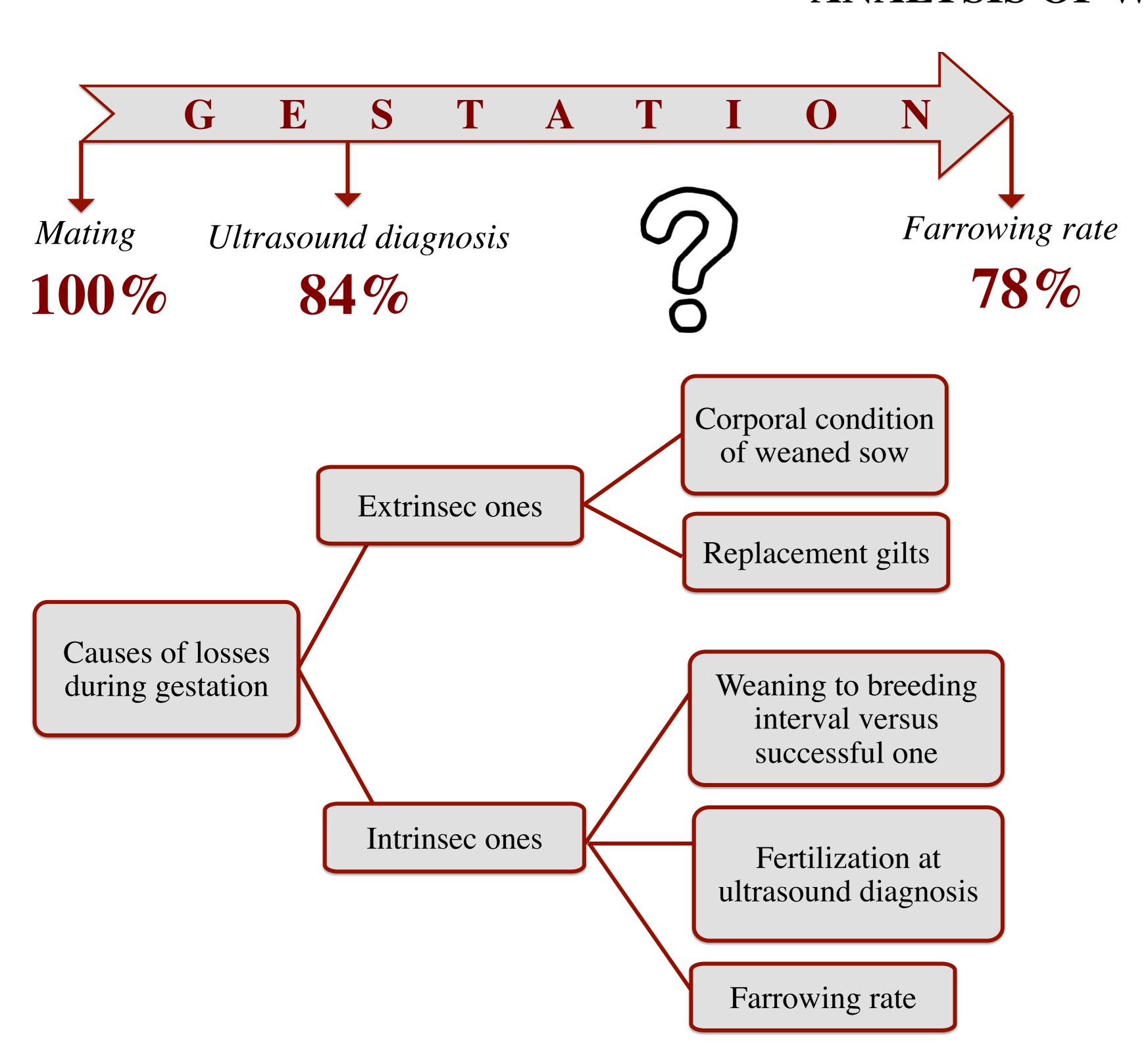
- Experience
- Dimensioning
- Maternity



WEAKNESSES

- No. of employees
- Fertility & Repetitions
- Replacement gilts
- Nursery

ANALYSIS OF WEAKNESSES



Influence of... Cycle Seasonality ultrasound s (%) Month Cycle G F M A M J J A S O N D Month

author

Figure 3 and 4: Effect of cycle on Figure 5 and 6: Effect of seasonality on fertilization at ultrasound diagnosis and fertilization at ultrasound diagnosis farrowing rate. Source: Prepared by the (year 2016) and farrowing rate (year 2014). Source: Prepared by the author

* It is strong recommended to increase work force to 3 full – time employees. This change must be connected to a division of tasks in which replacement gilts and mating gain importance.

- * It is mandatory to implement a strict protocol for replacement gilts which includes individual identification, boar exposure and heat checking, with the aim of optimize the introduction to productive cycle.
- * Once these two requirements are followed, the cull of inefficient sows (>8 cycles and >2 repetitions) can be done.

CONCLUSIONS